- (3) Treatment/service plans. MCOs, PIHPs, or PAHPs must produce a treatment or service plan meeting the criteria in paragraphs (c)(3)(i) through (v) of this section for enrollees who require LTSS and, if the State requires, must produce a treatment or service plan meeting the criteria in paragraphs (c)(3)(iii) through (v) of this section for enrollees with special health care needs that are determined through assessment to need a course of treatment or regular care monitoring. The treatment or service plan must be:
- (i) Developed by an individual meeting LTSS service coordination requirements with enrollee participation, and in consultation with any providers caring for the enrollee:
- (ii) Developed by a person trained in person-centered planning using a person-centered process and plan as defined in §441.301(c)(1) and (2) of this chapter for LTSS treatment or service plans:
- (iii) Approved by the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP in a timely manner, if this approval is required by the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP:
- (iv) In accordance with any applicable State quality assurance and utilization review standards; and
- (v) Reviewed and revised upon reassessment of functional need, at least every 12 months, or when the enrollee's circumstances or needs change significantly, or at the request of the enrollee per §441.301(c)(3) of this chapter.
- (4) Direct access to specialists. For enrollees with special health care needs determined through an assessment (consistent with paragraph (c)(2) of this section) to need a course of treatment or regular care monitoring, each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP must have a mechanism in place to allow enrollees to directly access a specialist (for example, through a standing referral or an approved number of visits) as appropriate for the enrollee's condition and identified needs.
- (d) Applicability date. This section applies to the rating period for contracts with MCOs, PIHPs, and PAHPs beginning on or after July 1, 2017. Until that applicability date, states are required to continue to comply with §438.208 contained in the 42 CFR parts 430 to

481, edition revised as of October 1, 2015.

§ 438.210 Coverage and authorization of services.

- (a) Coverage. Each contract between a State and an MCO, PIHP, or PAHP must do the following:
- (1) Identify, define, and specify the amount, duration, and scope of each service that the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP is required to offer.
- (2) Require that the services identified in paragraph (a)(1) of this section be furnished in an amount, duration, and scope that is no less than the amount, duration, and scope for the same services furnished to beneficiaries under FFS Medicaid, as set forth in §440.230 of this chapter, and for enrollees under the age of 21, as set forth in subpart B of part 441 of this chapter.
- (3) Provide that the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP—
- (i) Must ensure that the services are sufficient in amount, duration, or scope to reasonably achieve the purpose for which the services are furnished.
- (ii) May not arbitrarily deny or reduce the amount, duration, or scope of a required service solely because of diagnosis, type of illness, or condition of the beneficiary.
- (4) Permit an MCO, PIHP, or PAHP to place appropriate limits on a service—
- (i) On the basis of criteria applied under the State plan, such as medical necessity; or
- (ii) For the purpose of utilization control, provided that—
- (A) The services furnished can reasonably achieve their purpose, as required in paragraph (a)(3)(i) of this section;
- (B) The services supporting individuals with ongoing or chronic conditions or who require long-term services and supports are authorized in a manner that reflects the enrollee's ongoing need for such services and supports; and
- (C) Family planning services are provided in a manner that protects and enables the enrollee's freedom to choose the method of family planning to be

§438.210

used consistent with §441.20 of this chapter.

- (5) Specify what constitutes "medically necessary services" in a manner that—
- (i) Is no more restrictive than that used in the State Medicaid program, including quantitative and non-quantitative treatment limits, as indicated in State statutes and regulations, the State Plan, and other State policy and procedures; and
- (ii) Addresses the extent to which the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP is responsible for covering services that address:
- (A) The prevention, diagnosis, and treatment of an enrollee's disease, condition, and/or disorder that results in health impairments and/or disability.
- (B) The ability for an enrollee to achieve age-appropriate growth and development.
- (C) The ability for an enrollee to attain, maintain, or regain functional capacity.
- (D) The opportunity for an enrollee receiving long-term services and supports to have access to the benefits of community living, to achieve personcentered goals, and live and work in the setting of their choice.
- (b) Authorization of services. For the processing of requests for initial and continuing authorizations of services, each contract must require—
- (1) That the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP and its subcontractors have in place, and follow, written policies and procedures.
 - (2) That the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP—
- (i) Have in effect mechanisms to ensure consistent application of review criteria for authorization decisions.
- (ii) Consult with the requesting provider for medical services when appropriate.
- (iii) Authorize LTSS based on an enrollee's current needs assessment and consistent with the person-centered service plan.
- (3) That any decision to deny a service authorization request or to authorize a service in an amount, duration, or scope that is less than requested, be made by an individual who has appropriate expertise in addressing the enrollee's medical, behavioral health, or long-term services and supports needs.

