

§ 522.810 Embutramide, chloroquine, and lidocaine solution.

(a) *Specifications.* Each milliliter (mL) of solution contains 135 milligrams (mg) embutramide; 45 mg chloroquine phosphate, U.S.P.; and 1.9 mg lidocaine, U.S.P.

(b) *Sponsor.* See No. 069043 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter.

(c) *Conditions of use in dogs—(1) Amount.* One mL per 5 pounds of body weight.

(2) *Indications for use.* For euthanasia.

(3) *Limitations.* Not for use in animals intended for food. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

[70 FR 36337, June 23, 2005, as amended at 78 FR 17597, Mar. 22, 2013; 81 FR 17608, Mar. 30, 2016]

§ 522.812 Enrofloxacin.

(a) *Specifications.* Each milliliter (mL) of solution contains:

(1) 22.7 milligrams (mg) enrofloxacin or

(2) 100 mg enrofloxacin.

(b) *Sponsors.* See sponsor numbers in § 510.600(c) of this chapter:

(1) Nos. 016729, 017033, 055529, 058198, 069043, and 086101 for use of product described in paragraph (a)(1) as in paragraph (e)(1) of this section; and

(2) Nos. 051311, 055529, 058005, 058198, 061133, 069043, and 086101 for use of product described in paragraph (a)(2) as in paragraphs (e)(2) and (3) of this section.

(c) *Related tolerance.* See § 556.226 of this chapter.

(d) *Special considerations.* Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian. Federal law prohibits the extra-label use of this drug in food-producing animals.

(e) *Conditions of use—(1) Dogs.* Use the product described in paragraph (a)(1) of this section as follows:

(i) *Amount.* 2.5 mg per kilogram (/kg) of body weight (1.13 mg per pound) as a single, intramuscular, initial dose followed by use of tablets twice daily for 2 to 3 days beyond cessation of clinical signs to a maximum of 30 days.

(ii) *Indications for use.* For the management of diseases associated with bacteria susceptible to enrofloxacin.

(2) *Cattle.* Use the product described in paragraph (a)(2) of this section as follows:

(i) *Amount—(A) Single-dose therapy:* For treatment of bovine respiratory disease (BRD), administer 7.5 to 12.5 mg/kg of body weight (3.4 to 5.7 mL per 100 pounds (/100 lb)) once by subcutaneous injection. For control of BRD, administer 7.5 mg/kg of body weight (3.4 mL/100 lb) once by subcutaneous injection.

(B) *Multiple-day therapy:* For treatment of BRD, administer 2.5 to 5.0 mg/kg of body weight (1.1 to 2.3 mL/100 lb) by subcutaneous injection. Treatment should be repeated at 24-hour intervals for 3 days. Additional treatments may be given on days 4 and 5 to animals that have shown clinical improvement but not total recovery.

(ii) *Indications for use—(A) Single-dose therapy:* For the treatment of BRD associated with *Mannheimia haemolytica*, *Pasteurella multocida*, *Histophilus somni*, and *Mycoplasma bovis* in beef and non-lactating dairy cattle; for the control of BRD in beef and non-lactating dairy cattle at high risk of developing BRD associated with *M. haemolytica*, *P. multocida*, *H. somni* and *M. bovis*.

(B) *Multiple-day therapy:* For the treatment of bovine respiratory disease (BRD) associated with *Mannheimia haemolytica*, *Pasteurella multocida*, and *Histophilus somni* in beef and non-lactating dairy cattle.

(iii) *Limitations.* Animals intended for human consumption must not be slaughtered within 28 days from the last treatment. This product is not approved for female dairy cattle 20 months of age or older, including dry dairy cows. Use in these cattle may cause drug residues in milk and/or in calves born to these cows. A withdrawal period has not been established for this product in preruminating calves. Do not use in calves to be processed for veal.

(3) *Swine.* Use the product described in paragraph (a)(2) of this section as follows:

(i) *Amounts and indications for use.* (A) Administer 7.5 mg/kg of body weight once, by intramuscular or subcutaneous injection behind the ear, for the treatment and control of swine respiratory disease (SRD) associated with *Actinobacillus pleuropneumoniae*, *Pasteurella multocida*, *Haemophilus parasuis*, *Streptococcus suis*, *Bordetella*

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bronchiseptica, and *Mycoplasma hyopneumoniae*.

(B) Administer 7.5 mg/kg of body weight once, by intramuscular or subcutaneous injection behind the ear, for the control of colibacillosis in groups or pens of weaned pigs where colibacillosis associated with *Escherichia coli* has been diagnosed.

