

117TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

H. R. 8650

To ensure the right to provide reproductive health care services, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

AUGUST 2, 2022

Ms. SCHRIER (for herself, Mr. BERNA, and Mr. RUIZ) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on the Judiciary, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To ensure the right to provide reproductive health care services, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the “Let Doctors Provide
5 Reproductive Health Care Act”.

6 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

7 In this Act:

8 (1) HEALTH CARE PROVIDER.—The term
9 “health care provider” means any entity, employee

1 of such entity, or individual (including any physician,
2 certified nurse-midwife, nurse practitioner, and
3 physician assistant) that—

4 (A) is engaged or seeks to engage in the
5 delivery of reproductive health care services;
6 and

7 (B) if required by State law to be licensed,
8 certified, or otherwise authorized to engage in
9 the delivery of such services—

10 (i) is so licensed, certified, or otherwise authorized; or

11 (ii) would be so licensed, certified, or
12 otherwise authorized, but for their past,
13 present, or potential provision of abortion
14 services.

15 (2) REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH CARE SERVICES.—

16 The term “reproductive health care services” means
17 abortion services, contraception services, in vitro fer-
18 tilization, or other reproductive care, education, and
19 counseling that—

20 (A) is provided in a hospital, clinic, physi-
21 cian’s office, or other service site, or provided
22 via telehealth, intended to provide medical, sur-
23 gical, counseling, or referral services;

1 (B) is provided in a medically accurate
2 manner; and

3 (C) in any way affects commerce over
4 which the United States has jurisdiction.

5 (3) STATE.—The term “State” means each of
6 the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico,
7 each territory and possession of the United States,
8 and any subdivision of a State, including any unit
9 of local government, such as a county, city, town,
10 village, or other general purpose political subdivision
11 of a State.

12 **SEC. 3. RIGHT TO PROVIDE REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH CARE**

13 **SERVICES.**

14 (a) PROHIBITION.—No individual, entity, or State
15 may prevent, restrict, impede, or disadvantage—

16 (1) a health care provider from providing or as-
17 sisting with reproductive health care services lawful
18 in the State in which the services are to be provided;

19 (2) any individual or entity from assisting a
20 health care provider in providing or assisting with
21 reproductive health care services lawful in the State
22 in which services are to be provided; or

23 (3) a health care provider or any individual or
24 entity from providing or assisting a health care pro-
25 vider with reproductive health care services for an

1 individual who does not reside in the State in which
2 the services are to be provided.

3 (b) ENFORCEMENT.—

4 (1) ATTORNEY GENERAL.—The Attorney General
5 may commence a civil action on behalf of the
6 United States against any State, or against any government official, individual, or entity that enacts,
7 implements, or enforces a limitation or requirement
8 that violates subsection (a). The court shall hold unlawful and set aside the limitation or requirement if
9 it is in violation of subsection (a).

10 (2) PRIVATE RIGHT OF ACTION.—Any individual or entity adversely affected by an alleged violation
11 of subsection (a) may commence a civil action against any State that violates this section or against any government official that enacts, implements, or enforces a limitation or requirement that violates subsection (a). The court shall hold unlawful and enjoin the limitation or requirement if it is in violation of subsection (a).

12 (3) HEALTH CARE PROVIDER.—A health care provider may commence an action for relief on its own behalf, on behalf of the provider's staff, and on behalf of the provider's patients who are or may be

1 adversely affected by an alleged violation of sub-
2 section (a).

3 (4) EQUITABLE RELIEF.—In any action under
4 this section, the court may award appropriate equi-
5 table relief, including temporary, preliminary, or per-
6 manent injunctive relief.

7 (5) COSTS.—In any action under this section,
8 the court shall award costs of litigation, as well as
9 reasonable attorney's fees, to any prevailing plain-
10 tiff. A plaintiff shall not be liable to a defendant for
11 costs or attorney's fees in any non-frivolous action
12 under this section.

13 (6) JURISDICTION.—The district courts of the
14 United States shall have jurisdiction over pro-
15 ceedings under this section and shall exercise the
16 same without regard to whether the party aggrieved
17 shall have exhausted any administrative or other
18 remedies that may be provided for by law.

19 (7) ABROGATION OF STATE IMMUNITY.—Nei-
20 ther a State that enforces or maintains, nor a gov-
21 ernment official who is permitted to implement or
22 enforce, any limitation or requirement that violates
23 subsection (a) shall be immune under the Tenth
24 Amendment to the Constitution of the United
25 States, the Eleventh Amendment to the Constitution

1 of the United States, or any other source of law,
2 from an action in a Federal or State court of com-
3 petent jurisdiction challenging that limitation or re-
4 quirement.

5 (8) RIGHT TO REMOVE.—Any party shall have
6 a right to remove an action brought under this sub-
7 section to the district court of the United States for
8 the district and division embracing the place where
9 such action is pending. An order remanding the case
10 to the State court from which it was removed under
11 this paragraph may be immediately reviewable by
12 appeal or otherwise.

13 (c) RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.—

14 (1) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this section shall
15 be construed to modify, supersede, or otherwise af-
16 flect the authority of any executive branch agency to
17 promulgate regulations or otherwise implement laws.

18 (2) OTHER INDIVIDUALS CONSIDERED AS GOV-
19 ERNMENT OFFICIALS.—Any person who, by oper-
20 ation of a provision of Federal or State law, is per-
21 mitted to implement or enforce a limitation or re-
22 quirement that violates this section shall be consid-
23 ered a government official for purposes of this Act.

1 **SEC. 4. PROHIBITION ON THE USE OF FEDERAL FUNDS.**

2 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no Fed-
3 eral funds may be used by a State, including through a
4 grant, contract, or cooperative agreement, to pursue legal
5 cases against residents or other individuals or entities, or
6 to take any other enforcement, disciplinary, or adverse li-
7 censing proceeding on the basis of such residents or other
8 individuals or entities providing or assisting with repro-
9 ductive health care services that are lawful in the State
10 in which the services are provided.

11 **SEC. 5. REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH CARE LEGAL SERVICES**

12 **DEFENSE FUND GRANTS.**

13 (a) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this section:

14 (1) **ELIGIBLE ENTITY.**—The term “eligible enti-
15 ty” means an individual, partnership, firm, corpora-
16 tion, or nonprofit organization that has a specific ex-
17 pertise in providing legal assistance and is licensed
18 to practice law.

19 (2) **ELIGIBLE PROVIDER.**—The term “eligible
20 provider” means a health care provider that—

21 (A) provides or refers for abortion care
22 services; and

23 (B) faces legal issues relating to providing
24 or assisting with reproductive health care serv-
25 ices.

1 (b) FUNDING.—There is appropriated to the Attorney General, out of amounts in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, \$40,000,000, to remain available until expended, for purposes of awarding grants to eligible entities or consortia of eligible entities to provide legal assistance to eligible providers.

7 (c) APPLICATION.—

8 (1) IN GENERAL.—An eligible entity desiring a grant under this section shall submit an application to the Attorney General at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Attorney General may require.

13 (2) JOINT APPLICATIONS.—Multiple eligible entities may submit a joint application that designates a single eligible entity as the lead entity for the purposes of receiving and disbursing funds received through a grant under this section.

18 (d) USE OF FUNDS.—An eligible entity may use amounts received under a grant under this section—

20 (1) to provide advice, legal services, or representation to eligible providers, related to providing or assisting with reproductive health care services under Federal, State, and local law;

24 (2) to educate eligible providers about the rights and obligations of the eligible provider related

1 to providing or assisting with reproductive health
2 care services under Federal, State, and local law;

3 (3) to monitor compliance by a State with Fed-
4 eral, State, and local laws related to providing or as-
5 sisting with reproductive health care services; and

6 (4) for any other activity the Attorney General
7 may reasonably prescribe that is related to providing
8 or assisting with reproductive health care services
9 under Federal, State, and local law.

10 **SEC. 6. REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH CARE SERVICES SECU-**
11 **RITY GRANTS.**

12 (a) IN GENERAL.—There is appropriated to the Sec-
13 retary of Health and Human Services (referred to in this
14 section as the “Secretary”), out of amounts in the Treas-
15 ury not otherwise appropriated, \$40,000,000, for purposes
16 of awarding grants to eligible providers (as defined in sec-
17 tion 5(a)(2)(A)) for enhanced security for staff and pa-
18 tients of such providers.

19 (b) APPLICATION.—An eligible provider (as defined
20 in section 5(a)) desiring a grant under this section shall
21 submit an application to the Secretary at such time, in
22 such manner, and containing such information as the Sec-
23 retary may require.

1 (c) USE OF FUNDS.—A recipient of a grant under
2 this section may use such grant funds for any of the fol-
3 lowing purposes:

4 (1) Providing physical upgrades to health care
5 facilities to improve security.

6 (2) Providing training in security to health care
7 staff.

8 (3) Improving capabilities to defend against
9 cyberattacks.

10 (4) Ensuring patient and provider data secu-
11 rity.

12 (5) Providing protective services to staff and
13 patients.

14 (6) Any other activity, as the Secretary deter-
15 mines appropriate.

16 **SEC. 7. FAIR LIABILITY INSURANCE.**

17 An issuer of professional liability coverage for health
18 care providers shall not—

19 (1) deny a health care provider professional li-
20 ability coverage because that provider offers, sup-
21 ports, provides, or prescribes lawful reproductive
22 health care services; or

23 (2) sue a health care provider because that pro-
24 vider provides lawful reproductive health care serv-
25 ices.

1 SEC. 8. SEVERABILITY.

2 If any provision of this Act, or the application of such
3 provision to any person, entity, government, or cir-
4 cumstance, is held to be unconstitutional, the remainder
5 of this Act, or the application of such provision to all other
6 persons, entities, governments, or circumstances, shall not
7 be affected thereby.

