year for which the institution is certifying a Federal Stafford Loan or a Federal Plus Loan, passed the examination.

- (8) The school provides, including under the agreements described in paragraphs (a)(2) and (a)(3) of this section, and in the normal course requires its students to complete, a program of clinical and classroom nursing instruction that is supervised closely by members of the school's faculty that is provided in facilities adequately equipped and staffed to afford students comprehensive clinical and classroom nursing instruction, through a training program for foreign nursing students that has been approved by all nurse licensing boards and evaluating bodies whose views are considered relevant by the Secretary.
- (9) The school has graduated classes during each of the two twelve-month periods immediately preceding the date the Secretary receives the school's request for an eligibility determination.
- (10) The school employs only those faculty members whose academic credentials are the equivalent of credentials required of faculty members teaching the same or similar courses at nursing schools in the United States.
- (b) For purposes of paragraph (a)(5) of this section, the cost of a loan default is the estimated future cost of collections on the defaulted loan.
- (c) The Department continues to collect on the Direct Loan after a school reimburses the Secretary for the amount specified in paragraph (b) of this section until the loan is paid in full or otherwise satisfied, or the loan account is closed out.
- (d) No portion of the foreign nursing program offered to U.S. students may be located outside of the country in which the main campus of the foreign nursing school is located, except for clinical sites located in the United States.

[75 FR 67197, Nov. 1, 2010]

# § 600.58 Duration of eligibility determination.

(a) The eligibility of a foreign institution under this subpart expires six years after the date of the Secretary's determination that the institution is eligible to apply for participation, ex-

cept that the Secretary may specify a shorter period of eligibility. In the case of a foreign graduate medical school, continued eligibility is dependent upon annual submission of the data and information required under §600.55(a)(5)(i), subject to the terms described in §600.53(b).

- (b) A foreign institution that has been determined eligible loses its eligibility on the date that the institution no longer meets any of the criteria in this subpart E.
- (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of 34 CFR 668.26, if a foreign institution loses its eligibility under this subpart E, an otherwise eligible student, continuously enrolled at the institution before the loss of eligibility, may receive an FFEL program loan for attendance at that institution for the academic year succeeding the academic year in which that institution lost its eligibility, if the student actually received an FFEL program loan for attendance at the institution for a period during which the institution was eligible under this subpart E.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1082, 1088, 1099c)

[59 FR 22063, Apr. 28, 1994. Redesignated at 64 FR 58616, Oct. 29, 1999, as amended at 69 FR 12275, Mar. 16, 2004. Redesignated at 75 FR 67197, Nov. 1, 2010]

## PART 601—INSTITUTION AND LEND-ER REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO EDUCATION LOANS

#### Subpart A—General

Sec.

601.1 Scope.

601.2 Definitions.

## Subpart B—Loan Information To Be Disclosed by Covered Institutions and Institution-Affiliated Organizations

- 601.10 Preferred lender arrangement disclosures.
- 601.11 Private education loan disclosures and self-certification form.
- 601.12 Use of institution and lender name.

# Subpart C—Responsibilities of Covered Institutions and Institution-Affiliated Organizations

601.20 Annual report.

601.21 Code of conduct.

Subpart D—Loan Information To Be Disclosed by Institutions Participating in the William D. Ford Direct Loan Proaram

601.30 Duties of institutions.

#### Subpart E—Lender Responsibilities

601.40 Disclosure and reporting requirements for lenders.

AUTHORITY: 20 U.S.C. 1019–1019d, 1021, 1094(a) and (h).

SOURCE: 74 FR 55643, Oct. 28, 2009, unless otherwise noted.

## Subpart A—General

## § 601.1 Scope.

This part establishes disclosure and reporting requirements for covered institutions, institution-affiliated organizations, and lenders that provide, issue, recommend, promote, endorse, or provide information relating to education loans. Education loans include loans authorized by the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended (HEA) and private education loans.

