## § 493.933

TABLE 2 TO PARAGRAPH (c)(2)—CRITERIA FOR ACCEPTABLE PERFORMANCE—Continued

Glucose (excluding measurements devices cleared by FDA for home use.).  Hemoglobin A1 c		
Glucose (excluding measurements devices cleared by FDA for home use.).  Hemoglobin A1c	performance are— '	
ments devices cleared by FDA for home use.). Hemoglobin A1c	Gamma glutamyl transferase	Target value ±15% or ±5 U/L (greater).
Hemoglobin A1c	ments devices cleared by	Target value ±8% or ±6 mg/ dL (greater).
Iron, total		Target value +8%
Lactate dehydrogenase (LDH).  Magnesium		
Phosphorus     Target value ± 10% or ±0.3 mg/dL (greater).       Potassium     Target value ±0.3 mmol/L.       Prostate Specific Antigen, total.     Target value ±20% or ±0.2 ng/mL (greater).       Sodium     Target value ±4 mmol/L.       Total Iron Binding Capacity (TiBC). (direct measurement).     Target value ±20%.       Total Protein     Target value ±15%.       Troponin I     Target value ±15%.       Troponin T     Target value ±30% or ±0.9 ng/mL (greater).       Urea nitrogen     Target value ±9% or ±2 mg/dL (greater).       Larget value ±9% or ±2 mg/dL (greater).	Lactate dehydrogenase	
Phosphorus     Target value ± 10% or ±0.3 mg/dL (greater).       Potassium     Target value ±0.3 mmol/L.       Prostate Specific Antigen, total.     Target value ±20% or ±0.2 ng/mL (greater).       Sodium     Target value ±4 mmol/L.       Total Iron Binding Capacity (TiBC). (direct measurement).     Target value ±20%.       Total Protein     Target value ±15%.       Troponin I     Target value ±15%.       Troponin T     Target value ±30% or ±0.9 ng/mL (greater).       Urea nitrogen     Target value ±9% or ±2 mg/dL (greater).       Larget value ±9% or ±2 mg/dL (greater).	Magnesium	Target value ±15%.
Prostate Specific Antigen, total.  Sodium Target value ±20% or ±0.2 ng/mL (greater).  Total Iron Binding Capacity (TiBC). (direct measurement).  Total Protein Target value ±30%.  Target value ±4 mmol/L.  Target value ±20%.  Target value ±20%.  Target value ±30%.  Target value ±15%.  Target value ±30% or ±0.9 ng/mL (greater).  Target value ±30% or ±0.2 ng/mL (greater).  Target value ±9% or ±2 mg/dL (greater).		
total. Sodium	Potassium	Target value ±0.3 mmol/L.
Sodium Target value ±4 mmol/L. Target value ±20%.  Target value ±30%.  Target value ±15%.  Target value ±30% or ±0.9  ng/mL (greater).  Target value ±30% or ±0.2  ng/mL (greater).  Target value ±9% or ±2 mg/ dL (greater).		
(TIBC). (direct measurement).           Total Protein         Target value ±8%.           Triglycerides         Target value ±15%.           Troponin I         Target value ± 30% or ±0.9 ng/mL (greater).           Troponin T         Target value ±30% or ±0.2 ng/mL (greater).           Urea nitrogen         Target value ±9% or ±2 mg/dL (greater).	Sodium	
Total Protein         Target value ±8%.           Triglycerides         Target value ±15%.           Troponin I         Target value ± 30% or ±0.9 ng/mL (greater).           Troponin T         Target value ±30% or ±0.2 ng/mL (greater).           Urea nitrogen         Target value ±9% or ±2 mg/dL (greater).           Urea nitrogen         Target value ±9% or ±2 mg/dL (greater).	(TIBC). (direct measure-	Target value ±20%.
$ \begin{array}{llll} \mbox{Triglycerides} & \mbox{Target value} \pm 15\%. \\ \mbox{Troponin I} & \mbox{Target value} \pm 30\% \mbox{ or } \pm 0.9 \\ \mbox{ng/mL} & \mbox{(greater)}. \\ \mbox{Troponin T} & \mbox{Target value} \pm 30\% \mbox{ or } \pm 0.2 \\ \mbox{ng/mL} & \mbox{(greater)}. \\ \mbox{Urea nitrogen} & \mbox{Target value} \pm 9\% \mbox{ or } \pm 2 \mbox{ mg/} \\ \mbox{dL} & \mbox{(greater)}. \\ \end{array} $		Target value +8%
$\begin{tabular}{lll} Toponin I & & & Target value \pm 30\% \text{ or } \pm 0.9 \\ ng/mL & (greater). \\ Troponin T & & Target value \pm 30\% \text{ or } \pm 0.2 \\ ng/mL & (greater). \\ Urea nitrogen & & Target value \pm 9\% \text{ or } \pm 2 \text{ mg/} \\ dL & (greater). \\ \end{tabular}$		
ng/mL (greater). Troponin T		
Urea nitrogen	Troponin T	Target value ±30% or ±0.2
	Urea nitrogen	Target value ±9% or ±2 mg/
	Uric acid	