- (c) Notice of adverse benefit determination. Each contract must provide for the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP to notify the requesting provider, and give the enrollee written notice of any decision by the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP to deny a service authorization request, or to authorize a service in an amount, duration, or scope that is less than requested. For MCOs, PIHPs, and PAHPs, the enrollee's notice must meet the requirements of §438.404. For Medicaid contracts with an applicable integrated plan, as defined in §422.561 of this chapter, in lieu of the provisions in this paragraph governing notices of adverse benefit determinations, the provisions set forth in §§ 422.629 through 422.634 of this chapter apply to determinations affecting dually eligible individuals who are also enrolled in a dual eligible special needs plan with exclusively aligned enrollment, as defined in §422.2 of this chapter.
- (d) Timeframe for decisions. Each MCO, PIHP, or PAHP contract must provide for the following decisions and notices:
- (1) Standard authorization decisions. For standard authorization decisions, provide notice as expeditiously as the enrollee's condition requires and within State-established timeframes that may not exceed 14 calendar days following receipt of the request for service, with a possible extension of up to 14 additional calendar days, if—
- (i) The enrollee, or the provider, requests extension; or
- (ii) The MCO, PIHP, or PAHP justifies (to the State agency upon request) a need for additional information and how the extension is in the enrollee's interest.
- (2) Expedited authorization decisions.
 (i) For cases in which a provider indicates, or the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP determines, that following the standard timeframe could seriously jeopardize the enrollee's life or health or ability to attain, maintain, or regain maximum function, the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP must make an expedited authorization decision and provide notice as expeditiously as the enrollee's health condition requires and no later than 72 hours after receipt of the request for service.
- (ii) The MCO, PIHP, or PAHP may extend the 72 hour time period by up to

14 calendar days if the enrollee requests an extension, or if the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP justifies (to the State agency upon request) a need for additional information and how the extension is in the enrollee's interest.

- (3) Covered outpatient drug decisions. For all covered outpatient drug authorization decisions, provide notice as described in section 1927(d)(5)(A) of the Act.
- (4) For Medicaid contracts with an applicable integrated plan, as defined in §422.561 of this chapter, timelines for decisions and notices must be compliant with the provisions set forth in §§422.629 through 422.634 of this chapter in lieu of §§438.404 through 438.424.
- (e) Compensation for utilization management activities. Each contract between a State and MCO, PIHP, or PAHP must provide that, consistent with §§ 438.3(i), and 422.208 of this chapter, compensation to individuals or entities that conduct utilization management activities is not structured so as to provide incentives for the individual or entity to deny, limit, or discontinue medically necessary services to any enrollee
- (f) Applicability date. (1) Subject to paragraph (f)(2) of this section, this section applies to the rating period for contracts with MCOs, PIHPs, and PAHPs beginning on or after July 1, 2017. Until that applicability date, States are required to continue to comply with §438.210 contained in the 42 CFR parts 430 to 481, edition revised as of October 1, 2015.
- (2) Provisions in this section affecting applicable integrated plans, as defined in §422.561 of this chapter, are applicable no later than January 1, 2021.

[81 FR 27853, May 6, 2016, as amended at 82 FR 39, Jan. 3, 2017; 84 FR 15843, Apr. 16, 2019]

§ 438.214 Provider selection.

- (a) General rules. The State must ensure, through its contracts, that each MCO, PIHP, or PAHP implements written policies and procedures for selection and retention of network providers and that those policies and procedures, at a minimum, meet the requirements of this section.
- (b) Credentialing and recredentialing requirements. (1) Each State must establish a uniform credentialing and

- recredentialing policy that addresses acute, primary, behavioral, substance use disorders, and LTSS providers, as appropriate, and requires each MCO, PIHP and PAHP to follow those policies
- (2) Each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP must follow a documented process for credentialing and recredentialing of network providers.
- (c) Nondiscrimination. MCO, PIHP, and PAHP network provider selection policies and procedures, consistent with §438.12, must not discriminate against particular providers that serve high-risk populations or specialize in conditions that require costly treatment.
- (d) Excluded providers. (1) MCOs, PIHPs, and PAHPs may not employ or contract with providers excluded from participation in Federal health care programs under either section 1128 or section 1128A of the Act.
 - (2) [Reserved]
- (e) State requirements. Each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP must comply with any additional requirements established by the State.

§ 438.224 Confidentiality.

The State must ensure, through its contracts, that (consistent with subpart F of part 431 of this chapter), for medical records and any other health and enrollment information that identifies a particular enrollee, each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP uses and discloses such individually identifiable health information in accordance with the privacy requirements in 45 CFR parts 160 and 164, subparts A and E, to the extent that these requirements are applicable.

§ 438.228 Grievance and appeal systems.

- (a) The State must ensure, through its contracts, that each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP has in effect a grievance and appeal system that meets the requirements of subpart F of this part.
- (b) If the State delegates to the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP responsibility for notice of action under subpart E of part 431 of this chapter, the State must conduct random reviews of each delegated MCO, PIHP, or PAHP and its providers and subcontractors to ensure that they