H. R. 2876

To amend the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 to expand coverage under the Act, to increase protections for whistleblowers, to increase penalties for high gravity violations, to adjust penalties for inflation, to provide rights for victims or their family members, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

April 28, 2021

Mr. Courtney (for himself, Mr. Scott of Virginia, Ms. Adams, Mr. Larson of Connecticut, Mr. Mrvan, Ms. Moore of Wisconsin, Ms. Delauro, Mr. Sablan, Mr. Desaulnier, Ms. Pingree, Mr. Morelle, Mr. Grijalva, Mrs. Hayes, Mr. Garamendi, Ms. Castor of Florida, Ms. Schakowsky, Mr. Norcross, Ms. Wasserman Schultz, Ms. Omar, and Ms. Sherrill) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Education and Labor

A BILL

To amend the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 to expand coverage under the Act, to increase protections for whistleblowers, to increase penalties for high gravity violations, to adjust penalties for inflation, to provide rights for victims or their family members, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 2 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 3 "Protecting America's Workers Act".
- 4 (b) Table of Contents for
- 5 this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
 - TITLE I—COVERAGE OF PUBLIC EMPLOYEES, AUTHORIZED EMPLOYEE REPRESENTATIVES, VOLUNTARY EMERGENCY RESPONDERS, AND APPLICATION OF ACT
 - Sec. 101. Coverage of public employees.
 - Sec. 102. Authorized employee representatives.
 - Sec. 103. Application of Act.

TITLE II—INCREASING WHISTLEBLOWER PROTECTIONS

Sec. 201. Enhanced protections from retaliation.

TITLE III—IMPROVING REPORTING, INSPECTION, AND ENFORCEMENT

PART A—DUTIES AND STANDARDS

- Sec. 301. General duty of employers.
- Sec. 302. Occupational safety and health standards.

PART B—INSPECTIONS, INVESTIGATIONS, AND RECORDKEEPING

- Sec. 311. Posting of employee rights.
- Sec. 312. Employer reporting of work-related injuries, illness, deaths, and hospitalizations; prohibition on discouraging employee reporting.
- Sec. 313. No loss of employee pay for inspections.
- Sec. 314. Investigations of fatalities and significant incidents.
- Sec. 315. Recordkeeping.

PART C—CITATIONS

- Sec. 321. Period for issuance of a citation.
- Sec. 322. Prohibition on unclassified citations.

PART D—RIGHTS OF VICTIMS AND FAMILIES

Sec. 331. Rights of Victims and Families.

PART E—PROCEDURE FOR ENFORCEMENT

- Sec. 341. Right to contest citations and penalties.
- Sec. 342. Correction of serious, willful, or repeated violations pending contest and procedures for a stay.
- Sec. 343. Inaction by the Review Commission.
- Sec. 344. Conforming amendments.

PART F—PENALTIES

- Sec. 351. Civil penalties.
- Sec. 352. Criminal penalties.
- Sec. 353. Prejudgment interest.

TITLE IV—STATE PLANS

- Sec. 401. Concurrent enforcement authority and review of State occupational safety and health plans.
- Sec. 402. Evaluation of repeated violations in State plans.

TITLE V—NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH

- Sec. 501. Health hazard evaluations by the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health.
- Sec. 502. Training and employee education.

TITLE VI—EFFECTIVE DATE

Sec. 601. Effective date.

1 TITLE I—COVERAGE OF PUBLIC

- 2 EMPLOYEES, AUTHORIZED
- 3 EMPLOYEE REPRESENTA-
- 4 TIVES, VOLUNTARY EMER-
- 5 GENCY RESPONDERS, AND
- 6 APPLICATION OF ACT
- 7 SEC. 101. COVERAGE OF PUBLIC EMPLOYEES.
- 8 (a) In General.—Section 3(5) of the Occupational
- 9 Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 652(5)) is
- 10 amended by striking "but does not include" and all that
- 11 follows through the period at the end and inserting "in-
- 12 cluding the United States, a State, or a political subdivi-
- 13 sion of a State.".
- 14 (b) Construction.—Nothing in this Act shall be
- 15 construed to affect the application of section 18 of the Oc-

cupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 1 2 667). SEC. 102. AUTHORIZED EMPLOYEE REPRESENTATIVES. 4 Section 3 of the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 652) is amended by adding at the end 6 the following: 7 "(15) AUTHORIZED EMPLOYEE REPRESENTA-8 TIVE.—The term 'authorized employee representa-9 tive'— "(A) means any person or organization 10 11 that for the purposes of this Act represents not 12 less than one employee at an establishment, fac-13 tory, plant, construction site, or other work-14 place, or other environment where work is per-15 formed by an employee for an employer; and "(B) includes a representative authorized 16 17 by employees, a representative of employees, or 18 any other representative of an employee under 19 this Act.". 20 SEC. 103. APPLICATION OF ACT. 21 Section 4(b) of the Occupational Safety and Health 22 Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 653(b)(1)) is amended— 23 (1) by redesignating paragraphs (2), (3), and 24 (4) as paragraphs (5), (6), and (7), respectively; and

- 1 (2) by striking paragraph (1) and inserting the
- 2 following:
- 3 "(1) If a Federal agency has promulgated and is en-
- 4 forcing a standard or regulation affecting occupational
- 5 safety or health of some or all of the employees within
- 6 that agency's regulatory jurisdiction, and the Secretary
- 7 determines that such a standard or regulation as promul-
- 8 gated and the manner in which the standard or regulation
- 9 is being enforced provides protection to those employees
- 10 that is at least as effective as the protection provided to
- 11 those employees by this Act and the Secretary's enforce-
- 12 ment of this Act, the Secretary may publish a certification
- 13 notice in the Federal Register. The notice shall set forth
- 14 that determination and the reasons for the determination
- 15 and certify that the Secretary has ceded jurisdiction to
- 16 that Federal agency with respect to the specified standard
- 17 or regulation affecting occupational safety or health. In
- 18 determining whether to cede jurisdiction to a Federal
- 19 agency, the Secretary shall seek to avoid duplication of,
- 20 and conflicts between, health and safety requirements.
- 21 Such certification shall remain in effect unless and until
- 22 rescinded by the Secretary.
- 23 "(2) The Secretary shall, by regulation, establish pro-
- 24 cedures by which any person who may be adversely af-
- 25 fected by a decision of the Secretary certifying that the

- 1 Secretary has ceded jurisdiction to another Federal agency
- 2 pursuant to paragraph (1) may petition the Secretary to
- 3 rescind a certification notice under such paragraph. Upon
- 4 receipt of such a petition, the Secretary shall investigate
- 5 the matter involved and shall, not later than 90 days after
- 6 the receipt of the petition, publish a decision with respect
- 7 to the petition in the Federal Register.
- 8 "(3) Any person who may be adversely affected by—
- 9 "(A) a decision of the Secretary certifying that
- the Secretary has ceded jurisdiction to another Fed-
- eral agency pursuant to paragraph (1); or
- "(B) a decision of the Secretary denying a peti-
- tion to rescind such a certification notice under
- paragraph (1),
- 15 may, not later than 60 days after such decision is pub-
- 16 lished in the Federal Register, file a petition challenging
- 17 such decision with the United States Court of Appeals for
- 18 the circuit in which such person resides or such person
- 19 has a principal place of business, for judicial review of
- 20 such decision. A copy of the petition shall be forthwith
- 21 transmitted by the clerk of the court to the Secretary. The
- 22 Secretary's decision shall be set aside if found to be arbi-
- 23 trary, capricious, an abuse of discretion, or otherwise not
- 24 in accordance with law.