## § 493.933 Endocrinology.

(a) Program content and frequency of challenge. To be approved for proficiency testing for endocrinology, a program must provide a minimum of five samples per testing event. There must be at least three testing events at approximately equal intervals per year. The annual program must provide samples that cover the clinically relevant range of values that would be expected in patient specimens. The samples may be provided through mailed shipments or, at HHS' option, may be provided to HHS or its designee for on-site testing.

(b) Challenges per testing event. The minimum number of challenges per testing event a program must provide for each analyte or test procedure is five serum, plasma, blood, or urine samples.

Analyte or Test

Cortisol
Free Thyroxine
Human Chorionic gonadotropin (excluding
urine pregnancy tests done by visual color
comparison categorized as waived tests)
T3 Uptake

Triiodothyronine Thyroid-stimulating hormone Thyroxine

- (c) Evaluation of a laboratory's analyte or test performance. HHS approves only those programs that assess the accuracy of a laboratory's responses in accordance with paragraphs (c)(1) through (5) of this section.
- (1) To determine the accuracy of a laboratory's response for qualitative and quantitative endocrinology tests or analytes, a program must compare the laboratory's response for each analyte with the response that reflects agreement of either 80 percent of ten or more referee laboratories or 80 percent or more of all participating laboratories. The score for a sample in endocrinology is either the score determined under paragraph (c)(2) or (c)(3) of this section.
- (2) For quantitative endocrinology tests or analytes, the program must determine the correct response for each analyte by the distance of the response from the target value. After the target value has been established for each response, the appropriateness of the response must be determined by using either fixed criteria based on the percentage difference from the target value or the number of standard deviations (SDs) the response differs from the target value.

Criteria for Acceptable Performance

The criteria for acceptable performance are—  $\,$ 

Analyte or test	Criteria for acceptable per- formance
Cortisol	Target value ±25%. Target value ±3 SD. Target value ±3 SD positive or negative.
T3 Uptake	Target value ±3 SD. Target value ±3 SD. Target value ±3 SD. Target value ±20% or 1.0 mcg/dL (greater).

- (3) The criterion for acceptable performance for qualitative endocrinology tests is positive or negative.
- (4) To determine the analyte testing event score, the number of acceptable

analyte responses must be averaged using the following formula:

 $\frac{\text{Number of acceptable responses for the analyte}}{\text{Total number of challenges for the analyte}} \times 100 = \frac{\text{Analyte score for the testing event}}{\text{the testing event}}$ 

event score, the number of correct re-

(5) To determine the overall testing sponses for all analytes must be averaged using the following formula:

# Number of acceptable responses for all challenges $\times 100 = \text{Testing event score}$ Total number of all challenges

[57 FR 7151, Feb. 28, 1992, as amended at 58 FR 5229, Jan. 19, 1993; 68 FR 3702, Jan. 24,

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 87 FR 41239, July 11, 2022, §493.933 was amended by revising paragraphs (a), (b), and (c)(1) and (2), effective July 11, 2024. At 87 FR 68912, Nov. 17, 2022, the entry for "Carcinoembryonic antigen (CEA)" in table 2 to paragraph (c)(2) was corrected. For the convenience of the user, the revised and corrected text is set forth as follows:

#### § 493.933 Endocrinology.

(a) Program content and frequency of challenge. To be approved for proficiency testing for endocrinology, a program must provide a minimum of five samples per testing event. There must be at least three testing events at approximately equal intervals per year. The annual program must provide samples that cover the clinically relevant range of values that would be expected in patient specimens. The samples may be provided through mailed shipments.

(b) Challenges per testing event. The minimum number of challenges per testing event a program must provide for each analyte or test procedure is five serum, plasma, blood, or urine samples.

TABLE 1 TO PARAGRAPH (b)—ANALYTE OR TEST

Cancer antigen (CA) 125. Carcinoembryonic antigen (CEA). Cortisol. Estradiol. Folate, serum. Follicle stimulating hormone. Free thyroxine.

TABLE 1 TO PARAGRAPH (b)—ANALYTE OR TEST—Continued

Human chorionic gonadotropin (HCG) (excluding urine pregnancy tests done by visual color comparison categorized as waived tests).

Luteinizing hormone.

Parathyroid hormone.

Progesterone.

Prolactin.

Testosterone.

T3 Uptake.

Triiodothyronine.

