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disclose to the beneficiary whether it can maintain and service the item after the beneficiary acquires title to it. CMS or its carriers may make exceptions to this requirement on a caseby-case basis.

- (h) Purchase of power-driven wheel-chairs furnished on or after January 1, 2006. (1) Suppliers must offer beneficiaries the option to purchase power-driven wheelchairs at the time the equipment is initially furnished.
- (2) Payment is made on a lump-sum purchase basis if the beneficiary chooses this option.
- (3) On or after January 1, 2011, this option is available only for complex rehabilitative power-driven wheelchairs.

[57 FR 57691, Dec. 7, 1992, as amended at 60 FR 35498, July 10, 1995; 71 FR 65934, Nov. 9, 2006; 75 FR 73622, Nov. 29, 2010]

§ 414.230 Determining a period of continuous use.

- (a) *Scope*. This section sets forth the rules that apply in determining a period of continuous use for rental of durable medical equipment.
- (b) Continuous use. (1) A period of continuous use begins with the first month of medical need and lasts until a beneficiary's medical need for a particular item of durable medical equipment ends.
- (2) In the case of a beneficiary receiving oxygen equipment on December 31, 2005, the period of continuous use for the equipment begins on January 1, 2006
- (c) Temporary interruption. (1) A period of continuous use allows for temporary interruptions in the use of equipment.
- (2) An interruption of not longer than 60 consecutive days plus the days remaining in the rental month in which use ceases is temporary, regardless of the reason for the interruption.
- (3) Unless there is a break in medical necessity that lasts longer than 60 consecutive days plus the days remaining in the rental month in which use ceases, medical necessity is presumed to continue.
- (d) Criteria for a new rental period. If an interruption in the use of equipment continues for more than 60 consecutive days plus the days remaining in the rental month in which use ceases, a

new rental period begins if the supplier submits all of the following information—

- (1) A new prescription.
- (2) New medical necessity documentation.
- (3) A statement describing the reason for the interruption and demonstrating that medical necessity in the prior episode ended.
- (e) *Beneficiary moves*. A permanent or temporary move made by a beneficiary does not constitute an interruption in the period of continuous use.
- (f) New equipment. (1) If a beneficiary changes equipment or requires additional equipment based on a physician's prescription, and the new or additional equipment is found to be necessary, a new period of continuous use begins for the new or additional equipment. A new period of continuous use does not begin for base equipment that is modified by an addition.
- (2) A new period of continuous use does not begin when a beneficiary changes from one stationary oxygen equipment modality to another or from one portable oxygen equipment modality to another.
- (g) New supplier. If a beneficiary changes suppliers, a new period of continuous use does not begin.
- (h) Oxygen equipment furnished after the 36-month rental period. A new period of continuous use does not begin under any circumstance in the case of oxygen equipment furnished after the 36-month rental period in accordance with §414.226(h) until the end of the reasonable useful lifetime established for such equipment in accordance with §414.210(h).

[56 FR 50823, Oct. 9, 1991, as amended at 57 FR 57111, Dec. 3, 1992; 71 FR 65935, Nov. 9, 2006; 73 FR 69937, Nov. 19, 2008; 83 FR 57072, Nov. 14, 2018]

§ 414.232 Special payment rules for transcutaneous electrical nerve stimulators (TENS).

(a) General payment rule. Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, payment for TENS is made on a purchase basis with the purchase price determined using the methodology for purchase of inexpensive or routinely purchased items as described in §414.220. The payment amount for