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who may have been exposed to a quarantinable communicable disease, to determine the risk of disease spread.

U.S. port means any seaport, airport, or border crossing point under the control of the United States.

U.S. territory means any territory (also known as possessions) of the United States, including American Samoa, Guam, the Northern Mariana Islands, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands.

United States means the 50 States, District of Columbia, and the territories (also known as possessions) of the United States, including American Samoa, Guam, the Northern Mariana Islands, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands.

Vector means any animals (vertebrate or invertebrate) including arthropods or any noninfectious self-replicating system (e.g., plasmids or other molecular vector) or animal products that are known to transfer, or are capable of transferring, an infectious biological agent to a human.

[50 FR 1519, Jan. 11, 1985, as amended at 77 FR 75890, Dec. 26, 2012; 82 FR 6973, Jan. 19, 2017]

§71.2 Penalties.

(a) Persons in violation of this part are subject to a fine of no more than \$100,000 if the violation does not result in a death or one year in jail, or both, or a fine of no more than \$250,000 if the violation results in a death or one year in jail, or both, or as otherwise provided by law. (b) Violations by organizations are subject to a fine of no more than \$200,000 per event if the violation does not result in a death or \$500,000 per event if the violation results in a death or as otherwise provided by law.

[82 FR 6975, Jan. 19, 2017]§ 71.3 Designation of yellow fever vaccination centers; Validation stamps.

(a) Designation of yellow fever vaccination centers. (1) The Director is responsible for the designation of yellow fever vaccination centers authorized to issue certificates of vaccination. This responsibility is delegated by the Director to a State or territorial health department with respect to yellow fever vaccination activities of non-Federal

medical, public health facilities, and licensed physicians functioning within the respective jurisdictions of a State or territorial health department. Designation may be made upon application and presentation of evidence satisfactory to a State or territorial health department that the applicant has adequate facilities and professionally trained personnel for the handling, storage, and administration of a safe, potent, and pure yellow fever vaccine. Medical facilities of Federal agencies are authorized to obtain vellow fever vaccine without being designated as a yellow fever vaccination center by the Director.

- (2) A designated yellow fever vaccination center shall comply with the instruction issued by the Director or by a delegated officer or employee of a State or territorial health department for the handling, storage, and administration of yellow fever vaccine. If a designated center fails to comply with such instruction, after notice to the center, the Director or, for non-Federal centers, a State or territorial health department, may revoke designation.
- (b) Validation stamps. International Certificates of Vaccination against cholera and yellow fever issued for vaccinations performed in the United States shall be validated by:
- (1) The Seal of the Public Health Service; or
- (2) The Seal of the Department of State; or
- (3) The stamp of the Department of Defense; or
- (4) The stamp issued to the National Aeronautics and Space Administration; or
- (5) The stamp issued by a State or territorial health department; or
- (6) An official stamp of a design and size approved by the Director for such purpose.

§ 71.4 Requirements relating to the transmission of airline passenger, crew, and flight information for public health purposes.

(a) Any airline with a flight arriving into the United States, including any intermediate stops between the flight's origin and final destination, shall make the data elements in paragraph

- (b) of this section available to the Director for passengers or crew who, as determined by the Director, may be at risk of exposure to a communicable disease, to the extent that such data are already available and maintained by the airline, within 24 hours of an order by the Director and in a format available and acceptable to both the airline and the Director.
- (b) The data elements referred to in paragraph (a) of this section include:
- (1) Full name (last, first, and, if available, middle or others);
 - (2) Date of birth;
 - (3) Sex:
 - (4) Country of residence;
- (5) If a passport is required: Passport number, passport country of issuance, and passport expiration date;
- (6) If a travel document other than a passport is required: Travel document type, travel document number, travel document country of issuance and travel document expiration date;
- (7) Address while in the United States (number and street, city, State, and zip code), except that U.S. citizens and lawful permanent residents will provide address of permanent residence in the U.S. (number and street, city, State, and zip code);
- (8) Primary contact phone number to include country code;
- (9) Secondary contact phone number to include country code;
 - (10) Email address;
 - (11) Airline name;
 - (12) Flight number;
 - (13) City of departure;
 - (14) Departure date and time;
 - (15) City of arrival;
 - (16) Arrival date and time; and
 - (17) Seat number.
- (c) No later than February 21, 2019, the Secretary or Director will publish and seek comment on a report evaluating the burden of this section on affected entities and duplication of activities in relation to mandatory passenger data submissions to DHS/CBP. The report will specifically recommend actions that streamline and facilitate use and transmission of any duplicate information collected.
- (d) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this section, any airline with a flight arriving into the United States, including any intermediate stops between the

- flight's origin and final destination, shall collect and, within 24 hours of an order by the Director, transmit to the Director the data elements in paragraph (e) of this section, in a format acceptable to the Director, for the passengers or crew who may be at risk of exposure to a communicable disease, for the purposes of public health follow-up, such as health education, treatment, prophylaxis, or other appropriate public health interventions, including travel restrictions.
- (e) The data elements referred to in paragraph (d) of this section include, to the extent that such information exists for the individual:
- (1) Full name (last, first, and, if available, middle or others);
- (2) Address while in the United States (number and street, city, State, and zip code), except that U.S. citizens and lawful permanent residents will provide address of permanent residence in the U.S. (number and street, city, State, and zip code);
- (3) Primary contact phone number to include country code;
- (4) Secondary contact phone number to include country code; and
 - (5) Email address.

[82 FR 6975, Jan. 19, 2017, as amended at 82 FR 31728, July 10, 2017; 85 FR 7880, Feb. 12, 2020]

§ 71.5 Requirements relating to the transmission of vessel passenger, crew, and voyage information for public health purposes.

- (a) The operator of any vessel carrying 13 or more passengers (excluding crew) and, which is not a ferry as defined under 46 U.S.C. 2101 and U.S. Coast Guard (USCG) regulations (46 CFR 2.10-25), shall make the data elements in paragraph (b) of this section available to the Director for passengers or crew who, as determined by the Director, may be at risk of exposure to a communicable disease, to the extent that such data are already in the operator's possession, within 24 hours of an order by the Director and in a format available and acceptable to both the operator and the Director.
- (b) The data elements referred to in paragraph (a) of this section include:
- (1) Full name (last, first, and, if available middle or others);