1	"(4) Nothing in this Act shall apply to working condi-
2	tions covered by the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act
3	of 1977 (30 U.S.C. 801 et seq.).".
4	TITLE II—INCREASING
5	WHISTLEBLOWER PROTECTIONS
6	SEC. 201. ENHANCED PROTECTIONS FROM RETALIATION.
7	(a) Employee Actions.—Section 11(c)(1) of the
8	Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C.
9	660(c)(1)) is amended—
10	(1) by striking "discharge" and all that follows
11	through "because such" and inserting the following:
12	"discharge or cause to be discharged, or in any man-
13	ner discriminate against or cause to be discriminated
14	against, any employee because—
15	"(A) such";
16	(2) by striking "this Act or has" and inserting
17	the following: "this Act;
18	"(B) such employee has";
19	(3) by striking "in any such proceeding or be-
20	cause of the exercise" and inserting the following:
21	"before Congress or in any Federal or State pro-
22	ceeding related to safety or health;
23	"(C) such employee has refused to violate any
24	provision of this Act; or
25	"(D) of the exercise": and

- 1 (4) by inserting before the period at the end the
- 2 following: ", including the reporting of any injury,
- 3 illness, or unsafe condition to the employer, agent of
- 4 the employer, safety and health committee involved,
- 5 or employee safety and health representative in-
- 6 volved".
- 7 (b) Prohibition of Retaliation.—Section 11(c)
- 8 of such Act (29 U.S.C. 660(c)) is amended by striking
- 9 paragraph (2) and inserting the following:
- 10 "(2) Prohibition of Retaliation.—(A) No person
- 11 shall discharge, or cause to be discharged, or in any man-
- 12 ner discriminate against, or cause to be discriminated
- 13 against, an employee for refusing to perform the employ-
- 14 ee's duties if the employee has a reasonable apprehension
- 15 that performing such duties would result in serious injury
- 16 to, or serious impairment of the health of, the employee
- 17 or other employees.
- 18 "(B) For purposes of subparagraph (A), the cir-
- 19 cumstances causing the employee's good-faith belief that
- 20 performing such duties would pose a safety or health haz-
- 21 ard shall be of such a nature that a reasonable person,
- 22 under the circumstances confronting the employee, would
- 23 conclude that there is such a hazard. In order to qualify
- 24 for protection under this paragraph, the employee, when
- 25 practicable, shall have communicated or attempted to com-

municate the safety or health concern to the employer and have not received from the employer a response reasonably 3 calculated to allay such concern.". 4 (c) Procedure.—Section 11(c) of such Act (29) U.S.C. 660(c)) is amended by striking paragraph (3) and inserting the following: 6 "(3) COMPLAINT.—Any employee who believes that 7 8 the employee has been discharged, disciplined, or otherwise discriminated against by any person in violation of paragraph (1) or (2) may seek relief for such violation 10 by filing a complaint with the Secretary under paragraph 12 (5).13 "(4) STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS.— "(A) IN GENERAL.—An employee may take the 14 15 action permitted by paragraph (3) not later than 180 days after the later of— 16 "(i) the date on which an alleged violation 17 18 of paragraph (1) or (2) occurs; or 19 "(ii) the date on which the employee knows 20 or should reasonably have known that such al-21 leged violation occurred. 22 "(B) Repeat violation.—Except in cases 23 when the employee has been discharged, a violation of paragraph (1) or (2) shall be considered to have 24

1	occurred on the last date an alleged repeat violation
2	occurred.
3	"(5) Investigation.—
4	"(A) In General.—An employee may, within
5	the time period required under paragraph (4)(A),
6	file a complaint with the Secretary alleging a viola-
7	tion of paragraph (1) or (2). If the complaint alleges
8	a prima facie case, the Secretary shall conduct an
9	investigation of the allegations in the complaint,
10	which—
11	"(i) shall include—
12	"(I) interviewing the complainant;
13	"(II) providing the respondent an op-
14	portunity to—
15	"(aa) submit to the Secretary a
16	written response to the complaint; and
17	"(bb) meet with the Secretary to
18	present statements from witnesses or
19	provide evidence; and
20	"(III) providing the complainant an
21	opportunity to—
22	"(aa) receive any statements or
23	evidence provided to the Secretary;
24	"(bb) meet with the Secretary;
25	and

1	"(cc) rebut any statements or
2	evidence; and
3	"(ii) may include issuing subpoenas for the
4	purposes of such investigation.
5	"(B) Decision.—Not later than 90 days after
6	the filing of the complaint, the Secretary shall—
7	"(i) determine whether reasonable cause
8	exists to believe that a violation of paragraph
9	(1) or (2) has occurred; and
10	"(ii) issue a decision granting or denying
11	relief.
12	"(6) Preliminary Order Following Investiga-
13	TION.—If, after completion of an investigation under
14	paragraph (5)(A), the Secretary finds reasonable cause to
15	believe that a violation of paragraph (1) or (2) has oc-
16	curred, the Secretary shall issue a preliminary order pro-
17	viding relief authorized under paragraph (14) at the same
18	time the Secretary issues a decision under paragraph
19	(5)(B). If a de novo hearing is not requested within the
20	time period required under paragraph (7)(A)(i), such pre-
21	liminary order shall be deemed a final order of the Sec-
22	retary and is not subject to judicial review.
23	"(7) Hearing.—
24	"(A) Request for hearing.—

1	"(i) In general.—A de novo hearing on
2	the record before an administrative law judge
3	may be requested—
4	"(I) by the complainant or respondent
5	within 30 days after receiving notification
6	of a decision granting or denying relief
7	issued under paragraph (5)(B) or a pre-
8	liminary order under paragraph (6), re-
9	spectively;
10	"(II) by the complainant within 30
11	days after the date the complaint is dis-
12	missed without investigation by the Sec-
13	retary under paragraph (5)(A); or
14	"(III) by the complainant within 120
15	days after the date of filing the complaint,
16	if the Secretary has not issued a decision
17	under paragraph (5)(B).
18	"(ii) Reinstatement order.—The re-
19	quest for a hearing shall not operate to stay
20	any preliminary reinstatement order issued
21	under paragraph (6).
22	"(B) Procedures.—
23	"(i) In General.—A hearing requested
24	under this paragraph shall be conducted expedi-
25	tiously and in accordance with rules established

by the Secretary for hearings conducted by administrative law judges.

"(ii) Subpoenas; production of evidence.—In conducting any such hearing, the administrative law judge may issue subpoenas. The respondent or complainant may request the issuance of subpoenas that require the deposition of, or the attendance and testimony of, witnesses and the production of any evidence (including any books, papers, documents, or recordings) relating to the matter under consideration.

"(iii) Decision.—The administrative law judge shall issue a decision not later than 90 days after the date on which a hearing was requested under this paragraph and promptly notify, in writing, the parties and the Secretary of such decision, including the findings of fact and conclusions of law. If the administrative law judge finds that a violation of paragraph (1) or (2) has occurred, the judge shall issue an order for relief under paragraph (14). If review under paragraph (8) is not timely requested, such order shall be deemed a final order of the Secretary that is not subject to judicial review.

"(8) Administrative Appeal.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days after the date of notification of a decision and order issued by an administrative law judge under paragraph (7), the complainant or respondent may file, with objections, an administrative appeal with an administrative review body designated by the Secretary (referred to in this paragraph as the 'review board').

"(B) STANDARD OF REVIEW.—In reviewing the decision and order of the administrative law judge, the review board shall affirm the decision and order if it is determined that the factual findings set forth therein are supported by substantial evidence and the decision and order are made in accordance with applicable law.

