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- (2) PTO requests that FDA temporarily suspend the determination process; or
- (3) PTO or FDA receives new information about the product that warrants an extension of the time required for the determination of the regulatory review period.
- (c) This section does not apply to applications withdrawn by the applicant or applications that PTO determines are ineligible for patent term restoration.

Subpart D—Due Diligence Petitions

§ 60.30 Filing, format, and content of petitions.

- (a) Any person may file a petition with FDA, no later than 180 days after the publication of a regulatory review period determination under §60.20, that challenges FDA's determination by alleging that the applicant for patent term restoration did not act with due diligence in seeking FDA approval of the product during the regulatory review period.
- (b) The petition shall be filed in accordance with \$10.20, under the docket number of the FEDERAL REGISTER notice of the agency's regulatory review period determination, and shall be in the format specified in \$10.30. The petition shall contain the information specified in \$10.30 and any additional information required by this subpart. If any provision of \$10.20 or \$10.30 is inconsistent with any provision of this part, FDA will consider the petition in accordance with this part.
- (c) The petition shall claim that the applicant did not act with due diligence during some part of the regulatory review period and shall set forth sufficient facts, including dates if possible, to merit an investigation by FDA of whether the applicant acted with due diligence.
- (d) The petition shall contain a certification that the petitioner has served a true and complete copy of the petition upon the applicant by certified or registered mail (return receipt requested) or by personal delivery.
- [53 FR 7305, Mar. 7, 1988, as amended at 67 FR 9585, Mar. 4, 2002]

§ 60.32 Applicant response to petition.

- (a) The applicant shall file with FDA a written response to the petition no later than 30 days after the applicant's receipt of a copy of the petition.
- (b) The applicant's response may present additional facts and circumstances to address the assertions in the petition, but shall be limited to the issue of whether the applicant acted with due diligence during the regulatory review period. The applicant's response may include documents that were not in the original patent extension application.
- (c) If the applicant does not respond to the petition, FDA will decide the matter on the basis of the information submitted in the patent term restoration application, due diligence petition, and FDA records.

§ 60.34 FDA action on petitions.

- (a) Within 90 days after FDA receives a petition filed under §60.30(a), the agency will either deny the petition under paragraph (b) or (c) of this section or investigate and determine under §60.36 whether the applicant acted with due diligence during the regulatory review period. FDA will publish its due diligence determination in the FEDERAL REGISTER, notify PTO of the due diligence determination in writing, and send copies of the notice to PTO, the applicant, and the petitioner.
- (b) FDA may deny a due diligence petition without considering the merits of the petition if:
- (1) The petition is not filed in accordance with §60.30;
- (2) The petition is not filed in accordance with §10.20;
- (3) The petition does not contain the information required by §10.30;
- (4) The petition fails to contain information or allegations upon which it may reasonably be determined that the applicant did not act with due diligence during the applicable regulatory review period; or
- (5) The petition fails to allege a sufficient total amount of time during which the applicant did not exercise due diligence such that, even if the petition were granted, the petition would