intermediary shall take steps to liquidate positions in the account promptly and in an orderly manner.

(c) Liquidation of undermargined accounts not required. Notwithstanding §41.44(a)(1) of this subpart, §220.4(d) of Regulation T (12 CFR 220.4(d)) respecting liquidation of positions in lieu of deposit shall not apply with respect to security futures carried in a securities account.

§41.49 Filing proposed margin rule changes with the Commission.

(a) Notification requirement for notice-designated contract markets. Any self-regulatory authority that is registered with the Commission as a designated contract market under section 5f of the Act shall, when filing a proposed rule change regarding customer margin for security futures with the SEC for approval in accordance with section 19(b)(2) of the Exchange Act, concurrently provide to the Commission a copy of such proposed rule change and any accompanying documentation filed with the SEC.

(b) Filing requirements under the Act. Any self-regulatory authority that is registered with the Commission as a designated contract market under section 5 of the Act shall, when filing a proposed rule change regarding customer margin for security futures with the SEC for approval in accordance with section 19(b)(2) of the Exchange Act, submit such proposed rule change to the Commission as follows:

(1) If the self-regulatory authority elects to request the Commission's prior approval for the proposed rule change pursuant to section 5c(c)(2) of the Act, it shall concurrently file the proposed rule change with the Commission in accordance with §40.5 of this chapter.

(2) If the self-regulatory authority elects to implement a proposed rule change by written certification pursuant to section 5c(c)(1) of the Act, it shall concurrently provide to the Commission a copy of the proposed rule change and any accompanying documentation filed with the SEC. Promptly after obtaining SEC approval for the proposed rule change, such self-regulatory authority shall file its written

certification with the Commission in accordance with §40.6 of this chapter.

[67 FR 53171, Aug. 14, 2002, as amended at 77 FR 66346, Nov. 2, 2012]

PART 42—ANTI-MONEY LAUN-DERING, TERRORIST FINANCING

Subpart A—General Provisions

Sec. 42.1 [Res

42.1 [Reserved]

42.2 Compliance with Bank Secrecy Act

AUTHORITY: 7 U.S.C. 1a, 2, 5, 6, 6b, 6d, 6f, 6g, 7, 7a, 7a–1, 7a–2, 7b, 7b–1, 7b–2, 9, 12, 12a, 12c, 13a, 13a–1, 13c, 16 and 21; 12 U.S.C. 1786(q), 1818, 1829b and 1951–1959; 31 U.S.C. 5311–5314 and 5316–5332; title III, secs. 312–314, 319, 321, 326, 352, Pub. L. 107–56, 115 Stat. 307.

SOURCE: 68 FR 25159, May 9, 2003, unless otherwise noted.

Subpart A—General Provisions

§42.1 [Reserved]

§ 42.2 Compliance with Bank Secrecy Act.

Every futures commission merchant and introducing broker shall comply with the applicable provisions of the Bank Secrecy Act and the regulations promulgated by the Department of the Treasury under that Act at 31 CFR chapter X, and with the requirements of 31 U.S.C. 5318(1) and the implementing regulation jointly promulgated by the Commission and the Department of the Treasury at 31 CFR 1026.220, which require that a customer identification program be adopted as part of the firm's Bank Secrecy Act compliance program.

[79 FR 2371, Jan. 14, 2014]

PART 43—REAL-TIME PUBLIC REPORTING

Sec

43.1 Purpose, scope, and rules of construction.

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APPENDIX A TO PART 43—SWAP TRANSACTION AND PRICING DATA ELEMENTS

APPENDIX B TO PART 43—ENUMERATED PHYSICAL COMMODITY CONTRACTS AND OTHER CONTRACTS

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APPENDIX F TO PART 43—INITIAL APPRO-PRIATE MINIMUM BLOCK SIZES BY ASSET CLASS FOR BLOCK TRADES AND LARGE NO-TIONAL OFF-FACILITY SWAPS

AUTHORITY: 7 U.S.C. 2(a), 12a(5) and 24a, as amended by Pub. L. 111-203, 124 Stat. 1376 (2010)

SOURCE: 76 FR 1243, Jan. 9, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

§43.1 Purpose, scope, and rules of construction.

(a) Purpose. This part implements rules relating to the reporting and public dissemination of certain swap transaction and pricing data to enhance transparency and price discovery pursuant to the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act of 2010, Pub. L. 111–203, 124 Stat. 1376 (2010).

(b) Rules of construction. The examples in this part are not exclusive. Compliance with a particular example or application of a sample clause, to the extent applicable, shall constitute compliance with the particular portion of the rule to which the example relates.

[76 FR 1243, Jan. 9, 2012, as amended at 85 FR 75476, Nov. 25, 2020]

§ 43.2 Definitions.

(a) Definitions. As used in this part:

Appropriate minimum block size means the minimum notional or principal amount for a category of swaps that qualifies a swap within such category as a block trade or large notional off-facility swap.

As soon as technologically practicable means as soon as possible, taking into consideration the prevalence, implementation, and use of technology by comparable market participants.

Asset class means a broad category of commodities including, without limitation, any "excluded commodity" as defined in section 1a(19) of the Act, with common characteristics underlying a swap. The asset classes include interest rate, foreign exchange, credit, equity, other commodity, and such other asset classes as may be determined by the Commission.

Block trade means a publicly reportable swap transaction that:

- (1) Involves a swap that is listed on a swap execution facility or designated contract market:
- (2) Is executed on a swap execution facility's trading system or platform that is not an order book as defined in §37.3(a)(3) of this chapter, or occurs away from the swap execution facility's or designated contract market's trading system or platform and is executed pursuant to the swap execution facility's or designated contract market's rules and procedures;
- (3) Has a notional or principal amount at or above the appropriate minimum block size applicable to such swap; and
- (4) Is reported subject to the rules and procedures of the swap execution facility or designated contract market and the rules described in this part, including the appropriate time delay requirements set forth in § 43.5.

Business day means the twenty-four hour day, on all days except Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays, in the location of the reporting party or registered entity reporting data for the swap.

Business hours means the consecutive hours of one or more consecutive business days.

Cap size means, for each swap category, the maximum notional or principal amount of a publicly reportable swap transaction that is publicly disseminated.

Economically related means a direct or indirect reference to the same commodity at the same delivery location or locations, or with the same or a substantially similar cash market price series.

Embedded option means any right, but not an obligation, provided to one party of a swap by the other party to the swap that provides the party holding the option with the ability to change any one or more of the economic terms of the swap.

Execution means an agreement by the parties, by any method, to the terms of a swap that legally binds the parties to such swap terms under applicable law.

Execution date means the date of execution of a particular swap.

Futures-related swap means a swap (as defined in section 1a(47) of the Act and as further defined by the Commission in implementing regulations) that is economically related to a futures contract.

Large notional off-facility swap means an off-facility swap that has a notional or principal amount at or above the appropriate minimum block size applicable to such publicly reportable swap transaction and is not a block trade as defined in §43.2.

Major currencies means the currencies, and the cross-rates between the currencies, of Australia, Canada, Denmark, New Zealand, Norway, South Africa, South Korea, Sweden, and Switzerland.

Mirror swap means a swap:

- (1) To which-
- (i) A prime broker is a counterparty; or
- (ii) Both counterparties are prime brokers;
- (2) That is executed contemporaneously with a corresponding trigger swap:
- (3) That has identical terms and pricing as the contemporaneously executed trigger swap, except:
- (i) That a mirror swap, but not the corresponding trigger swap, may include any associated prime brokerage service fees agreed to by the parties; and
- (ii) As provided in paragraph (5) of this "mirror swap" definition;
- (4) With respect to which the sole price forming event is the occurrence of the contemporaneously executed trigger swap; and
- (5) The execution of which is contingent on, or is triggered by, the execution of the contemporaneously executed trigger swap. The contractually agreed payments and delivery amounts under a mirror swap may differ from

those amounts of the corresponding trigger swap if:

- (i) Under all such mirror swaps to which the prime broker that is a counterparty to the trigger swap is also a counterparty, the aggregate contractually agreed payments and delivery amounts shall be equal to the aggregate of the contractually agreed payments and delivery amounts under the corresponding trigger swap; and
- (ii) The market risk and contractually agreed payments and delivery amounts of all such mirror swaps to which a prime broker that is not a counterparty to the corresponding trigger swap is a party will offset each other, resulting in such prime broker having a flat market risk position at the execution of such mirror swaps.

Non-major currencies means all other currencies that are not super-major currencies or major currencies.

Novation means the process by which a party to a swap legally transfers all or part of its rights, liabilities, duties, and obligations under the swap to a new legal party other than the counterparty to the swap under applicable law.

Off-facility swap means any swap transaction that is not executed on or pursuant to the rules of a swap execution facility or designated contract market.

Other commodity means any commodity that is not categorized in the interest rate, credit, foreign exchange, equity, or other asset classes as may be determined by the Commission.

Physical commodity swap means a swap in the other commodity asset class that is based on a tangible commodity.

Post-priced swap means an off-facility swap for which the price is not determined as of the time of execution.

Pricing event means the completion of the negotiation of the material economic terms and pricing of a trigger swap.

Prime broker means, with respect to a mirror swap and its related trigger swap, a swap dealer acting in the capacity of a prime broker with respect to such swaps.

Prime broker swap means any swap to which a swap dealer acting in the capacity as prime broker is a party.

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Prime brokerage agency arrangement means an arrangement pursuant to which a prime broker authorizes one of its clients, acting as agent for such prime broker, to cause the execution of a prime broker swap.

Prime brokerage agent means a client of a prime broker who causes the execution of one or more prime broker swap(s) acting pursuant to a prime brokerage agency arrangement.

Public dissemination and publicly disseminate means to make freely available and readily accessible to the public swap transaction and pricing data in a non-discriminatory manner, through the internet or other electronic data feed that is widely published. Such public dissemination shall be made in a consistent, usable, and machine-readable electronic format that allows the data to be downloaded, saved, and analyzed.

Publicly reportable swap transaction means:

- (1) Unless otherwise provided in this part— $\,$
- (i) Any executed swap that is an arm's-length transaction between two parties that results in a corresponding change in the market risk position between the two parties; or
- (ii) Any termination, assignment, novation, exchange, transfer, amendment, conveyance, or extinguishing of rights or obligations of a swap that changes the pricing of the swap.
- (2) Examples of executed swaps that do not fall within the definition of publicly reportable swap may include:
- (i) Internal swaps between one-hundred percent owned subsidiaries of the same parent entity;
- (ii) Portfolio compression exercises;
- (iii) Swaps entered into by a derivatives clearing organization as part of managing the default of a clearing member.
- (3) These examples represent swaps that are not at arm's length and thus are not publicly reportable swap transactions, notwithstanding that they do result in a corresponding change in the market risk position between two parties.

Reference price means a floating price series (including derivatives contract prices and cash market prices or price indices) used by the parties to a swap or swaption to determine payments made, exchanged, or accrued under the terms of a swap contract.

Reporting counterparty means the party to a swap with the duty to report a publicly reportable swap transaction in accordance with this part and section 2(a)(13)(F) of the Act.

Super-major currencies means the currencies of the European Monetary Union, Japan, the United Kingdom, and United States.

Swap execution facility means a trading system or platform that is a swap execution facility as defined in CEA section 1a(50) and in §1.3 of this chapter and that is registered with the Commission pursuant to CEA section 5h and part 37 of this chapter.

Swap transaction and pricing data means all data elements for a swap in appendix A of this part that are required to be reported or publicly disseminated pursuant to this part.

Swaps with composite reference prices means swaps based on reference prices that are composed of more than one reference price from more than one swap category.

Trigger swap means a swap:

- (1) That is executed pursuant to one or more prime brokerage agency arrangements:
- (2) To which one counterparty or both counterparties are prime brokers;
- (3) That serves as the contingency for, or triggers, the execution of one or more corresponding mirror swaps; and
- (4) That is a publicly reportable swap transaction that is required to be reported to a swap data repository pursuant to this part and part 45 of this chapter. A prime broker swap executed on or pursuant to the rules of a swap execution facility or designated contract market shall be treated as the trigger swap for purposes of this part.