"(C) Decisions.—If the review board grants an administrative appeal, the review board shall issue a final decision and order affirming or reversing, in whole or in part, the decision under review by not later than 90 days after receipt of the administrative appeal. If it is determined that a violation of paragraph (1) or (2) has occurred, the review board shall issue a final decision and order providing relief authorized under paragraph (14). Such deci-

1	sion and order shall constitute final agency action
2	with respect to the matter appealed.
3	"(9) Settlement in the Administrative Proc-
4	ESS.—
5	"(A) In GENERAL.—At any time before
6	issuance of a final order, an investigation or pro-
7	ceeding under this subsection may be terminated on
8	the basis of a settlement agreement entered into by
9	the parties.
10	"(B) Public Policy considerations.—Nei-
11	ther the Secretary, an administrative law judge, nor
12	the review board conducting a hearing under this
13	subsection shall accept a settlement that contains
14	conditions conflicting with the rights protected under
15	this Act or that are contrary to public policy, includ-
16	ing a restriction on a complainant's right to future
17	employment with employers other than the specific
18	employers named in a complaint.
19	"(10) Inaction by the Review Board or Admin-
20	ISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE.—
21	"(A) In General.—The complainant may
22	bring a de novo action described in subparagraph
23	(B) if—
24	"(i) an administrative law judge has not
25	issued a decision and order within the 90-day

time period required under paragraph

(7)(B)(iii); or

"(ii) the review board has not issued a decision and order within the 90-day time period required under paragraph (8)(C).

"(B) DE NOVO ACTION.—Such de novo action may be brought at law or equity in the United States district court for the district where a violation of paragraph (1) or (2) allegedly occurred or where the complainant resided on the date of such alleged violation. The court shall have jurisdiction over such action without regard to the amount in controversy and to order appropriate relief under paragraph (14). Such action shall, at the request of either party to such action, be tried by the court with a jury.

"(11) Judicial Review.—

"(A) TIMELY APPEAL TO THE COURT OF APPEALS.—Any party adversely affected or aggrieved by a final decision and order issued under this subsection may obtain review of such decision and order in the United States Court of Appeals for the circuit where the violation, with respect to which such final decision and order was issued, allegedly occurred or where the complainant resided on the date of such

- 1 alleged violation. To obtain such review, a party
- 2 shall file a petition for review not later than 60 days
- 3 after the final decision and order was issued. Such
- 4 review shall conform to chapter 7 of title 5, United
- 5 States Code. The commencement of proceedings
- 6 under this subparagraph shall not, unless ordered by
- 7 the court, operate as a stay of the final decision and
- 8 order.
- 9 "(B) Limitation on collateral attack.—
- 10 An order and decision with respect to which review
- may be obtained under subparagraph (A) shall not
- be subject to judicial review in any criminal or other
- civil proceeding.
- 14 "(12) Enforcement of Order.—If a respondent
- 15 fails to comply with an order issued under this subsection,
- 16 the Secretary or the complainant on whose behalf the
- 17 order was issued may file a civil action for enforcement
- 18 in the United States district court for the district in which
- 19 the violation was found to occur to enforce such order.
- 20 If both the Secretary and the complainant file such action,
- 21 the action of the Secretary shall take precedence. The dis-
- 22 trict court shall have jurisdiction to grant all appropriate
- 23 relief described in paragraph (14).
- 24 "(13) Burdens of Proof.—

"(A) Criteria for determination.—In making a determination or adjudicating a complaint pursuant to this subsection, the Secretary, administrative law judge, review board, or a court may determine that a violation of paragraph (1) or (2) has occurred only if the complainant demonstrates that any conduct described in paragraph (1) or (2) with respect to the complainant was a contributing factor in the adverse action alleged in the complaint.

"(B) PROHIBITION.—Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), a decision or order that is favorable to the complainant shall not be issued in any administrative or judicial action pursuant to this subsection if the respondent demonstrates by clear and convincing evidence that the respondent would have taken the same adverse action in the absence of such conduct.

"(14) Relief.—

"(A) ORDER FOR RELIEF.—If the Secretary, administrative law judge, review board, or a court determines that a violation of paragraph (1) or (2) has occurred, the Secretary, administrative law judge, review board, or court, respectively, shall have jurisdiction to order all appropriate relief, including

1	injunctive relief, compensatory and exemplary dam-
2	ages, including—
3	"(i) affirmative action to abate the viola-
4	tion;
5	"(ii) reinstatement without loss of position
6	or seniority, and restoration of the terms,
7	rights, conditions, and privileges associated with
8	the complainant's employment, including oppor-
9	tunities for promotions to positions with equiva-
10	lent or better compensation for which the com-
11	plainant is qualified;
12	"(iii) compensatory and consequential
13	damages sufficient to make the complainant
14	whole (including back pay, prejudgment inter-
15	est, and other damages); and
16	"(iv) expungement of all warnings, rep-
17	rimands, or derogatory references that have
18	been placed in paper or electronic records or
19	databases of any type relating to the actions by
20	the complainant that gave rise to the unfavor-
21	able personnel action, and, at the complainant's
22	direction, transmission of a copy of the decision
23	on the complaint to any person whom the com-
24	plainant reasonably believes may have received
25	such unfavorable information.

"(B) ATTORNEYS' FEES AND COSTS.—If the 1 2 Secretary or an administrative law judge, review board, or court grants an order for relief under sub-3 4 paragraph (A), the Secretary, administrative law 5 judge, review board, or court, respectively, shall as-6 sess, at the request of the employee against the em-7 ployer— "(i) reasonable attorneys' fees; and 8 9 "(ii) costs (including expert witness fees) reasonably incurred, as determined by the Sec-10 11 retary, administrative law judge, review board, 12 or court, respectively, in connection with bring-13 ing the complaint upon which the order was 14 issued. 15 "(15) Procedural Rights.—The rights and remedies provided for in this subsection may not be waived 16 by any agreement, policy, form, or condition of employ-17 18 ment, including by any pre-dispute arbitration agreement 19 or collective bargaining agreement. 20 "(16) Savings.—Nothing in this subsection shall be 21 construed to diminish the rights, privileges, or remedies 22 of any employee who exercises rights under any Federal 23 or State law or common law, or under any collective bar-

25 "(17) Election of Venue.—

gaining agreement.

24

1	"(A) In general.—An employee of an em-
2	ployer who is located in a State that has a State
3	plan approved under section 18 may file a complaint
4	alleging a violation of paragraph (1) or (2) by such
5	employer with—
6	"(i) the Secretary under paragraph (5); or
7	"(ii) a State plan administrator in such
8	State.
9	"(B) Referrals.—If—
10	"(i) the Secretary receives a complaint
11	pursuant to subparagraph (A)(i), the Secretary
12	shall not refer such complaint to a State plan
13	administrator for resolution; or
14	"(ii) a State plan administrator receives a
15	complaint pursuant to subparagraph (A)(ii), the
16	State plan administrator shall not refer such
17	complaint to the Secretary for resolution.".
18	(d) Relation to Enforcement.—Section 17(j) of
19	such Act (29 U.S.C. 666(j)) is amended by inserting be-
20	fore the period the following: ", including the history of
21	violations under section $11(c)$ "

