

118TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

H. RES. 1601

Expressing support for the designation of November 8, 2024, as “National First-Generation College Celebration Day”.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

NOVEMBER 26, 2024

Ms. MOORE of Wisconsin (for herself, Mr. BOYLE of Pennsylvania, Mr. DAVIS of Illinois, Ms. BONAMICI, and Ms. WILLIAMS of Georgia) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Education and the Workforce

RESOLUTION

Expressing support for the designation of November 8, 2024, as “National First-Generation College Celebration Day”.

Whereas November 8 honors the anniversary of the signing of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001 et seq.) by President Lyndon B. Johnson on November 8, 1965;

Whereas the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001 et seq.) was focused on increasing postsecondary access and success for students, particularly including low-income and first-generation students;

Whereas the Act helped usher in programs necessary for postsecondary access, retention, and completion for low-income, first-generation college students, including the

Federal TRIO Programs under chapter 1 of subpart 2 of part A of title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1070a–11 et seq.), and the Federal Pell Grant program under section 401 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1070a);

Whereas the Federal TRIO programs under chapter 1 of subpart 2 of part A of title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1070a–11 et seq.) are the primary national effort supporting underrepresented students in postsecondary education and are designed to identify individuals from low-income, first-generation backgrounds and prepare them for postsecondary education, provide support services, and motivate and prepare students for doctoral programs;

Whereas the Federal Pell Grant program under section 401 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1070a) is the primary Federal investment in financial aid for low-income college students, and is used by students at institutions of higher education of their choice;

Whereas a “first-generation college student” means an individual whose parents did not complete a baccalaureate degree, or in the case of any individual who regularly resided with and received support from only one parent, an individual whose parent did not complete a baccalaureate degree;

Whereas first-generation college students face additional academic, financial, and social barriers compared to what their continuing-generation peers face while pursuing higher education;

Whereas 54 percent of all current undergraduate students in the United States identify as first-generation;

Whereas 45 percent of students currently pursuing bachelor's degrees are first-generation;

Whereas two-thirds of all current community and technical college students identify as first-generation, with 14.2 percent having attained an associate's degree and 10.1 percent having attained an undergraduate certificate;

Whereas first-generation students navigate multiple competing priorities, and 73 percent were employed while in college, in paid jobs, internships, or work study;

Whereas first-generation students hold significant roles within their household, with 27 percent having dependents to care for while in school;

Whereas 37 percent of first-generation graduates expect to attain a master's degree, and 16 percent expect to attain a doctoral degree upon completing a bachelor's degree;

Whereas the Council for Opportunity in Education and the Center for First-generation Student Success jointly launched the inaugural First-Generation College Celebration in 2017; and

Whereas the First-Generation College Celebration has continued to grow, and institutions of higher education, corporations, nonprofits, and elementary schools and secondary schools now celebrate November 8 as "First-Generation College Celebration Day": Now, therefore, be it

- 1 *Resolved*, That the House of Representatives urges all
- 2 people in the United States to—
- 3 (1) celebrate "National First-Generation Col-
- 4 lege Celebration Day" throughout the United States;

1 (2) recognize the important role that first-gen-
2 eration college students play in helping to develop
3 the future workforce; and

4 (3) celebrate the Higher Education Act of 1965
5 (20 U.S.C. 1001 et seq.) and its programs that help
6 historically excluded students access higher edu-
7 cation.

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