### § 153.602

## § 153.602 Special requirements for cargoes reactive with water.

When Table 1 refers to this section, the air inlet to the pressure-vacuum valve for the cargo tank must be located at least 2m (approx. 6.6 ft) above the weatherdeck.

[CGD 78-128, 47 FR 21210, May 17, 1982]

TESTING AND INSPECTION

### § 153.806 Loading information.

Each tankship must have a manual containing information that enables the master to load and ballast the tankship while keeping structural stresses within design limits.

[CGD 79-023, 48 FR 51009, Nov. 4, 1983]

## § 153.808 Examination required for a Certificate of Compliance.

Before a vessel receives either an initial or a reissued Certificate of Compliance endorsed to carry a cargo from Table 1 of this part, the vessel must call at a U.S. port for an examination during which the Officer in Charge, Marine Inspection, determines whether or not the vessel meets the requirements of this chapter.

[CGD 81–052, 50 FR 8733, Mar. 5, 1985, as amended by CGD 95–027, 61 FR 26009, May 23, 1996]

### § 153.809 Procedures for having the Coast Guard examine a vessel for a Certificate of Compliance.

The owner of a foreign flag vessel wishing to have the Coast Guard conduct a Certificate of Compliance examination, as required by §153.808, must proceed as follows:

- (a) Notify the Officer in Charge, Marine Inspection of the port where the vessel is to be inspected at least 7 days before the vessel arrives and arrange the exact time and other details of the examination. This notification is in addition to any other pre-arrival notice to the Coast Guard required by other regulations, but may be concurrent with the endorsement application in §153.9, and must include—
- (1) The name of the vessel's first U.S. port of call;
- (2) The date that the vessel is scheduled to arrive;

- (3) The name and telephone number of the owner's local agent; and
- (4) The names of all cargoes listed in table 1 of this part that are on board the vessel.
- (b) Before the examination required by §153.808 is begun, make certain that the following plans are on board the vessel and available to the Marine Inspector. These plans include—
- (1) A general arrangement (including the location of fire fighting, safety, and lifesaving gear):
  - (2) A capacity plan;
- (3) A schematic diagram of cargo piping on deck and in tanks (including the location of all valves and pumps); and
- (4) A schematic diagram of cargo tank vent piping (including the location of relief valves and flame screens).

[CGD 95-027, 61 FR 26009, May 23, 1996]

## § 153.812 Inspection for Certificate of Inspection.

The rules governing the issuance of Certificates of Inspection are contained in part 31 of this chapter.

## **Subpart C—Operations**

DOCUMENTS AND CARGO INFORMATION

#### § 153.900 Certificates and authorization to carry a bulk liquid hazardous material.

- (a) Except as allowed in 33 CFR 151.33(a), no ship may carry a cargo of bulk liquid hazardous material or an NLS residue if the bulk liquid hazardous material or NLS is listed in Table 1 or carried under a written permission under paragraph (d) of this section unless the ship meets the following:
- (1) The cargo must be carried in a cargo tank.
- (2) If a United States ship, the ship must have a Subchapter D or I Certificate of Inspection that is endorsed to allow the cargo tank to carry the cargo.
- (3) If a foreign ship, the ship must have a Certificate of Compliance that is endorsed to allow the cargo tank to carry the cargo.
- (4) The ship must have an IMO Certificate of Fitness issued under §153.12 that is endorsed to allow the cargo tank to carry the cargo if it is—

- (i) A United States self-propelled ship in foreign waters; or
- (ii) A United States non-self-propelled ship in the waters of another Administration signatory to MARPOL 73/78 and the cargo is a Category A, B, or C NLS.
  - (b) [Reserved]
- (c) No ship may carry any bulk liquid cargo not listed in §30.25–1 of this chapter, Table 151.05 of Part 151 of this chapter, Table 1 or Table 2 of this part, Table 4 of Part 154 of this chapter, 33 CFR 151.47, or 33 CFR 151.49 unless the cargo name is endorsed on the Certificate of Inspection or contained in a letter issued under paragraph (d) of this section.
- (d) The Coast Guard at its discretion endorses the Certificate of Inspection with the name of or issues a letter allowing the carriage of an unlisted cargo described under paragraph (c) of this section if—
  - (1) The shipowner—
- (i) Requests the Coast Guard to add the cargo; and
- (ii) Supplies any information the Coast Guard needs to develop carriage requirements for the bulk liquid cargo; and
  - (2) The ship-
- (i) Has a Certificate of Inspection, Certificate of Compliance, or IOPP Certificate as specified in this part;
- (ii) Meets the design and equipment requirements of this part specified by the Coast Guard; and
- (iii) Meets any additional requirements made by the Coast Guard.

[CGD 81–101, 52 FR 7783, Mar. 12, 1987, as amended by CGD 81–101, 53 FR 28975, Aug. 1, 1988 and 54 FR 12629, Mar. 28, 1989]

## §153.901 Documents: Posting, availability, and alteration.

- (a) No person may operate a United States ship unless the endorsed Certificate of Inspection is readily available on the ship.
- (b) No person may operate a foreign ship unless the endorsed Certificate of Compliance or Certificate of Inspection is readily available on the ship.
- (c) No person may operate a ship under an alternative or waiver granted under this part unless the document granting the alternative or waiver is

attached to the ship's Certificate of Inspection or Certificate of Compliance.

- (d) Except as allowed in paragraph (e) of this section, the Coast Guard does not accept the following if altered:
  - (1) Certificates of Inspection.
  - (2) Certificates of Compliance.
- (3) Certificates of Fitness, unless the alteration is by the issuing authority.
- (4) Approved Procedures and Arrangements Manuals, unless the alteration is approved by the issuing authority.
  - (5) NLS Certificates.
- (e) A person wishing to change a Procedures and Arrangements Manual approved by the Coast Guard must submit a copy to the Coast Guard following the procedures for requesting an endorsed Certificate of Inspection in §153.8.

[CGD 81-101, 52 FR 7783, Mar. 12, 1987]

# § 153.902 Expiration and invalidation of the Certificate of Compliance.

- (a) The Certificate of Compliance shows its expiration date.
- (b) The endorsement of a Certificate of Compliance under this part is invalid if the vessel does not have a valid IMO Certificate of Fitness.
- (c) The endorsement on a Certificate of Compliance invalidated under paragraph (b) of this section, becomes valid again once the ship has the IMO Certificate of Fitness revalidated or rejssued.

NOTE: See §153.809 for procedures for having a Certificate of Compliance reissued.

[CGD 81–101, 52 FR 7784, Mar. 12, 1987; CGD 95–072, 60 FR 50465, Sept. 29, 1995; 60 FR 54106, Oct. 19, 1995; CGD 95–027, 61 FR 26009, May 23, 1996]

### § 153.903 Operating a United States ship in special areas: Categories A, B, and C.

No person may operate a United States ship that carries an NLS or NLS residue in a special area unless—

- (a) The ship's Certificate of Inspection is endorsed in accordance with §153.30; and
- (b) The ship meets the operating requirements applying to special areas in Regulations 5, 5A, 8 and the Standards