Trimmed data set means a data set that has had extraordinarily large notional transactions removed by transforming the data into a logarithm with a base of 10, computing the mean, and excluding transactions that are beyond two standard deviations above the mean for the other commodity asset class and three standard deviations above the mean for all other asset classes.

(b) Other defined terms. Terms not defined in this part have the meanings assigned to the terms in §1.3 of this chapter.

[85 FR 75476, Nov. 25, 2020]

§43.3 Method and timing for real-time public reporting.

- (a) Responsibilities to report swap transaction and pricing data in real-time—(1) In general. The reporting counterparty, swap execution facility, or designated contract market responsible for reporting a swap as determined by this section shall report the publicly reportable swap transaction to a swap data repository as soon as technologically practicable after execution, subject to paragraphs (a)(2) through (6) of this section. Such reporting shall be done in the manner set forth in paragraph (d) of this section.
- (2) Swaps executed on or pursuant to the rules of a swap execution facility or designated contract market. For each swap executed on or pursuant to the rules of a swap execution facility or designated contract market, the swap execution facility or designated contract market shall report swap transaction and pricing data to a swap data repository as soon as technologically practicable after execution.
- (3) Off-facility swaps. Except as otherwise provided in paragraphs (a)(4) through (6) of this section, a reporting counterparty shall report all publicly reportable swap transactions that are off-facility swaps to a swap data repository for the appropriate asset class in accordance with the rules set forth in this part as soon as technologically practicable after execution. Unless otherwise agreed to by the parties prior to execution, the following shall be the reporting counterparty for a publicly reportable swap transaction that is an off-facility swap:
- (i) If only one party is a swap dealer or major swap participant, then the swap dealer or major swap participant shall be the reporting counterparty;
- (ii) If one party is a swap dealer and the other party is a major swap participant, then the swap dealer shall be the reporting counterparty:
- (iii) If both parties are swap dealers, then the swap dealers shall designate which party shall be the reporting

- counterparty prior to execution of such swap;
- (iv) If both parties are major swap participants, then the major swap participants shall designate which party shall be the reporting counterparty prior to execution of such swap; and
- (v) If neither party is a swap dealer or a major swap participant, then the parties shall designate which party shall be the reporting counterparty prior to execution of such swap.
- (4) Post-priced swaps—(i) Post-priced swaps reporting delays. The reporting counterparty may delay reporting a post-priced swap to a swap data repository until the earlier of the price being determined and 11:59:59 p.m. eastern time on the execution date. If the price of a publicly reportable swap transaction that is a post-priced swap is not determined by 11:59:59 p.m. eastern time on the execution date, the reporting counterparty shall report to a swap data repository by 11:59:59 p.m. eastern time on the execution date all swap transaction and pricing data for such post-priced swap other than the price and any other then-undetermined swap transaction and pricing data and shall report each such item of previously undetermined swap transaction and pricing data as soon as technologically practicable after such item is determined.
- (ii) Other economic terms. The postpriced swap reporting delay set forth in paragraph (a)(4)(i) of this section does not apply to publicly reportable swap transactions with respect to which the price is known at execution, but one or more other economic or other terms are not yet known at the time of execution.
- (5) Clearing swaps. Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs (a)(1) through (3) of this section, if a clearing swap, as defined in §45.1(a) of this chapter, is a publicly reportable swap transaction, the derivatives clearing organization that is a party to such swap shall be the reporting counterparty and shall fulfill all reporting counterparty obligations for such swap as soon as technologically practicable after execution.
- (6) Prime broker swaps. (i) A mirror swap is not a publicly reportable swap transaction. Execution of a trigger

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swap, for purposes of determining when execution occurs under paragraphs (a)(1) through (3) of this section, shall be deemed to occur at the time of the pricing event for such trigger swap.

- (ii) With respect to a given set of swaps, if it is unclear which is, or are the mirror swap(s) and which is the related trigger swap (including, but not limited to, situations where there is than one prime counterparty within such set of swaps and situations where the pricing event for each set of swaps occurs between prime brokerage agents of a common prime broker), or if under the prime brokerage agency arrangement, the trigger swap would occur between two prime brokers, the prime broker(s) shall determine which of the prime broker swaps shall be treated as the trigger swap and which are mirror swaps.
- (iii) Trigger swaps shall be reported in accordance with the following:
- (A) Trigger swaps executed on or pursuant to the rules of a swap execution facility or designated contract market shall be reported pursuant to paragraph (a)(2) of this section; and
- (B) Off-facility trigger swaps shall be reported pursuant to paragraph (a)(3) of this section, except that if a counterparty to a trigger swap is a swap dealer that is not a prime broker with respect to that trigger swap, then that swap dealer counterparty shall be the reporting counterparty for the trigger swap.
- (7) Third-party facilitation of data reporting. Any person required by this part to report swap transaction and pricing data, while remaining fully responsible for reporting as required by this part, may contract with a third-party service provider to facilitate reporting.
- (b) Public dissemination of swap transaction and pricing data by swap data repositories in real-time—(1) In general. A swap data repository shall publicly disseminate swap transaction and pricing data as soon as technologically practicable after such data is received from a swap execution facility, designated contract market, or reporting counterparty, unless such swap transaction and pricing data is subject to a time delay described in §43.5, in which

case the swap transaction and pricing data shall be publicly disseminated in the manner described in §43.5.

- (2) Compliance with 17 CFR part 49. Any swap data repository that accepts and publicly disseminates swap transaction and pricing data in real-time shall comply with part 49 of this chapter.
- (3) Prohibitions on disclosure of data.
 (i) If there is a swap data repository for an asset class, a swap execution facility or designated contract market shall not disclose swap transaction and pricing data relating to publicly reportable swap transactions in such asset class, prior to the public dissemination of such data by a swap data repository unless:
- (A) Such disclosure is made no earlier than the transmittal of such data to a swap data repository for public dissemination:
- (B) Such disclosure is only made to market participants on such swap execution facility or designated contract market;
- (C) Market participants are provided advance notice of such disclosure; and
- (D) Any such disclosure by the swap execution facility or designated contract market is non-discriminatory.
- (ii) If there is a swap data repository for an asset class, a swap dealer or major swap participant shall not disclose swap transaction and pricing data relating to publicly reportable swap transactions in such asset class, prior to the public dissemination of such data by a swap data repository unless:
- (A) Such disclosure is made no earlier than the transmittal of such data to a swap data repository for public dissemination;
- (B) Such disclosure is only made to the customer base of such swap dealer or major swap participant, including parties who maintain accounts with or have been swap counterparties with such swap dealer or major swap participant;
- (C) Swap counterparties are provided advance notice of such disclosure; and
- (D) Any such disclosure by the swap dealer or major swap participant is non-discriminatory.
- (4) Acceptance and public dissemination of all swaps in an asset class. Any swap

data repository that accepts and publicly disseminates swap transaction and pricing data in real-time for swaps in its selected asset class shall accept and publicly disseminate swap transaction and pricing data in real-time for all publicly reportable swap transactions within such asset class, unless otherwise prescribed by the Commission.

- (5) Annual independent review. Any swap data repository that accepts and publicly disseminates swap transaction and pricing data in real-time shall perform, on an annual basis, an independent review in accordance with established audit procedures and standards of the swap data repository's security and other system controls for the purpose of ensuring compliance with the requirements in this part.
- (c) Availability of swap transaction and pricing data to the public. (1) Swap data repositories shall make swap transaction and pricing data available on their websites for a period of time that is at least one year after the initial public dissemination of such data and shall make instructions freely available on their websites on how to download, save, and search such data.
- (2) Swap transaction and pricing data that is publicly disseminated pursuant to this paragraph shall be made available free of charge.
- (d) Data reported to swap data repositories. (1) In reporting swap transaction and pricing data to a swap data repository, each reporting counterparty, swap execution facility, or designated contract market shall report the swap transaction and pricing data as described in the elements in appendix A of this part in the form and manner provided in the technical specification published by the Commission pursuant to §43.7.
- (2) In reporting swap transaction and pricing data to a swap data repository, each reporting counterparty, swap execution facility, or designated contract market making such report shall satisfy the data validation procedures of the swap data repository.
- (3) In reporting swap transaction and pricing data to a swap data repository, each reporting counterparty, swap execution facility, or designated contract market shall use the facilities, meth-

ods, or data standards provided or required by the swap data repository to which the entity or reporting counterparty reports the data.

- (e) Correction of errors—(1) Swap execution facilities, designated contract markets, and reporting counterparties. Any swap execution facility, designated contract market, or reporting counterparty that by any means becomes aware of any error relating to swap transaction and pricing data that it was required to report under this part shall correct the error. To correct an error, the swap execution facility, designated contract market, or reporting counterparty shall submit complete and accurate swap transaction and pricing data to the swap data repository that maintains the swap transaction and pricing data for the relevant swap, or completely and accurately report swap transaction and pricing data for a swap that was not previously reported to a swap data repository as required under this part, as applicable. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the requirement to correct any error applies regardless of the state of the swap that is the subject of the swap transaction and pricing data, including a swap that has terminated, matured, or otherwise is no longer considered to be an open swap.
- (i) Timing requirement for correcting errors. The swap execution facility, designated contract market, or reporting counterparty shall correct any error as soon as technologically practicable after discovery of the error. In all cases, errors shall be corrected within seven business days after discovery. error that a reporting counterparty discovers or could have discovered during the verification process required under §45.14(b) of this chapter is considered discovered for the purposes of this section as of the moment the reporting counterparty began the verification process during which the error was first discovered or discoverable.
- (ii) Notification of failure to timely correct. If the swap execution facility, designated contract market, or reporting counterparty will, for any reason, fail to timely correct an error, the swap execution facility, designated contract market, or reporting counterparty

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shall notify the Director of the Division of Market Oversight, or such other employee or employees of the Commission as the Director may designate from time to time. The notification shall be in the form and manner, and according to the instructions, specified by the Director of the Division of Market Oversight, or such other employee or employees of the Commission as the Director may designate from time to time. Unless otherwise instructed by the Director of the Division of Market Oversight, or such other employee or employees of the Commission as the Director may designate from time to time, the notification shall include an initial assessment of the scope of the error or errors that were discovered, and shall include any initial remediation plan for correcting the error or errors, if an initial remediation plan exists. This notification shall be made within 12 hours of the swap execution facility's, designated contract market's, or reporting counterparty's determination that it will fail to timely correct the error.

(iii) Form and manner for error correction. In order to satisfy the requirements of this section, a swap execution facility, designated contract market, or reporting counterparty shall conform to a swap data repository's policies and procedures created pursuant to §49.10 of this chapter for correction of errors.

(2) Non-reporting counterparties. Any non-reporting counterparty that by any means becomes aware of any error in the swap transaction and pricing data for a swap to which it is the nonreporting counterparty, shall notify the reporting counterparty for the swap of the error as soon as technologically practicable after discovery, but not later than three business days following discovery of the error. If the non-reporting counterparty does not know the identity of the reporting counterparty, the non-reporting counterparty shall notify the swap execution facility or designated contract market where the swap was executed of the error as soon as technologically practicable after discovery, but no later than three business days following the discovery. Such notice from the non-reporting counterparty to the

swap execution facility, designated contract market, or reporting counterparty constitutes discovery under this section.

(3) Exception. The requirements to correct errors set forth in paragraph (e) of this section only apply to errors in swap transaction and pricing data relating to swaps for which the record retention period under §45.2 of this chapter has not expired as of the time the error is discovered. Errors in swap transaction and pricing data relating to swaps for which the record retention periods under §45.2 of this chapter have expired at the time that the errors are discovered are not subject to the requirements to correct errors set forth in paragraph (e) of this section.

(4) Error defined—(i) Errors. For the purposes of this part, there is an error when swap transaction and pricing data is not completely and accurately reported. This includes, but is not limited to, the following circumstances:

(A) Any of the swap transaction and pricing data for a swap reported to a swap data repository is incorrect or any of the swap transaction and pricing data that is maintained by a swap data repository differs from any of the relevant swap transaction and pricing data contained in the books and records of a party to the swap.

(B) Any of the swap transaction and pricing data for a swap that is required to be reported to a swap data repository or to be maintained by a swap data repository is not reported to a swap data repository or is not maintained by the swap data repository as required by this part.

