§ 92.1

- 92.29 Limitation on amount of deductions.
- 92.31 Liquidation from final payment.
- 92.33 Recovery from other payments due a separated employee.
- 92.35 Interest, penalties and administrative costs.
- 92.37 Non-waiver of rights by payment.
- 92.39 Refunds.
- 92.41 Requesting recovery when the Department is not the paying agency.
- 92.43 Requests for recovery when the Department is the paying agency.
- 92.45 Other debt collections.

AUTHORITY: 5 U.S.C. 5514, as amended; 5 CFR part 550, subpart K; 4 CFR parts 101-105.

Source: 53 FR 4171, Feb. 12, 1988, unless otherwise noted.

§ 92.1 Purpose.

This part implements 5 U.S.C. 5514 (Installment Deduction for Indebtedness to the United States), as amended by the Debt Collection Act of 1982 (Pub. L. 97–365, 96 Stat. 1749, 1751). It supplements 5 CFR part 550, subpart K, and the Federal Claims Collections Standards (4 CFR parts 101–105) issued jointly by the Comptroller General of the United States and the Attorney General of the United States under 31 U.S.C. 3711(e)(2). It sets forth the procedures by which the Department of Transportation (DOT), including its operating elements (see 49 CFR 1.3):

- (a) Collects debts owed to the United States by current and former DOT employees;
- (b) Determines and collects interest and other charges on that indebtedness.
- (c) Offsets the salary of DOT employees to collect debts owed to the United States by those employees; and,
- (d) Obtains salary offset to collect debts owed to the United States by employees of other agencies under programs administered by DOT.

§ 92.3 Scope.

The provisions of this part are applicable to the indebtedness of a current or former employee of DOT incurred under any program administered by DOT. The provisions of this part do not apply to the collection of indebtedness by authority other than 5 U.S.C. 5514.

§ 92.5 Definitions.

As used in this part:

- (a) Agency means an Executive Agency as defined by section 105 of title 5, United States Code, the U.S. Postal Service, the U.S. Postal Rate Commission, a Military Department as defined by section 102 of title 5, United States Code, an agency or court in the judicial branch, an agency of the legislative branch, and any other independent establishments which are entities of the Federal Government. In DOT each operating element will act for the agency in collecting debts under this rule.
- (b) *Creditor agency* means the agency to which the debt is owed.
- (c) Debt means an amount owed to the United States from sources which include, but are not necessarily limited to, erronerous payments made to employees, overpayments of benefits, salary or other allowances, loans insured or guaranteed by the United States and all other amounts due the United States from fees, leases, rents, royalties, services, sales of real or personal property, overpayments, penalties, damages, interest, fines and forfeitures (except those arising under the Uniform Code of Military Justice) and all other similar sources. This term does not include a Government claim arising under the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (26 U.S.C. 1-9602) as amended; the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 301-1397f); the tariff laws of the United States; or any case where collection of a debt by salary offset is explicitly provided for or prohibited by another statute (e.g., emergency and travel advances under 5 U.S.C. 5522, 5705 or 5724 and employee training expenses under 5 U.S.C. 4108).
- (d) Debt Claim Form means the form used by DOT when requesting that an agency, other than DOT, assist in the recovery of funds.
- (e) Delinquent debt means a debt which has not been paid by the date specified in the agency's initial written notification or applicable contractual agreement, unless other satisfactory payment arrangements have been made by that date, or if, at any time thereafter, the debtor fails to satisfy obligations under a payment agreement with the creditor agency.
- (f) Disposable pay means that part of current basic pay, special pay, incentive pay, retired pay, retainer pay, or