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adjusted gross income (within the meaning of section 62) increased by—

- (A) Amounts excluded from gross income under section 911; and
- (B) Tax-exempt interest the taxpayer receives or accrues during the taxable year.
- (11) Individual market. Individual market has the same meaning as in section 1304(a)(2) of the Affordable Care Act (42 U.S.C. 18024(a)(2)).
- (12) Large and small group market. Large group market and small group market have the same meanings as in section 1304(a)(3) of the Affordable Care Act (42 U.S.C. 18024(a)(3)).
- (13) Month. Month means calendar month.
- (14) Qualified health plan. Qualified health plan has the same meaning as in section 1301(a) of the Affordable Care Act (42 U.S.C. 18021(a)).
- (15) Rating area. Rating area has the same meaning as in §1.36B-1(n).
- (16) Self-only coverage. Self-only coverage means health insurance that covers one individual.
- (17) Shared responsibility family. Shared responsibility family means, for a month, all nonexempt individuals for whom the taxpayer (and the taxpayer's spouse, if the taxpayer is married and files a joint return with the spouse) is liable for the shared responsibility payment under paragraph (c) of this section.
- (18) State. State means each of the 50 states and the District of Columbia.
- [T.D. 9632, 78 FR 53655, Aug. 30, 2013, as amended at 78 FR 78255, Dec. 26, 2013]

§1.5000A-2 Minimum essential coverage.

(a) In general. Minimum essential coverage means coverage under a government-sponsored program (described in paragraph (b) of this section), an eligible employer-sponsored plan (described in paragraph (c) of this section), a plan in the individual market (described in paragraph (d) of this section), a grandfathered health plan (described in paragraph (e) of this section), or other health benefits coverage (described in paragraph (f) of this section). Minimum essential coverage does not include coverage described in paragraph (g) of this section. All terms defined in this section apply for purposes of this section and \$1.5000A-1 and \$\$1.5000A-3 through 1.5000A-5.

- (b) Government-sponsored program—(1) In general. Except as provided in paragraph (2), government-sponsored program means any of the following:
- (i) *Medicare*. The Medicare program under part A of Title XVIII of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395c and following sections);
- (ii) *Medicaid*. The Medicaid program under Title XIX of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396 and following sections):
- (iii) Children's Health Insurance Program. The Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) under Title XXI of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1397aa and following sections);
- (iv) TRICARE. Medical coverage under chapter 55 of Title 10, U.S.C., including coverage under the TRICARE program;
- (v) Veterans programs. The following health care programs under chapter 17 or 18 of Title 38, U.S.C.:
- (A) The medical benefits package authorized for eligible veterans under 38 U.S.C. 1710 and 38 U.S.C. 1705;
- (B) The Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Department of Veterans Affairs (CHAMPVA) authorized under 38 U.S.C. 1781; and
- (C) The comprehensive health care program authorized under 38 U.S.C. 1803 and 38 U.S.C. 1821 for certain children of Vietnam Veterans and Veterans of covered service in Korea who are suffering from spina bifida.
- (vi) Peace Corp program. A health plan under section 2504(e) of Title 22, U.S.C. (relating to Peace Corps volunteers); and
- (vii) Nonappropriated Fund Health Benefits Program. The Nonappropriated Fund Health Benefits Program of the Department of Defense, established under section 349 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1995 (Pub. L. 103–337; 10 U.S.C. 1587 note).
- (2) Certain health care coverage not minimum essential coverage under a government-sponsored program. Government-sponsored program does not mean any of the following:
- (i) Optional coverage of family planning services under section

- $\begin{array}{llll} 1902(a)(10)(A)(ii)(XXI) \ \ of \ the \ Social \ Security & Act & (42 & U.S.C. \\ 1396a(a)(10)(A)(ii)(XXI)); \end{array}$
- (ii) Optional coverage of tuberculosis-related services under section 1902(a)(10)(A)(ii)(XII) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396a(a)(10)(A)(ii)(XII));
- $\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{(iii) Coverage of pregnancy-related} \\ \mbox{services} & \mbox{under} & \mbox{section} \\ \mbox{1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(IV)} & \mbox{and} \\ \mbox{(a)(10)(A)(ii)(IX) of the Social Security} \\ \mbox{Act} & \mbox{(42 U.S.C. } 1396a(a)(10)(A)(i)(IV), \\ \mbox{(a)(10)(A)(ii)(IX))}; \end{array}$
- (iv) Coverage limited to treatment of emergency medical conditions in accordance with 8 U.S.C. 1611(b)(1)(A), as authorized by section 1903(v) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396b(v));
- (v) Coverage for medically needy individuals under section 1902(a)(10)(C) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396a(a)(10)(C)) and 42 CFR 435.300 and following sections;
- (vi) Coverage authorized under section 1115(a) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1315(a)):
- (vii) Coverage under 10 U.S.C. 1079(a), 1086(c)(1), or 1086(d)(1) that is solely limited to space available care in a facility of the uniformed services for individuals excluded from TRICARE coverage for care from private sector providers;
- (viii) Coverage under 10 U.S.C. 1074a and 1074b for an injury, illness, or disease incurred or aggravated in the line of duty for individuals who are not on active duty; and
- (ix) Medicaid coverage limited to COVID-19 testing and diagnostic services provided under section 6004(a)(3) of the Families First Coronavirus Response Act, Pub. L. 116-127, 134 Stat. 178 (March 18, 2020).
- (c) Eligible employer-sponsored plan— (1) In general. Eligible employer-sponsored plan means, with respect to any employee:
- (i) Group health insurance coverage offered by, or on behalf of, an employer to the employee that is—
- (A) A governmental plan (within the meaning of section 2791(d)(8) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300gg-91(d)(8))):
- (B) Any other plan or coverage offered in the small or large group market within a State; or

