

**§ 582.7133 Ammonium alginate.**

- (a) *Product.* Ammonium alginate.  
 (b) *Conditions of use.* This substance is generally recognized as safe when used in accordance with good manufacturing or feeding practice.

**§ 582.7187 Calcium alginate.**

- (a) *Product.* Calcium alginate.  
 (b) *Conditions of use.* This substance is generally recognized as safe when used in accordance with good manufacturing or feeding practice.

**§ 582.7255 Chondrus extract.**

- (a) *Product.* Chondrus extract (carrageenin).  
 (b) *Conditions of use.* This substance is generally recognized as safe when used in accordance with good manufacturing or feeding practice.

**§ 582.7330 Gum arabic.**

- (a) *Product.* Acacia (gum arabic).  
 (b) *Conditions of use.* This substance is generally recognized as safe when used in accordance with good manufacturing or feeding practice.

**§ 582.7333 Gum ghatti.**

- (a) *Product.* Gum ghatti.  
 (b) *Conditions of use.* This substance is generally recognized as safe when used in accordance with good manufacturing or feeding practice.

**§ 582.7339 Guar gum.**

- (a) *Product.* Guar gum.  
 (b) *Conditions of use.* This substance is generally recognized as safe when used in accordance with good manufacturing or feeding practice.

**§ 582.7343 Locust bean gum.**

- (a) *Product.* Locust (carob) bean gum.  
 (b) *Conditions of use.* This substance is generally recognized as safe when used in accordance with good manufacturing or feeding practice.

**§ 582.7349 Sterculia gum.**

- (a) *Product.* Sterculia gum (karaya gum).  
 (b) *Conditions of use.* This substance is generally recognized as safe when used in accordance with good manufacturing or feeding practice.

**§ 582.7351 Gum tragacanth.**

- (a) *Product.* Tragacanth (gum tragacanth).  
 (b) *Conditions of use.* This substance is generally recognized as safe when used in accordance with good manufacturing or feeding practice.

**§ 582.7610 Potassium alginate.**

- (a) *Product.* Potassium alginate.  
 (b) *Conditions of use.* This substance is generally recognized as safe when used in accordance with good manufacturing or feeding practice.

**§ 582.7724 Sodium alginate.**

- (a) *Product.* Sodium alginate.  
 (b) *Conditions of use.* This substance is generally recognized as safe when used in accordance with good manufacturing or feeding practice.

**PART 584—FOOD SUBSTANCES AFFIRMED AS GENERALLY RECOGNIZED AS SAFE IN FEED AND DRINKING WATER OF ANIMALS**

**Subpart A [Reserved]****Subpart B—Listing of Specific Substances Affirmed as GRAS**

- Sec.  
 584.200 Ethyl alcohol containing ethyl acetate.  
 584.700 Hydrophobic silicas.  
 584.725 25-Hydroxyvitamin D<sub>3</sub>.

AUTHORITY: 21 U.S.C. 321, 342, 348, 371.

**Subpart A [Reserved]****Subpart B—Listing of Specific Substances Affirmed as GRAS****§ 584.200 Ethyl alcohol containing ethyl acetate.**

The feed additive ethyl alcohol containing ethyl acetate meets the requirement of 27 CFR 21.62, being not less than 92.5 percent ethyl alcohol, each 100 gallons having had added the equivalent of 4.25 gallons of 100 percent ethyl acetate. It is used in accordance with good feeding practices in ruminant feed supplements as a source of added energy.

[46 FR 52333, Oct. 27, 1981, as amended at 72 FR 41620, July 31, 2007]

**§ 584.700**

**21 CFR Ch. I (4–1–25 Edition)**

**§ 584.700 Hydrophobic silicas.**

(a) *Product.* Amorphous fumed hydrophobic silica or precipitated hydrophobic silica (CAS Reg. No. 68611-0944-099, silane, dichlorodimethyl-, reaction products with silica).

(b) *Conditions of use.* An anticaking/free-flow agent in vitamin preparations for animal feed.

(c) *Limitations.* Not to exceed 5 percent in the vitamin preparation. It shall be used in accordance with good manufacturing or feeding practices. It must be of purity suitable for intended use, and it must comply with the following specifications:

(i) Amorphous fumed hydrophobic silica: Not less than 99.0 percent silicon dioxide after ignition. Not more than 3 ppm arsenic. Not more than 0.003 percent heavy metals (as lead). Not more than 10 ppm lead. Not more than 2.5 percent loss on drying. Not more than 2 percent loss on ignition after drying. Not more than 1 percent insoluble substances. Not more than 50 parts per million dichlorodimethylsilane.

(ii) Precipitated hydrophobic silica: Not less than 94.0 percent silicon dioxide after ignition. Not more than 3 ppm arsenic. Not more than 0.003 percent heavy metals (as lead). Not more than 10 ppm lead. Not more than 7 percent loss on drying. Not more than 8.5 percent loss on ignition after drying. Not more than 5 percent soluble ionizable salts (as sodium sulfate). Not more than 1 percent insoluble substances. Not more than 50 parts per million dichlorodimethylsilane.

[61 FR 43453, Aug. 23, 1996]

**§ 584.725 25-Hydroxyvitamin D<sub>3</sub>.**

(a) *Product.* 25-Hydroxyvitamin D<sub>3</sub> (9,10-secocholesta-5,7,10(19)-triene-3 $\beta$ , 25-diol).

(b) *Conditions of use.* This substance is generally recognized as safe as a source of vitamin D<sub>3</sub> activity in feed or drinking water of broiler chickens when used in accordance with the limitations in paragraph (c) of this section.

(c) *Limitations.* (1) Not to exceed 69 parts per billion (ppb) in feed or 34.5 ppb in drinking water. It shall be used in accordance with good manufacturing and feeding practices.

(2) The product must comply with the following specifications:

(i) Not less than 94.0 percent 25-hydroxyvitamin D<sub>3</sub>.

(ii) Not more than 1 percent of any individual sterol.

(iii) Not more than 5 percent water.

(iv) Not more than 20 parts per million (ppm) lead.

(v) Not more than 20 ppm aluminum.

(vi) Not more than 1.0 percent solvents and non-detectable levels of 2', 4', 5', 7'-tetraiodofluorescein.

(3) Product labeling shall bear the following:

(i) A statement to indicate that the maximum use level of 25-hydroxyvitamin D<sub>3</sub> must not exceed 69 ppb in feed or 34.5 ppb in drinking water.

(ii) Adequate use directions to ensure that 25-hydroxyvitamin D<sub>3</sub> (and all pre-mixes) is uniformly blended throughout the feed or drinking water.

(iii) An expiration date on all premix labeling.

(iv) A statement on all premix labeling (feed and drinking water forms) that 25-hydroxyvitamin D<sub>3</sub> should not be used simultaneously in both feed and water.

[72 FR 12564, Mar. 16, 2007]

**PART 589—SUBSTANCES PROHIBITED FROM USE IN ANIMAL FOOD OR FEED**

**Subpart A—General Provisions**

Sec.

589.1 Substances prohibited from use in animal food or feed.

**Subpart B—Listing of Specific Substances Prohibited From Use in Animal Food or Feed**

589.1000 Gentian violet.

589.1001 Propylene glycol in or on cat food.

589.2000 Animal proteins prohibited in ruminant feed.

589.2001 Cattle materials prohibited in animal food or feed to prevent the transmission of bovine spongiform encephalopathy.

AUTHORITY: 21 U.S.C. 321, 342, 343, 348, 371.