Thyroid-stimulating hormone.

Thyroxine.

Vitamin B12.

(1) To determine the accuracy of a laboratory's response for qualitative and quantitative endocrinology tests or analytes, a program must compare the laboratory's response for each analyte with the response that reflects agreement of either 80 percent or more of 10 or more referee laboratories or 80 percent or more of all participating laboratories. Both methods must be attempted before the program can choose to not grade a PT sample.

(2) For quantitative endocrinology tests or analytes, the program must determine the correct response for each analyte by the distance of the response from the target value. After the target value has been established for each response, the appropriateness of the response must be determined by using either fixed criteria based on the percentage difference from the target value or the number of standard deviations (SDs) the response differs from the target value.

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TABLE 2 TO PARAGRAPH (c)(2)—CRITERIA FOR ACCEPTABLE PERFORMANCE

The criteria for acceptable performance are— Analyte or test	Criteria for acceptable per- formance
Cancer antigen (CA) 125	Target value ±20%.
Carcinoembryonic antigen (CEA).	Target value ±15% or ±1 ng. mL (greater).
Cortisol	Target value ±20%.
Estradiol	Target value ±30%.
Folate, serum	Target value ±30% or ±1 ng. mL (greater).
Follicle stimulating hormone	Target value ±18% or ±2 IU/ (greater).
Free thyroxine	Target value or ±15% or ±0. ng/dL (greater).
Human chorionic	Target value ±18% or ±3
gonadotropin (excluding urine pregnancy tests done by visual color comparison categorized as waived tests).	mIU/mL (greater) or positive or negative.
Luteinizing hormone	Target value ±20%.
Parathyroid hormone	Target value ±30%.
Progesterone	Target value ±25%.
Prolactin	Target value ±20%.
Testosterone	Target value ±30% or ±20 ng/dL (greater).
T3 uptake	Target value ±18%.
Triiodothyronine	Target value ±30%.
Thyroid-stimulating hormone	Target value ±20% or ±0.2 mlU/L (greater).
Thyroxine	Target value ±20% or ±1.0 mcg/dL (greater).
Vitamin B12	Target value ±25% or ±30 pg/mL (greater).

## § 493.937 Toxicology.

(a) Program content and frequency of challenge. To be approved for proficiency testing for toxicology, the annual program must provide a minimum of five samples per testing event. There must be at least three testing events at approximately equal intervals per year. The annual program must provide samples that cover the clinically relevant range of values that would be expected in specimens of patients on drug therapy and that cover the level of clinical significance for the particular drug. The samples may be provided through mailed shipments or, at HHS' option, may be provided to HHS or its designee for on-site testing.

(b) Challenges per testing event. The minimum number of challenges per testing event a program must provide for each analyte or test procedure is five serum, plasma, or blood samples.

Analyte or Test Procedure

Alcohol (blood)	Phenytoin
Blood lead	Primidone
Carbamazepine	Procainamide
Digoxin	(and metabolite)
Ethosuximide	Quinidine
Gentamicin	Theophylline
Lithium	Tobramycin
Phenobarbital	Valproic Acid

- (c) Evaluation of a laboratory's analyte or test performance. HHS approves only those programs that assess the accuracy of a laboratory's responses in accordance with paragraphs (c)(1) through (4) of this section.
- (1) To determine the accuracy of a laboratory's responses for quantitative toxicology tests or analytes, the program must compare the laboratory's response for each analyte with the response that reflects agreement of either 80 percent of ten or more referee laboratories or 80 percent or more of all participating laboratories. The score for a sample in toxicology is the score determined under paragraph (c)(2) of this section.
- (2) For quantitative toxicology tests or analytes, the program must determine the correct response for each analyte by the distance of the response from the target value. After the target value has been established for each response, the appropriateness of the response must be determined by using fixed criteria based on the percentage difference from the target value

Criteria for Acceptable Performance

The criteria for acceptable performance are:

Analyte or test	Criteria for acceptable per- formance
Alcohol, blood	Target Value ±25%.
Blood lead	Target Value ±10% or 4 mcg/
0.1	dL (greater).
Carbamazepine	Target Value ±25%.
Digoxin	Target Value ±20% or ±0.2 ng/mL (greater).
Ethosuximide	Target Value ±20%.
Gentamicin	Target Value ±25%.
Lithium	Target Value ±0.3 mmol/L or
	±20% (greater).
Phenobarbital	Target Value ±20%
Phenytoin	Target Value ±25%.
Primidone	Target Value ±25%.
Procainamide (and metabo- lite).	Target Value ±25%.
Quinidine	Target Value ±25%.
Tobramycin	Target Value ±25%.
Theophylline	Target Value ±25%.
Valproic Acid	Target Value ±25%.