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the family declines to accept the coverage.

- (ii) A child is considered eligible for health benefits coverage under a State health benefits plan if a more than nominal contribution to the cost of health benefits coverage under a State health benefits plan is available from the State or public agency with respect to the child or would have been available from those sources on November 8, 1999. A contribution is considered more than nominal if the State or public agency makes a contribution toward the cost of an employee's dependent(s) that is \$10 per family, per month, more than the State or public agency's contribution toward the cost of covering the employee only.
- (2) Residents of an institution. A child must not be—
- (i) An inmate of a public institution as defined at §435.1010 of this chapter;
- (ii) A patient in an institution for mental diseases, as defined at § 435.1010 of this chapter, at the time of initial application or any redetermination of eligibility.
- (d) A targeted low-income child must also include any child enrolled in Medicaid on December 31, 2013 who is determined to be ineligible for Medicaid as a result of the elimination of income disregards as specified under §435.603(g) of this chapter, regardless of any other standards set forth in this section except those in paragraph (c) of this section. Such a child shall continue to be a targeted low-income child under this paragraph until the date of the child's next renewal under §457.343 of this subnart.

 $[66\ FR\ 2675,\ Jan.\ 11,\ 2001,\ as\ amended\ at\ 71\ FR\ 39229,\ July\ 12,\ 2006;\ 77\ FR\ 17214,\ Mar.\ 23,\ 2012;\ 81\ FR\ 86463,\ Nov.\ 30,\ 2016]$

§ 457.315 Application of modified adjusted gross income and household definition.

(a) Effective January 1, 2014, the State must apply the financial methodologies set forth in paragraphs (b) through (i) of §435.603 of this chapter in determining the financial eligibility of all individuals for CHIP. The exception to application of such methods for individuals for whom the State relies on a finding of income made by an Express

Lane agency at §435.603(j)(1) of this subpart also applies.

(b) In the case of determining ongoing eligibility for enrollees determined eligible for CHIP on or before December 31, 2013, application of the financial methodologies set forth in this section will not be applied until March 31, 2014 or the next regularly-scheduled renewal of eligibility for such individual under § 457.343, whichever is later.

[77 FR 17214, Mar. 23, 2012]

§ 457.320 Other eligibility standards.

- (a) Eligibility standards. To the extent consistent with title XXI of the Act and except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, the State plan may adopt eligibility standards for one or more groups of children related to—
- (1) Geographic area(s) served by the plan;
- (2) Age (up to, but not including, age 19);
 - (3) Income;
 - (4) Spenddowns;
- (5) Residency, in accordance with paragraph (d) of this section;
- (6) Disability status, provided that such standards do not restrict eligibility:
- (7) Access to, or coverage under, other health coverage; and
- (8) Duration of eligibility, in accordance with paragraph (e) of this section.
- (b) Prohibited eligibility standards. In establishing eligibility standards and methodologies, a State may not—
- (1) Cover children with a higher household income without covering children with a lower household income within any defined group of covered targeted low-income children;
- (2) Deny eligibility based on a preexisting medical condition;
- (3) Discriminate on the basis of diagnosis:
- (4) Require any family member who is not requesting services to provide a social security number (including those family members whose income or resources might be used in making the child's eligibility determination);
- (5) Exclude American Indian or Alaska Native children based on eligibility for, or access to, medical care funded by the Indian Health Service;
- (6) Exclude individuals based on citizenship or nationality, to the extent

that the children are U.S. citizens, U.S. nationals or qualified aliens, (as defined at section 431 of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act (PRWORA) of 1996, as amended by the BBA of 1997, except to the extent that section 403 of PRWORA precludes them from receiving Federal means-tested public benefits); or

- (7) Violate any other Federal laws or regulations pertaining to eligibility for a separate child health program under title XXI.
 - (c) [Reserved]
- (d) Citizenship and immigration status. All individuals seeking coverage under a separate child health plan must make a declaration of United States citizenship or satisfactory immigration status. Such declaration may be made by an adult member of the individual's household, an authorized representative, as defined in § 435.923 of this chapter (referenced at § 457.340), or if the individual is a minor or incapacitated, someone acting responsibly for the individual provided that such individual attests to having knowledge of the individual's status.
- (e) Residency. (1) Residency for a non-institutionalized child who is not a ward of the State must be determined in accordance with §435.403(i) of this chapter.
- (2) Residency for a targeted low-income pregnant woman defined at 2112 of the Act must be determined in accordance with §435.403(h) of this chapter.
 - (3) A State may not—
- (i) Impose a durational residency requirement:
- (ii) Preclude the following individuals from declaring residence in a State—
- (A) An institutionalized child who is not a ward of a State, if the State is the State of residence of the child's custodial parent or caretaker at the time of placement; or
- (B) A child who is a ward of a State, regardless of where the child lives
- (4) In cases of disputed residency, the State must follow the process described in §435.403(m) of this chapter.
- (f) Duration of eligibility. (1) The State may not impose a lifetime cap or other time limit on the eligibility of an indi-

vidual applicant or enrollee, based on the length of time such applicant or enrollee has received benefits under the State's separate child health program.

(2) [Reserved]

[66 FR 2675, Jan. 11, 2001, as amended at 66 FR 33823, June 25, 2001, 77 FR 17214, Mar. 23, 2012; 81 FR 86463, Nov. 30, 2016]

§457.330 Application.

The State shall use the single, streamlined application used by the State in accordance with paragraph (b) of §435.907 of this chapter, and otherwise comply with such section, except that the terms of §435.907(c) of this chapter (relating to applicants seeking coverage on a basis other than modified adjusted gross income) do not apply.

[77 FR 17215, Mar. 23, 2012]

§ 457.340 Application for and enrollment in CHIP.

- (a) Application and renewal assistance, availability of program information, and Web site. The terms of §§ 435.905, 435.906, 435.908, and 435.1200(f) of this chapter apply equally to the State in administering a separate CHIP.
- (b) Use of Social Security number. The terms of §§ 435.910 and 435.907(e) of this chapter regarding the provision and use of Social Security Numbers and non-applicant information apply equally to the State in administering a separate CHIP.
- (c) Notice of rights and responsibilities. A State must inform applicants at the time of application, in writing and orally if appropriate, about the application and eligibility requirements, the time frame for determining eligibility, and the right to review of eligibility determinations as described in § 457.1130.
- (d) Timely determination of eligibility. (1) The terms in §435.912 of this chapter apply equally to CHIP, except that standards for transferring electronic accounts to other insurance affordability programs are pursuant to §457.350 and the standards for receiving applications from other insurance affordability programs are pursuant to §457.348 of this part.