§ 493.1263

each batch of media and each lot number and shipment of antimycobacterial agent(s) before, or concurrent with, initial use, using an appropriate control organism(s).

- (1) The laboratory must establish limits for acceptable control results.
- (2) Each week tests are performed, the laboratory must use the appropriate control organism(s) to check the procedure.
- (3) The results for the control organism(s) must be within established limits before reporting patient results.
- (c) The laboratory must document all control procedures performed, as specified in this section.

§ 493.1263 Standard: Mycology.

- (a) The laboratory must check each batch (prepared in-house), lot number (commercially prepared), and shipment of lactophenol cotton blue when prepared or opened for intended reactivity with a control organism(s).
- (b) For antifungal susceptibility tests, the laboratory must check each batch of media and each lot number and shipment of antifungal agent(s) before, or concurrent with, initial use, using an appropriate control organism(s).
- (1) The laboratory must establish limits for acceptable control results.
- (2) Each day tests are performed, the laboratory must use the appropriate control organism(s) to check the procedure
- (3) The results for the control organism(s) must be within established limits before reporting patient results.
- (c) The laboratory must document all control procedures performed, as specified in this section.

§493.1264 Standard: Parasitology.

- (a) The laboratory must have available a reference collection of slides or photographs and, if available, gross specimens for identification of parasites and use these references in the laboratory for appropriate comparison with diagnostic specimens.
- (b) The laboratory must calibrate and use the calibrated ocular micrometer for determining the size of ova and parasites, if size is a critical parameter

- (c) Each month of use, the laboratory must check permanent stains using a fecal sample control material that will demonstrate staining characteristics.
- (d) The laboratory must document all control procedures performed, as specified in this section.

§ 493.1265 Standard: Virology.

- (a) When using cell culture to isolate or identify viruses, the laboratory must simultaneously incubate a cell substrate control or uninoculated cells as a negative control material.
- (b) The laboratory must document all control procedures performed, as specified in this section.

§ 493.1267 Standard: Routine chemistry.

For blood gas analyses, the laboratory must perform the following:

- (a) Calibrate or verify calibration according to the manufacturer's specifications and with at least the frequency recommended by the manufacturer.
- (b) Test one sample of control material each 8 hours of testing using a combination of control materials that include both low and high values on each day of testing.
- (c) Test one sample of control material each time specimens are tested unless automated instrumentation internally verifies calibration at least every 30 minutes.
- (d) Document all control procedures performed, as specified in this section.

§ 493.1269 Standard: Hematology.

- (a) For manual cell counts performed using a hemocytometer—
- (1) One control material must be tested each 8 hours of operation; and
- (2) Patient specimens and control materials must be tested in duplicate.
- (b) For all nonmanual coagulation test systems, the laboratory must include two levels of control material each 8 hours of operation and each time a reagent is changed.
 - (c) For manual coagulation tests—
- (1) Each individual performing tests must test two levels of control materials before testing patient samples and each time a reagent is changed; and
- (2) Patient specimens and control materials must be tested in duplicate.