definition of a Medicare supplemental policy in section 1882(g)(1) of the Act.

[70 FR 4525, Jan. 28, 2005]

§ 403.206 General standards for Medicare supplemental policies.

- (a) For purposes of the voluntary certification program described in this subpart, a policy must meet—
- (1) The National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC) model standards as defined in § 405.210; and
- (2) The loss ratio standards specified in § 403.215.
- (b) Except as specified in paragraph (c) of this section, the standards specified in paragraph (a) of this section must be met in a single policy.
- (c) In the case of a nonprofit hospital or a medical association where State law prohibits the inclusion of all benefits in a single policy, the standards specified in paragraph (a) of the section must be met in two or more policies issued in conjunction with one another.

§ 403.210 NAIC model standards.

- (a) NAIC model standards means the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC) "Model Regulation to Implement the Individual Accident and Insurance Minimum Standards Act" (as amended and adopted by the NAIC on June 6, 1979, as it applies to Medicare supplemental policies). Copies of the NAIC model standards can be purchased from the National Association of Insurance Commissioners at 350 Bishops Way, Brookfield, Wisconsin 53004, and from the NIARS Corporation, 318 Franklin Avenue, Minneapolis, Minnesota 55404.
- (b) The policy must comply with the provisions of the NAIC model standards, except as follows—
- (1) *Policy*, for purposes of this paragraph, means individual and group policy, as specified in §403.205. The NAIC model standards limit "policy" to individual policy.
- (2) The policy must meet the loss ratio standards specified in §403.215.

[47 FR 32400, July 26, 1982; 49 FR 44472, Nov. 7, 1984]

§ 403.215 Loss ratio standards.

(a) The policy must be expected to return to the policyholders, in the form

- of aggregate benefits provided under the policy—
- (1) At least 75 percent of the aggregate amount of premiums in the case of group policies; and
- (2) At least 60 percent of the aggregate amount of premiums in the case of individual policies.
- (b) For purposes of loss ratio requirements, policies issued as a result of solicitation of individuals through the mail or by mass media advertising are considered individual policies.

STATE REGULATORY PROGRAMS

§ 403.220 Supplemental Health Insurance Panel.

- (a) Membership. The Supplemental Health Insurance Panel (Panel) consists of—
- (1) The Secretary or a designee, who serves as chairperson, and
- (2) Four State Commissioners or Superintendents of Insurance appointed by the President. (The terms Commissioner or Superintendent of Insurance include persons of similar rank.)
- (b) Functions. (1) The Panel determines whether or not a State regulatory program for Medicare supplemental health insurance policies meets and continues to meet minimum requirements specified in section 1882 of the Social Security Act.
- (2) The chairperson of the Panel informs the State Commissioners and Superintendents of Insurance of all determinations made under paragraph (b)(1) of this section.

§ 403.222 State with an approved regulatory program.

- (a) A State has an approved regulatory program if the Panel determines that the State has in effect under State law a regulatory program that provides for the application of standards, with respect to each Medicare supplemental policy issued in that State, that are equal to or more stringent than those specified in section 1882 of the Social Security Act.
 - (b) Policy issued in that State means—
- (1) A group policy, if the holder of the master policy resides in that State; and
- (2) An individual policy, if the policy is—
- (i) Issued in that State; or