1	TITLE III—IMPROVING REPORT-
2	ING, INSPECTION, AND EN-
3	FORCEMENT
4	PART A—DUTIES AND STANDARDS
5	SEC. 301. GENERAL DUTY OF EMPLOYERS.
6	Section 5 of the Occupational Safety and Health Act
7	of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 654(a)(1)) is amended—
8	(1) in subsection (a), by amending paragraph
9	(1) to read as follows:
10	"(1) shall furnish employment and a place of
11	employment that are free from recognized hazards
12	that are causing or are likely to cause death or seri-
13	ous physical harm and that the employer creates or
14	controls or to which the employer exposes any em-
15	ployee of the employer or any other person per-
16	forming work at the place of employment; and"; and
17	(2) by adding at the end the following new sub-
18	section:
19	"(c) Each employee or other person exposed to a haz-
20	ard in violation of subsection (a) may constitute a separate
21	violation.".
22	SEC. 302. OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH STAND-
23	ARDS.
24	Section 6 of the Occupational Safety and Health Act
25	of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 655) is amended—

1	(1) in subsection (a)—
2	(A) by striking "Without regard" and in-
3	serting "(1) Without regard";
4	(B) by striking "chapter 5" and inserting
5	"chapters 5 and 6";
6	(C) by striking "shall, as soon as prac-
7	ticable" and inserting the following: "shall—"
8	"(A) as soon as practicable";
9	(D) by striking "In the" and inserting the
10	following:
11	"(2) In the";
12	(E) by striking "designated employees."
13	and inserting "designated employees; and";
14	(F) by adding at the end of paragraph (1)
15	(as designated by subparagraph (A)) the fol-
16	lowing:
17	"(B) not later than 2 years after the effec-
18	tive date of section 601(a) of the Protecting
19	America's Workers Act, by rule update any na-
20	tional consensus standard that has been pro-
21	mulgated or incorporated by reference pursuant
22	to this subsection, except that such a standard
23	shall not be updated pursuant to this subpara-
24	graph, if—

1	"(i) the standard has been superseded
2	by a standard promulgated pursuant to
3	subsection (b); or
4	"(ii) the Secretary determines such
5	update would not result in improved health
6	or safety for specifically designated em-
7	ployees."; and
8	(G) in paragraph (2) (as designated by
9	subparagraph (D)), by inserting "including na-
10	tional consensus standards, or in the event of a
11	consolidation of national consensus standards,"
12	after "conflict among any such standards,";
13	and
14	(2) by adding at the end the following:
15	"(h) No standard, rule, or regulation promulgated
16	under this Act shall reduce the protection afforded by an
17	existing health or safety standard, rule, regulation, or na-
18	tional consensus standard.".
19	PART B—INSPECTIONS, INVESTIGATIONS, AND
20	RECORDKEEPING
21	SEC. 311. POSTING OF EMPLOYEE RIGHTS.
22	Section 8(c)(1) of the Occupational Safety and
23	Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 657(c)(1)) is amended by
24	adding at the end the following new sentence: "Such regu-
25	lations shall include provisions requiring employers to post

1	for employees information on the protections afforded
2	under section 11(c).".
3	SEC. 312. EMPLOYER REPORTING OF WORK-RELATED INJU-
4	RIES, ILLNESS, DEATHS, AND HOSPITALIZA-
5	TIONS; PROHIBITION ON DISCOURAGING EM-
6	PLOYEE REPORTING.
7	Section $8(e)(2)$ of such Act $(29 \text{ U.S.C. } 657(e)(2))$ is
8	amended by adding at the end the following: "Such regula-
9	tions shall contain the following:
10	"(A) A requirement that employers promptly
11	notify the Secretary of any work-related death or
12	work-related injury or illness that results in the in-
13	patient hospitalization of any employee for medical
14	treatment, amputation, or loss of an eye.
15	"(B) A prohibition on the adoption or imple-
16	mentation by employers of policies or practices that
17	have the effect of discouraging accurate record-
18	keeping and the reporting of work-related injuries or
19	illnesses by any employee, or in any manner dis-
20	criminates or provides for adverse action against any
21	employee for reporting a work-related injury or ill-
22	ness.
23	"(C) A requirement that, at a minimum, em-
24	ployers subject to the requirements of sections

1904.41 and 1902.7(d) of title 29, Code of Federal

25

Regulations (as amended by the final regulations of the Department of Labor published in the Federal Register on May 12, 2016 (81 Fed. Reg. 29624 et seq.)) shall, on at least an annual basis, electronically report to the Secretary information from the records of work-related deaths, injuries, and illnesses required to be made and maintained under this paragraph, which shall include the information required to be made and maintained in accordance with such sections 1904.41 and 1902.7(d), and a requirement that the Secretary make such reports available to the public in a searchable format.

"(D) A requirement that each site-controlling employer keep, maintain, and make available a site log for all recordable injuries and illnesses occurring for any employee at each work site for which the employer is the site-controlling employer, including employees of the site-controlling employer and others who are performing work at such site (including independent contractors). For purposes of this subparagraph, the term 'site-controlling employer' means the employer that has primary control over a work site at which employees of more than one employer work, such as by hiring or coordinating the work of other employers working at the site.".

1 SEC. 313. NO LOSS OF EMPLOYEE PAY FOR INSPECTIONS.

- 2 Section 8(e) of such Act (29 U.S.C. 657(e)) is
- 3 amended by inserting after the first sentence the fol-
- 4 lowing: "Time spent by an employee participating in or
- 5 aiding any such inspection shall be deemed to be hours
- 6 worked and no employee shall suffer any loss of wages,
- 7 benefits, or other terms and conditions of employment for
- 8 having participated in or aided any such inspection.".

9 SEC. 314. INVESTIGATIONS OF FATALITIES AND SIGNIFI-

- 10 CANT INCIDENTS.
- Section 8 of such Act (29 U.S.C. 657), as amended
- 12 by sections 311 through 313, is further amended by add-
- 13 ing at the end the following new subsection:
- 14 "(i) Investigation of Fatalities and Serious
- 15 Incidents.—
- 16 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall inves-
- tigate any significant incident or an incident result-
- ing in death that occurs in a place of employment.
- 19 "(2) EVIDENCE PRESERVATION.—If a signifi-
- 20 cant incident or an incident resulting in death oc-
- 21 curs in a place of employment, the employer shall
- promptly notify the Secretary of the incident in-
- volved and shall take appropriate measures to pre-
- vent the destruction or alteration of any evidence
- 25 that would assist in investigating the incident. The
- appropriate measures required by this paragraph do

not prevent an employer from taking action on a worksite to prevent injury to employees or substantial damage to property or to avoid disruption of essential services necessary to public safety, provided that if an employer takes such action, the employer shall notify the Secretary of the action in a timely fashion.

"(3) Definitions.—In this subsection:

"(A) Incident resulting in death' means an incident that results in the death of an employee.

"(B) SIGNIFICANT INCIDENT.—The term 'significant incident' means an incident that results in the in-patient hospitalization of 2 or more employees for medical treatment.".

17 SEC. 315. RECORDKEEPING.

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18 (a) RULE REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days after 19 the date of enactment of this Act, the Occupational Safety 20 and Health Administration shall issue a final rule amend-21 ing its recordkeeping regulations under section 8(c) of the 22 Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C.

