PARTICULAR PACKING REQUIREMENTS OR EXCEPTIONS: For UN0248 and UN 0249, packagings must be protected against the ingress of water. When CONTRIVANCES, WATER ACTIVATED are transported unpackaged, they must be provided with at least two independent protective features that prevent the ingress of water	Receptacles. fiberboard metal plastics wood Dividing partitions in the outer packagings.		Boxes. steel (4A) aluminum (4B) other metal (4N) wood, natural, ordinary (4C1) with metal liner plywood (4D) with metal liner reconstituted wood (4F) with metal liner plastics, expanded (4H1) plastics, solid (4H2) Drums. steel (1A1 or 1A2) aluminum (1B1 or 1B2) other metal (1N1 or 1N2) plastics (1H1 or 1H2) plywood (1D)
US 1			
1. A jet perforating gun, charged, oil well may be tran	sported under the follow	wing conditions:	
other kind, and from any gun, tool or other st devices must be carried in a container having lined with a non-sparking material. No more motor vehicle. b. Each shaped charge affixed to the gun may c. Each shaped charge if not completely encl installation in the gun.	individual pockets for than two segregated ini not contain more than	each such device or in tiation devices per gun 112 g (4 ounces) of ex	a fully enclosed steel container may be carried on the same plosives.
d. A jet perforating gun classed as 1.1D or 1. oil well operations.	4D may be transported	by highway by private	or contract carriers engaged in
(i) A motor vehicle transporting a gr so that the gun is securely held in pl other or any other article or material	ace during transportation	n and is not subject to	
(ii) The assembled gun packed on the	e vehicle may not exter	nd beyond the body of	the motor vehicle.
e. A jet perforating gun classed as 1.4D may carried in a motor vehicle as specified in para that:			
(i) All the conditions specified in pa	ragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of this packing method	od are met;
(ii) The total explosive contents do	not exceed 95 kg (209.4	3 pounds) per tool pal	let;
(iii) Each cargo vessel compartment segregation requirements in §176.83			explosive content if the
(iv) When more than one vehicle or feet) must be provided.	tool pallet is stowed "o	n deck" a minimum ho	orizontal separation of 3 m (9.8

[Amdt. 173-260, 62 FR 24720, May 6, 1997]

EDITORIAL NOTE: For FEDERAL REGISTER citations affecting 173.62, see the List of CFR Sections Affected, which appears in the Finding Aids section of the printed volume and at www.govinfo.gov.

§ 173.63 Packaging exceptions.

(a) Cord, detonating (UN 0065), having an explosive content not exceeding 6.5 g (0.23 ounces) per 30 centimeter length (one linear foot) may be offered for transportation domestically and transported as Cord, detonating (UN 0289), Division 1.4 Compatibility Group D (1.4D) explosives, if the gross weight of

- all packages containing Cord, detonating (UN 0065), does not exceed 45 kg (99 pounds) per:
- (1) Transport vehicle, freight container, or cargo-only aircraft;
- (2) Off-shore down-hole tool pallet carried on an off-shore supply vessel;
- (3) Cargo compartment of a cargo vessel; or

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- (4) Passenger-carrying aircraft used to transport personnel to remote work sites, such as offshore drilling units.
- (b) Limited quantities of Cartridges, small arms, Cartridges, power device, Cartridges for tools, blank, and Cases, cartridge, empty with primer. (1)(i) Cartridges, small arms, Cartridges, power device (used to project fastening devices), Cartridges for tools, blank, and Cases, cartridge, empty with primer that have been classed as Division 1.4S explosive may be offered for transportation and transported as limited quantities when packaged in accordance with paragraph (b)(2) of this section. Packages containing such articles may be marked with either the marking prescribed in §172.315(a) or (b) of this subchapter and offered for transportation and transported by any mode. For transportation by aircraft, the package must conform to the applicable requirements of §173.27 of this part. In addition, packages containing such articles offered for transportation by aircraft must be marked with the proper shipping name as prescribed in the §172.101 Hazardous Materials Table of this subchapter. Packages containing such articles are not subject to the shipping paper requirements of subpart C of part 172 of this subchapter unless the material meets the definition of a hazardous substance, hazardous waste, marine pollutant, or is offered for transportation and transported by aircraft or vessel. Additionally, packages containing such articles are excepted from the requirements of subparts E (Labeling) and F (Placarding) of part 172 of this subchapter.
- (ii) Cartridges, small arms, Cartridges, power device (used to project fastening devices), Cartridges for tools, blank, and Cases, cartridge empty with primer that may be shipped as a limited quantity are as follows:
- (A) Ammunition for rifle, pistol or shotgun;
- (B) Ammunition with inert projectiles or blank ammunition;
- (C) Ammunition having no tear gas, incendiary, or detonating explosive projectiles;
- (D) Ammunition not exceeding 12.7 mm (50 caliber or 0.5 inch) for rifle or pistol, cartridges or 8 gauge for shotshells;