(C) None of the swap transaction and pricing data for a swap that is required to be reported to a swap data repository or to be maintained by a swap data repository is reported to a swap data repository or is maintained by a swap data repository.

(D) Any of the swap transaction and pricing data for a swap that is no longer an open swap is maintained by the swap data repository as if the swap is still an open swap.

(ii) *Presumption*. For the purposes of this section, there is a presumption that an error exists if the swap data or the swap transaction and pricing data that is maintained and disseminated by

an SDR for a swap is not complete and accurate. This includes, but is not limited to, the swap data that the SDR makes available to the reporting counterparty for verification under §49.11 of this chapter.

- (f) Data validation acceptance message. (1) A swap data repository shall validate each swap transaction and pricing data report submitted to the swap data repository and notify the reporting counterparty, swap execution facility. or designated contract market submitting the report whether the report satisfied the data validation procedures of the swap data repository as soon as technologically practicable after accepting the swap transaction and pricing data report. A swap data repository may satisfy the requirements of this paragraph by making available data validation acceptance messages as required by §49.10 of this chapter.
- (2) If a swap transaction and pricing data report submitted to a swap data repository does not satisfy the data validation procedures of the swap data repository, the reporting counterparty, swap execution facility, or designated contract market required to submit the report has not satisfied its obligation to report swap transaction and pricing data in the manner provided by paragraph (d) of this section. The reporting counterparty, swap execution facility, or designated contract market has not satisfied its obligation until it submits the swap transaction and pricing data report in the manner provided by paragraph (d) of this section, which includes the requirement to satisfy the data validation procedures of the swap data repository.
- (g) Fees. Any fee or charge assessed on a reporting counterparty, swap execution facility, or designated contract market by a swap data repository that accepts and publicly disseminates swap transaction and pricing data in realtime for the collection of such data shall be equitable and non-discriminatory. If such swap data repository allows a fee discount based on the volume of data reported to it for public dissemination, then such discount shall be made available to all reporting counterparties, swap execution facilities, and designated contract markets

in an equitable and non-discriminatory manner.

[76 FR 1243, Jan. 9, 2012, as amended at 85 FR 75478, 75653, Nov. 25, 2020]

§43.4 Swap transaction and pricing data to be publicly disseminated in real-time.

- (a) Public dissemination of data fields. Any swap data repository that accepts and publicly disseminates swap transaction and pricing data in real-time shall publicly disseminate the information described in appendix A of this part for the swap transaction and pricing data, as applicable, in the form and manner provided in the technical specification published by the Commission pursuant to §43.7.
- (b) Additional swap information. A swap data repository that accepts and publicly disseminates swap transaction and pricing data in real-time may require reporting counterparties, swap execution facilities, and designated contract markets to report to such swap data repository information that is necessary to compare the swap transaction and pricing data that was publicly disseminated in real-time to the data reported to a swap data repository pursuant to section 2(a)(13)(G) of the Act or to confirm that parties to a swap have reported in a timely manner pursuant to §43.3. Such additional information shall not be publicly disseminated by the swap data repository.
- (c) Anonymity of the parties to a publicly reportable swap transaction—(1) In general. Swap transaction and pricing data that is publicly disseminated in real-time shall not disclose the identities of the parties to the swap or otherwise facilitate the identification of a party to a swap. A swap data repository that accepts and publicly disseminates swap transaction and pricing data in real-time shall not publicly disseminate such data in a manner that discloses or otherwise facilitates the identification of a party to a swap.
- (2) Actual product description reported to swap data repository. Reporting counterparties, swap execution facilities, and designated contract markets shall provide a swap data repository with swap transaction and pricing data that includes an actual description of

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the underlying asset(s). This requirement is separate from the requirement that a reporting counterparty, swap execution facility, or designated contract market shall report swap data to a swap data repository pursuant to section 2(a)(13)(G) of the Act and 17 CFR chapter I.

- (3) Public dissemination of the actual description of underlying asset(s). Notwithstanding the anonymity protection for certain swaps in the other commodity asset class in paragraph (c)(4) of this section, a swap data repository shall publicly disseminate the actual underlying asset(s) of all publicly reportable swap transactions in the interest rate, credit, equity, and foreign exchange asset classes.
- (4) Public dissemination of the underlying asset(s) for certain swaps in the other commodity asset class. A swap data repository shall publicly disseminate swap transaction and pricing data in the other commodity asset class as described in this paragraph.
- (i) A swap data repository shall publicly disseminate swap transaction and pricing data for publicly reportable swap transactions in the other commodity asset class in the manner described in paragraphs (c)(4)(ii) and (iii) of this section.
- (ii) The actual underlying asset(s) shall be publicly disseminated for the following publicly reportable swap transactions in the other commodity asset class:
- (A) Any publicly reportable swap transaction that references one of the contracts described in appendix B to this part;
- (B) Any publicly reportable swap transaction that is economically related to one of the contracts described in appendix B of this part; or
- (C) Any publicly reportable swap transaction executed on or pursuant to the rules of a swap execution facility or designated contract market.
- (iii) The underlying assets of swaps in the other commodity asset class that are not described in paragraph (c)(4)(ii) of this section shall be publicly disseminated by limiting the geographic detail of the underlying asset(s). The identification of any specific delivery point or pricing point associated with the underlying asset of

such other commodity swap shall be publicly disseminated pursuant to appendix E of this part.

- (d) Reporting of notional or principal amounts to a swap data repository—(1) Off-facility swaps. The reporting counterparty shall report the actual notional or principal amount of any publicly reportable swap transaction that is an off-facility swap to a swap data repository that accepts and publicly disseminates such data pursuant to this part.
- (2) Swaps executed on or pursuant to the rules of a swap execution facility or designated contract market. (i) A swap execution facility or designated contract market shall report the actual notional or principal amount for all swaps executed on or pursuant to the rules of such swap execution facility or designated contract market to a swap data repository that accepts and publicly disseminates such data pursuant to this part.
- (ii) The actual notional or principal amount for any block trade executed on or pursuant to the rules of a swap execution facility or designated contract market shall be reported to the swap execution facility or designated contract market pursuant to the rules of the swap execution facility of designated contract market.
- (e) Public dissemination of notional or principal amounts. The notional or principal amount of a publicly reportable swap transaction shall be publicly disseminated by a swap data repository subject to rounding as set forth in paragraph (f) of this section, and the cap size as set forth in paragraph (g) of this section.
- (f) Process to determine appropriate rounded notional or principal amounts.
 (1) If the notional or principal amount is less than one thousand, round to nearest five, but in no case shall a publicly disseminated notional or principal amount be less than five;
- (2) If the notional or principal amount is less than 10 thousand but equal to or greater than one thousand, round to nearest one hundred;
- (3) If the notional or principal amount is less than 100 thousand but equal to or greater than 10 thousand, round to nearest one thousand;

- (4) If the notional or principal amount is less than one million but equal to or greater than 100 thousand, round to nearest 10 thousand;
- (5) If the notional or principal amount is less than 100 million but equal to or greater than one million, round to the nearest one million;
- (6) If the notional or principal amount is less than 500 million but equal to or greater than 100 million, round to the nearest 10 million;
- (7) If the notional or principal amount is less than one billion but equal to or greater than 500 million, round to the nearest 50 million;
- (8) If the notional or principal amount is less than 100 billion but equal to or greater than one billion, round to the nearest 100 million;
- (9) If the notional or principal amount is equal to or greater than 100 billion, round to the nearest 10 billion.
- (g) Initial cap sizes. Prior to the effective date of a Commission determination to establish an applicable post-initial cap size for a swap category as determined pursuant to paragraph (h) of this section, the initial cap sizes for each swap category shall be equal to the greater of the initial appropriate minimum block size for the respective swap category in appendix F of this part or the respective cap sizes in paragraphs (g)(1) through (5) of this section. If appendix F of this part does not provide an initial appropriate minimum block size for a particular swap category, the initial cap size for such swap category shall be equal to the appropriate cap size as set forth in paragraphs (g)(1) through (5) of this sec-
- (1) For swaps in the interest rate asset class, the publicly disseminated notional or principal amount for a swap subject to the rules in this part shall be:
- (i) USD 250 million for swaps with a tenor greater than zero up to and including two years;
- (ii) USD 100 million for swaps with a tenor greater than two years up to and including ten years; and
- (iii) USD 75 million for swaps with a tenor greater than ten years.
- (2) For swaps in the credit asset class, the publicly disseminated notional or principal amount for a swap

- subject to the rules in this part shall be USD 100 million.
- (3) For swaps in the equity asset class, the publicly disseminated notional or principal amount for a swap subject to the rules in this part shall be USD 250 million.
- (4) For swaps in the foreign exchange asset class, the publicly disseminated notional or principal amount for a swap subject to the rules in this part shall be USD 250 million.
- (5) For swaps in the other commodity asset class, the publicly disseminated notional or principal amount for a swap subject to the rules in this part shall be USD 25 million.
- (h) Post-initial cap sizes. (1) The Commission shall establish, by swap categories, post-initial cap sizes as described in paragraphs (h)(2) through (8) of this section.
- (2) The Commission shall determine post-initial cap sizes for the swap categories described in paragraphs (c)(1)(i), (c)(2)(i) through (xii), (c)(4)(i), and (c)(5)(i) of §43.6 by utilizing reliable data collected by swap data repositories, as determined by the Commission, based on paragraphs (h)(2)(i) and (ii) of this section. If the Commission is unable to determine a cap size for any swap category described in §43.6(c)(1)(i), the Commission shall assign a cap size of USD 100 million to such category.
- (i) A one-year window of swap transaction and pricing data corresponding to each relevant swap category recalculated no less than once each calendar year; and
- (ii) The 75-percent notional amount calculation described in §43.6(d)(2).
- (3) The Commission shall determine the post-initial cap size for a swap category in the foreign exchange asset class described in \$43.6(c)(4)(ii) as the lower of the notional amount of either currency's cap size for the swap category described in \$43.6(c)(4)(i).
- (4) All swaps or instruments in the swap category described in $\S43.6(c)(1)(ii)$ shall have a cap size of USD 100 million.
- (5) All swaps or instruments in the swap category described in \$43.6(c)(2)(xiii) shall have a cap size of USD 400 million.

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- (6) All swaps or instruments in the swap category described in §43.6(c)(3) shall have a cap size of USD 250 million.
- (7) All swaps or instruments in the swap category described in §43.6(c)(4)(iii) shall have a cap size of USD 150 million.
- (8) All swaps or instruments in the swap category described in \$43.6(c)(5)(ii) shall have a cap size of USD 100 million.
- (9) The Commission shall publish post-initial cap sizes on its website at http://www.cftc.gov.
- (10) Unless otherwise indicated on the Commission's website, the post-initial cap sizes shall be effective on the first day of the second month following the date of publication of the revised cap size.

[85 FR 75479, Nov. 25, 2020]

§ 43.5 Time delays for public dissemination of swap transaction and pricing data.