(ii) *Limitations*. Animals intended for human consumption must not be slaughtered within 5 days of receiving a single-injection dose.

[72 FR 10597, Mar. 9, 2007, as amended at 73 FR 17890, Apr. 2, 2008; 73 FR 21819, Apr. 23, 2008; 76 FR 22611, Apr. 22, 2011; 77 FR 55415, Sept. 10, 2012; 77 FR 76863, Dec. 31, 2012; 78 FR 19987, Apr. 3, 2013; 79 FR 37620, July 2, 2014; 80 FR 13229, Mar. 13, 2015; 80 FR 18776, Apr. 8, 2015; 80 FR 61296, Oct. 13, 2015; 84 FR 8973, Mar. 13, 2019; 84 FR 53311, Oct. 7, 2019; 86 FR 14819, Mar. 19, 2021; 86 FR 61685, Nov. 8, 2021; 87 FR 10969, Feb. 28, 2022; 87 FR 58962, Sept. 29, 2022; 89 FR 14410, Feb. 27, 2024]

§ 522.814 Eprinomectin.

(a) *Specifications*. Each milliliter of solution contains 50 milligrams (mg) eprinomectin.

(b) *Sponsor*. See No. 000010 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter.

(c) *Related tolerances*. See §§ 500.1410 and 556.227 of this chapter.

(d) *Conditions of use in cattle on pasture*—(1) *Amount*. Administer 1 mg/kilogram of body weight by subcutaneous injection.

(2) *Indications for use*. For the treatment and control of the following internal and external parasites: Gastrointestinal roundworms (adults and fourth-stage larvae) *Bunostomum phlebotomum*, *Cooperia oncophora*, *C. punctata*, *C. surnabada*, *Trichostrongylus axei*, *Ostertagia ostertagi* (including inhibited stage); (adults) *Haemonchus placei*, *Oesophagostomum radiatum*, *O. lyrata*, *T. colubriformis*; lungworms (adults) *Dictyocaulus viviparus*; cattle grubs *Hypoderma bovis*; mites *Sarcoptes scabiei* var. *bovis*. Prevents reinfection with *C. oncophora*, *C. punctata*, and *T. axei* for 100 days following treatment; *H. placei*, *O. radiatum*, *O. lyrata*, and *O. ostertagi* for 120 days following treatment; and *B. phlebotomum* and *D. viviparus* for 150 days following treatment.

(3) *Limitations*. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a

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licensed veterinarian. Animals intended for human consumption must not be slaughtered within 48 days of the last treatment. This drug product is not approved for use in female dairy cattle 20 months of age or older, including dry dairy cows. Use in these cattle may cause drug residues in milk and/or in calves born to these cows. A withdrawal period has not been established for pre-ruminating calves. Do not use in calves to be processed for veal.

[76 FR 72618, Nov. 25, 2011, as amended at 79 FR 37620, July 2, 2014; 84 FR 39184, Aug. 9, 2019]

§ 522.820 Erythromycin.

(a) *Specifications*—(1) Each milliliter (mL) of solution contains 100 milligrams (mg) erythromycin base.

(2) Each mL of solution contains 200 mg erythromycin base.

(b) *Sponsor*. See No. 061133 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter.

(c) *Related tolerances*. See § 556.230 of this chapter.

(d) *Conditions of use*—(1) *Dog*. Administer product described in paragraph (a)(1) of this section as follows:

(i) *Amount*. 3 to 5 mg per pound (lb) body weight, intramuscularly, two to three times daily, for up to 5 days.

(ii) *Indications for use*. For the treatment of bacterial pneumonia, upper respiratory infections (tonsillitis, bronchitis, tracheitis, pharyngitis, pleurisy), endometritis and metritis, and bacterial wound infections caused by *Staphylococcus* spp., *Streptococcus* spp., and *Corynebacterium* spp., sensitive to erythromycin.

(iii) *Limitations*. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

(2) *Cats*. Administer product described in paragraph (a)(1) of this section as follows:

(i) *Amount*. 3 to 5 mg/lb body weight, intramuscularly, two to three times daily, for up to 5 days.

(ii) *Indications for use*. For the treatment of bacterial pneumonia, upper respiratory infections (rhinitis, bronchitis), secondary infections associated with panleukopenia, and bacterial wound infections caused by *Staphylococcus* spp. and *Streptococcus* spp., susceptible to erythromycin.