- (C) A grandfathered health plan (within the meaning of paragraph (e) of this section) offered in a group market; or
- (ii) A self-insured group health plan under which coverage is offered by, or on behalf of, an employer to the employee.
- (2) Government-sponsored program generally not an eligible employer-sponsored plan. Except for the program identified in paragraph (b)(1)(vii) of this section, a government-sponsored program described in paragraph (b) of this section is not an eligible employer-sponsored plan.
- (d) Plan in the individual market—(1) In general. Plan in the individual market means health insurance coverage offered to individuals in the individual market within a state, other than short-term limited duration insurance within the meaning of section 2791(b)(5) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300gg-91(b)(5)).
- (2) Qualified health plan offered by an Exchange. A qualified health plan offered by an Exchange is a plan in the individual market. If a territory of the United States elects to establish an Exchange under section 1323(a)(1) and (b) of the Affordable Care Act (42 U.S.C. 18043(a)(1), (b)), a qualified health plan offered by that Exchange is a plan in the individual market.
- (e) Grandfathered health plan. Grandfathered health plan means any group health plan or group health insurance coverage to which section 1251 of the Affordable Care Act (42 U.S.C. 18011) applies.
- (f) Other coverage that qualifies as minimum essential coverage. Minimum essential coverage includes any plan or arrangement recognized by the Secretary of Health and Human Services, in coordination with the Secretary of the Treasury, as minimum essential coverage.
- (g) Excepted benefits not minimum essential coverage. Minimum essential coverage does not include any coverage that consists solely of excepted benefits described in section 2791(c)(1), (c)(2), (c)(3), or (c)(4) of the Public

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Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300gg-91(c)).

[T.D. 9632, 78 FR 53655, Aug. 30, 2013, as amended at 78 FR 78255, Dec. 26, 2013; T.D. 9705, 79 FR 70469, Nov. 26, 2014; T.D. 9970, 87 FR 76575, Dec. 15, 2022]

§1.5000A-3 Exempt individuals.

- (a) Members of recognized religious sects—(1) In general. An individual is an exempt individual for a month that includes a day on which the individual has in effect a religious conscience exemption certification described in paragraph (a)(2) of this section.
- (2) Exemption certification. A religious conscience exemption certification is issued by an Exchange in accordance with the requirements of section 1311(d)(4)(H) of the Affordable Care Act (42 U.S.C. 18031(d)(4)(H)), 45 CFR 155.605(c), and 45 CFR 155.615(b) and certifies that an individual is—
- (i) A member of a recognized religious sect or division of the sect that is described in section 1402(g)(1); and
- (ii) An adherent of established tenets or teachings of the sect or division as described in that section
- (b) Member of health care sharing ministries—(1) In general. An individual is an exempt individual for a month that includes a day on which the individual is a member of a health care sharing ministry.
- (2) Health care sharing ministry. For purposes of this section, health care sharing ministry means an organization—
- (i) That is described in section 501(c)(3) and is exempt from tax under section 501(a);
- (ii) Members of which share a common set of ethical or religious beliefs and share medical expenses among themselves in accordance with those beliefs and without regard to the state in which a member resides or is employed;
- (iii) Members of which retain membership even after they develop a medical condition;
- (iv) That (or a predecessor of which) has been in existence at all times since December 31, 1999;
- (v) Members of which have shared medical expenses continuously and without interruption since at least December 31, 1999; and

- (vi) That conducts an annual audit performed by an independent certified public accounting firm in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and makes the annual audit report available to the public upon request.
- (c) Exempt noncitizens—(1) In general. An individual is an exempt individual for a month that the individual is an exempt noncitizen.
- (2) Exempt noncitizens. For purposes of this section, an individual is an exempt noncitizen for a month if the individual—
- (i) Is not a U.S. citizen or U.S. national for any day during the month; and
 - (ii) Is either-
- (A) A nonresident alien (within the meaning of section 7701(b)(1)(B)) for the taxable year that includes the month; or
- (B) An individual who is not lawfully present (within the meaning of 45 CFR 155.20) on any day in the month.
- (d) Incarcerated individuals—(1) In general. An individual is an exempt individual for a month that includes a day on which the individual is incarcerated.
- (2) *Incarcerated*. For purposes of this section, the term *incarcerated* means confined, after the disposition of charges, in a jail, prison, or similar penal institution or correctional facility.
- (e) Individuals with no affordable coverage—(1) In general. An individual is an exempt individual for a month in which the individual lacks affordable coverage. For purposes of this paragraph (e), an individual lacks affordable coverage in a month if the individual's required contribution (determined on an annual basis) for minimum essential coverage for the month exceeds the required contribution percentage (as defined in paragraph (e)(2) of this section) of the individual's household income. For purposes of this paragraph (e), an individual's household income is increased by any amount of the required contribution made through a salary reduction arrangement that is excluded from gross income
- (2) Required contribution percentage—(i) In general. Except as provided in