(Authority:20 U.S.C. 1019-1019d, 1021, 1094(a)(25) and (e)).

#### § 601.2 Definitions.

(a) The definitions of the following terms used in this part are set forth in the regulations for Institutional Eligibility under the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended, 34 CFR part 600:

Federal Family Education Loan (FFEL) Program

Secretary

Title IV, HEA program

(b) The following definitions also apply to this part:

Agent: An officer or employee of a covered institution or an institution-affiliated organization.

Covered institution: Any institution of higher education, proprietary institution of higher education, postsecondary vocational institution, or institution outside the United States, as these terms are defined in 34 CFR part 600, that receives any Federal funding or assistance.

Education loan: Except when used as part of the term "private education loan".

- (1) Any loan made, insured, or guaranteed under the Federal Family Education Loan (FFEL) Program;
- (2) Any loan made under the William D. Ford Federal Direct Loan Program; or
  - (3) A private education loan.

Institution-affiliated organization: (1) Any organization that—

- (i) Is directly or indirectly related to a covered institution; and
- (ii) Is engaged in the practice of recommending, promoting, or endorsing education loans for students attending such covered institution or the families of such students.
- (2) An institution-affiliated organization—  $\,$
- (i) May include an alumni organization, athletic organization, foundation, or social, academic, or professional organization, of a covered institution; and
- (ii) Does not include any lender with respect to any education loan secured, made, or extended by such lender.

Lender: (1) An eligible lender in the Federal Family Education Loan (FFEL) Program, as defined in 34 CFR 682.200(b);

- (2) The Department in the Direct Loan program;
- (3) In the case of a private educational loan, a private education lender as defined in section 140 of the Truth in Lending Act; and
- (4) Any other person engaged in the business of securing, making, or extending education loans on behalf of the lender.

Officer: A director or trustee of a covered institution or institution-affiliated organization, if such individual is treated as an employee of such covered institution or institution-affiliated organization, respectively.

Preferred lender arrangement: (1) An arrangement or agreement between a lender and a covered institution or an institution-affiliated organization of such covered institution—

- (i) Under which a lender provides or otherwise issues education loans to the students attending such covered institution or the families of such students; and
- (ii) That relates to such covered institution or such institution-affiliated

organization recommending, promoting, or endorsing the education loan products of the lender.

- (2) A preferred lender arrangement does not include—
- (i) Arrangements or agreements with respect to loans made under the William D. Ford Federal Direct Loan Program; or
- (ii) Arrangements or agreements with respect to loans that originate through the PLUS Loan auction pilot program under section 499(b) of the HEA.
- (3) For purpose of this definition, an arrangement or agreement does not exist if the private education loan provided or issued to a student attending a covered institution is made by the covered institution or by an institution-affiliated organization of the covered institution, and the private education loan is—
- (i) Funded by the covered institution's or institution-affiliated organization's own funds;
- (ii) Funded by donor-directed contributions;
- (iii) Made under title VII or title VIII of the Public Service Health Act; or
- (iv) Made under a State-funded financial aid program, if the terms and conditions of the loan include a loan forgiveness option for public service.

Private education loan: As the term is defined in 12 CFR 226.46(b)(5), a loan provided by a private educational lender that is not a title IV loan and that is issued expressly for postsecondary education expenses to a borrower, regardless of whether the loan is provided through the educational institution that the student attends or directly to the borrower from the private educational lender. A private education loan does not include—

- (1) An extension of credit under an open end consumer credit plan, a reverse mortgage transaction, a residential mortgage transaction, or any other loan that is secured by real property or a dwelling; or
- (2) An extension of credit in which the educational institution is the lender if—
- (i) The term of the extension of credit is 90 days or less; or
- (ii) An interest rate will not be applied to the credit balance and the

term of the extension of credit is one year or less, even if the credit is payable in more than four installments.

