§ 107.200

§§ 107.1800 through 107.1820 and § 107.1910 apply to all general partners.

- (e) Liability of general partner for partnership debts to SBA. Subject to section 314 of the Act, your general partner is not liable solely by reason of its status as a general partner for repayment of any Leverage or debts you owe to SBA unless SBA, in the exercise of reasonable investment prudence, and with regard to your financial soundness, determines otherwise prior to the purchase or guaranty of your Leverage.
- (f) Reorganization of Licensee. A corporate Licensee wishing to reorganize as a Partnership Licensee, or a Partnership Licensee wishing to reorganize as a Corporate Licensee, may apply to SBA for approval under §107.470.
- (g) Special Leverage requirement. Before your first issuance of Leverage, you must furnish SBA with evidence that you qualify as a partnership for tax purposes, either by a ruling from the Internal Revenue Service, or by an opinion of counsel.

CAPITALIZING AN SBIC

§ 107.200 Adequate capital for Licens-

You must meet the requirements of this §107.200 to qualify for a license, to continue as a Licensee, and to receive Leverage.

- (a) You must have enough Regulatory Capital to provide reasonable assurance that:
- (1) You will operate soundly and profitably over the long term; and
- (2) You will be able to operate actively in accordance with your Articles and within the context of your business plan, as approved by SBA.
- (b) In SBA's sole discretion, you must be economically viable, taking into consideration actual and anticipated income and losses on your Loans and Investments, and the experience and qualifications of your owners and managers.

§ 107.210 Minimum capital requirements for Licensees.

(a) Companies licensed on or after October 1, 1996. A company licensed on or after October 1, 1996, must have Leverageable Capital of at least

- \$2,500,000 and must meet the applicable minimum Regulatory Capital requirement in this paragraph (a), unless lower Leverageable Capital and Regulatory Capital amounts are approved by SBA as part of a Wind-Up Plan in accordance with §107.590(c):
- (1) Licensees other than Participating Securities issuers and Early Stage SBICs. Except for Participating Securities issuers and Early Stage SBICs, a Licensee must have Regulatory Capital of at least \$5,000,000. As an exception to this general rule, SBA in its sole discretion and based on a showing of special circumstances and good cause may license an applicant with Regulatory Capital of at least \$3,000,000, but only if the applicant:
- (i) Has satisfied all licensing standards and requirements except the minimum capital requirement, as determined solely by SBA:
- (ii) Has a viable business plan reasonably projecting profitable operations; and
- (iii) Has a reasonable timetable for achieving Regulatory Capital of at least \$5,000,000.
- (2) Participating Securities issuers. A Licensee that wishes to be eligible to apply for Participating Securities must have Regulatory Capital of at least \$10,000,000, unless it demonstrates to SBA's satisfaction that it can be financially viable over the long term with a lower amount. Under no circumstances can the Licensee have Regulatory Capital of less than \$5,000,000.
- (3) Early Stage SBICs. An Early Stage SBIC must have Regulatory Capital of at least \$20 million.
- (b) Companies licensed before October 1, 1996. A company licensed before October 1, 1996 must meet the minimum capital requirements applicable to such company, as required by the regulations in effect on September 30, 1996. See §107.1120(c)(2) for Leverage eligibility requirements.

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