## § 440.167

services that are furnished by a registered professional nurse who meets a State's advanced educational and clinical practice requirements, if any, beyond the 2 to 4 years of basic nursing education required of all registered nurses.

- (b) Requirements for certified pediatric nurse practitioner. The practitioner must be a registered professional nurse who meets the requirements specified in either paragraphs (b)(1) or (b)(2) of this section.
- (1) If the State specifies qualifications for pediatric nurse practitioners, the practitioner must—
- (i) Be currently licensed to practice in the State as a registered professional nurse; and
- (ii) Meet the State requirements for qualification of pediatric nurse practitioners in the State in which he or she furnishes the services.
- (2) If the State does not specify, by specialty, qualifications for pediatric nurse practitioners, but the State does define qualifications for nurses in advanced practice or general nurse practitioners, the practitioner must—
- (i) Meet qualifications for nurses in advanced practice or general nurse practitioners as defined by the State; and
- (ii) Have a pediatric nurse practice limited to providing primary health care to persons less than 21 years of age.
- (c) Requirements for certified family nurse practitioner. The practitioner must be a registered professional nurse who meets the requirements specified in either paragraph (c)(1) or (c)(2) of this section.
- (1) If the State specifies qualifications for family nurse practitioners, the practitioner must—
- (i) Be currently licensed to practice in the State as a registered professional nurse; and
- (ii) Meet the State requirements for qualification of family nurse practitioners in the State in which he or she furnishes the services.
- (2) If the State does not specify, by specialty, qualifications for family nurse practitioners, but the State does define qualifications for nurses in advanced practice or general nurse practitioners, the practitioner must—

- (i) Meet qualifications for nurses in advanced practice or general nurse practitioners as defined by the State; and
- (ii) Have a family nurse practice limited to providing primary health care to individuals and families.
- (d) Payment for nurse practitioner services. The Medicaid agency must reimburse nurse practitioners for their services in accordance with §441.22(c) of this subchapter.

[60 FR 19861, Apr. 21, 1995]

## § 440.167 Personal care services.

Unless defined differently by a State agency for purposes of a waiver granted under part 441, subpart G of this chapter—

- (a) Personal care services means services furnished to an individual who is not an inpatient or resident of a hospital, nursing facility, intermediate care facility for individuals with intellectual disabilities, or institution for mental disease that are—
- (1) Authorized for the individual by a physician in accordance with a plan of treatment or (at the option of the State) otherwise authorized for the individual in accordance with a service plan approved by the State:
- (2) Provided by an individual who is qualified to provide such services and who is not a member of the individual's family; and
- (3) Furnished in a home, and at the State's option, in another location.
- (b) For purposes of this section, family member means a legally responsible relative.

[42 FR 47902, Sept. 11, 1997]

## § 440.168 Primary care case management services.

- (a) Primary care case management services means case management related services that—
- (1) Include location, coordination, and monitoring of primary health care services; and
- (2) Are provided under a contract between the State and either of the following:
- (i) A PCCM who is a physician or may, at State option, be a physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or certified nurse-midwife.