(Authority:20 U.S.C. 1019)

# Subpart B—Loan Information To Be Disclosed by Covered Institutions and Institution-Affiliated Organizations

# § 601.10 Preferred lender arrangement disclosures.

- (a) A covered institution, or an institution-affiliated organization of such covered institution, that participates in a preferred lender arrangement must disclose—
- (1) On such covered institution's or institution-affiliated organization's Web site and in all informational materials described in paragraph (b) of this section that describe or discuss education loans—
- (i) The maximum amount of Federal grant and loan aid under title IV of the HEA available to students, in an easy to understand format;
- (ii) The information identified on a model disclosure form developed by the Secretary pursuant to section 153(a)(2)(B) of the HEA, for each type of education loan that is offered pursuant to a preferred lender arrangement of the institution or institution-affiliated organization to students of the institution or the families of such students; and
- (iii) A statement that such institution is required to process the documents required to obtain a loan under the Federal Family Education Loan (FFEL) Program from any eligible lender the student selects; and
- (2) On such covered institution's or institution-affiliated organization's Web site and in all informational materials described in paragraph (b) of this section that describe or discuss private education loans—
- (i) In the case of a covered institution, the information that the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System requires to be disclosed under section 128(e)(11) of the Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1638(e)(11)), for each type of private education loan offered pursuant to a preferred lender arrangement

of the institution to students of the institution or the families of such students; and

- (ii) In the case of an institution-affiliated organization of a covered institution, the information the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System requires to be disclosed under section 128(e)(1) of the Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1638(e)(1)), for each type of private education loan offered pursuant to a preferred lender arrangement of the organization to students of such institution or the families of such students.
- (b) The informational materials described in paragraphs (a)(1) and (a)(2) of this section are publications, mailings, or electronic messages or materials that—
- (1) Are distributed to prospective or current students of a covered institution and families of such students; and
- (2) Describe or discuss the financial aid opportunities available to students at an institution of higher education.
- (c)(1) Each covered institution and each institution-affiliated organization that participates in a preferred lender arrangement must provide the information described in paragraph (a)(1)(ii) of this section, and the information described in paragraphs (a)(2)(i) and (a)(2)(ii) of this section, respectively, for each type of education loan offered pursuant to the preferred lender arrangement.
- (2) The information identified in paragraph (c)(1) of this section must be provided to students attending the covered institution, or the families of such students, as applicable, annually and must be provided in a manner that allows for the students or their families to take such information into account before selecting a lender or applying for an education loan.
- (d) If a covered institution compiles, maintains, and makes available a preferred lender list as required under §668.14(b)(28), the institution must—
- (1) Clearly and fully disclose on such preferred lender list—
- (i) Not less than the information required to be disclosed under section 153(a)(2)(A) of the HEA;
- (ii) Why the institution participates in a preferred lender arrangement with each lender on the preferred lender list,

particularly with respect to terms and conditions or provisions favorable to the borrower; and

- (iii) That the students attending the institution, or the families of such students, do not have to borrow from a lender on the preferred lender list;
- (2) Ensure, through the use of the list of lender affiliates provided by the Secretary under section 487(h)(2) of the HEA, that—
- (i) There are not less than three FFEL lenders that are not affiliates of each other included on the preferred lender list and, if the institution recommends, promotes, or endorses private education loans, there are not less than two lenders of private education loans that are not affiliates of each other included on the preferred lender list; and
- (ii) The preferred lender list under paragraph (d) of this section—
- (A) Specifically indicates, for each listed lender, whether the lender is or is not an affiliate of each other lender on the preferred lender list; and
- (B) If a lender is an affiliate of another lender on the preferred lender list, describes the details of such affiliation;
- (3) Prominently disclose the method and criteria used by the institution in selecting lenders with which to participate in preferred lender arrangements to ensure that such lenders are selected on the basis of the best interests of the borrowers, including—
- (i) Payment of origination or other fees on behalf of the borrower;
- (ii) Highly competitive interest rates, or other terms and conditions or provisions of Title IV, HEA program loans or private education loans;
- (iii) High-quality servicing for such loans; or
- (iv) Additional benefits beyond the standard terms and conditions or provisions for such loans;
- (4) Exercise a duty of care and a duty of loyalty to compile the preferred lender list under paragraph (d) of this section without prejudice and for the sole benefit of the students attending the institution, or the families of such students; and
- (5) Not deny or otherwise impede the borrower's choice of a lender or cause unnecessary delay in loan certification

under title IV of the HEA for those borrowers who choose a lender that is not included on the preferred lender list.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1845–XXXA)

