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this subpart, including denial of accreditation or the withdrawal, suspension, or reduction in the scope of its accreditation. The recognized accreditation body must establish and implement written procedures for receiving and addressing appeals from any third-party certification body challenging such an adverse decision and for investigating and deciding on appeals in a fair and meaningful manner. The appeals procedures must provide similar protections to those offered by FDA under §§1.692 and 1.693, and include requirements to:

- (1) Make the appeals procedures publicly available;
- (2) Use competent persons, who may or may not be external to the recognized accreditation body, who are free from bias or prejudice and have not participated in the accreditation decision or be subordinate to a person who has participated in the accreditation decision to investigate and decide appeals:
- (3) Advise third-party certification bodies of the final decisions on their appeals; and
- (4) Maintain records under §1.625 of appeals, final decisions on appeals, and the bases for such decisions.

§ 1.621 How must a recognized accreditation body monitor the performance of third-party certification bodies it accredited?

(a) A recognized accreditation body must annually conduct a comprehensive assessment of the performance of each third-party certification body it accredited under this subpart by reviewing the accredited third-party certification body's self-assessments (including information on compliance with the conflict of interest requirements of §§1.643 and 1.657); its regulatory audit reports and notifications submitted to FDA under §1.656; and any other information reasonably available to the recognized accreditation body regarding the compliance history of eligible entities the accredited third-party certification body certified under this subpart; or that is otherwise relevant to a determination whether the accredited third-party certification body is in compliance with this subpart.

(b) No later than 1 year after the initial date of accreditation of the thirdparty certification body and every 2 years thereafter for duration of its accreditation under this subpart, a recognized accreditation body must conduct onsite observations of a representative sample of regulatory audits performed by the third-party certification body (or its audit agents) (or, in the case of a third-party certification body that is an individual, such individual) accredited under this subpart and must visit the accredited third-party certification body's headquarters (or other location that manages audit agents conducting food safety audits under this subpart, if different than its headquarters). The recognized accreditation body will consider the results of such observations and visits in the annual assessment of the accredited third-party certification body required by paragraph (a) of this section.

§ 1.622 How must a recognized accreditation body monitor its own performance?

- (a) A recognized accreditation body must annually, and as required under §1.664(g), conduct a self-assessment that includes evaluation of compliance with this subpart, including:
- (1) The performance of its officers, employees, or other agents involved in accreditation activities and the degree of consistency in conducting accreditation activities;
- (2) The compliance of the recognized accreditation body and its officers, employees, and other agents involved in accreditation activities, with the conflict of interest requirements of §1.624; and
- (3) If requested by FDA, any other aspects of its performance relevant to a determination whether the recognized accreditation body is in compliance with this subpart.
- (b) As a means to evaluate the recognized accreditation body's performance, the self-assessment must include onsite observation of regulatory audits of a representative sample of third-party certification bodies it accredited under this subpart. In meeting this requirement, the recognized accreditation body may use the results of onsite observations performed under §1.621(b).

- (c) Based on the evaluations conducted under paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section, the recognized accreditation body must:
- (1) Identify any area(s) where deficiencies exist;
- (2) Quickly implement corrective action(s) that effectively address those deficiencies; and
- (3) Establish and maintain records of any such corrective action(s) under \$1.625.
- (d) The recognized accreditation body must prepare, and as required by §1.623(b) submit, a written report of the results of its self-assessment that includes the following elements. Documentation of conformance to ISO/IEC 17011:2004 may be used, supplemented as necessary, in meeting the requirements of this paragraph.
- (1) A description of any corrective actions taken under paragraph (c) of this section:
- (2) A statement disclosing the extent to which the recognized accreditation body, and its officers, employees, and other agents involved in accreditation activities, complied with the conflict of interest requirements in §1.624; and
- (3) A statement attesting to the extent to which the recognized accreditation body complied with applicable requirements of this subpart.

§ 1.623 What reports and notifications must a recognized accreditation body submit to FDA?

- (a) Reporting results of assessments of accredited third-party certification body performance. A recognized accreditation body must submit to FDA electronically, in English, a report of the results of any assessment conducted under §1.621, no later than 45 days after completing such assessment. The report must include an up-to-date list of any audit agents used by the accredited third-party certification body to conduct food safety audits under this subpart.
- (b) Reporting results of recognized accreditation body self-assessments. A recognized accreditation body must submit to FDA electronically, in English:
- (1) A report of the results of an annual self-assessment required under §1.622, no later than 45 days after completing such self-assessment; and

- (2) For a recognized accreditation body subject to §1.664(g)(1), a report of such self-assessment to FDA within 60 days of the third-party certification body's withdrawal. A recognized accreditation body may use a report prepared for conformance to ISO/IEC 17011:2004, supplemented as necessary, in meeting the requirements this section.
- (c) Immediate notification to FDA. A recognized accreditation body must notify FDA electronically, in English, immediately upon:
- (1) Granting (including expanding the scope of) accreditation to a third-party certification body under this subpart, and include:
- (i) The name, address, telephone number, and email address of the accredited third-party certification body;
- (ii) The name of one or more officers of the accredited third-party certification body;
- (iii) A list of the accredited thirdparty certification body's audit agents; and
- (iv) The scope of accreditation, the date on which it was granted, and its expiration date.
- (2) Withdrawing, suspending, or reducing the scope of an accreditation under this subpart, and include:
 - (i) The basis for such action; and
- (ii) Any additional changes to accreditation information previously submitted to FDA under paragraph (c)(1) of this section.
- (3) Determining that a third-party certification body it accredited failed to comply with §1.653 in issuing a food or facility certification under this subpart, and include:
- (i) The basis for such determination; and
- (ii) Any changes to accreditation information previously submitted to FDA under paragraph (c)(1) of this section.
- (d) Other notification to FDA. A recognized accreditation body must notify FDA electronically, in English, within 30 days after:
- (1) Denying accreditation (in whole or in part) under this subpart and include:
- (i) The name, address, telephone number, and email address of the thirdparty certification body;