- (E) Cartridges for tools, blank; and
- (F) Cases, cartridge, empty with primer.
- (G) Cartridges, power device (used to project fastening devices).
- (2) Packaging for Cartridges, small arms, Cartridges for tools, blank, Cases, cartridge empty with primer, and eligible Cartridges, power device as limited quantity must be as follows:
- (i) Ammunition must be packed in inside boxes, or in partitions that fit snugly in the outside packaging, or in metal clips;
- (ii) Primers must be protected from accidental initiation;
- (iii) Inside boxes, partitions or metal clips must be packed in securely-closed strong outside packagings;
- (iv) Maximum gross weight is limited to 30 kg (66 pounds) per package; and
- (v) Cartridges for tools, blank, Cartridges, power devices which are used to project fastening devices, Cases, cartridge, empty with primer, and 22 caliber rim-fire cartridges may be packaged loose in strong outside packagings.
 - (c) [Reserved]
- (d) Reverse logistics. Hazardous materials meeting the definition of "reverse logistics" under §171.8 of this subchapter and in compliance with paragraph (b) of this section may be offered for transport and transported in highway transportation in accordance with §173.157.
 - (e) [Reserved]
- (f) Detonators containing no more than 1 g explosive (excluding ignition and delay charges) that are electric blasting caps with leg wires 4 feet long or longer, delay connectors in plastic sheaths, or blasting caps with empty plastic tubing 12 feet long or longer may be packed as follows in which case they are excepted from the packaging requirements of § 173.62:
- (1) No more than 50 detonators in one inner packaging;
- (2) IME Standard 22 container (IBR, see §171.7 of this subchapter) or compartment is used as the outer packaging:
- (3) No more than 1000 detonators in one outer packaging; and
- (4) No material may be loaded on top of the IME Standard 22 container and no material may be loaded against the

outside door of the IME Standard 22 compartment.

- (g) Detonators that are classed as 1.4B or 1.4S and contain no more than 1 g of explosive (excluding ignition and delay charges) may be packed as follows in which case they are excepted from the packaging requirements of §173.62:
- (1) No more than 50 detonators in one inner packaging;
- (2) IME Standard 22 container is used as the outer packaging:
- (3) No more than 1000 detonators in one outer packaging; and
- (4) Each inner packaging is marked "1.4B Detonators" or "1.4S Detonators", as appropriate.

[Amdt. 173–224, 55 FR 52617, Dec. 21, 1990, as amended at 56 FR 66268, Dec. 20, 1991; Amdt. 173–236, 58 FR 50536, Sept. 24, 1993; Amdt. 173–253, 61 FR 27175, May 30, 1996; 68 FR 75743, Dec. 31, 2003; 71 FR 14602, Mar. 22, 2006; 76 FR 3371, Jan. 19, 2011; 78 FR 1084, 1113, Jan. 7, 2013; 78 FR 65480, Oct. 31, 2013; 81 FR 18539, Mar. 31, 2016; 87 FR 79776, Dec. 27, 2022]

§ 173.64 Exceptions for Division 1.3 and 1.4 fireworks.

- (a) Notwithstanding the requirements of §173.56(b), Division 1.3 and 1.4 fireworks (see §173.65 for Division 1.4G consumer fireworks) may be classed and approved by the Associate Administrator without prior examination and offered for transportation if the following conditions are met:
- (1) The fireworks are manufactured in accordance with the applicable requirements in APA 87-1A, 87-1B, and 87-1C (IBR, see §171.7 of this subchapter):
- (2) The device must pass a thermal stability test conducted by a third-party laboratory, or the manufacturer. The test must be performed by maintaining the device, or a representative prototype of a large device such as a display shell, at a temperature of 75 °C (167 °F) for 48 consecutive hours. When a device contains more than one component, those components that could be in physical contact with each other in the finished device must be placed in contact with each other during the thermal stability test;
- (3) The manufacturer applies in writing to the Associate Administrator following the applicable requirements in APA 87-1A, 87-1B, and 87-1C and is no-

tified in writing by the Associate Administrator that the fireworks have been classed, approved, and assigned an EX number. Each application must be complete and include all relevant background data and copies of all applicable drawings, test results, and any other pertinent information on each device for which approval is being requested. The manufacturer must sign the application and certify that the device for which approval is requested conforms to the appropriate APA Standard, that the descriptions and technical information contained in the application are complete and accurate, and with respect to APA 87-1A that no duplicate application has been submitted to a fireworks certification agency. If the application is denied, the manufacturer will be notified in writing of the reasons for the denial. The Associate Administrator may require that the fireworks be examined by an agency listed in §173.56(b)(1) of this part.

(b) [Reserved]

[78 FR 42477, July 16, 2013, as amended at 85 FR 75713, Nov. 25, 2020]

§ 173.65 Exceptions for Division 1.4G consumer fireworks.

- (a) Notwithstanding the requirements of §§173.56(b), 173.56(f), 173.56(i), and 173.64, Division 1.4G consumer fireworks may be offered for transportation provided the following conditions are met:
- (1) The fireworks are manufactured in accordance with the applicable requirements in APA 87-1A (IBR, see §171.7 of this subchapter);
- (2) The device must pass a thermal stability test. The test must be performed by maintaining the device, or a representative prototype of the device, at a temperature of 75 °C (167 °F) for 48 consecutive hours. When a device contains more than one component, those components that could be in physical contact with each other in the finished device must be placed in contact with each other during the thermal stability test;
- (3) The manufacturer of the Division 1.4G consumer firework applies in writing to a DOT-approved Fireworks Certification Agency, and is notified in