(Authority:20 U.S.C. 1019a(a)(1)(A) and 1019b(c))

# § 601.11 Private education loan disclosures and self-certification form.

- (a) A covered institution, or an institution-affiliated organization of such covered institution, that provides information regarding a private education loan from a lender to a prospective borrower must provide private education loan disclosures to the prospective borrower, regardless of whether the covered institution or institution-affiliated organization participates in a preferred lender arrangement.
- (b) The private education loan disclosures must—
- (1) Provide the prospective borrower with the information the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System requires to be disclosed under section 128(e)(1) of the Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1638(e)(1)) for such loan:
- (2) Inform the prospective borrower
- (i) The prospective borrower may qualify for loans or other assistance under title IV of the HEA; and
- (ii) The terms and conditions of Title IV, HEA program loans may be more favorable than the provisions of private education loans
- (c) The covered institution or institution-affiliated organization must ensure that information regarding private education loans is presented in such a manner as to be distinct from information regarding Title IV, HEA program loans.
- (d) Upon an enrolled or admitted student applicant's request for a private education loan self-certification form, an institution must provide to the applicant, in written or electronic form—
- (1) The self-certification form for private education loans developed by the Secretary in consultation with the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, to satisfy the requirements of section 128(e)(3) of the Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1638(e)(3)); and

(2) The information required to complete the form, to the extent the institution possesses such information as specified in 34 CFR 668.14(b)(29).

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1845–XXXA)

(Authority:20 U.S.C. 1019a(a)(1)(B) and 1019d)

# § 601.12 Use of institution and lender name.

A covered institution, or an institution-affiliated organization of such covered institution, that participates in a preferred lender arrangement with a lender regarding private education loans must—

- (a) Not agree to the lender's use of the name, emblem, mascot, or logo of such institution or organization, or other words, pictures, or symbols readily identified with such institution or organization, in the marketing of private education loans to students attending such institution in any way that implies that the loan is offered or made by such institution or organization instead of the lender; and
- (b) Ensure that the name of the lender is displayed in all information and documentation related to the private education loans described in this section.

(Authority: 20~U.S.C.~1019a(a)(2) - (a)(3))

## Subpart C—Responsibilities of Covered Institutions and Institution-Affiliated Organizations

#### § 601.20 Annual report.

Each covered institution, and each institution-affiliated organization of such covered institution, that participates in a preferred lender arrangement. must—

- (a) Prepare and submit to the Secretary an annual report, by a date determined by the Secretary, that includes, for each lender that participates in a preferred lender arrangement with such covered institution or organization—
- (1) The information described in §601.10(c); and
- (2) A detailed explanation of why such covered institution or institutionaffiliated organization participates in a preferred lender arrangement with the

lender, including why the terms, conditions, and provisions of each type of education loan provided pursuant to the preferred lender arrangement are beneficial for students attending such institution, or the families of such students, as applicable; and

(b) Ensure that the report required under this section is made available to the public and provided to students attending or planning to attend such covered institution and the families of such students.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1845–XXXA)

(Authority:20 U.S.C. 1019b(c)(2))