23 657(c)) to clarify that—

	29
1	(1) the duty to make and maintain accurate
2	records of work-related injuries and illnesses is an
3	ongoing obligation;
4	(2) the duty to make and maintain such records
5	continues for as long as the employer is required to
6	keep records of the recordable injury or illness; and
7	(3) such duty does not expire solely because the
8	employer fails to create the necessary records when
9	first required to do so.
10	(b) Authorization.—Subsection (a) shall be consid-
11	ered a specific authorization by Congress in accordance
12	with section 801(b)(2) of title 5, United States Code, with
13	respect to the issuance of a new recordkeeping rule.
14	PART C—CITATIONS
15	SEC. 321. PERIOD FOR ISSUANCE OF A CITATION.
16	Section 9(c) of the Occupational Safety and Health
17	Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 658(c)) is amended by adding at
18	the end the following: "For purposes of this subsection,
19	a violation continues to occur for as long as an employer
20	has not satisfied the requirements, rules, standards, or-
21	ders, and regulations referenced in subsection (a).".
22	SEC. 322. PROHIBITION ON UNCLASSIFIED CITATIONS.
23	Section 9 of the Occupational Safety and Health Act

of $1970~(29~\mathrm{U.S.C.}~658)$ is further amended by adding

"(d) No citation for a violation of this Act may be 1 issued, modified, or settled under this section without a 3 designation enumerated in section 17 with respect to such violation.". 4 5 PART D—RIGHTS OF VICTIMS AND FAMILIES 6 SEC. 331. RIGHTS OF VICTIMS AND FAMILIES. 7 The Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29) 8 U.S.C. 651 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 9 (29 U.S.C. 658) the following: "SEC. 9A. VICTIMS' RIGHTS. 10 11 "(a) RIGHTS BEFORE THE SECRETARY.—A victim or 12 the representative of a victim, shall be afforded the right, with respect to an inspection or investigation conducted 13 14 under section 8 to— 15 "(1) meet with the Secretary regarding the in-16 spection or investigation conducted under such sec-17 tion before the Secretary's decision to issue a cita-18 tion or take no action; 19 "(2) receive, at no cost, a copy of any citation 20 or report, issued as a result of such inspection or in-21 vestigation, at the same time as the employer re-22 ceives such citation or report; 23 "(3) be informed of any notice of contest or ad-24 dition of parties to the proceedings filed under sec-25 tion 10(c); and

"(4) be provided notification of the date and 1 2 time or any proceedings, service of pleadings, and 3 other relevant documents, and an explanation of the 4 rights of the employer, employee and employee rep-5 resentative, and victim to participate in proceedings 6 conducted under section 10(c). "(b) RIGHTS BEFORE THE COMMISSION.—Upon re-7 8 quest, a victim or representative of a victim shall be afforded the right with respect to a work-related bodily in-10 jury or death to— "(1) be notified of the time and date of any 11 12 proceeding before the Commission; "(2) receive pleadings and any decisions relat-13 14 ing to the proceedings; and "(3) be provided an opportunity to appear and 15 16 make a statement in accordance with the rules pre-17 scribed by the Commission. 18 "(c) Modification of Citation.—Before entering into an agreement to withdraw or modify a citation issued 19 20 as a result of an inspection or investigation of an incident 21 under section 8, the Secretary shall notify a victim or rep-22 resentative of a victim and provide the victim or represent-23 ative of a victim with an opportunity to appear and make

a statement before the parties conducting settlement nego-

tiations. In lieu of an appearance, the victim or represent-

ative of the victim may elect to submit a letter to the Sec-2 retary and the parties. 3 "(d) Secretary Procedures.—The Secretary shall establish procedures— "(1) to inform victims of their rights under this 5 6 section; and 7 "(2) for the informal review of any claim of a 8 denial of such a right. 9 "(e) Commission Procedures and Consider-ATIONS.—The Commission shall— 10 "(1) establish procedures relating to the rights 11 12 of victims to be heard in proceedings before the 13 Commission; and "(2) in rendering any decision, provide due con-14 15 sideration to any statement or information provided 16 by any victim before the Commission. 17 "(f) Family Liaisons.—The Secretary shall designate at least 1 employee at each area office of the Occu-18 pational Safety and Health Administration to serve as a 19 family liaison to— 20 "(1) keep victims informed of the status of in-21 22 vestigations, enforcement actions, and settlement ne-23 gotiations; and "(2) assist victims in asserting their rights 24 25 under this section.

1	"(g) Definition.—In this section, the term 'victim'
2	means—
3	"(1) an employee, including a former employee,
4	who has sustained a work-related injury or illness
5	that is the subject of an inspection or investigation
6	conducted under section 8; or
7	"(2) a family member (as further defined by
8	the Secretary) of a victim described in paragraph
9	(1), if—
10	"(A) the victim dies as a result of an inci-
11	dent that is the subject of an inspection or in-
12	vestigation conducted under section 8; or
13	"(B) the victim sustains a work-related in-
14	jury or illness that is the subject of an inspec-
15	tion or investigation conducted under section 8,
16	and the victim because of incapacity cannot rea-
17	sonably exercise the rights under this section.".
18	PART E—PROCEDURE FOR ENFORCEMENT
19	SEC. 341. RIGHT TO CONTEST CITATIONS AND PENALTIES.
20	Section 10(e) of the Occupational Safety and Health
21	Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 659(c)) is amended—
22	(1) in the first sentence—
23	(A) by inserting after "that he intends to
24	contest a citation issued under section (9)" the

1	following: "(or a modification of a citation
2	issued under this section)";
3	(B) by inserting after "the issuance of a
4	citation under section 9" the following: "(in-
5	cluding a modification of a citation issued
6	under such section)"; and
7	(C) by inserting after "files a notice with
8	the Secretary alleging" the following: "that the
9	citation fails properly to designate the violation
10	as serious, willful, or repeated, that the pro-
11	posed penalty is not adequate, or";
12	(2) by inserting after the first sentence, the fol-
13	lowing: "The pendency of a contest before the Com-
14	mission shall not bar the Secretary from inspecting
15	a place of employment or from issuing a citation
16	under section 9."; and
17	(3) by amending the last sentence—
18	(A) by inserting "employers and" after
19	"Commission shall provide"; and
20	(B) by inserting before the period at the
21	end ", and notification of any modification of a
22	citation".

1	SEC. 342. CORRECTION OF SERIOUS, WILLFUL, OR RE-
2	PEATED VIOLATIONS PENDING CONTEST AND
3	PROCEDURES FOR A STAY.
4	Section 10 of the Occupational Safety and Health Act
5	of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 659) is further amended by adding
6	at the end the following:
7	"(d) Correction of Serious, Willful, or Re-
8	PEATED VIOLATIONS PENDING CONTEST AND PROCE-
9	DURES FOR A STAY.—
10	"(1) Period Permitted for Correction of
11	SERIOUS, WILLFUL, OR REPEATED VIOLATIONS.—
12	For each violation which the Secretary designates as
13	serious, willful, or repeated, the period permitted for
14	the correction of the violation shall begin to run
15	upon receipt of the citation.
16	"(2) FILING OF A MOTION OF CONTEST.—The
17	filing of a notice of contest by an employer—
18	"(A) shall not operate as a stay of the pe-
19	riod for correction of a violation designated as
20	serious, willful, or repeated; and
21	"(B) may operate as a stay of the period
22	for correction of a violation not designated by
23	the Secretary as serious, willful, or repeated.
24	"(3) Criteria and rules of procedure for
2.5	STAYS —

1	"(A) MOTION FOR A STAY.—An employer
2	that receives a citation alleging a violation des-
3	ignated as serious, willful, or repeated and that
4	files a notice of contest to the citation asserting
5	that the time set for abatement of the alleged
6	violation is unreasonable or challenging the ex-
7	istence of the alleged violation may file with the
8	Commission a motion to stay the period for the
9	abatement of the violation.
10	"(B) Criteria.—In determining whether
11	a stay should be issued on the basis of a motion
12	filed under subparagraph (A), the Commission
13	may grant a stay only if the employer has dem-
14	onstrated—
15	"(i) a substantial likelihood of success
16	on the areas contested under subparagraph
17	(A); and
18	"(ii) that a stay will not adversely af-
19	fect the health and safety of workers.
20	"(C) Rules of Procedure.—The Com-
21	mission shall develop rules of procedure for con-
22	ducting a hearing on a motion filed under sub-
23	paragraph (A) on an expedited basis. At a min-
24	imum, such rules shall provide:

istrative law judge shall occur not later
than 15 days following the filing of the
motion for a stay (unless extended at the
request of the employer), and shall provide
for a decision on the motion not later than
that days following the hearing (unless extended at the request of the employer).

