information that the system processes, stores, or transmits.

- (5) Covered services are services performed, by a person, that are subject to the Bank Service Company Act (12 U.S.C. 1861–1867).
- (6) Designated financial market utility has the same meaning as set forth at 12 U.S.C. 5462(4).
- (7) Notification incident is a computersecurity incident that has materially disrupted or degraded, or is reasonably likely to materially disrupt or degrade, a banking organization's—
- (i) Ability to carry out banking operations, activities, or processes, or deliver banking products and services to a material portion of its customer base, in the ordinary course of business:
- (ii) Business line(s), including associated operations, services, functions, and support, that upon failure would result in a material loss of revenue, profit, or franchise value; or
- (iii) Operations, including associated services, functions and support, as applicable, the failure or discontinuance of which would pose a threat to the financial stability of the United States.
- (8) *Person* has the same meaning as set forth at 12 U.S.C. 1817(j)(8)(A).

§53.3 Notification.

A banking organization must notify the appropriate OCC supervisory office, or OCC-designated point of contact, about a notification incident through email, telephone, or other similar methods that the OCC may prescribe. The OCC must receive this notification from the banking organization as soon as possible and no later than 36 hours after the banking organization determines that a notification incident has occurred.

§53.4 Bank service provider notification.

(a) A bank service provider is required to notify at least one bank-designated point of contact at each affected banking organization customer as soon as possible when the bank service provider determines that it has experienced a computer-security incident that has materially disrupted or degraded, or is reasonably likely to materially disrupt or degrade, covered serv-

ices provided to such banking organization for four or more hours.

- (1) A bank-designated point of contact is an email address, phone number, or any other contact(s), previously provided to the bank service provider by the banking organization customer.
- (2) If the banking organization customer has not previously provided a bank-designated point of contact, such notification shall be made to the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Information Officer of the banking organization customer, or two individuals of comparable responsibilities, through any reasonable means.
- (b) The notification requirement in paragraph (a) of this section does not apply to any scheduled maintenance, testing, or software update previously communicated to a banking organization customer

PARTS 54-99 [RESERVED]

PART 100—RULES APPLICABLE TO SAVINGS ASSOCIATIONS

AUTHORITY: 12 U.S.C. 1462a, 1463, 5412(b)(2)(B), 5414(b)(2).

SOURCE: 76 FR 48956, Aug. 9, 2011, unless otherwise noted.

§ 100.1 Certain regulations superseded.

Effective on July 21, 2011, section 312(b)(2)(B) of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (Pub. L. 111-203, 124 Stat. 1376 (2010)) (12 U.S.C. 5412(b)(2)(B)) transferred rulemaking authority of the Office of Thrift Supervision (OTS) relating to all savings associations, both state and Federal to the OCC. The regulations set forth in parts 1 through 197 of this chapter I applying to Federal savings associations and state savings associations, as those terms are defined in section 3(b) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1813(b)), supersede corresponding regulations set forth in parts 500 through 591 of chapter V of the Code of Federal Regulations that were applicable to such entities prior to July 21, 2011.

[76 FR 48956, Aug. 9, 2011, as amended at 80 FR 28479, May 18, 2015]

§ 100.2

§ 100.2 Waiver authority.

The Comptroller of the Currency may, for good cause and to the extent permitted by statute, waive the applicability of any provision of parts 1 through 197 of this chapter I, as applicable, with respect to Federal savings associations.

[76 FR 48956, Aug. 9, 2011, as amended at 80 FR 28479, May 18, 2015]

PART 101—COVERED SAVINGS ASSOCIATIONS

Sec.

- 101.1 Authority and purposes.
- 101.2 Definitions and computation of time.
- 101.3 Procedures.
- 101.4 Treatment of covered savings associations.
- 101.5 Nonconforming subsidiaries, assets, and activities.
- 101.6 Termination.
- 101.7 Reelection.
- 101.8 Evasion.

AUTHORITY: 12 U.S.C. 93a, 1462a, 1463, 1464, 1464a, and 5412(b)(2)(B).

SOURCE: 84 FR 24005, May 24, 2019, unless otherwise noted.

§ 101.1 Authority and purposes.

- (a) Authority. This part is issued pursuant to sections 3, 4, 5, and 5A of the Home Owners' Loan Act (HOLA) (12 U.S.C. 1462a, 1463, 1464, and 1464a), section 5239A of the Revised Statutes (12 U.S.C. 93a), and section 312(b)(2)(B) of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (12 U.S.C. 5412(b)(2)(B)).
- (b) Purposes. This part establishes standards and procedures for a Federal savings association to elect to operate as a covered savings association pursuant to section 5A of the HOLA and clarifies the requirements for the treatment of covered savings associations. It also establishes standards and procedures to terminate an election and to reelect to operate as a covered savings association.

§ 101.2 Definitions and computation of time.

- (a) Definitions. As used in this part:
- (1) Covered savings association means a Federal savings association that has made an election that is in effect in accordance with §101.3(b).

- (2) Effective date of the election means, with respect to a Federal savings association, the date on which the Federal savings association's election to operate as a covered savings association takes effect pursuant to §101.3(b).
- (3) Nonconforming subsidiary, asset, or activity. (i) With respect to a covered savings association:
- (A) Means any subsidiary, asset, or activity that is not permissible for a covered savings association or, if permissible, is being operated, held, or conducted in a manner that exceeds the limit applicable to a covered savings association; and
- (B) Includes an investment in a subsidiary or other entity that is not permissible for a covered savings association; and
- (ii) With respect to a Federal savings association that has terminated an election to operate as a covered savings association:
- (A) Means any subsidiary, asset, or activity that is not permissible for a Federal savings association or, if permissible, is being operated, held, or conducted in a manner that exceeds the limit applicable to a Federal savings association; and
- (B) Includes an investment in a subsidiary or other entity that is not permissible for a Federal savings association.
- (4) Similarly located national bank means, with respect to a covered savings association, a national bank that has its main office situated in the same location as the home office of the covered savings association.
- (b) Computation of time. The OCC will compute a period of days for purposes of this part in accordance with 12 CFR 5.12.

§ 101.3 Procedures.

- (a) Notice—(1) Submission. A Federal savings association that had total consolidated assets of \$20 billion or less as of December 31, 2017, as reported on the Federal savings association's Consolidated Reports of Condition and Income for December 31, 2017, may make an election to operate as a covered savings association by submitting a notice to the OCC.
 - (2) Contents. The notice shall: