fee, in accordance with established procedures.

- (b) TSA agent collection and transmission. If a TSA agent collects fingerprints and applicant information under 49 CFR part 1572, the agent must—
- (1) Collect the Information Collection Fee, Threat Assessment Fee, and FBI Fee, in accordance with procedures approved by TSA:
- (2) Transmit to TSA the Threat Assessment Fee, in accordance with procedures approved by TSA; and
- (3) Transmit to TSA the FBI Fee, in accordance with procedures approved by TSA and the FBI.

[72 FR 3595, Jan. 25, 2007; 72 FR 14050, Mar. 26, 2007]

§ 1572.403 Procedures for collection by States.

This section describes the procedures that a State, which collects finger-prints and applicant information under 49 CFR part 1572; and the procedures an individual who applies to obtain or renew an HME, for a CDL in that State, must follow for collection and transmission of the Threat Assessment Fee and the FBI Fee.

- (a) Imposition of fees. (1) An individual who applies to obtain or renew an HME, or the individuals' employer, must remit to the State the Threat Assessment Fee and the FBI Fee, in a form and manner approved by TSA and the State, when the individual submits the application for the HME to the State.
- (2) TSA shall publish the Threat Assessment Fee described in this subpart for an individual who applies to obtain or renew and HME as a Notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER. TSA reviews the amount of the fees periodically, at least once every two years, to determine the current cost of conducting sethreat assessments. amounts and any necessary revisions to the fee amounts shall be determined by current costs, using a method of analysis consistent with widely accepted accounting principles and practices, and calculated in accordance with the provisions of 31 U.S.C. 9701 and other applicable Federal law.
- (3) The FBI Fee required for the FBI to process fingerprint identification records and name checks required

- under 49 CFR part 1572 is determined by the FBI under Public Law 101–515. If the FBI amends this fee, the individual must remit the amended fee.
- (b) Collection of fees. (1) A State must collect the Threat Assessment Fee and FBI Fee, when an individual submits an application to the State to obtain or renew an HME.
- (2) Once TSA receives an application from a State for a security threat assessment under 49 CFR part 1572, the State is liable for the Threat Assessment Fee.
- (3) Nothing in this subpart prevents a State from collecting any other fees that a State may impose on an individual who applies to obtain or renew an HME.
- (c) Handling of fees. (1) A State must safeguard all Threat Assessment Fees, from the time of collection until remittance to TSA.
- (2) All Threat Assessment Fees are held in trust by a State for the beneficial interest of the United States in paying for the costs of conducting the security threat assessment, required by 49 U.S.C. 5103a and 49 CFR part 1572. A State holds neither legal nor equitable interest in the Threat Assessment Fees, except for the right to retain any accrued interest on the principal amounts collected pursuant to this section.
- (3) A State must account for Threat Assessment Fees separately, but may commingle such fees with other sources of revenue.
- (d) Remittance of fees. (1) TSA will generate and provide an invoice to a State on a monthly basis. The invoice will indicate the total fee dollars (number of applicants times the Threat Assessment Fee) that are due for the month.
- (2) A State must remit to TSA full payment for the invoice, within 30 days after TSA sends the invoice.
- (3) TSA accepts Threat Assessment Fees only from a State, not from an individual applicant for an HME.
- (4) A State may retain any interest that accrues on the principal amounts collected between the date of collection and the date the Threat Assessment Fee is remitted to TSA, in accordance with paragraph (d)(2) of this section.

§ 1572.405

- (5) A State may not retain any portion of the Threat Assessment Fee to offset the costs of collecting, handling, or remitting Threat Assessment Fees.
- (6) Threat Assessment Fees, remitted to TSA by a State, must be in U.S. currency, drawn on a U.S. bank, and made payable to the "Transportation Security Administration."
- (7) Threat Assessment Fees must be remitted by check, money order, wire, or any other payment method acceptable to TSA.
- (8) TSA will not issue any refunds of Threat Assessment Fees.
- (9) If a State does not remit the Threat Assessment Fees for any month, TSA may decline to process any HME applications from that State.

[72 FR 3595, Jan. 25, 2007, as amended at 78 FR 24359, Apr. 25, 2013]

§ 1572.405 Procedures for collection by TSA.

This section describes the procedures that an individual, who applies to obtain or renew an HME for a CDL, must follow if a TSA agent collects and transmits the Information Collection Fee, Threat Assessment Fee, and FBI Fee.

- (a) Imposition of fees. (1) An individual who applies to obtain or renew an HME, or the individuals' employer, must remit to the TSA agent the Information Collection Fee, Threat Assessment Fee, and FBI Fee, in a form and manner approved by TSA, when the individual submits the application required under 49 CFR part 1572.
- (2) TSA shall publish the Information Collection Fee and Threat Assessment Fee described in this subpart for an individual who applies to obtain or renew an HME as a Notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER. TSA reviews the amount of the fees periodically, at least once every two years, to determine the current cost of conducting security threat assessments. Fee amounts and any necessary revisions to the fee amounts shall be determined by current costs, using a method of analysis consistent with widely accepted accounting principles and practices, and calculated in accordance with the provisions of 31 U.S.C. 9701 and other applicable Federal law.

- (3) The FBI Fee required for the FBI to process fingerprint identification records and name checks required under 49 CFR part 1572 is determined by the FBI under Public Law 101–515. If the FBI amends this fee, TSA or its agent, will collect the amended fee.
- (b) Collection of fees. A TSA agent will collect the fees required under this section, when an individual submits an application to the TSA agent, in accordance with 49 CFR part 1572.
- (c) Remittance of fees. (1) Fees required under this section, which are remitted to a TSA agent, must be made in U.S. currency, drawn on a U.S. bank, and made payable to the "Transportation Security Administration."
- (2) Fees required under this section must be remitted by check, money order, wire, or any other payment method acceptable to TSA.
- (3) TSA will not issue any refunds of fees required under this section.
- (4) Applications, submitted in accordance with 49 CFR part 1572, will be processed only upon receipt of all applicable fees under this section.

[72 FR 3595, Jan. 25, 2007, as amended at 78 FR 24359, Apr. 25, 2013]

Subpart F—Fees for Security Threat Assessments for Transportation Worker Identification Credential (TWIC)

§1572.500 Scope.

- (a) Scope. This part applies to—
- (1) Individuals who apply to obtain or renew a Transportation Worker Identification Credential and must undergo a security threat assessment under 49 CFR part 1572; and
- (2) Entities that collect fees from such individuals on behalf of TSA.
- (b) Terms. As used in this part:
- TSA agent means the entity approved by TSA to collect and transmit fingerprints and applicant information, and collect fees in accordance with this part.

§ 1572.501 Fee collection.

(a) When fee must be paid. When an applicant submits the information and fingerprints required under 49 CFR part 1572 to obtain or renew a TWIC, the fee must be remitted to TSA or its agent