"(ii) That a decision of an administrative law judge on a motion for stay is rendered on a timely basis.

"(iii) That if a party is aggrieved by a decision issued by an administrative law judge regarding the stay, such party has the right to file an objection with the Commission not later than 5 days after receipt of the administrative law judge's decision. Within 10 days after receipt of the objection, a Commissioner, if a quorum is seated pursuant to section 12(f), shall decide whether to grant review of the objection. If, within 10 days after receipt of the objection, no decision is made on whether to review the decision of the administrative law judge, the Commission declines to re-

1 view such decision, or no quorum is seated, 2 the decision of the administrative law 3 judge shall become a final order of the Commission. If the Commission grants review of the objection, the Commission shall 6 issue a decision regarding the stay not 7 later than 30 days after receipt of the ob-8 jection. If the Commission fails to issue 9 such decision within 30 days, the decision 10 of the administrative law judge shall be-11 come a final order of the Commission. 12 "(iv) For notification to employees or 13 representatives of affected employees of re-14 quests for such hearings and shall provide 15 affected employees or representatives of af-16 fected employees an opportunity to partici-17 pate as parties to such hearings.". 18 SEC. 343. INACTION BY THE REVIEW COMMISSION. 19 Section 10 of the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 659), as amended by sections 341 and 20 21 342, is further amended by adding at the end the fol-22 lowing: 23 "(e) INACTION BY REVIEW COMMISSION.—

"(1) In general.—A decision or order issued

by an administrative law judge of the Commission

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- 1 for which a petition for review has been filed in a 2 timely manner, and for which 1 year after the Com-3 mission has accepted such petition and directed that 4 such petition be reviewed by the Commission, the Commission has failed to issue a final decision or 5 6 order because the Commission lacks a quorum— 7 "(A) shall be deemed a final decision or 8 order of the Commission; and 9 "(B) may be appealed pursuant to section 10 11(a). 11 "(2) Exception.—Paragraph (1) shall not 12 apply with respect to motions to stay filed under 13 subsection (d)(3).". 14 SEC. 344. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS. 15 (a) VIOLATIONS DESIGNATED AS SERIOUS, WILL-FUL, OR REPEATED.—The first sentence of section 10(b) 16 of the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 659(b)) is amended by inserting ", with the excep-18 tion of violations designated as serious, willful, or re-19 peated," after "(which period shall not begin to run". 21 (b) JUDICIAL REVIEW.—The first sentence of section 22 11(a) of the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970
- 24 (1) by inserting "(or the failure of the Commis-25 sion, including an administrative law judge, to make

(29 U.S.C. 660(a)) is amended—

- 1 a timely decision on a petition for a stay or other 2 review)" after "an order";
- 3 (2) by striking "subsection (c)" and inserting "subsection (c), (d), or (e)"; and
- 5 (3) by inserting "(or in the case of a petition 6 from a final Commission order regarding a stay 7 under section 10(d), 15 days)" after "sixty days".
- 8 (c) FAILURE TO CORRECT VIOLATIONS.—Section 9 17(d) of the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 0 (20 U.S.C. 666(d)) is amonded to read as follows
- 10 (29 U.S.C. 666(d)) is amended to read as follows: 11 "(d) Any employer who fails to correct a violation 12 designated by the Secretary as serious, willful, or repeated 13 and for which a citation has been issued under section 9(a) within the period permitted for its correction (and a stay 14 15 has not been issued by the Commission under section 16 10(d)) may be assessed a civil penalty of not more than 17 \$7,000 for each day during which such failure or violation 18 continues. Any employer who fails to correct any other vio-19 lation for which a citation has been issued under section 20 9(a) of this title within the period permitted for its correc-21 tion (which period shall not begin to run until the date of the final order of the Commission in the case of any 23 review proceeding under section 10 initiated by the employer in good faith and not solely for delay of avoidance

of penalties) may be assessed a civil penalty of not more

than \$7,000 for each day during which such failure or vio-2 lation continues.". 3 PART F—PENALTIES SEC. 351. CIVIL PENALTIES. 5 (a) In General.—Section 17 of the Occupational 6 Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 666) is further 7 amended— 8 (1) in subsection (a)— 9 (A) by striking "\$70,000" and inserting 10 "\$136,532"; (B) by striking "\$5,000" and inserting 11 "\$9,753"; and 12 13 (C) by adding at the end the following: "In 14 determining whether a violation is repeated, the 15 Secretary or the Commission shall consider the 16 employer's history of violations under this Act 17 and under State occupational safety and health 18 plans established under section 18. If such a 19 willful or repeated violation caused or contrib-20 uted to the death of an employee, such civil 21 penalty amounts shall be increased to not more 22 than \$250,000 for each such violation, but not 23 less than \$50,000 for each such violation, ex-24 cept that for an employer with 25 or fewer em-

1	ployees such penalty shall not be less than
2	\$25,000 for each such violation.";
3	(2) in subsection (b)—
4	(A) by striking "\$7,000" and inserting
5	"\$13,653"; and
6	(B) by adding at the end the following: "If
7	such a violation caused or contributed to the
8	death of an employee, such civil penalty
9	amounts shall be increased to not more than
10	\$50,000 for each such violation, but not less
11	than \$20,000 for each such violation, except
12	that for an employer with 25 or fewer employ-
13	ees such penalty shall not be less than \$10,000
14	for each such violation.";
15	(3) in subsection (c), by striking "\$7,000" and
16	inserting "\$13,653";
17	(4) in subsection (d), as amended by section
18	344(c), by striking "\$7,000" each place it occurs
19	and inserting "\$13,653";
20	(5) by redesignating subsections (e) through (i)
21	and subsections (j) through (l), as subsections (f)
22	through (j) and subsections (l) through (n), respec-
23	tively; and
24	(6) in subsection (j) (as so redesignated) by
25	striking "\$7,000" and inserting "\$13,653".

- 1 (b) Inflation Adjustment.—Section 17 of such
- 2 Act (29 U.S.C. 666), as amended by subsection (a), is fur-
- 3 ther amended by inserting after subsection (d) the fol-
- 4 lowing:
- 5 "(e) Amounts provided under this section for civil
- 6 penalties shall be adjusted by the Secretary once each
- 7 year, not later than January 15 of such year, to account
- 8 for the percentage increase or decrease in the Consumer
- 9 Price Index for all urban consumers during such period,
- 10 consistent with the requirements of the Federal Civil Pen-
- 11 alties Inflation Adjustment Act of 1990 (28 U.S.C. 2461
- 12 note).".
- 13 SEC. 352. CRIMINAL PENALTIES.
- 14 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 17 of the Occupational
- 15 Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 666) (as
- 16 amended by section 351) is further amended—
- 17 (1) by amending subsection (f) (as redesignated
- by section 351(a)(5)) to read as follows:
- 19 ``(f)(1) Any employer who knowingly violates any
- 20 standard, rule, or order promulgated under section 6 of
- 21 this Act, or of any regulation prescribed under this Act,
- 22 and that violation caused or significantly contributed to
- 23 the death of any employee, shall, upon conviction, be pun-
- 24 ished by a fine in accordance with title 18, United States
- 25 Code, or by imprisonment for not more than 10 years, or