- (a) In general. The time delay for the real-time public reporting of a block trade or large notional off-facility swap begins upon execution, as defined in §43.2. It is the responsibility of the swap data repository that accepts and publicly disseminates swap transaction and pricing data in real-time to ensure that the block trade or large notional off-facility swap transaction and pricing data is publicly disseminated pursuant to this part upon the expiration of the appropriate time delay described in paragraphs (d) through (h) of this section.
- (b) Public dissemination of publicly reportable swap transactions subject to a time delay. A swap data repository shall publicly disseminate swap transaction and pricing data that is subject to a time delay pursuant to this paragraph, as follows:
- (1) No later than the prescribed time delay period described in this paragraph;
- (2) No sooner than the prescribed time delay period described in this paragraph; and
- (3) Precisely upon the expiration of the time delay period described in this paragraph.
 - (c) [Reserved]

- (d) Time delay for block trades executed on or pursuant to the rules of a swap execution facility or designated contract market. Any block trade that is executed on or pursuant to the rules of a swap execution facility or designated contract market shall receive a time delay in the public dissemination of swap transaction and pricing data as follows:
 - (1) [Reserved]
- (2) The time delay for public dissemination of swap transaction and pricing data for all publicly reportable swap transactions described in this paragraph (d) shall be 15 minutes immediately after execution of such publicly reportable swap transaction.
- (e) Time delay for large notional off-facility swaps subject to the mandatory clearing requirement—(1) In general. This paragraph shall not apply to off-facility swaps that are excepted from the mandatory clearing requirement pursuant to section 2(h)(7) of the Act and 17 CFR chapter I, and this paragraph shall not apply to those swaps that are required to be cleared under section 2(h)(2) of the Act and 17 CFR chapter I but are not cleared.
- (2) Swaps subject to the mandatory clearing requirement where at least one party is a swap dealer or major swap participant. Any large notional off-facility swap that is subject to the mandatory clearing requirement described in section 2(h)(1) of the Act and 17 CFR chapter I, in which at least one party is a swap dealer or major swap participant, shall receive a time delay as follows:
 - (i) [Reserved]
- (ii) The time delay for public dissemination of swap transaction and pricing data for all swaps described in this paragraph (e)(2) shall be 15 minutes immediately after execution of such swap.
- (3) Swaps subject to the mandatory clearing requirement where neither party is a swap dealer or major swap participant. Any large notional off-facility swap that is subject to the mandatory clearing requirement described in section 2(h)(1) of the Act and 17 CFR chapter I, in which neither party is a swap dealer or major swap participant, shall receive a time delay as follows:
 - (i)-(ii) [Reserved]
- (iii) The time delay for public dissemination of swap transaction and

pricing data for all swaps described in this paragraph (e)(3) shall be one hour immediately after execution of such swap.

- (f) Time delay for large notional off-facility swaps in the interest rate, credit, foreign exchange or equity asset classes not subject to the mandatory clearing requirement with at least one swap dealer or major swap participant counterparty. Any large notional off-facility swap in the interest rate, credit, foreign exchange or equity asset classes where at least one party is a swap dealer or major swap participant, that is not subject to the mandatory clearing requirement or is excepted from such mandatory clearing requirement, shall receive a time delay in the public dissemination of swap transaction and pricing data as follows:
 - (1)-(2) [Reserved]
- (3) The time delay for public dissemination of swap transaction and pricing data for all swaps described in this paragraph (f) shall be 30 minutes immediately after execution of such swap.
- (g) Time delay for large notional off-facility swaps in the other commodity asset class not subject to the mandatory clearing requirement with at least one swap dealer or major swap participant counterparty. Any large notional off-facility swap in the other commodity asset class where at least one party is a swap dealer or major swap participant, that is not subject to the mandatory clearing requirement or is exempt from such mandatory clearing requirement, shall receive a time delay in the public dissemination of swap transaction and pricing data as follows:
 - (1)-(2) [Reserved]
- (3) The time delay for public dissemination of swap transaction and pricing data for all swaps described in this paragraph (g) shall be two hours after the execution of such swap.
- (h) Time delay for large notional off-facility swaps in all asset classes not subject to the mandatory clearing requirement in which neither counterparty is a swap dealer or a major swap participant. Any large notional off-facility swap in which neither party is a swap dealer or a major swap participant, which is not subject to the mandatory clearing requirement or is exempt from such mandatory clearing requirement, shall re-

ceive a time delay in the public dissemination of swap transaction and pricing data as follows:

- (1)-(2) [Reserved]
- (3) The time delay for public dissemination transaction and pricing data for all swaps described in this paragraph (h) shall be 24 business hours immediately after the execution of such swap.

[85 FR 75481, Nov. 25, 2020]

§ 43.6 Block trades and large notional off-facility swaps.

- (a) Commission determination. The Commission shall establish the appropriate minimum block size for publicly reportable swap transactions based on the swap categories set forth in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, as applicable, in accordance with the provisions set forth in paragraph (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), or (i) of this section, as applicable.
- (b) Initial swap categories. Swap categories shall be established for all swaps, by asset class, in the following manner:
- (1) Interest rates asset class. Interest rate asset class swap categories shall be based on unique combinations of the following:
 - (i) Currency by:
 - (A) Super-major currency;
 - (B) Major currency; or
 - (C) Non-major currency; and
- (ii) Tenor of swap as follows:
- (A) Zero to 46 days;
- (B) Greater than 46 days to three months (47 to 107 days);
- (C) Greater than three months to six months (108 to 198 days);
- (D) Greater than six months to one year (199 to 381 days);
- (E) Greater than one to two years (382 to 746 days):
- (F) Greater than two to five years (747 to 1,842 days);
- (G) Greater than five to ten years (1,843 to 3,668 days);
- (H) Greater than ten to 30 years (3,669 to 10,973 days); or
- (I) Greater than 30 years (10,974 days and above).
- (2) Credit asset class. Credit asset class swap categories shall be based on unique combinations of the following:
- (i) Traded Spread rounded to the nearest basis point (0.01) as follows:

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- (A) 0 to 175 points;
- (B) 176 to 350 points; or
- (C) 351 points and above;
- (ii) Tenor of swap as follows:
- (A) Zero to two years (0-746 days);
- (B) Greater than two to four years (747–1,476 days);
- (C) Greater than four to six years (1,477-2,207 days);
- (D) Greater than six to eight-and-a-half years (2,208-3,120 days);
- (E) Greater than eight-and-a-half to 12.5 years (3,121-4,581 days); and
- (F) Greater than 12.5 years (4,582 days) and above).
- (3) Equity asset class. There shall be one swap category consisting of all swaps in the equity asset class.
- (4) Foreign exchange asset class. Swap categories in the foreign exchange asset class shall be grouped as follows:
- (i) By the unique currency combinations of one super-major currency paired with one of the following:
 - (A) Another super major currency;
 - (B) A major currency; or
- (C) A currency of Brazil, China, Czech Republic, Hungary, Israel, Mexico, Poland, Russia, and Turkey; or
- (ii) By unique currency combinations not included in paragraph (b)(4)(i) of this section.
- (5) Other commodity asset class. Swap contracts in the other commodity asset class shall be grouped into swap categories as follows:
- (i) For swaps that are economically related to contracts in appendix B of this part, by the relevant contract as referenced in appendix B of this part; or
- (ii) For swaps that are not economically related to contracts in appendix B of this part, by the following futures-related swaps:
 - (A) CME Cheese:
 - (B) CBOT Distillers' Dried Grain;
- (C) CBOT Dow Jones-UBS Commodity Index;
 - (D) CBOT Ethanol;
 - (E) CME Frost Index;
- (F) CME Goldman Sachs Commodity Index (GSCI), (GSCI Excess Return Index);
- (G) NYMEX Gulf Coast Sour Crude Oil:
 - (H) CME Hurricane Index;
 - (I) CME Rainfall Index;
 - (J) CME Snowfall Index;

- (K) CME Temperature Index;
- (L) CME U.S. Dollar Cash Settled Crude Palm Oil; or
- (iii) For swaps that are not covered in paragraphs (b)(5)(i) and (b)(5)(ii) of this section, the relevant product type as referenced in appendix D of this part.
- (c) Post-initial swap categories. Swap categories shall be established for all swaps, by asset class, in the following manner:
- (1) Interest rate asset class. Swaps in the interest rate asset class shall be grouped into swap categories as follows:
- (i) Based on a unique combination of the following currencies and tenors:
- (A) A currency of one of the following countries or union:
 - (1) Australia;
 - (2) Brazil;
 - (3) Canada;
 - (4) Chile;
 - (5) Czech Republic;
 - (6) The European Union;
 - (7) Great Britain;
 - (8) India;
 - (9) Japan;(10) Mexico;
 - (11) New Zealand;
 - (12) South Africa;
 - (13) South Korea;
 - (14) Sweden; or
 - (15) The United States: and
 - (B) One of the following tenors:
 - (1) Zero to 46 days:
- (2) Greater than 46 and less than or equal to 107 days;
- (3) Greater than 107 and less than or equal to 198 days;
- (4) Greater than 198 and less than or equal to 381 days:
- (5) Greater than 381 and less than or equal to 746 days;
- (6) Greater than 746 and less than or equal to 1,842 days;
- (7) Greater than 1,842 and less than or equal to 3,668 days;
- (8) Greater than 3,668 and less than or equal to 10,973 days; or
 - (9) Greater than 10,973 days.
- (ii) Other interest rate swaps not covered in the paragraph (c)(1)(i) of this section.
- (2) Credit asset class. Swaps in the credit asset class shall be grouped into swap categories as follows.
- (i) Based on the CDXHY product type, without options and a tenor

greater than 1,477 days and less than or equal to 2,207 days;

- (ii) Based on the CDXHY product type, with only options and a tenor greater than 1,477 days and less than or equal to 2,207 days;
- (iii) Based on the iTraxx Europe product type, without options and a tenor greater than 1,477 days and less than or equal to 2,207 days;
- (iv) Based on the iTraxx Europe product type, with only options and a tenor greater than 1,477 days and less than or equal to 2,207 days;
- (v) Based on the iTraxx Crossover product type, without options and a tenor greater than 1,477 days and less than or equal to 2,207 days;
- (vi) Based on the iTraxx Crossover product type, with only options and a tenor greater than 1,477 days and less than or equal to 2.207 days;
- (vii) Based on the iTraxx Senior Financials product type, without options and a tenor greater than 1,477 days and less than or equal to 2,207 days;
- (viii) Based on the iTraxx Senior Financials product type, with only options and a tenor greater than 1,477 days and less than or equal to 2,207 days;
- (ix) Based on the CDXIG product type and a tenor greater, without options than 1,477 days and less than or equal to 2,207 days;
- (x) Based on the CDXIG product type with only options and a tenor greater, than 1,477 days and less than or equal to 2,207 days;
- (xi) Based on the CDXEmergingMarkets product type and a tenor greater than 1,477 days and less than or equal to 2,207 days;
- (xii) Based on the CMBX product type; and
- (xiii) Other credit swaps not covered in paragraphs (c)(2)(i)-(xii) of this section.
- (3) Equity asset class. There shall be one swap category consisting of all swaps in the equity asset class.
- (4) Foreign exchange asset class. Swaps in the foreign exchange asset class shall be grouped into swap categories as follows:
- (i) By the unique currency combinations of the United States currency paired with a currency of one of the following countries or union: Argen-

- tina, Australia, Brazil, Canada, Chile, China, Colombia, the European Union, Great Britain, India, Indonesia, Japan, Malaysia, Mexico, New Zealand, Peru, Philippines, Russia, South Korea, or Taiwan.
- (ii) By the unique currency pair consisting of two separate currencies from the following countries or union: Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Canada, Chile, China, Colombia, the European Union, Great Britain, India, Indonesia, Japan, Malaysia, Mexico, New Zealand, Peru, Philippines, Russia, South Korea, and Taiwan.
- (iii) Other swap categories in the foreign exchange asset class not covered in paragraph (c)(4)(i) or (ii) of this section.
- (5) Other commodity asset class. Swaps in the other commodity asset class shall be grouped into swap categories as follows:
- (i) For swaps that have a physical commodity underlier listed in appendix D of this part, by the relevant physical commodity underlier; or
- (ii) Other commodity swaps that are not covered in paragraph (c)(5)(i) of this section.
- (d) Methodologies to determine appropriate minimum block sizes and cap sizes. In determining appropriate minimum block sizes and cap sizes for publicly reportable swap transactions, the Commission shall utilize the following statistical calculations—
- (1) 67-percent notional amount calculation. The Commission shall use the following procedure in determining the 67-percent notional amount calculation:
- (i) For each relevant swap category, select all reliable SDR data for at least a one-year period;
- (ii) Convert the notional amount to the same currency or units and use a trimmed data set;
- (iii) Determine the sum of the notional amounts of swaps in the trimmed data set;
- (iv) Multiply the sum of the notional amount by 67 percent;
- (v) Rank order the observations by notional amount from least to greatest:
- (vi) Calculate the cumulative sum of the observations until the cumulative sum is equal to or greater than the 67-

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percent notional amount calculated in paragraph (d)(1)(iv) of this section;

