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(f) Effect of failure to provide a timely notice. If the MA organization fails to provide the enrollee with timely notice of an expedited organization determination as specified in this section, this failure itself constitutes an adverse organization determination and may be appealed.

[63 FR 35107, June 26, 1998, as amended at 65 FR 40329, June 29, 2000; 70 FR 4739, Jan. 28, 2005; 80 FR 7961, Feb. 12, 2015; 84 FR 23881, May 23, 2019]

§ 422.574 Parties to the organization determination.

The parties to the organization determination are—

- (a) The enrollee (including his or her representative);
- (b) An assignee of the enrollee (that is, a physician or other provider who has furnished a service to the enrollee and formally agrees to waive any right to payment from the enrollee for that service):
- (c) The legal representative of a deceased enrollee's estate; or
- (d) Any other provider or entity (other than the MA organization) determined to have an appealable interest in the proceeding.

[63 FR 35107, June 26, 1998, as amended at 75 FR 19812, Apr. 15, 2010]

§ 422.576 Effect of an organization determination.

The organization determination is binding on all parties unless it is reconsidered under §§ 422.578 through 422.596 or is reopened and revised under § 422.616.

$\S422.578$ Right to a reconsideration.

Any party to an organization determination (including one that has been reopened and revised as described in §422.616) may request that the determination be reconsidered under the procedures described in §422.582, which address requests for a standard reconsideration. A physician who is providing treatment to an enrollee may, upon providing notice to the enrollee, request a standard reconsideration of a pre-service request for reconsideration on the enrollee's behalf as described in §422.582. An enrollee or physician (acting on behalf of an enrollee) may re-

quest an expedited reconsideration as described in § 422.584.

[74 FR 1542, Jan. 12, 2009]

§ 422.580 Reconsideration defined.

A reconsideration consists of a review of an adverse organization determination, the evidence and findings upon which it was based, and any other evidence the parties submit or the MA organization or CMS obtains.

§ 422.582 Request for a standard reconsideration.

- (a) Method and place for filing a request. A party to an organization determination or, upon providing notice to the enrollee, a physician who is treating an enrollee and acting on the enrollee's behalf, must ask for a reconsideration of the determination by making a written request to the MA organization that made the organization determination. The MA organization may adopt a policy for accepting oral requests
- (b) Timeframe for filing a request. Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this section, a request for reconsideration must be filed within 60 calendar days from the date of the notice of the organization determination.
- (c) Extending the time for filing a request. (1) General rule. If a party or physician acting on behalf of an enrollee shows good cause, the MA organization may extend the timeframe for filing a request for reconsideration.
- (2) How to request an extension of time-frame. If the 60-day period in which to file a request for reconsideration has expired, a party to the organization determination or a physician acting on behalf of an enrollee may file a request for reconsideration with the MA organization. The request for reconsideration and to extend the timeframe must—
 - (i) Be in writing; and
- (ii) State why the request for reconsideration was not filed on time.
- (d) Parties to the reconsideration. The parties to the reconsideration are the parties to the organization determination, as described in §422.574, and any other provider or entity (other than the MA organization) whose rights