- 1 both, except that if the conviction is for a violation com-
- 2 mitted after a first conviction of such person under this
- 3 subsection or subsection (i), punishment shall be by a fine
- 4 in accordance title 18, United States Code, or by imprison-
- 5 ment for not more than 20 years, or by both.
- 6 "(2) For the purpose of this subsection, the term 'em-
- 7 ployer' means, in addition to the definition contained in
- 8 section 3 of this Act, any officer or director.";
- 9 (2) by amending subsection (g) (as redesignated
- by section 351(a)(5)) to read as follows:
- 11 "(g) Unless otherwise authorized by this Act, any
- 12 person that knowingly gives, causes to give, or attempts
- 13 to give or cause to give, advance notice of any inspection
- 14 conducted under this Act with the intention of impeding,
- 15 interfering with, or adversely affecting the results of such
- 16 inspection, shall be fined under title 18, United States
- 17 Code, imprisoned for not more than 5 years, or both.";
- 18 (3) in subsection (h) (as redesignated by section
- 19 351(a)(5)), by striking "fine of not more than
- \$10,000, or by imprisonment for not more than six
- 21 months," and inserting "fine in accordance with title
- 22 18, United States Code, or by imprisonment for not
- 23 more than 5 years,"; and
- 24 (4) by inserting after subsection (j) (as redesig-
- nated by section 351(a)(5)) the following:

- 1 "(k)(1) Any employer who knowingly violates any
- 2 standard, rule, or order promulgated under section 6, or
- 3 any regulation prescribed under this Act, and that viola-
- 4 tion caused or significantly contributed to serious bodily
- 5 harm to any employee but does not cause death to any
- 6 employee, shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine in
- 7 accordance with title 18, United States Code, or by impris-
- 8 onment for not more than 5 years, or by both, except that
- 9 if the conviction is for a violation committed after a first
- 10 conviction of such person under this subsection or sub-
- 11 section (e), punishment shall be by a fine in accordance
- 12 with title 18, United States Code, or by imprisonment for
- 13 not more than 10 years, or by both.
- 14 "(2) For the purpose of this subsection, the term 'em-
- 15 ployer' means, in addition to the definition contained in
- 16 section 3 of this Act, any officer or director.
- 17 "(3) For purposes of this subsection, the term 'seri-
- 18 ous bodily harm' means bodily injury or illness that in-
- 19 volves—
- 20 "(A) a substantial risk of death;
- 21 "(B) protracted unconsciousness;
- 22 "(C) protracted and obvious physical disfigure-
- 23 ment; or

- 1 "(D) protracted loss or impairment, either tem-
- 2 porary or permanent, of the function of a bodily
- member, organ, or mental faculty.".
- 4 (b) Jurisdiction for Prosecution Under State
- 5 AND LOCAL CRIMINAL LAWS.—Such section 17 (29)
- 6 U.S.C. 666) is further amended by adding at the end the
- 7 following:
- 8 "(o) Nothing in this Act shall preclude a State or
- 9 local law enforcement agency from conducting criminal
- 10 prosecutions in accordance with the laws of such State or
- 11 locality.".
- 12 SEC. 353. PREJUDGMENT INTEREST.
- 13 Section 17(n) of the Occupational Safety and Health
- 14 Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 666(n)) (as redesignated by sec-
- 15 tion 351(a)(5)) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
- 16 lowing: "Pre-final order interest on such penalties shall
- 17 begin to accrue on the date the party contests a citation
- 18 issued under this Act, and shall end upon the issuance
- 19 of the final order. Such pre-final order interest shall be
- 20 calculated at the current underpayment rate determined
- 21 by the Secretary of the Treasury pursuant to section 6621
- 22 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, and shall be com-
- 23 pounded daily. Post-final order interest shall begin to ac-
- 24 crue 30 days after the date a final order of the Commis-

1	sion or the court is issued, and shall be charged at the
2	rate of 8 percent per year.".
3	TITLE IV—STATE PLANS
4	SEC. 401. CONCURRENT ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITY AND
5	REVIEW OF STATE OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY
6	AND HEALTH PLANS.
7	Section 18 of the Occupational Safety and Health Act
8	of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 668) is amended—
9	(1) by amending subsection (f) to read as fol-
10	lows:
11	"(f)(1) The Secretary shall, on the basis of reports
12	submitted by the State agency and the Secretary's own
13	inspections, make a continuing evaluation of the manner
14	in which each State that has a plan approved under this
15	section is carrying out such plan. Such evaluation shall
16	include an assessment of whether the State continues to
17	meet the requirements of subsection (c) of this section and
18	any other criteria or indices of effectiveness specified by
19	the Secretary in regulations. Whenever the Secretary
20	finds, on the basis of such evaluation, that in the adminis-
21	tration of the State plan there is a failure to comply sub-
22	stantially with any provision of the State plan (or any as-
23	surance contained therein), the Secretary shall make an
24	initial determination of whether the failure is of such a
25	nature that the plan should be withdrawn or whether the

- 1 failure is of such a nature that the State should be given
- 2 the opportunity to remedy the deficiencies, and provide no-
- 3 tice of the Secretary's findings and initial determination.
- 4 "(2) If the Secretary makes an initial determination
- 5 to reassert and exercise concurrent enforcement authority
- 6 while the State is given an opportunity to remedy the defi-
- 7 ciencies, the Secretary shall afford the State an oppor-
- 8 tunity for a public hearing within 15 days of such request,
- 9 provided that such request is made not later than 10 days
- 10 after Secretary's notice to the State. The Secretary shall
- 11 review and consider the testimony, evidence, or written
- 12 comments, and not later than 30 days following such hear-
- 13 ing, make a determination to affirm, reverse, or modify
- 14 the Secretary's initial determination to reassert and exer-
- 15 cise concurrent enforcement authority under sections 8, 9,
- 16 10, 13, and 17 with respect to standards promulgated
- 17 under section 6 and obligations under section 5(a). Fol-
- 18 lowing such a determination by the Secretary, or in the
- 19 event that the State does not request a hearing within the
- 20 timeframe set forth in this paragraph, the Secretary may
- 21 reassert and exercise such concurrent enforcement author-
- 22 ity, while a final determination is pending under para-
- 23 graph (3) or until the Secretary has determined that the
- 24 State has remedied the deficiencies as provided under
- 25 paragraph (4). Such determination shall be published in

- 1 the Federal Register. The procedures set forth in section
- 2 18(g) shall not apply to a determination by the Secretary
- 3 to reassert and exercise such concurrent enforcement au-
- 4 thority.
- 5 "(3) If the Secretary makes an initial determination
- 6 that the plan should be withdrawn, the Secretary shall
- 7 provide due notice and the opportunity for a hearing. If
- 8 based on the evaluation, comments, and evidence, the Sec-
- 9 retary makes a final determination that there is a failure
- 10 to comply substantially with any provision of the State
- 11 plan (or any assurance contained therein), he shall notify
- 12 the State agency of the withdrawal of approval of such
- 13 plan and upon receipt of such notice such plan shall cease
- 14 to be in effect, but the State may retain jurisdiction in
- 15 any case commenced before the withdrawal of the plan in
- 16 order to enforce standards under the plan whenever the
- 17 issues involved do not relate to the reasons for the with-
- 18 drawal of the plan.
- 19 "(4) If the Secretary makes a determination that the
- 20 State should be provided the opportunity to remedy the
- 21 deficiencies, the Secretary shall provide the State an op-
- 22 portunity to respond to the Secretary's findings and the
- 23 opportunity to remedy such deficiencies within a time pe-
- 24 riod established by the Secretary, not to exceed 1 year.
- 25 The Secretary may extend and revise the time period to