- (vii) Select the notional amount associated with that observation;
- (viii) Round the notional amount of that observation up to two significant digits, or if the notional amount associated with that observation is already significant to only two digits, increase that notional amount to the next highest rounding point of two significant digits; and
- (ix) Set the appropriate minimum block size at the amount calculated in paragraph (d)(1)(viii) of this section.
- (2) 75-percent notional amount calculation. The Commission shall use the procedure set out in paragraph (d)(1) of this section with 75-percent in place of 67-percent.
- (3) 50-percent notional amount calculation. The Commission shall use the procedure set out in paragraph (d)(1) of this section with 50-percent in place of 67-percent.
- (e) No appropriate minimum block sizes for swaps in the equity asset class. Publicly reportable swap transactions in the equity asset class shall not be treated as block trades or large notional off-facility swaps.
- (f) Initial appropriate minimum block sizes. Prior to the Commission making a determination as described in paragraph (g)(1) of this section, the following initial appropriate minimum block sizes shall apply:
- (1) Prescribed appropriate minimum block sizes. Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (f)(1) of this section, for any publicly reportable swap transaction that falls within the swap categories described in paragraph (b)(1), (b)(2), (b)(4)(i), (b)(5)(i), or (b)(5)(ii) of this section, the initial appropriate minimum block size for such publicly reportable swap transaction shall be the appropriate minimum block size that is in appendix F of this part.
- (2) Certain swaps in the foreign exchange and other commodity asset classes. All swaps or instruments in the swap categories described in paragraphs (b)(4)(ii) and (b)(5)(iii) of this section shall be eligible to be treated as a block trade or large notional off-facility swap, as applicable.
- (3) Exception. Publicly reportable swap transactions described in para-

- graph (b)(5)(i) of this section that are economically related to a futures contract in appendix B of this part shall not qualify to be treated as block trades or large notional off-facility swaps (as applicable), if such futures contract is not subject to a designated contract market's block trading rules.
- (g) Post-initial process to determine appropriate minimum block sizes—(1) Post-initial period. The Commission shall establish, by swap categories, the appropriate minimum block sizes as described in paragraphs (g)(2) through (6) of this section. No less than once each calendar year thereafter, the Commission shall update the post-initial appropriate minimum block sizes.
- (2) Post-initial appropriate minimum block sizes for certain swaps. The Commission shall determine post-initial appropriate minimum block sizes for the swap categories described in paragraphs (c)(1)(i), (c)(2)(i) through (xii), (c)(4)(i), and (c)(5)(i) of this section by utilizing a one-year window of swap transaction and pricing data corresponding to each relevant swap category reviewed no less than once each calendar year, and by applying the 67percent notional amount calculation to such data. If the Commission is unable to determine an appropriate minimum block size for any swap category described in paragraph (c)(1)(i) of this section, the Commission shall assign a block size of zero to such swap cat-
- (3) Certain swaps in the foreign exchange asset class. The parties to a swap in the foreign exchange asset class described in paragraph (c)(4)(ii) of this section may elect to receive block treatment if the notional amount of either currency in the exchange is greater than the minimum block size for a swap in the foreign exchange asset class between the respective currency, in the same amount, and U.S. dollars described in paragraph (c)(4)(i) of this section.
- (4) All swaps or instruments in the swap category described in paragraphs (c)(1)(ii), (c)(2)(xiii), (c)(4)(iii), and (c)(5)(ii) of this section shall have a block size of zero and be eligible to be treated as a block trade or large notional off-facility swap, as applicable.

- (5) Commission publication of post-initial appropriate minimum block sizes. The Commission shall publish the appropriate minimum block sizes determined pursuant to paragraph (g)(1) of this section on its website at http://www.cftc.gov.
- (6) Effective date of post-initial appropriate minimum block sizes. Unless otherwise indicated on the Commission's website, the post-initial appropriate minimum block sizes described in paragraph (g)(1) of this section shall be effective on the first day of the second month following the date of publication.
- (h) Required notification—(1) Block trades entered into on a trading system or platform, that is not an order book as defined in §37.3(a)(3) of a swap execution facility, or pursuant to the rules of a swap execution facility or designated contract market. (i) If the parties make such an election, the reporting counterparty shall notify the swap execution facility or designated contract market, as applicable, of the parties' election. The parties to a publicly reportable swap transaction may elect to have a publicly reportable swap transaction treated as a block trade if such swap:
- (A) Is executed on the trading system or platform, that is not an order book as defined in §37.3(a)(3) of this chapter of a swap execution facility, or pursuant to the rules of a swap execution facility or designated contract market; and
- (B) That has a notional amount at or above the appropriate minimum block size.
- (ii) The swap execution facility or designated contract market, as applicable, shall notify the swap data repository of such a block trade election when reporting the swap transaction and pricing data to such swap data repository in accordance with this part.
- (iii) The swap execution facility or designated contract market, as applicable, shall not disclose swap transaction and pricing data relating to a block trade subject to the block trade election prior to the expiration of the applicable delay set forth in §43.5(d).
- (2) Large notional off-facility swap election. The parties to a publicly reportable swap transaction that is an off-fa-

- cility swap and that has a notional amount at or above the appropriate minimum block size may elect to have the publicly reportable swap transaction treated as a large notional off-facility swap. If the parties make such an election, the reporting counterparty for such publicly reportable swap transaction shall notify the applicable swap data repository of the reporting counterparty's election when reporting the swap transaction and pricing data in accordance with this part.
- (i) Special provisions relating to appropriate minimum block sizes and cap sizes. The following special rules shall apply to the determination of appropriate minimum block sizes and cap sizes—
- (1) Swaps with optionality. The notional amount of a swap with optionality shall equal the notional amount of the component of the swap that does not include the option component.
- (2) Swaps with composite reference prices. The parties to a swap transaction with composite reference prices may elect to apply the lowest appropriate minimum block size or cap size applicable to one component reference price's swap category of such publicly reportable swap transaction.
- (3) Notional amounts for physical commodity swaps. Unless otherwise specified in this part, the notional amount for a physical commodity swap shall be based on the notional unit measure utilized in the related futures contract or the predominant notional unit measure used to determine notional quantities in the cash market for the relevant, underlying physical commodity.
- (4) Currency conversion. Unless otherwise specified in this part, when the appropriate minimum block size or cap size for a publicly reportable swap transaction is denominated in a currency other than U.S. dollars, parties to a swap and registered entities may use a currency exchange rate that is widely published within the preceding two business days from the date of execution of the swap transaction in order to determine such qualification.
- (5) Successor currencies. For currencies that succeed a super-major currency, the appropriate currency classification for such currency shall be based on the corresponding nominal

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gross domestic product classification (in U.S. dollars) as determined in the most recent World Bank, World Development Indicator at the time of succession. If the gross domestic product of the country or nation utilizing the successor currency is:

- (i) Greater than \$2 trillion, then the successor currency shall be included among the super-major currencies;
- (ii) Greater than \$500 billion but less than \$2 trillion, then the successor currency shall be included among the major currencies; or
- (iii) Less than \$500 billion, then the successor currency shall be included among the non-major currencies.
- (6) Aggregation. The aggregation of orders for different accounts in order to satisfy the minimum block trade size or the cap size requirement is permitted for publicly reportable swap transactions only if each of the following conditions is satisfied:
- (i) The aggregation of orders is done by a person who:
- (A) Is a commodity trading advisor registered pursuant to section 4n of the Act, or exempt from such registration under the Act, or a principal thereof, and who has discretionary trading authority or directs client accounts;
- (B) Is an investment adviser who has discretionary trading authority or directs client accounts and satisfies the criteria of $\S4.7(a)(2)(v)$ of this chapter; or
- (C) Is a foreign person who performs a similar role or function as the persons described in paragraph (i)(6)(i)(A) or (B) of this section and is subject as such to foreign regulation;
- (ii) The aggregated transaction is reported pursuant to this part and part 45 of this chapter as a block trade or large notional off-facility swap, as applicable, subject to the cap size thresholds;
- (iii) The aggregated orders are executed as one swap transaction; and
- (iv) Aggregation occurs on a designated contract market or swap execution facility if the swap is listed for trading by a designated contract market or swap execution facility.
- (j) Eligible block trade parties. (1) Parties to a block trade shall be "eligible contract participants," as defined in section 1a(18) of the Act and 17 CFR

chapter I. However, a designated contract market may allow:

- (i) A commodity trading advisor registered pursuant to section 4n of the Act, or exempt from registration under the Act, or a principal thereof, and who has discretionary trading authority or directs client accounts,
- (ii) An investment adviser who has discretionary trading authority or directs client accounts and satisfies the criteria of \$4.7(a)(2)(v) of this chapter, or
- (iii) A foreign person who performs a similar role or function as the persons described in paragraph (j)(1)(i) or (ii) of this section and is subject as such to foreign regulation, to transact block trades for customers who are not eligible contract participants.
- (2) A person transacting a block trade on behalf of a customer shall receive prior written instruction or consent from the customer to do so. Such instruction or consent may be provided in the power of attorney or similar document by which the customer provides the person with discretionary trading authority or the authority to direct the trading in its account.

[85 FR 75482, Nov. 25, 2020]

§ 43.7 Delegation of authority.

- (a) Authority. The Commission hereby delegates, until it orders otherwise, to the Director of the Division of Market Oversight or such other employee or employees as the Director may designate from time to time, the authority:
- (1) To publish the technical specification providing the form and manner for reporting and publicly disseminating the swap transaction and pricing data elements in appendix A of this part as described in §§ 43.3(d)(1) and 43.4(a);
- (2) To determine cap sizes as described in §43.4(g) and (h);
- (3) To determine whether swaps fall within specific swap categories as described in §43.6(b) and (c); and
- (4) To determine and publish post-initial appropriate minimum block sizes as described in §43.6(g).
- (b) Submission for Commission consideration. The Director of the Division of Market Oversight may submit to the Commission for its consideration any

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matter that has been delegated pursuant to this section. $\,$

(c) Commission reserves authority. Nothing in this section prohibits the Commission, at its election, from exer-

cising the authority delegated in this section.

[78 FR 32940, May 31, 2013, as amended at 85 FR 75485, Nov. 25, 2020]

APPENDIX A TO PART 43—SWAP TRANSACTION AND PRICING DATA ELEMENTS

.,	Data Element			As	set	Clas	s
#	Name	Definition for Data Element	CR	IR	FX	EQ	CO
	Category: Clearin	g					
1	Cleared	Indicator of whether the transaction has been cleared, or is intended to be cleared, by a central counterparty.	✓	√	\	✓	✓
	Category: Custom	n baskets					
25	Custom basket indicator	Indicator of whether the swap transaction is based on a custom basket.	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Category: Events						
26	Action type	Type of action taken on the swap transaction or type of end-of-day reporting. Actions may include, but are not limited to, new, modify, correct, error, terminate, revive, transfer out, valuation, and collateral.	✓	✓	✓	>	√
27	Event type	Explanation or reason for the action being taken on the swap transaction. Events may include, but are not limited to, trade, novation, compression or risk reduction exercise, early termination, clearing, exercise, allocation, clearing and allocation, credit event, transfer.	✓	✓	→	>	√
28	Amendment indicator	Indicator of whether the modification of the swap transaction reflects newly agreed upon term(s) from the previously negotiated terms.	✓	✓	√	✓	✓
30	Event timestamp	Date and time of occurrence of the event as determined by the reporting counterparty or a service provider.	✓	✓	√	✓	✓

ш	Data Element	D.C. W. C. D. FI			set	Clas	
#	Name	Definition for Data Element	S	×	FX	ΕQ	9
		In the case of a clearing event, date and time when the original swap is accepted by the derivative clearing organization (DCO) for clearing and recorded by the DCO's system should be reported in this data element. The time element is as specific as technologically practicable.					
	Category: Notiona	al amounts and quantities					
31	Notional amount	For each leg of the transaction, where applicable: - for OTC derivative transactions negotiated in monetary amounts, amount specified in the contract for OTC derivative transactions negotiated in non-monetary amounts, refer to appendix to the swap data technical specification for converting notional amounts for non-monetary amounts.	\	<	→	<	✓
		In addition: • For OTC derivative transactions with a notional amount schedule, the initial notional amount, agreed by the counterparties at the inception of the transaction, is reported in this data element. • For OTC foreign exchange options, in addition to this data element, the amounts are reported using the data elements Call amount and Put amount. • For amendments or lifecycle events, the resulting outstanding notional amount is reported; (steps in notional amount schedules are not considered to be amendments or lifecycle events); • Where the notional amount is not known when a new transaction is reported, the notional amount is updated as it becomes available.					
32	Notional currency	For each leg of the transaction, where applicable: currency in which the notional amount is denominated.	√	✓	✓	✓	✓
33	Notional amount schedule - notional amount in effect on associated effective date	For each leg of the transaction, where applicable: for OTC derivative transactions negotiated in monetary amounts with a notional amount schedule: • Notional amount which becomes effective on the associated unadjusted effective date. The initial notional amount and associated unadjusted effective and end date are reported as	✓	~	✓	√	√