#### § 601.21 Code of conduct.

- (a)(1) A covered institution that participates in a preferred lender arrangement must comply with the code of conduct requirements described in this section.
  - (2) The covered institution must-
- (i) Develop a code of conduct with respect to FFEL Program loans and private education loans with which the institution's agents must comply. The code of conduct must—
- (A) Prohibit a conflict of interest with the responsibilities of an agent of an institution with respect to FFEL Program loans and private education loans; and
- (B) At a minimum, include the provisions specified in paragraph (c) of this section:
- (ii) Publish such code of conduct prominently on the institution's Web site; and
- (iii) Administer and enforce such code by, at a minimum, requiring that all of the institution's agents with responsibilities with respect to FFEL Program loans or private education loans be annually informed of the provisions of the code of conduct.
- (b) Any institution-affiliated organization of a covered institution that participates in a preferred lender arrangement must—
- (1) Comply with the code of conduct developed and published by such covered institution under paragraph (a)(1) of this section:
- (2) If such institution-affiliated organization has a Web site, publish such code of conduct prominently on the Web site; and

- (3) Administer and enforce such code of conduct by, at a minimum, requiring that all of such institution-affiliated organization's agents with responsibilities with respect to FFEL Program loans or private education loans be annually informed of the provisions of such code of conduct.
- (c) A covered institution's code of conduct must prohibit—
- (1) Revenue-sharing arrangements with any lender. The institution must not enter into any revenue-sharing arrangement with any lender. For purposes of this paragraph, the term revenue-sharing arrangement means an arrangement between a covered institution and a lender under which—
- (i) A lender provides or issues a FFEL Program loan or private education loan to students attending the institution or to the families of such students; and
- (ii) The institution recommends the lender or the loan products of the lender and in exchange, the lender pays a fee or provides other material benefits, including revenue or profit sharing, to the institution, an agent;
- (2)(i) Employees of the financial aid office receiving gifts from a lender, a guarantor, or a loan servicer. Agents who are employed in the financial aid office of the institution or who otherwise have responsibilities with respect to FFEL Program loans or private education loans, must not solicit or accept any gift from a lender, guarantor, or servicer of FFEL Program loans or private education loans;
- (ii) For purposes of paragraph (c) of this section, the term *gift* means any gratuity, favor, discount, entertainment, hospitality, loan, or other item having a monetary value of more than a de minimus amount. The term includes a gift of services, transportation, lodging, or meals, whether provided in kind, by purchase of a ticket, payment in advance, or reimbursement after the expense has been incurred;
- (iii) The term *gift* does not include any of the following:
- (A) Standard material, activities, or programs on issues related to a loan, default aversion, default prevention, or financial literacy, such as a brochure, a workshop, or training.

- (B) Food, refreshments, training, or informational material furnished to an agent as an integral part of a training session that is designed to improve the service of a lender, guarantor, or servicer of FFEL Program loans or private education loans to the institution, if such training contributes to the professional development of the agent.
- (C) Favorable terms, conditions, and borrower benefits on a FFEL Program loan or private education loan provided to a student employed by the institution if such terms, conditions, or benefits are comparable to those provided to all students of the institution.
- (D) Entrance and exit counseling services provided to borrowers to meet the institution's responsibilities for entrance and exit counseling as required by §§682.604(f) and 682.604(g), as long as the institution's staff are in control of the counseling (whether in person or via electronic capabilities) and such counseling does not promote the products or services of any specific lender.
- (E) Philanthropic contributions to an institution from a lender, servicer, or guarantor of FFEL Program loans or private education loans that are unrelated to FFEL Program loans or private education loans or any contribution from any lender, servicer, or guarantor, that is not made in exchange for any advantage related to FFEL Program loans or private education loans.
- (F) State education grants, scholarships, or financial aid funds administered by or on behalf of a State: and
- (iv) For purposes of paragraph (c) of this section, a gift to a family member of an agent, or to any other individual based on that individual's relationship with the agent, is considered a gift to the agent if—
- (A) The gift is given with the knowledge and acquiescence of the agent; and
- (B) The agent has reason to believe the gift was given because of the official position of the agent;
- (3) Consulting or other contracting arrangements. An agent who is employed in the financial aid office of the institution or who otherwise has responsibilities with respect to FFEL Program loans or private education loans must not accept from any lender or affiliate of any lender any fee, payment, or other financial benefit (including

