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- (i) For a violation in which it is established that the covered entity or business associate did not know and, by exercising reasonable diligence, would not have known that the covered entity or business associate violated such provision,
- (A) In the amount of less than \$100 or more than \$50,000 for each violation; or
- (B) In excess of \$1,500,000 for identical violations during a calendar year (January 1 through the following December 31):
- (ii) For a violation in which it is established that the violation was due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.
- (A) In the amount of less than \$1,000 or more than \$50,000 for each violation;
- (B) In excess of \$1,500,000 for identical violations during a calendar year (January 1 through the following December 31):
- (iii) For a violation in which it is established that the violation was due to willful neglect and was corrected during the 30-day period beginning on the first date the covered entity or business associate liable for the penalty knew, or, by exercising reasonable diligence, would have known that the violation occurred,
- (A) In the amount of less than \$10,000 or more than \$50,000 for each violation; or
- (B) In excess of \$1,500,000 for identical violations during a calendar year (January 1 through the following December 31):
- (iv) For a violation in which it is established that the violation was due to willful neglect and was not corrected during the 30-day period beginning on the first date the covered entity or business associate liable for the penalty knew, or, by exercising reasonable diligence, would have known that the violation occurred,
- (A) In the amount of less than \$50,000 for each violation; or
- (B) In excess of \$1,500,000 for identical violations during a calendar year (January 1 through the following December 31).
- (3) If a requirement or prohibition in one administrative simplification provision is repeated in a more general form in another administrative sim-

plification provision in the same subpart, a civil money penalty may be imposed for a violation of only one of these administrative simplification provisions.

[71 FR 8426, Feb. 16, 2006, as amended at 74 FR 56130, Oct. 30, 2009; 78 FR 5691, Jan. 25, 2013; 81 FR 61581, Sept. 6, 2016]

§ 160.406 Violations of an identical requirement or prohibition.

The Secretary will determine the number of violations of an administrative simplification provision based on the nature of the covered entity's or business associate's obligation to act or not act under the provision that is violated, such as its obligation to act in a certain manner, or within a certain time, or to act or not act with respect to certain persons. In the case of continuing violation of a provision, a separate violation occurs each day the covered entity or business associate is in violation of the provision.

[78 FR 5691, Jan. 25, 2013]

§ 160.408 Factors considered in determining the amount of a civil money penalty.

In determining the amount of any civil money penalty, the Secretary will consider the following factors, which may be mitigating or aggravating as appropriate:

- (a) The nature and extent of the violation, consideration of which may include but is not limited to:
- (1) The number of individuals affected; and
- (2) The time period during which the violation occurred;
- (b) The nature and extent of the harm resulting from the violation, consideration of which may include but is not limited to:
- (1) Whether the violation caused physical harm:
- (2) Whether the violation resulted in financial harm;
- (3) Whether the violation resulted in harm to an individual's reputation; and
- (4) Whether the violation hindered an individual's ability to obtain health
- (c) The history of prior compliance with the administrative simplification provisions, including violations, by the covered entity or business associate,