- (B) The pneumatic test described in §54.10–15 of this chapter and such additional tests as the Officer-in-Charge, Marine Inspection (OCMI) may require.
  - (d) Each PVHO must-
- (1) Have a shut-off valve located within 1 foot of the pressure boundary on all piping penetrating the pressure boundary;
- (2) Have a check valve located within 1 foot of the pressure boundary on all piping exclusively carrying fluids into the PVHO;
- (3) Have the pressure relief device required by ASME PVHO-1;
- (4) Have a built-in breathing system with at least one mask per occupant stored inside each separately pressurized compartment;
- (5) Have a two-way voice communications system allowing communications between an occupant in one pressurized compartment of the PVHO and—
- (i) The diving supervisor at the dive location;
- (ii) Any divers being supported from the same PVHO; and
- (iii) Occupants of other separately pressurized compartments of the same PVHO:
- (6) If designed to mechanically couple to another PVHO, have a two-way communications system allowing communications between occupants of each PVHO when mechanically coupled;
- (7) Have a pressure gage in the interior of each compartment that is—
- (i) Designed for human occupancy; and
- (ii) Capable of having the compartment pressure controlled from inside the PVHO;
- (8) Have viewports that allow observation of occupants from the outside;
- (9) Have viewports that meet the requirements of ASME PVHO-1 except those PVHO's approved under paragraph (b) of this section which have nonacrylic viewports;
- (10) Have means of illumination sufficient to allow an occupant to—
  - (i) Read gages; and
- (ii) Operate the installed systems within each compartment;
- (11) Be designed and equipped to minimize sources of combustible materials and ignition;
- (12) Have a protective device on the inlet side of PVHO exhaust lines;

- (13) Have a means of extinguishing a fire in the interior;
- (14) Have a means of maintaining the oxygen content of the interior atmosphere below 25 percent surface equivalent by volume when pressurized with air as the breathing mixture;
- (15) Have a means of maintaining the interior atmosphere below 2 percent surface equivalent carbon dioxide by volume:
- (16) Have a means of overriding and controlling from the exterior all interior breathing and pressure supply controls;
- (17) Have a speech unscrambler when used with mixed-gas;
- (18) Have interior electrical systems that are designed for the environment in which they will operate to minimize the risk of fire, electrical shock to personnel, and galvanic action of the PVHO; and
- (19) Be tested after every repair, modification, or alteration to the pressure boundaries as required by §197.462.

#### §197.330 PVHO-Closed bells.

- (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, each closed bell must meet the requirements of §197.328 and—
- (1) Have underwater breathing apparatus for each occupant stored inside each separately pressurized compartment;
  - (2) Have an umbilical;
- (3) Have lifting equipment attached to the closed bell capable of returning the occupied closed bell when fully flooded to the dive location;
- (4) Be capable of recompressing on the surface to the maximum design diving depth;
- (5) Be constructed and equipped as required by §197.332;
- (6) Have an emergency locating device designed to assist personnel on the surface in acquiring and maintaining contact with the submerged PVHO if the umbilical to the surface is severed;
- (7) Have a capability to remove an injured diver from the water; and
- (8) Have a life support capability for the intact closed bell and its occupants for—
- (i) Twelve hours after an accident severing the umbilical to the surface when the umbilical to the surface is

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the only installed means of retrieving the closed bell; or

- (ii) A period of time, at least equal to 1 hour plus twice the time required to retrieve the bell from its designed operating depth and attach an auxiliary lifesupport system, after an accident severing the umbilical to the surface when the umbilical is one of the two independent installed means of retrieving the closed bell, each meeting the requirements of paragraph (a)(3) of this section.
- (b) A closed bell that does not meet the requirements of paragraphs (a)(3), (a)(4), and (a)(5) of this section, must be capable of attachment to another PVHO that—
- (1) Allows the transfer of personnel and diver's equipment under pressure from the closed bell to the PVHO;
- (2) Meets the requirements of paragraph (a)(3) of this section;
- (3) Is capable of attachment to a decompression chamber meeting the requirements of paragraphs (a)(4) and (a)(5) of this section; and
- (4) Allows the transfer of personnel and diver's equipment under pressure from the PVHO to the decompression chamber.

# $\S\,197.332$ PVHO—Decompression chambers.

Each decompression chamber must-

- (a) Meet the requirements of §197.328;
- (b) Have internal dimensions sufficient to accommodate a diver lying in a horizontal position and another person tending the diver;
- (c) Have a capability for ingress and egress of personnel and equipment while the occupants are under pressure;
- (d) Have a means of operating all installed man-way locking devices, except disabled shipping dogs, from both sides of a closed hatch;
- (e) Have interior illumination sufficient to allow visual observation, diagnosis, and medical treatment of an occupant.
- (f) Have one bunk for each two occupants;
- (g) Have a capability that allows bunks to be seen over their entire lengths from the exterior:
- (h) Have a minimum pressure capability of—

- (1) 6 ATA, when used for diving to 300 fsw; or
- (2) The maximum depth of the dive, when used for diving operations deeper than 300 fsw, unless a closed bell meeting the requirements of §197.330(a) (3), (4), and (5) is used;
- (i) Have a minimum pressurization rate of 2 ATA per minute to 60 fsw and at least 1 ATA per minute thereafter:
- (j) Have a decompression rate of 1 ATA per minute to 33 fsw;
- (k) Have an external pressure gage for each pressurized compartment;
- (1) Have a capability to supply breathing mixtures at the maximum rate required by each occupant doing heavy work: and
- (m) Have a sound-powered headset or telephone as a backup to the communications system required by §197.328(c) (5) and (6), except when that communications system is a sound-powered system.

#### § 197.334 Open diving bells.

Each open diving bell must-

- (a) Have an upper section that provides an envelope capable of maintaining a bubble of breathing mixture available to a diver standing on the lower section of the platform with his body through the open bottom and his head in the bubble;
- (b) Have lifting equipment capable of returning the occupied open bell to the dive location:
  - (c) Have an umbilical; and
- (d) Be—(1) Made of corrosion-resisting material: or
- (2) Protected against and maintained free from injurious corrosion.

### § 197.336 Pressure piping.

Piping systems that are not an integral part of the vessel or facility, carrying fluids under pressures exceeding 15 psig must—

- (a) Meet the ANSI Code;
- (b) Have the point of connection to the integral piping system of the vessel or facility clearly marked; and
- (c) Be tested after every repair, modification, or alteration to the pressure boundaries as set forth in § 197.462.

## §197.338 Compressed gas cylinders.

Each compressed gas cylinder must—
(a) Be stored in a ventilated area;