- the opportunity to purchase stock) as compensation for any type of consulting arrangement or other contract to provide services to a lender or on behalf of a lender relating to FFEL Program loans or private education loans. Nothing in paragraph (c)(3) of this section will be construed as prohibiting—
- (i) An agent who is not employed in the institution's financial aid office and who does not otherwise have responsibilities with respect to FFEL Program loans or private education loans from performing paid or unpaid service on a board of directors of a lender, guarantor, or servicer of education loans;
- (ii) An agent who is not employed in the institution's financial aid office but who has responsibility with respect to FFEL Program loans or private education loans from performing paid or on a lender, guarantor, or servicer of a lender, guarantor, or servicer of FFEL Program loans or private education loans, if the institution has a written conflict of interest policy that clearly sets forth that agents must recuse themselves from participating in any decision of the board regarding FFEL Program loans or private education loans at the institution; or
- (iii) An officer, employee, or contractor of a lender, guarantor, or servicer of FFEL Program loans or private education loans from serving on a board of directors, or serving as a trustee, of an institution, if the institution has a written conflict of interest policy that the board member or trustee must recuse themselves from any decision regarding FFEL Program loans or private education loans at the institution;
- (4) Directing borrowers to particular lenders or delaying loan certifications. The institution must not—
- (i) For any first-time borrower, assign, through award packaging or other methods, the borrower's loan to a particular lender; or
- (ii) Refuse to certify, or delay certification of, any loan based on the borrower's selection of a particular lender or guaranty agency:
- (5)(i) Offers of funds for private loans. The institution must not request or accept from any lender any offer of funds to be used for private education loans,

including funds for an opportunity pool loan, to students in exchange for the institution providing concessions or promises regarding providing the lender with—

- (A) A specified number of FFEL Program loans or private education loans;
- (B) A specified loan volume of such loans; or
- (C) A preferred lender arrangement for such loans.
- (ii) For purposes of paragraph (c) of this section, the term opportunity pool loan means a private education loan made by a lender to a student attending the institution or the family member of such a student that involves a payment, directly or indirectly, by such institution of points, premiums, additional interest, or financial support to such lender for the purpose of such lender extending credit to the student or the family;
- (6) Staffing assistance. The institution must not request or accept from any lender any assistance with call center staffing or financial aid office staffing, except that nothing in this paragraph will be construed to prohibit the institution from requesting or accepting assistance from a lender related to—
- (i) Professional development training for financial aid administrators;
- (ii) Providing educational counseling materials, financial literacy materials, or debt management materials to borrowers, provided that such materials disclose to borrowers the identification of any lender that assisted in preparing or providing such materials; or
- (iii) Staffing services on a shortterm, nonrecurring basis to assist the institution with financial aid-related functions during emergencies, including State-declared or Federally declared natural disasters, Federally declared national disasters, and other localized disasters and emergencies identified by the Secretary; and
- (7) Advisory board compensation. Any employee who is employed in the financial aid office of the institution, or who otherwise has responsibilities with respect to FFEL Program loans or private education loans or other student financial aid of the institution, and who serves on an advisory board, commission, or group established by a lend-

er, guarantor, or group of lenders or guarantors, must not receive anything of value from the lender, guarantor, or group of lenders or guarantors, except that the employee may be reimbursed for reasonable expenses, as that term is defined in §668.16(d)(2)(ii), incurred in serving on such advisory board, commission, or group.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1845–XXXA)

(Authority:20 U.S.C. 1019b(c)(2)), 1094(a)(25) and (e)

