§ 784.21

subsidence and subsidence-related damage; and, when applicable, to correct subsidence-related material damage;

- (3) A description of the physical conditions, such as depth of cover, seam thickness and lithology of overlaying strata, that affect the likelihood or extent of subsidence and subsidence-related damage:
- (4) A description of the monitoring, if any, needed to determine the commencement and degree of subsidence so that, when appropriate, other measures can be taken to prevent, reduce or correct material damage in accordance with §817.121(c) of this chapter;
- (5) Except for those areas where planned subsidence is projected to be used, a detailed description of the subsidence control measures that will be taken to prevent or minimize subsidence and subsidence-related damage, such as, but not limited to:
- (i) Backstowing or backfilling of voids;
 - (ii) Leaving support pillars of coal;
- (iii) Leaving areas in which no coal is removed, including a description of the overlying area to be protected by leaving coal in place; and
- (iv) Taking measures on the surface to prevent or minimize material damage or diminution in value of the surface:
- (6) A description of the anticipated effects of planned subsidence, if any;
- (7) For those areas where planned subsidence is projected to be used, a description of methods to be employed to minimize damage from planned subsidence to non-commercial buildings and occupied residential dwellings and structures related thereto; or the written consent of the owner of the structure or facility that minimization measures not be taken; or, unless the anticipated damage would constitute a threat to health or safety, a demonstration that the costs of minimizing damage exceed the anticipated costs of repair;
- (8) A description of the measures to be taken in accordance with §§817.41(j) and 817.121(c) of this chapter to replace adversely affected protected water supplies or to mitigate or remedy any subsidence-related material damage to the land and protected structures; and

(9) Other information specified by the regulatory authority as necessary to demonstrate that the operation will be conducted in accordance with §817.121 of this chapter.

[60 FR 16748, Mar. 31, 1995, as amended at 64 FR 71653, Dec. 17, 1999; 81 FR 93355, Dec. 20, 2016; 82 FR 54958, Nov. 17, 2017]

§ 784.21 Fish and wildlife information.

- (a) Resource information. Each application shall include fish and wildlife resource information for the permit area and adjacent area.
- (1) The scope and level of detail for such information shall be determined by the regulatory authority in consultation with State and Federal agencies with responsibilities for fish and wildlife and shall be sufficient to design the protection and enhancement plan required under paragraph (b) of this section.
- (2) Site-specific resource information necessary to address the respective species or habitats shall be required when the permit area or adjacent area is likely to include:
- (i) Listed or proposed endangered or threatened species of plants or animals or their critical habitats listed by the Secretary under the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 *et seq.*), or those species or habitats protected by similar State statutes;
- (ii) Habitats of unusually high value for fish and wildlife such as important streams, wetlands, riparian areas, cliffs supporting raptors, areas offering special shelter or protection, migration routes, or reproduction and wintering areas: or
- (iii) Other species or habitats identified through agency consultation as requiring special protection under State or Federal law.
- (b) Protection and enhancement plan. Each application shall include a description of how, to the extent possible using the best technology currently available, the operator will minimize disturbances and adverse impacts on fish and wildlife and related environmental values, including compliance with the Endangered Species Act, during the surface coal mining and reclamation operations and how enhancement of these resources will be

achieved where practicable. This description shall— $\,$

- (1) Be consistent with the requirements of §817.97 of this chapter;
- (2) Apply, at a minimum, to species and habitats identified under paragraph (a) of this section; and
 - (3) Include—
- (i) Protective measures that will be used during the active mining phase of operation. Such measures may include the establishment of buffer zones, the selective location and special design of haul roads and powerlines, and the monitoring of surface water quality and quantity; and
- (ii) Enhancement measures that will be used during the reclamation and postmining phase of operation to develop aquatic and terrestrial habitat. Such measures may include restoration of streams and other wetlands, retention of ponds and impoundments, establishment of vegetation for wildlife food and cover, and the placement of perches and nest boxes. Where the plan does not include enhancement measures, a statement shall be given explaining why enhancement is not practicable
- (c) Fish and Wildlife Service review. Upon request, the regulatory authority shall provide the resource information required under paragraph (a) of this section and the protection and enhancement plan required under paragraph (b) of this section to the U.S. Department of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service Regional or Field Office for their review. This information shall be provided within 10 days of receipt of the request from the Service.

[52 FR 47359, Dec. 11, 1987, as amended at 81 FR 93355, Dec. 20, 2016; 82 FR 54958, Nov. 17, 2017]

$\S 784.22$ Geologic information.

- (a) General. Each application shall include geologic information in sufficient detail to assist in—
- (1) Determining the probable hydrologic consequences of the operation upon the quality and quantity of surface and ground water in the permit and adjacent areas, including the extent to which surface- and groundwater monitoring is necessary;
- (2) Determining all potentially acidor toxic-forming strata down to and in-

cluding the stratum immediately below the coal seam to be mined;

- (3) Determining whether reclamation as required by this chapter can be accomplished and whether the proposed operation has been designed to prevent material damage to the hydrologic balance outside the permit area; and
- (4) Preparing the subsidence control plan under § 784.20.
- (b) Geologic information shall include, at a minimum, the following:
- (1) A description of the geology of the proposed permit and adjacent areas down to and including the deeper of either the stratum immediately below the lowest coal seam to be mined or any aquifer below the lowest coal seam to be mined which may be adversely impacted by mining. This description shall include the areal and structural geology of the permit and adjacent areas, and other parameters which influence the required reclamation and it shall also show how the areal and structural geology may affect the ocavailability, movement, currence. quantity and quality of potentially impacted surface and ground water. It shall be based on—
- (i) The cross sections, maps, and plans required by §783.25 of this chap-
- (ii) The information obtained under paragraphs (b)(2), (b)(3), and (c) of this section; and
- (iii) Geologic literature and practices.
- (2) For any portion of a permit area in which the strata down to the coal seam to be mined will be removed or are already exposed, samples shall be collected and analyzed from test borings; drill cores; or fresh, unweathered, uncontaminated samples from rock outcrops down to and including the deeper of either the stratum immediately below the lowest coal seam to be mined or any aquifer below the lowest coal seam to be mined which may be adversely impacted by mining. The analyses shall result in the following:
- (i) Logs showing the lithologic characteristics including physical properties and thickness of each stratum and location of ground water where occurring:
- (ii) Chemical analyses identifying those strata that may contain acid- or