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.,	Data Element Name	Definition for Data Element		As	set	Clas	s
#			8	K	ΕX	ΕQ	9
		the first values of the schedule.	Ĭ	,			
		This data element is not applicable to OTC					
		derivative transactions with notional amounts that					
		are condition- or event-dependent. The currency of					
		the varying notional amounts in the schedule is					
		reported in Notional currency.					
34	Notional amount	For each leg of the transaction, where applicable:	$ \checkmark $	✓	✓	✓	✓
	schedule -	for OTC derivative transactions negotiated in					
	unadjusted	monetary amounts with a notional amount schedule:					
	effective date of the notional	Unadjusted date on which the associated notional amount becomes effective					
	amount	amount becomes effective					
		This data element is not applicable to OTC					
		derivative transactions with notional amounts that					
		are condition- or event-dependent. The currency of					
		the varying notional amounts in the schedule is					
		reported in Notional currency.					
35	Notional amount	For each leg of the transaction, where applicable:	$ \checkmark $	√	√	✓	✓
	schedule -	for OTC derivative transactions negotiated in					
	unadjusted end date of the	monetary amounts with a notional amount schedule: •Unadjusted end date of the notional amount					
	notional amount	(not applicable if the unadjusted end date of a given					
	notional amount	schedule's period is back-to-back with the					
		unadjusted effective date of the subsequent period).					
		This data element is not applicable to OTC					
		derivative transactions with notional amounts that					
		are condition- or event-dependent. The currency of					
		the varying notional amounts in the schedule is					
2.5	0.11	reported in Notional currency.					
36	Call amount	For foreign exchange options, the monetary amount that the option gives the right to buy.	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
37	Call currency	For foreign exchange options, the currency in which	√	✓	✓	√	√
51	Can currency	the Call amount is denominated.		•			
38	Put amount	For foreign exchange options, the monetary amount	√	✓	√	√	✓
		that the option gives the right to sell.					
39	Put currency	For foreign exchange options, the currency in which	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
40	AT A 1	the Put amount is denominated.					_
40	Notional quantity	For each leg of the swap transaction, where					V
		applicable, for swap transactions negotiated in non- monetary amounts with fixed notional quantity for					
		each schedule period (i.e., 50 barrels per month).					
		caen senedate period (i.e., 50 ourrels per month).					

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.,	Data Element Name		Asset Class							
#		Definition for Data Element	😤	E	Ϋ́	ΕQ	9			
		The frequency is reported in Quantity frequency	Ĭ							
		and the unit of measure is reported in Quantity unit of measure.								
41	Quantity	The rate at which the quantity is quoted on the swap					√			
	frequency	transaction. e.g., hourly, daily, weekly, monthly.								
42	Quantity	The number of time units for the Quantity					✓			
	frequency multiplier	frequency								
43	Quantity unit of measure	For each leg of the transaction, where applicable: unit of measure in which the Total notional quantity				✓	✓			
4.4	T.4.1	and Notional quantity are expressed.				√				
44	Total notional quantity	For each leg of the transaction, where applicable: aggregate Notional quantity of the underlying asset				•	v			
		for the term of the transaction.								
		Where the Total notional quantity is not known								
		when a new transaction is reported, the Total notional quantity is updated as it becomes available.								
	Category: Packag									
45	Package indicator	Indicator of whether the swap transaction is part of	√	✓	√	√	√			
		a package transaction.								
47	Package transaction price	Traded price of the entire package in which the reported derivative transaction is a component.	✓	✓	✓	√	√			
		This data element is not applicable if								
		no package is involved, or								
		package transaction spread is used								
		Prices and related data elements of the transactions								
		(Price currency, Price notation, Price unit of								
		measure) that represent individual components of								
		the package are reported when available.								
		The Package transaction price may not be known								
		when a new transaction is reported but may be updated later.								
48	Package	Currency in which the Package transaction price is	✓	✓	√	✓	✓			
. •	transaction price	denominated.								
		This data element is not applicable if:								
		• no package is involved, or								
		Package transaction spread is used, or								
10	D 1	• Package transaction price notation = 3								
49	Package transaction price notation	Manner in which the Package transaction price is expressed.	✓	✓	√	✓	√			

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#	Data Element	Definition for Data Flamont				Clas	
#	Name	Definition for Data Element	CR	IR	FX	EQ	00
		This data element is not applicable if					
		no package is involved, or Package transaction spread is used					
50	Package	Traded price of the entire package in which the	/	✓	_	√	
30	transaction spread	reported derivative transaction is a component of a		·	٠	•	
		package transaction.					
		Package transaction price when the price of the					
		package is expressed as a spread, difference between two reference prices.					
		This data element is not applicable if					
		• no package is involved, or					
		Package transaction price is used					
		Spread and related data elements of the transactions					
		(spread currency, Spread notation) that represent					
		individual components of the package are reported when available.					
		Package transaction spread may not be known when					
		a new transaction is reported but may be updated					
		later.					
51	Package	Currency in which the Package transaction spread is	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	transaction spread currency	denominated.					
		This data element is not applicable if					
		• no package is involved, or					
		• Package transaction price is used, or					
52	Package	• Package transaction spread notation = 3, or = 4 Manner in which the Package transaction spread is	✓	✓	_	/	
32	transaction spread	expressed.	,	•	Ť	·	ľ
	notation	- Chip. Cook of					
		This data element is not applicable if					
		• no package is involved, or					
		Package transaction price is used.					
- 52	Category: Paymer					-	
53	Day count convention	For each leg of the transaction, where applicable:	🗸	'	V	V	V
	convention	day count convention (often also referred to as day count fraction or day count basis or day count					
		method) that determines how interest payments are					
		calculated. It is used to compute the year fraction of					
		the calculation period, and indicates the number of					
		days in the calculation period divided by the					
		number of days in the year.					

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ш	Data Element	D. C. W. C. D. A. Elman			set	Clas	s
#	Name	Definition for Data Element	2	≅	FX	ΕQ	CO
55	Floating rate reset frequency period	For each floating leg of the swap transaction, where applicable, time unit associated with the frequency of resets, e.g., day, week, month, year or term of the stream.	✓	✓	✓	√	√
56	Floating rate reset frequency period multiplier	For each floating leg of the swap transaction, where applicable, number of time units (as expressed by the Floating rate reset frequency period) that determines the frequency at which periodic payment dates for reset occur. For example, a transaction with reset payments occurring every two months is represented with a Floating rate reset frequency period of "MNTH" (monthly) and a Floating rate reset frequency period multiplier of 2. This data element is not applicable if the Floating rate reset frequency period is "ADHO." If Floating rate reset frequency period is "TERM," then the Floating rate reset frequency period is intraday, then the Floating rate reset frequency period is "DAIL" and the Floating rate reset frequency period is "DAIL" and the Floating rate reset frequency period multiplier is 0.	✓	✓	✓	✓	√
57	Other payment type	Type of Other payment amount. Option premium payment is not included as a payment type as premiums for option are reported using the option premium dedicated data element.	√	√	~	✓	√
58	Other payment amount	Payment amounts with corresponding payment types to accommodate requirements of transaction descriptions from different asset classes.	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
59	Other payment currency	Currency in which Other payment amount is denominated.	✓	√	✓	✓	✓
63	Payment frequency period	For each leg of the transaction, where applicable: time unit associated with the frequency of payments, e.g., day, week, month, year or term of the stream.	√	√		✓	\
64	Payment frequency period multiplier	For each leg of the transaction, where applicable: number of time units (as expressed by the Payment frequency period) that determines the frequency at which periodic payment dates occur. For example, a transaction with payments occurring every two months is represented with a Payment frequency period of "MNTH" (monthly) and a Payment frequency period multiplier of 2. This data element is not applicable if the Payment frequency period is "ADHO." If Payment frequency	•	•		✓	✓

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,,	Data Element	Detti e Da El	Asset Class							
#	Name	Definition for Data Element	ප	IR	ΕX	ΕQ	00			
		period is "TERM," then the Payment frequency								
		period multiplier is 1. If the Payment frequency is					i			
		intraday, then the Payment frequency period is					i			
	C . D .	"DAIL" and the Payment frequency multiplier is 0.								
65	Category: Prices Exchange rate	Exchange rate between the two different currencies			·/					
03	Exchange rate	specified in the OTC derivative transaction agreed					i			
		by the counterparties at the inception of the					ì			
		transaction, expressed as the rate of exchange from					i			
		converting the unit currency into the quoted					ì			
		currency.					ì			
		In the example 0.9426 USD/EUR, USD is the unit					i			
		currency and EUR is the quoted currency; USD 1 =					i			
		EUR 0.9426.								
66	Exchange rate	Currency pair and order in which the exchange rate			$ \cdot $		i			
	basis	is denominated, expressed as unit currency/quoted					i			
		currency. In the example 0.9426 USD/EUR, USD					i			
		is the unit currency and EUR is the quoted currency, USD 1 = EUR 0.9426.					ì			
67	Fixed rate	For each leg of the transaction, where applicable:	✓	√			√			
0,	1 med rate	for OTC derivative transactions with periodic					i			
		payments, per annum rate of the fixed leg(s).					ì			
68	Post-priced swap	Indicator of whether the swap transaction satisfies	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			
	indicator	the definition of "post-priced swap" in § 43.2(a) of					i			
		the Commission's regulations.								
69	Price	Price specified in the OTC derivative transaction. It				✓	✓			
		does not include fees, taxes or commissions.					i			
		For commodity fixed/float swaps and similar products with periodic payments, this data element					i			
		refers to the fixed price of the fixed leg(s).					i			
		For commodity and equity forwards and similar					i			
		products, this data element refers to the forward					ì			
		price of the underlying or reference asset.					i			
		For equity swaps, portfolios swaps, and similar					i			
		products, this data element refers to the initial price					i			
		of the underlying or reference asset.					i			
		For contracts for difference and similar products,					ì			
		this data element refers to the initial price of the					1			
		underlier.					1			
		This data element is not applicable to:					ì			
		This data element is not applicable to: • Interest rate swaps and forward rate agreements,					1			
		as it is understood that the information included in					1			
		the data elements Fixed rate and Spread may be					i			

	Data Element	Definition for Data Element	Asset Class							
#	Name		2	~	ŦΧ	ΕQ	00			
		 interpreted as the price of the transaction. Interest rate options and interest rate swaptions as it is understood that the information included in the data elements Strike price and Option premium may be interpreted as the price of the transaction. Commodity basis swaps and the floating leg of commodity fixed/float swaps as it is understood that the information included in the data element Spread may be interpreted as the price of the transaction. Foreign exchange swaps, forwards and options, as it is understood that the information included in the data elements Exchange rate, Strike price, and Option premium may be interpreted as the price of the transaction. Equity options as it is understood that the information included in the data elements Strike price and Option premium may be interpreted as the price of the transaction. Credit default swaps and credit total return swaps, as it is understood that the information included in the data elements Fixed rate, Spread and Upfront payment (Other payment type: Upfront payment) may be interpreted as the price of the transaction. Commodity options, as it is understood that the information included in the data elements Strike price and Option premium may be interpreted as the price of the transaction. Commodity options, as it is understood that the information included in the data elements Strike price and Option premium may be interpreted as the price of the transaction. Where the price is not known when a new transaction is reported, the price is updated as it becomes available. For transactions that are part of a package, this data element contains the price of the component transaction where applicable. 								
70	Price currency	Currency in which the price is denominated. Price currency is only applicable if Price notation = 1.				√	✓			
71	Price notation	Manner in which the price is expressed.				✓	✓			
72	Price unit of measure	Unit of measure in which the price is expressed.				✓	✓			
73	Spread	For each leg of the transaction, where applicable: for OTC derivative transactions with periodic payments (e.g., interest rate fixed/float swaps, interest rate basis swaps, commodity swaps), • spread on the individual floating leg(s) index	✓	<		<	√			