- 1 remedy such deficiencies, if the State's legislature is not
- 2 in session during this 1-year time period, or if the State
- 3 demonstrates that it is not feasible to correct the defi-
- 4 ciencies in the time period set by the Secretary, and the
- 5 State has a plan to correct the deficiencies within a rea-
- 6 sonable time period. If the Secretary finds that the State
- 7 agency has failed to remedy such deficiencies within the
- 8 time period specified by the Secretary and that the State
- 9 plan continues to fail to comply substantially with a provi-
- 10 sion of the State plan, the Secretary shall withdraw the
- 11 State plan as provided for in paragraph (3)."; and
- 12 (2) by adding at the end the following new sub-
- section:
- 14 "(i) Not later than 18 months after the date of enact-
- 15 ment of this subsection, and again 5 years thereafter, the
- 16 Comptroller General shall complete and issue a review of
- 17 the effectiveness of State plans to develop and enforce
- 18 safety and health standards to determine if they are at
- 19 least as effective as the Federal program and to evaluate
- 20 whether the Secretary's oversight of State plans is effec-
- 21 tive. The Comptroller General's evaluation shall assess—
- 22 "(1) the effectiveness of the Secretary's over-
- sight of State plans, including the indices of effec-
- 24 tiveness used by the Secretary;

1 "(2) whether the Secretary's investigations in 2 response to Complaints About State Plan Adminis-3 tration (CASPA) are adequate, whether significant 4 policy issues have been identified by headquarters 5 and corrective actions are fully implemented by each 6 State; 7 "(3) whether the formula for the distribution of 8 funds described in section 23(g) to State programs 9 is fair and adequate; and "(4) whether State plans are as effective as the 10 11 Federal program in preventing occupational injuries, 12 illnesses and deaths, and investigating discrimina-13 tion complaints, through an evaluation of at least 20 14 percent of approved State plans, and which shall 15 cover— "(A) enforcement effectiveness, including 16 17 handling of fatalities, serious incidents and 18 complaints, compliance with inspection proce-19 dures, hazard recognition, verification of abate-20 ment, violation classification, citation and pen-21 alty issuance, including appropriate use of will-22 ful and repeat citations, and employee involve-23 ment; "(B) inspections, the number of pro-24

grammed health and safety inspections at pri-

vate and public sector establishments, and whether the State targets the highest hazard private sector work sites and facilities in that State;

- "(C) budget and staffing, including whether the State is providing adequate budget resources to hire, train and retain sufficient numbers of qualified staff, including timely filling of vacancies;
- "(D) administrative review, including the quality of decisions, consistency with Federal precedent, transparency of proceedings, decisions and records are available to the public, adequacy of State defense, and whether the State appropriately appeals adverse decisions;
- "(E) anti-discrimination, including whether discrimination complaints are processed in a timely manner, whether supervisors and investigators are properly trained to investigate discrimination complaints, whether a case file review indicates merit cases are properly identified consistent with Federal policy and procedure, whether employees are notified of their rights, and whether there is an effective process

1	for employees to appeal the dismissal of a com-
2	plaint;
3	"(F) program administration, including
4	whether the State's standards and policies are
5	at least as effective as the Federal program and
6	are updated in a timely manner, and whether
7	National Emphasis Programs that are applica-
8	ble in such States are adopted and implemented
9	in a manner that is at least as effective as the
10	Federal program;
11	"(G) whether the State plan satisfies the
12	requirements for approval set forth in this sec-
13	tion and its implementing regulations; and
14	"(H) other such factors identified by the
15	Comptroller General, or as requested by the
16	Committee on Education and the Workforce of
17	the House of Representatives or the Committee
18	on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of
19	the Senate.".
20	SEC. 402. EVALUATION OF REPEATED VIOLATIONS IN
21	STATE PLANS.
22	Section 18(c) of the Occupational Safety and Health
23	Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 668(c)) is amended—
24	(1) in paragraph (7), by striking ", and" and
25	inserting a comma;

1	(2) in paragraph (8), by striking the period at
2	the end and inserting ", and"; and
3	(3) by adding after paragraph 8 the following
4	new paragraph:
5	"(9) provides that in determining whether a
6	violation is repeated, the State shall consider the
7	employer's violations within the State, in conjunction
8	with the employer's history of violations under other
9	States' occupational safety and health plans ap-
10	proved by the Secretary and the employer's history
11	of violations in those States where the Secretary has
12	jurisdiction under this Act, in a manner that is at
13	least as effective as provided under section 17.".
14	TITLE V—NATIONAL INSTITUTE
15	FOR OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY
16	AND HEALTH
17	SEC. 501. HEALTH HAZARD EVALUATIONS BY THE NA-
18	TIONAL INSTITUTE FOR OCCUPATIONAL
19	SAFETY AND HEALTH.
20	Section 20(a)(6) of the Occupational Safety and
21	Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 669(a)(6)) is amended by
22	striking the second sentence and inserting the following:
23	"The Secretary shall determine following a written request
24	by any employer, authorized representative of current or
25	former employees, physician, other Federal agency, or

- 1 State or local health department, specifying with reason-
- 2 able particularity the grounds on which the request is
- 3 made, whether any substance normally found in the place
- 4 of employment has potentially toxic effects in such con-
- 5 centrations as used or found or whether any physical
- 6 agents, equipment, or working condition found or used has
- 7 potentially hazardous effects; and shall submit such deter-
- 8 mination both to employers and affected employees as
- 9 soon as possible.".

10 SEC. 502. TRAINING AND EMPLOYEE EDUCATION.

- 11 Paragraph (1) of section 21(c) of the Occupational
- 12 Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 670(c)) is
- 13 amended to read as follows: "(1) provide for the establish-
- 14 ment and supervision of programs for the education and
- 15 training of employers and employees in the recognition,
- 16 avoidance, and prevention of unsafe or unhealthful work-
- 17 ing conditions, and employee rights and employer respon-
- 18 sibilities under this Act, which shall include grant pro-
- 19 grams to provide grants for nonprofit organizations (in-
- 20 cluding grants to develop or expand the capacity of such
- 21 organizations to provide safety and health training, edu-
- 22 cation, and related assistance to the targeted audiences,
- 23 grants for the training of employees and employers on oc-
- 24 cupational safety and health hazards of particular concern
- 25 or for particular industries, or groups of workers at high

- 1 risk of injury, illness, or exposure to hazards, and grants
- 2 for the development of training materials on particular
- 3 topics), and"

4 TITLE VI—EFFECTIVE DATE

- 5 SEC. 601. EFFECTIVE DATE.
- 6 (a) General Rule.—Except as provided for in sub-
- 7 section (b), this Act and the amendments made by this
- 8 Act shall take effect on the date that is 90 days after the
- 9 date of the enactment of this Act.
- 10 (b) Exception for States and Political Sub-
- 11 DIVISIONS.—The following are exceptions to the effective
- 12 date described in subsection (a):
- 13 (1) A State that has a State plan approved
- under section 18 of the Occupational Safety and
- Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 667) shall amend its
- 16 State plan to conform with the requirements of this
- 17 Act and the amendments made by this Act not later
- than 12 months after the date of the enactment of
- this Act. The Secretary of Labor may extend the pe-
- 20 riod for a State to make such amendments to its
- 21 State plan by not more than 12 months, if the
- 22 State's legislature is not in session during the 12-
- 23 month period beginning with the date of the enact-
- 24 ment of this Act. Such amendments to the State

plan shall take effect not later than 90 days after
the adoption of such amendments by such State.

(2) This Act and the amendments made by this Act shall take effect on the date that is 36 months after the date of the enactment of this Act with respect to a workplace of a State, or a political subdivision of a State, that does not have a State plan approved under such section 18 (29 U.S.C. 667).

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