and the sale prices of the real estate and chattels disposed of will at least equal the present market value as determined by this appraisal.

(3) Appraisal report. If required, a current appraisal report will be completed in accordance with §1942.3 of subpart A of part 1942 of this chapter. The appraisal will be completed by a qualified Rural Development employee or an independent appraiser as determined appropriate by the approval official.

[55 FR 4399, Feb. 8, 1990, as amended at 57 FR 775, Jan. 9, 1992; 57 FR 21199, May 19, 1992; 57 FR 36591, Aug. 14, 1992; 69 FR 69105, Nov. 26, 20041

§ 1951.221 Collections, payments and refunds.

Payments and refunds are handled in accordance with the following:

- (a) Community and Insured Business Programs. (1) Field offices can obtain data on principal installments due for Community and Insured Business Programs loans with unamortized installments using the borrower status screen option in the ADPS.
- (2) Regular payments for Community and Insured Business Programs borrowers are all payments other than extra payments and refunds. Such payments are usually derived from facility revenues, and do not include proceeds from the sale of security. They also include payments derived from sources which do not decrease the value of Rural Development's security.
- (i) Distribution of such payments is made as follows:
- (A) First, to the Rural Development loan(s) in proportion to the delinquency existing on each. Any excess will be distributed in accordance with paragraphs (a)(2)(i) (B) and (C) of this section.
- (B) Second, to the Rural Development loan or loans in proportion to the approximate amounts due on each. Any excess will be distributed according to paragraph (a)(2)(i)(C) of this section.
- (C) Third, as advance payments on Rural Development loans. In making such distributions, consider the principal balance outstanding on each loan, the security position of the liens securing each loan, the borrower's request, and related circumstances.

- (ii) Unless otherwise established by the debt instrument, regular payments will be applied as follows:
- (A) For amortized loans, first to interest accrued (as of the date of receipt of the payment), and then to principal.
- (B) For principal-plus-interest loans, first to the interest due through the date of the next scheduled installment of principal and interest and then to principal due, with any balance applied to the next scheduled principal installment.
- (3) Extra payments are derived from sale of basic chattel or real estate security; refund of unused loan funds; cash proceeds of property insurance as provided in §1806.5(b) of subpart A of part 1806 (paragraph V B of RD Instruction 426.1); and similar actions which reduce the value of basic security. At the option of the borrower, regular facility revenue may also be used as extra payments when regular payments are current. Unless otherwise established in the note or bond, extra payments will be distributed and applied as follows:
- (i) First to the account secured by the lowest priority of lien on the property from which the extra payment was obtained. Any balance will be applied to other Rural Development loans in ascending order of priority.
- (ii) For amortized loans, first to interest accrued to the date payment is received, and then to principal. For debt instruments with installments of principal plus interest, such payments will be applied to the final unpaid principal installment.
- (b) Soil and Water Conservation Loans. (1) Regular payments for such loans are defined in §1951.8(a) of subpart A of part 1951 of this chapter, and are distributed according to §1951.9(a) of that subpart unless otherwise established by the note or bond.
- (2) Extra payments are defined in §1951.8(b) of subpart A of part 1951 of this chapter, and are distributed according to §1951.9(b) of that subpart.

[55 FR 4399, Feb. 8, 1990, as amended at 66 FR 1569, Jan. 9, 2001; 68 FR 61331, Oct. 28, 2003; 68 FR 69952, Dec. 16, 2003]

§ 1951.222 Subordination of security.

When a borrower requests Rural Development to subordinate a security instrument so that another creditor or