Environmental Protection Agency

- (2) The cap, blind flange, plug, or second valve shall seal the open end at all times except during operations requiring process fluid flow through the open-ended valve or line.
- (b) Each open-ended valve or line equipped with a second valve shall be operated in a manner such that the valve on the process fluid end is closed before the second valve is closed.
- (c) When a double block and bleed system is being used, the bleed valve or line may remain open during operations that require venting the line between the block valves but shall comply with paragraph (a) at all other times.
- (d) Open-ended valves or lines in an emergency shutdown system which are designed to open automatically in the event of a process upset are exempt from the requirements of paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of this section.
- (e) Open-ended valves or lines containing materials which would autocatalytically polymerize or would present an explosion, serious overpressure, or other safety hazard if capped or equipped with a double block and bleed system as specified in paragraphs (a) through (c) of this section are exempt from the requirements of paragraphs (a) through (c) of this section.

[49 FR 23513, June 6, 1984, as amended at 65 FR 78282, Dec. 14, 2000]

§ 61.242-7 Standards: Valves.

- (a) Each valve shall be monitored monthly to detect leaks by the method specified in $\S61.245(b)$ and shall comply with paragraphs (b)–(e), except as provided in paragraphs (f), (g), and (h) of this section, $\S61.243$ –1 or $\S61.243$ –2, and $\S61.242$ –1(c).
- (b) If an instrument reading of 10,000 ppm or greater is measured, a leak is detected.
- (c)(1) Any valve for which a leak is not detected for 2 successive months may be monitored the first month of every quarter, beginning with the next quarter, until a leak is detected.
- (2) If a leak is detected, the valve shall be monitored monthly until a leak is not detected for 2 successive months.
- (d)(1) When a leak is detected, it shall be repaired as soon as practicable,

- but no later than 15 calendar days after the leak is detected, except as provided in §61.242–10.
- (2) A first attempt at repair shall be made no later than 5 calendar days after each leak is detected.
- (e) First attempts at repair include, but are not limited to, the following best practices where practicable:
 - (1) Tightening of bonnet bolts;
 - (2) Replacement of bonnet bolts;
- (3) Tightening of packing gland nuts; and
- (4) Injection of lubricant into lubricated packing.
- (f) Any valve that is designated, as described in §61.246(e)(2), for no detectable emissions, as indicated by an instrument reading of less than 500 ppm above background, is exempt from the requirements of paragraph (a) if the valve:
- (1) Has no external actuating mechanism in contact with the process fluid;
- (2) Is operated with emissions less than 500 ppm above background, as measured by the method specified in §61.245(c); and
- (3) Is tested for compliance with paragraph (f)(2) initially upon designation, annually, and at other times requested by the Administrator.
- (g) Any valve that is designated, as described in §61.246(f)(1), as an unsafeto-monitor valve is exempt from the requirements of paragraph (a) if:
- (1) The owner or operator of the valve demonstrates that the valve is unsafe to monitor because monitoring personnel would be exposed to an immediate danger as a consequence of complying with paragraph (a); and
- (2) The owner or operator of the valve has a written plan that requires monitoring of the valve as frequent as practicable during safe-to-monitor times.
- (h) Any valve that is designated, as described in §61.246(f)(2), as a difficult-to-monitor valve is exempt from the requirements of paragraph (a) if:
- (1) The owner or operator of the valve demonstrates that the valve cannot be monitored without elevating the monitoring personnel more than 2 meters above a support surface;
- (2) The process unit within which the valve is located is an existing process unit; and

§61.242-8

(3) The owner or operator of the valve follows a written plan that requires monitoring of the valve at least once per calendar year.

§61.242-8 Standards: Pressure relief services in liquid service and connectors.

- (a) If evidence of a potential leak is found by visual, audible, olfactory, or any other detection method at pressure relief devices in liquid service and connectors, the owner or operator shall follow either one of the following procedures, except as provided in §61.242–1(c):
- (1) The owner or operator shall monitor the equipment within 5 days by the method specified in §61.245(b) and shall comply with the requirements of paragraphs (b) through (d) of this section.
- (2) The owner or operator shall eliminate the visual, audible, olfactory, or other indication of a potential leak.
- (b) If an instrument reading of 10,000 ppm or greater is measured, a leak is detected.
- (c)(1) When a leak is detected, it shall be repaired as soon as practicable, but not later than 15 calendar days after it is detected, except as provided in §61.242–10.
- (2) The first attempt at repair shall be made no later than 5 calendar days after each leak is detected.
- (d) First attempts at repair include, but are not limited to, the best practices described under §61.242–7(e).

[49 FR 23513, June 6, 1984; 49 FR 38946, Oct. 2, 1984, as amended at 65 FR 78282, Dec. 14, 2000]

§61.242-9 Standards: Surge control vessels and bottoms receivers.

Each surge control vessel or bottoms receiver that is not routed back to the process and that meets the conditions specified in table 1 or table 2 of this subpart shall be equipped with a closed-vent system capable of capturing and transporting any leakage from the vessel back to the process or to a control device as described in §61.242–11, except as provided in §61.242–1(c); or comply with the requirements of 40 CFR 63.119(b) or (c).

[65 FR 78282, Dec. 14, 2000]

§61.242-10 Standards: Delay of repair.

- (a) Delay of repair of equipment for which leaks have been detected will be allowed if repair within 15 days is technically infeasible without a process unit shutdown. Repair of this equipment shall occur before the end of the next process unit shutdown.
- (b) Delay of repair of equipment for which leaks have been detected will be allowed for equipment that is isolated from the process and that does not remain in VHAP service.
- (c) Delay of repair for valves will be allowed if:
- (1) The owner or operator demonstrates that emissions of purged material resulting from immediate repair are greater than the fugitive emissions likely to result from delay of repair, and
- (2) When repair procedures are effected, the purged material is collected and destroyed or recovered in a control device complying with §61.242-11.
- (d) Delay of repair for pumps will be allowed if:
- (1) Repair requires the use of a dual mechanical seal system that includes a barrier fluid system, and
- (2) Repair is completed as soon as practicable, but not later than 6 months after the leak was detected.
- (e) Delay of repair beyond a process unit shutdown will be allowed for a valve if valve assembly replacement is necessary during the process unit shutdown, valve assembly supplies have been depleted, and valve assembly supplies had been sufficiently stocked before the supplies were depleted. Delay of repair beyond the next process unit shutdown will not be allowed unless the next process unit shutdown occurs sooner than 6 months after the first process unit shutdown.

 $[49~\mathrm{FR}~23513,~\mathrm{June}~6,~1984,~\mathrm{as}~\mathrm{amended}~\mathrm{at}~65~\mathrm{FR}~78282,~\mathrm{Dec}.~14,~2000]$

§ 61.242-11 Standards: Closed-vent systems and control devices.

- (a) Owners or operators of closedvent systems and control devices used to comply with provisions of this subpart shall comply with the provisions of this section, except as provided in \$61.242-1(c).
- (b) Vapor recovery systems (for example, condensers and absorbers) shall