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ш	Data Element	D. C Con D. 4. Flore and		As	set	Clas	
#	Name	Definition for Data Element	CR	~	Ϋ́	ΕQ	00
		reference price, in the case where there is a spread on a floating leg(s). For example, USD-LIBOR- BBA plus .03 or WTI minus USD 14.65; or • difference between the reference prices of the two					
		floating leg indexes. For example, the 9.00 USD "Spread" for a WCS vs. WTI basis swap where WCS is priced at 43 USD and WTI is priced at 52 USD.					
74	Spread currency	For each leg of the transaction, where applicable: currency in which the spread is denominated. This data element is only applicable if Spread notation = 1.	✓	✓		✓	√
75	Spread notation	For each leg of the transaction, where applicable: manner in which the spread is expressed.	✓	✓		✓	✓
76	Strike price	• For options other than FX options, swaptions and similar products, price at which the owner of an option can buy or sell the underlying asset of the option. • For foreign exchange options, exchange rate at which the option can be exercised, expressed as the rate of exchange from converting the unit currency into the quoted currency. In the example 0.9426 USD/EUR, USD is the unit currency and EUR is the quoted currency; USD 1 = EUR 0.9426. Where the strike price is not known when a new transaction is reported, the strike price is updated as it becomes available. • For volatility and variance swaps and similar products, the volatility strike price is reported in this data element.	~	>	\rightarrow	✓	✓
77	Strike price currency/currency pair	For equity options, commodity options, and similar products, currency in which the strike price is denominated. For foreign exchange options: Currency pair and order in which the strike price is expressed. It is expressed as unit currency/quoted currency. In the example 0.9426 USD/EUR, USD is the unit currency and EUR is the quoted currency, USD 1 = EUR 0.9426 Strike price currency/currency pair is only applicable if Strike price notation = 1.	*	~	\	√	√
78	Strike price notation	Manner in which the strike price is expressed.	√	✓	✓	✓	√

,,	Data Element	Detail of Date			set	Clas	s
#	Name	Definition for Data Element	3	IR	ΕX	EQ	00
79	Option premium	For options and swaptions of all asset classes,	V	√	V	√	√
	amount	monetary amount paid by the option buyer.					
		This data element is not applicable if the instrument					
80	Option premium	is not an option or does not embed any optionality. For options and swaptions of all asset classes,	/	✓	√	√	./
80	currency	currency in which the option premium amount is	•	•	•	•	•
	currency	denominated. This data element is not applicable if					
		the instrument is not an option or does not embed					
		any optionality.					
82	First exercise date	First unadjusted date during the exercise period in	√	✓	✓	✓	✓
		which an option can be exercised.					
		For European-style options, this date is same as the					
		Expiration date. For American-style options, the					
		first possible exercise date is the unadjusted date					
		included in the Execution timestamp.					
		For knock-in options, where the first exercise date					
		is not known when a new transaction is reported,					
		the first exercise date is updated as it becomes available.					
		This data element is not applicable if the instrument					
		is not an option or does not embed any optionality.					
	Category: Produc						
85	Index factor	The index version factor or percent, expressed as a	√				
		decimal value, that multiplied by the Notional					
		amount yields the notional amount covered by the					
		seller of protection for credit default swap.					
86	Embedded option	Type of option or optional provision embedded in a	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
0=	type	contract.	/	_	√		
87	Unique Product Identifier UPI	A unique set of characters that represents a	'	V	V	✓	V
	Identifier OPI	particular OTC derivative. The Commission will designate a UPI pursuant to §					
		45.7.					
	Category: Settlem						
89	Settlement	Currency for the cash settlement of the transaction	✓	✓	√	✓	✓
	currency	when applicable.					
		For multi-currency products that do not net, the					
		settlement currency of each leg.					
		This data element is not applicable for physically					
		settled products (e.g., physically settled swaptions).					
90	Settlement	Place of settlement of the transaction as stipulated	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	location	in the contract. This data element is only applicable					
		for transactions that involve an offshore currency					
		(i.e. a currency which is not included in the ISO					
		4217 currency list, for example CNH).					

	Data Element Name			As	set	Class	S
#		Definition for Data Element		IR	ΕX	EQ	00
	Category: Transa	ction related					
92	Non-standardized term indicator	Indicator of whether the swap transaction has one or more additional term(s) or provision(s), other than those disseminated to the public pursuant to part 43, that materially affect(s) the price of the swap transaction.	✓	\	✓	✓	✓
93	Block trade election indicator	Indicator of whether an election has been made to report the swap transaction as a block transaction by the reporting counterparty or as calculated either by the swap data repository acting on behalf of the reporting counterparty or by using a third party.	>	\	√	√	✓
94	Effective date	Unadjusted date at which obligations under the OTC derivative transaction come into effect, as included in the confirmation.	✓	<	√	✓	✓
95	Expiration date	Unadjusted date at which obligations under the OTC derivative transaction stop being effective, as included in the confirmation. Early termination does not affect this data element.	√	✓	✓	✓	✓
96	Execution timestamp	Date and time a transaction was originally executed, resulting in the generation of a new UTI. This data element remains unchanged throughout the life of the UTI.	✓	✓	✓	√	✓
98	Platform identifier	Identifier of the trading facility (e.g., exchange, multilateral trading facility, swap execution facility) on which the transaction was executed.	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
99	Prime brokerage transaction indicator	Indicator of whether the swap transaction satisfies the definition of "mirror swap" or "trigger swap" in § 43.2(a) of the Commission's regulations.	✓	√	✓	✓	✓

[85 FR 75485, Nov. 25, 2020]

APPENDIX B TO PART 43—ENUMERATED PHYSICAL COMMODITY CONTRACTS AND OTHER CONTRACTS

ENUMERATED PHYSICAL COMMODITY
CONTRACTS

Agriculture

ICE Futures U.S. Cocoa ICE Futures U.S. Coffee C Chicago Board of Trade Corn ICE Futures U.S. Cotton No. 2 ICE Futures U.S. FCOJ-A Chicago Mercantile Exchange Live Cattle Chicago Board of Trade Oats Chicago Board of Trade Rough Rice Chicago Board of Trade Soybeans Chicago Board of Trade Soybean Meal Chicago Board of Trade Soybean Oil ICE Futures U.S. Sugar No. 11 ICE Futures U.S. Sugar No. 16 Chicago Board of Trade Wheat Minneapolis Grain Exchange Hard Red Spring Wheat

Kansas City Board of Trade Hard Winter Wheat

Chicago Mercantile Exchange Class III Milk Chicago Mercantile Exchange Feeder Cattle Chicago Mercantile Exchange Lean Hogs

Metals

Commodity Exchange, Inc. Copper New York Mercantile Exchange Palladium New York Mercantile Exchange Platinum Commodity Exchange, Inc. Gold Commodity Exchange, Inc. Silver

Energy

New York Mercantile Exchange Light Sweet
Crude Oil
New York Mercantile Exchange New York
Harbor Gasoline Blendstock
New York Mercantile Exchange Henry Hub
Natural Gas
New York Mercantile Exchange New York
Harbor Heating Oil
ICE Futures SP-15 Day-Ahead Peak Fixed
Price

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ICE Futures SP-15 Day-Ahead Off-Peak Fixed Price

ICE Futures PJM Western Hub Real Time Peak Fixed Price

ICE Futures PJM Western Hub Real Time Off-Peak Fixed Price

ICE Futures Mid-Columbia Day-Ahead Peak Fixed Price

ICE Futures Mid-Columbia Day-Ahead Off-Peak Fixed Price

Chicago Basis
HSC Basis
Socal Border Basis
Waha Basis
ICE Futures AB NIT Basis
NWP Rockies Basis
PG&E Citygate Basis

OTHER CONTRACTS

Brent Crude Oil (ICE)

[76 FR 1243, Jan. 9, 2012, as amended at 78 FR 32940, May 31, 2013]

APPENDIX C TO PART 43—TIME DELAYS FOR PUBLIC DISSEMINATION

The tables below provide clarification of the time delays for public dissemination set forth in §43.5. The first row of each table describes the asset classes to which each chart applies. The column entitled "Time Delay for Public Dissemination" indicates the precise length of time delay, starting upon execution, for the public dissemination of such swap transaction and pricing data by a swap data repository.

Table C1. Block Trades Executed on or Pursuant to the Rules of a Swap Execution Facility or Designated Contract Market (Illustrating § 43.5(d))

ALL ASSET CLASSES

Time delay for public dissemination

15 minutes.

Table C2. Large Notional Off-Facility Swaps Subject to the Mandatory Clearing Requirement With at Least One Swap Dealer or Major Swap Participant Counterparty (Illustrating § 43.5(e)(2))

Table C2 excludes off-facility swaps that are excepted from the mandatory clearing requirement pursuant to Section 2(h)(7) of the Act and Commission regulations and those off-facility swaps that are required to be cleared under Section 2(h)(2) of the Act and Commission regulations but are not cleared.

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ALL ASSET CLASSES

Time delay for public dissemination

15 minutes

Table C3. Large Notional Off-Facility Swaps Subject to the Mandatory Clearing Requirement in Which Neither Counterparty Is a Swap Dealer or Major Swap Participant (Illustrating § 43.5(e)(3))

Table C3 excludes off-facility swaps that are excepted from the mandatory clearing requirement pursuant to Section 2(h)(7) of the Act and Commission regulations and those swaps that are required to be cleared under Section 2(h)(2) of the Act and Commission regulations but are not cleared.

ALL ASSET CLASSES

Time delay for public dissemination

1 hour.

Table C4. Large Notional Off-Facility Swaps Not Subject to the Mandatory Clearing Requirement With at Least One Swap Dealer or Major Swap Participant Counterparty (Illustrating § 43.5(f))

Table C4 includes large notional off-facility swaps that are not subject to the mandatory clearing requirement or are exempt from such mandatory clearing requirement pursuant to Section 2(h)(7) of the Act and Commission regulations.

INTEREST RATES, CREDIT, FOREIGN EXCHANGE, EQUITY ASSET CLASSES

Time delay for public dissemination

30 minutes.

Table C5. Large Notional Off-Facility Swaps Not Subject to the Mandatory Clearing Requirement With at Least One Swap Dealer or Major Swap Participant Counterparty (Illustrating § 43.5(q))

Table C5 includes large notional off-facility swaps that are not subject to the mandatory clearing requirement or are excepted from such mandatory clearing requirement pursuant to Section 2(h)(7) of the Act and Commission regulations.

OTHER COMMODITY ASSET CLASS

Time delay for public dissemination

2 hours.

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Table C6. Large Notional Off-Facility Swans Not Subject to the Mandatory Clearing Requirement in Which Neither Counterparty Is a Swap Dealer or Major Swap Participant (Illustrating § 43.5(h))

Table C6 includes large notional off-facility swaps that are not subject to the mandatory clearing requirement or are exempt from such mandatory clearing requirement pursuant to Section 2(h)(7) of the Act and Commission regulations.

ALL ASSET CLASSES

Time delay for public dissemination

24 business hours.

[85 FR 75495, Nov. 25, 2020]

APPENDIX D TO PART 43—OTHER COMMODITY SWAP CATEGORIES

Commodity: Metals Aluminum Copper Gold Lead Nickel Silver Virtual Zinc Commodity: Energy Electricity Fuel Oil Gasoline—RBOB Heating Oil Natural Gas Oi1 Commodity: Agricultural Corn Soybean Coffee Wheat Cocoa Sugar Cotton Soymeal Soybean oil Cattle Hogs

[85 FR 75496, Nov. 25, 2020]

APPENDIX E TO PART 43—OTHER COM-MODITY GEOGRAPHIC IDENTIFICATION FOR PUBLIC DISSEMINATION PURSU-ANT TO §43.4(c)(4)(iii)

Swap data repositories are required by §43.4(c)(4)(iii) to publicly disseminate any specific delivery point or pricing point associated with publicly reportable swap trans-actions in the "other commodity" asset class pursuant to Tables E1 and E2 in this appendix. If the underlying asset of a publicly reportable swap transaction described in $\S43.4(c)(4)(iii)$ has a delivery or pricing point that is located in the United States, such information shall be publicly disseminated pursuant to the regions described in Table E1 in this appendix. If the underlying asset of a publicly reportable swap transaction described in §43.4(c)(4)(iii) has a delivery or pricing point that is not located in the United States, such information shall be publicly disseminated pursuant to the countries or sub-regions, or if no country or subregion, by the other commodity region, described in Table E2 in this appendix.

