- (b) Fund transfers back to TSP core funds. A participant may elect to make a fund transfer to the TSP core funds from amounts invested in his or her mutual fund window account, subject to the following rules:
- (1) Fund transfers must be made in whole dollar increments (percentages are not permitted);
- (2) Amounts to be transferred from a participant's mutual fund window account to the TSP core funds must first be transferred to the sweep money market fund. Subsequently, the participant may direct the investment of the transferred amounts into the TSP core funds;
- (3) Each fund transfer back to the TSP core funds from the mutual fund window account counts toward the monthly limit set forth in §1601.32(b); except, however, that a participant may always elect a fund transfer from the mutual fund window account to the G Fund; and
- (4) Fund transfers are subject to the fees set forth in §1601.53.
- (c) Forced transfers. The TSP record keeper will force a transfer from the participant's mutual fund window account to the TSP core funds in the following situations, and subject to the following rules:
- (1) A forced transfer may occur if the balance invested in the TSP core funds is insufficient to cover:
- (i) Amounts necessary to comply with a court order, legal process, or levy described in 5 CFR part 1653;
 - (ii) A beneficiary asset transfer;
- (iii) A required minimum distribution:
- (iv) An automatic cash out distribution; or
- (v) Any other payment or transfer that the Board is required by law to make from the participant's TSP account balance;
- (2) The amount of the forced transfer shall be equal to the amount of the insufficiency described in paragraph (c)(1) of this section, plus \$1,000; except, however, that if the participant's mutual fund window account balance is than \$25,000, the entire mutual fund window account balance shall be transferred to the TSP core funds;
- (3) Forced transfers shall be liquidated from the participant's mutual

- fund window account first from amounts held in the sweep money market fund; and then from amounts invested in mutual funds, beginning with the position with the highest balance:
- (4) Forced transfers from a participant's mutual fund window account to the TSP core funds shall be invested according to the participant's existing contribution allocation; and
- (5) The participant shall be responsible for any fees incurred as a result of the forced transfer.

§ 1601.53 Fees.

- (a) The Board will allocate a portion of the TSP's administrative expenses to mutual fund users by charging an administrative fee of \$55.00 annually. The amount of this fee will be redetermined once every three years by multiplying the average mutual fund window account balance by the TSP administrative expense ratio, as of the date of redetermination.
- (b) The fee described in paragraph (a) of this section is in addition to any mutual fund window account maintenance fees, trading fees, and fees and expenses associated with the specific mutual fund(s) in which the participant chooses to invest.

PART 1603—VESTING

Sec.

1603.1 Definitions.

1603.2 Basic vesting rules.

1603.3 Service requirements.

AUTHORITY: 5 U.S.C. 8432(g), 8432b(h)(1), 8474(b)(5) and (c)(1).

SOURCE: 52 FR 29835, Aug. 12, 1987, unless otherwise noted.

§ 1603.1 Definitions.

- (a) Definitions generally applicable to the Thrift Savings Plan are set forth at $5\ \mathrm{CFR}\ 1690.1.$
 - (b) As used in this part:
 - Civilian service means:
- (1) Any non-military service that is creditable under either 5 U.S.C. chapter 83, subchapter III, or 5 U.S.C. 8411. However, that service is to be determined without regard to any time limitations, any deposit or redeposit requirements contained in those statutory provisions after performing the service involved, or any requirement

§ 1603.2

that the individual give written notice of that individual's desire to become subject to the retirement system established by 5 U.S.C. chapters 83 or 84; or

(2) Any military service creditable under the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 8432b(h)(1) and the regulations at 5 CFR part 1620, subpart H.

Uniformed services means the Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, Public Health Service, and National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, as well as members of the Ready Reserve including the National Guard.

Military service means service that is creditable under 37 U.S.C. 205.

Vested means those amounts in an individual account which are nonforfeitable.

Year of service means one full calendar year of service.

[68 FR 35497, June 13, 2003, as amended at 82 FR 60104, Dec. 19, 2017]

§ 1603.2 Basic vesting rules.

- (a) All amounts in a CSRS employee's individual account are immediately vested.
- (b) Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this section, all amounts in a FERS employee's or uniformed service member's individual account (including all first conversion contributions) are immediately vested.
- (c) Except as provided in paragraph (d) of this section, upon separation from Government service without meeting the applicable service requirements of §1603.3, a FERS employee's or a BRS uniformed service member's Agency Automatic (1%) Contributions and attributable earnings will be forgetted
- (d) If a FERS employee or uniformed service member dies (or died) after January 7, 1988, without meeting the applicable service requirements set forth in §1603.3, the Agency Automatic (1%) Contributions and attributable earnings in his or her individual account are deemed vested and shall not be forfeited. If a FERS employee died on or before January 7, 1988, without meeting those service requirements, his or her Agency Automatic (1%) Contributions and attributable earnings

are forfeited to the Thrift Savings Plan.

[82 FR 60104, Dec. 19, 2017]

§ 1603.3 Service requirements.

- (a) Except as provided under paragraph (b) of this section, FERS employees will be vested in their Agency Automatic (1%) Contributions and attributable earnings upon separating from Government only if, as of their separation date, they have completed three years of civilian service.
- (b) FERS employees will be vested in their Agency Automatic (1%) Contributions and attributable earnings upon separating from Government service if, as of their separation date, they have completed two years of civilian service and they are serving in one of the following positions:
- (1) A position in the Senior Executive Service as a non-career appointee (as defined in 5 U.S.C. 3132(a)(7));
- (2) Positions listed in 5 U.S.C. 5312, 5313, 5314, 5315 or 5316;
- (3) A position placed in level IV or level V of the Executive Schedule, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 5317;
- (4) A position in the Executive Branch which is excepted from the competitive service by the Office of Personnel Management because of the confidential and policy-determining character of the position; or
- (5) A Member of Congress or a Congressional employee.
- (c) Uniformed service members who are covered by BRS will be vested in their Agency Automatic (1%) Contributions and attributable earnings upon separation from the uniformed services only if, as of their separation date, they have completed two years of military service.

[52 FR 29835, Aug. 12, 1987, as amended at 60 FR 24535, May 9, 1995; 62 FR 33969, June 23, 1997; 82 FR 60104, Dec. 19, 2017]

PART 1604 [RESERVED]

PART 1605—CORRECTION OF ADMINISTRATIVE ERRORS

Subpart A—General

Sec.

1605.1 Definitions.