## Subpart D—Loan Information To Be Disclosed by Institutions Participating in the William D. Ford Direct Loan Program

#### § 601.30 Duties of institutions.

- (a) Each covered institution participating in the William D. Ford Direct Loan Program under part D of title IV of the HEA must—
- (1) Make the information identified in a model disclosure form developed by the Secretary pursuant to section 154(a) of the HEA available to students attending or planning to attend the institution, or the families of such students, as applicable; and
- (2) If the institution provides information regarding a private education loan to a prospective borrower, concurrently provide such borrower with the information identified on the model disclosure form that the Secretary provides to the institution under section 154(a) of the HEA.
- (b) In providing the information required under paragraph (a) of this section, a covered institution may use a comparable form designed by the institution instead of the model disclosure form

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1845–XXXB)

(Authority:20 U.S.C. 1019c(b))

# **Subpart E—Lender Responsibilities**

# § 601.40 Disclosure and reporting requirements for lenders.

(a) Disclosures to borrowers. (1) A lender must, at or prior to disbursement of a FFEL loan, provide the borrower, in writing (including through electronic

means), in clear and understandable terms, the disclosures required in §682.205(a) and (b).

- (2) A lender must, for each of its private education loans, comply with the disclosure requirements under section 128(e) of the Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1638(e)).
- (b) Reports to the Secretary. Each FFEL lender must report annually to the Secretary—
- (1) Any reasonable expenses paid or provided to any agent of a covered institution who is employed in the financial aid office or has other responsibilities with respect to education loans or other student financial aid of the institution for service on a lender advisory board, commission or group established by a lender or group of lenders; or
- (2) Any similar expenses paid or provided to any agent of an institution-affiliated organization who is involved in recommending, promoting, or endorsing education loans.
- (3) The report required by this paragraph must include—
- (i) The amount of expenses paid or provided for each specific instance in which the lender provided expenses;
- (ii) The name of any agent described in paragraph (b)(1) of this section to whom the expenses were paid or provided;
- (iii) The dates of the activity for which the expenses were paid or provided; and
- (iv) A brief description of the activity for which the expenses were paid or provided.
- (c) Lender certification of compliance.
  (1) Any FFEL lender participating in one or more preferred lender arrangements must annually certify to the Secretary its compliance with the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended; and
- (2) If the lender is required to submit an audit under 34 CFR 682.305(c), the lender's compliance with the requirements under this section must be reported on and attested to annually by the lender's auditor.
- (3) A lender may comply with the certification requirements of this section if the certifications are provided as part of the annual audit required by 34 CFR 682.305(c).

- (4) A lender who is not required to submit an audit must submit the required certification at such time and in such manner as directed by the Secretary.
- (d) Annual lender report to covered institutions. A FFEL lender with a preferred lender arrangement with a covered institution or an institution-affiliated organization relating to FFEL loans must annually, on a date prescribed by the Secretary, provide to the covered institution or the institution-affiliated organization and to the Secretary, such information required by the Secretary in relation to the FFEL loans the lender plans to offer pursuant to that preferred lender arrangement for the next award year.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1845–XXXA) (Authority:20 U.S.C. 1019a(b) and 1019b(b))

## PART 602—THE SECRETARY'S REC-OGNITION OF ACCREDITING AGENCIES

#### Subpart A—General

Sec

602.1 Why does the Secretary recognize accrediting agencies?

602.2 How do I know which agencies the Secretary recognizes?

602.3 What definitions apply to this part? 602.4 Severability.

#### Subpart B—The Criteria for Recognition

BASIC ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS

602.10 Link to Federal programs.

602.11 Geographic area of accrediting activities.

602.12 Accrediting experience.

602.13 [Reserved]

# ORGANIZATIONAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

602.14 Purpose and organization.

602.15 Administrative and fiscal responsibilities.

REQUIRED STANDARDS AND THEIR APPLICATION

- 602.16 Accreditation and preaccreditation standards.
- 602.17 Application of standards in reaching accreditation decisions.
- 602.18 Ensuring consistency in decision-making.
- 602.19 Monitoring and reevaluation of accredited institutions and programs.

602.20 Enforcement of standards.