Table E1. U.S. Delivery or Pricing Points

Other Commodity Group Region

Natural Gas and Related Products

Midwest Northeast

Gu1f

Southeast

Western

Other-U.S.

Petroleum and Products

New England (PADD 1A) Central Atlantic (PADD 1B)

Lower Atlantic (PADD 1C)

Midwest (PADD 2)

Gulf Coast (PADD 3)

Rocky Mountains (PADD 4)

West Coast (PADD 5) Other-U.S.

Electricity and Sources

Florida Reliability Coordinating Council

Midwest Reliability Organization (MRO)

Northeast Power Coordinating Council (NPCC)

Reliability First Corporation (RFC)

SERC Reliability Corporation (SERC)

Southwest Power Pool, RE (SPP)

Texas Regional Entity (TRE)

Western Electricity Coordinating Council (WECC)

Other-U.S.

All Remaining Other Commodities (Publicly disseminate the region. If pricing or delivery point is not region-specific, indicate "U.S.")

Region 1—(Includes Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont)

Region 2—(Includes New Jersey, New York) Region 3-(Includes Delaware, District of Columbia, Maryland, Pennsylvania, Virginia, West Virginia)

Region 4-(Includes Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee)

Region 5—(Includes Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Ohio, Wisconsin)

Region 6—(Includes Arkansas, Louisiana, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Texas)

Region 7-(Includes Iowa, Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska)

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Region 8—(Includes Colorado, Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, Utah, Wyoming)

Region 9—(Includes Arizona, California, Hawaii, Nevada)

Region 10—(Includes Alaska, Idaho, Oregon, Washington)

Table E2. Non-U.S. Delivery or Pricing Points

Other Commodity Regions Country or Sub-Region North America (Other than U.S.)

Canada Mexico Central America South America Brazil

Other South America

Europe

Western Europe Northern Europe Southern Europe

Eastern Europe (excluding Russia)

Russia Africa

Northern Africa Western Africa Eastern Africa Central Africa Southern Africa Asia-Pacific

Northern Asia (excluding Russia)

Central Asia Eastern Asia Western Asia Southeast Asia

Australia/New Zealand/Pacific Islands

[85 FR 75496, Nov. 25, 2020]

APPENDIX F TO PART 43—INITIAL APPROPRIATE MINIMUM BLOCK SIZES BY ASSET CLASS FOR BLOCK TRADES AND LARGE NOTIONAL OFF-FACILITY SWAPS

Currency group	Currencies
Super-Major Currencies	United States dollar (USD), European Union Euro Area euro (EUR), United Kingdom pound sterling (GBP), and Japan yen (JPY).
Major Currencies	Australia dollar (AUD), Switzerland franc (CHF), Canada dollar (CAD), Republic of South Africa rand (ZAR), Republic of Korea won (KRW), Kingdom of Sweden krona (SEK), New Zealand dollar (NZD), Kingdom of Norway krone (NOK), and Denmark krone (DKK).
Non-Major Currencies	All other currencies.

INTEREST RATE SWAPS

Currency group	Tenor greater than	Tenor less than or equal to	50% Notional (in millions)
Super-Major		46 days	6,400
Super-Major	46 days	Three months (107 days)	2,100
Super-Major	Three months (107 days)	Six months (198 days)	1,200
Super-Major	Six months (198 days)	One year (381 days)	1,100
Super-Major	One year (381 days)	Two years (746 days)	460
Super-Major	Two years (746 days)	Five years (1,842 days)	240
Super-Major	Five years (1,842 days)	Ten years (3,668 days)	170
Super-Major	Ten years (3,668 days)	30 years (10,973 days)	120
Super-Major	30 years (10,973 days)		67
Major		46 days	2,200
Major	46 days	Three months (107 days)	580
Major	Three months (107 days)	Six months (198 days)	440
Major	Six months (198 days)	One year (381 days)	220
Major	One year (381 days)	Two years (746 days)	130
Major	Two years (746 days)	Five years (1,842 days)	88
Major	Five years (1,842 days)	Ten years (3,668 days)	49
Major	Ten years (3,668 days)	30 years (10,973 days)	37
Major	30 years (10,973 days)		15
Non-Major		46 days	230
Non-Major	46 days	Three months (107 days)	230
Non-Major	Three months (107 days)	Six months (198 days)	150
Non-Major	Six months (198 days)	One year (381 days)	110
Non-Major	One year (381 days)	Two years (746 days)	54
Non-Major	Two years (746 days)	Five years (1,842 days)	27
Non-Major	Five years (1,842 days)	Ten years (3,668 days)	15
Non-Major	Ten years (3,668 days)	30 years (10,973 days)	16
Non-Major	30 years (10,973 days)		15

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CREDIT SWAPS

	•==		
Spread group (basis points)	Traded tenor greater than	Traded tenor less than or equal to	50% Notional (in millions)
Less than or equal to 175		Two years (746 days)	320
Less than or equal to 175	Two years (746 days)	Four years (1,477 days)	200
Less than or equal to 175	Four years (1,477 days)	Six years (2,207 days)	110
Less than or equal to 175	Six years (2,207 days)	Eight years and six months (3,120 days).	110
Less than or equal to 175	Eight years and six months (3,120 days).	Twelve years and six months (4,581 days).	130
Less than or equal to 175	Twelve years and six months (4,581 days).		46
Greater than 175 and less than or equal to 350.		Two years (746 days)	140
Greater than 175 and less than or equal to 350.	Two years (746 days)	Four years (1,477 days)	82
Greater than 175 and less than or equal to 350.	Four years (1,477 days)	Six years (2,207 days)	32
Greater than 175 and less than or equal to 350.	Six years (2,207 days)	Eight years and six months (3,120 days).	20
Greater than 175 and less than or equal to 350.	Eight years and six months (3,120 days).	Twelve years and six months (4,581 days).	26
Greater than 175 and less than or equal to 350.	Twelve years and six months (4,581 days).		63
Greater than 350		Two years (746 days)	66
Greater than 350	Two years (746 days)	Four years (1,477 days)	41
Greater than 350	Four years (1,477 days)	Six years (2,207 days)	26
Greater than 350	Six years (2,207 days)	Eight years and six months (3,120 days).	13
Greater than 350	Eight years and six months (3,120 days.	Twelve years and six months (4,581 days).	13
Greater than 350	Twelve years and six months (4,581 days).		41

FOREIGN EXCHANGE SWAPS

		Super-major currencies			
		EUR (Euro)	GBP (British pound)	JPY (Japanese yen)	USD (U.S. dollar)
Super-major currencies	EUR GBP JPY	*6,250,000 *6,250,000	6,250,000 * 6,250,000	6,250,000 6,250,000	18,750,000 6,250,000 1,875,000,000
Major currencies	AUD CAD	*18,750,000 *6,250,000 *6,250,000	*6,250,000 0 0	*1,875,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000	10,000,000 10,000,000
	CHF DKK KRW	* 6,250,000 0	* 6,250,000 0	12,500,000 0 0	12,500,000 0 6,250,000,000
	SEK NOK	* 6,250,000 * 6,250,000	0	0	100,000,000 100,000,000
Non-major currencies	NZD ZAR BRL	0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	5,000,000 25,000,000 5,000,000
	HUF	200,000,000 1,500,000,000	0 0 0	0 0 0	200,000,000 1,500,000,000 50,000,000
	MXN PLN	25,000,000 50,000,000	0	0 0 50,000,000	50,000,000 25,000,000 50,000,000
	RUB TRY	* 6,250,000	0	0 0	125,000,000 * 10,000,000

All values that do not have an asterisk are denominated in the currency of the left hand side. All values that have an asterisk (*) are denominated in the currency indicated on the top of the table.

OTHER COMMODITY SWAPS

Related futures contract	Initial appropriate min- imum block size	Units
AB NIT Basis (ICE)	62,500	MMBtu.

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OTHER COMMODITY SWAPS—Continued

Related futures contract	Initial appropriate min- imum block size	Units
Brent Crude (ICE and NYMEX)	25,000	bbl.
Cheese (CME)	400,000	lbs.
Class III Milk (CME)	NO BLOCKS.	
Cocoa (ICE and NYSE LIFFE and NYMEX)	1,000	metric tons.
Coffee (ICE and NYMEX)	3,750,000	lbs.
Copper (COMEX)	625,000	lbs.
Corn (CBOT)	NO BLOCKS	bushels.
Cotton No. 2 (ICE and NYMEX)	5,000,000	lbs.
Distillers' Dried Grain (CBOT)	1,000	short tons.
Dow Jones-UBS Commodity Index (CBOT)	30,000 times index	dollars.
Ethanol (CBOT)	290,000	gallons.
Feeder Cattle (CME)	NO BLOCKS.	
Frost Index (CME)	200,000 times index	euros.
Frozen Concentrated Orange Juice (ICE)	NO BLOCKS.	
Gold (COMEX and NYSE Liffe)	2,500	troy oz.
Goldman Sachs Commodity Index (GSCI), GSCI Ex-	5,000 times index	dollars.
cess Return Index (CME).	F 000	bbl.
Gulf Coast Sour Crude Oil (NYMEX)	5,000 NO BLOCKS.	DDI.
Hard Red Spring Wheat (MGEX)	NO BLOCKS.	
Hard Winter Wheat (KCBT)	500,000	MMBtu.
Henry Hub Natural Gas (NYMEX)HSC Basis (ICE and NYMEX)	62,500	MMBtu.
Hurricane Index (CME)	20,000 times index	dollars.
Chicago Basis (ICE and NYMEX)	62,500	MMBtu.
Lean Hogs (CME)	NO BLOCKS.	WINDLU.
Light Sweet Crude Oil (NYMEX)	50,000	bbl.
Live Cattle (CME)	NO BLOCKS.	DDI.
Mid-Columbia Day-Ahead Off-Peak Fixed Price (ICE)	625	Mwh.
Mid-Columbia Day-Ahead Peak Fixed Price (ICE)	4.000	Mwh.
New York Harbor RBOB (Blendstock) Gasoline	1,050,000	gallons.
(NYMEX).		
New York Harbor No. 2 Heating Oil (NYMEX)	1,050,000	gallons.
NWP Rockies Basis (ICE and NYMEX)	62,500	MMBtu.
Oats (CBOT)	NO BLOCKS.	
Palladium (NYMEX)	1,000	troy oz.
PG&E Citygate Basis (ICE and NYMEX)	62,500 3.900	MMBtu.
(ICE).	3,900	Mwh.
PJM Western Hub Real Time Peak Fixed Price (ICE)	8.000	Mwh.
Platinum (NYMEX)	500	trov oz.
Rainfall Index (CME)	10.000 times index	dollars.
Rough Rice (CBOT)	NO BLOCKS.	dollaro.
Silver (COMEX and NYSE Liffe)	125,000	troy oz.
Snowfall Index (CME)	10,000 times index	dollars.
Socal Border Basis (ICE and NYMEX)	62,500	MMBtu.
Soybean (CBOT)	NO BLOCKS.	
Soybean Meal (CBOT)	NO BLOCKS.	
Soybean Oil (CBOT)	NO BLOCKS.	
SP-15 Day-Ahead Peak Fixed Price (ICE)	4,000	Mwh.
SP-15 Day-Ahead Off-Peak Fixed Price (ICE)	625	Mwh.
Sugar #11 (ICE and NYMEX)	5,000	metric tons.
Sugar #16 (ICE)	NO BLOCKS.	
Temperature Index (CME)	400 times index	currency units.
U.S. Dollar Cash Settled Crude Palm Oil (CME)	250	metric tons.
• ,	62,500	MMBtu.
Waha Basis (ICE and NYMEX)	02,300	iviivibiu.