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# S. 894

To authorize dedicated domestic terrorism offices within the Department of Homeland Security, the Department of Justice, and the Federal Bureau of Investigation to analyze and monitor domestic terrorist activity and require the Federal Government to take steps to prevent domestic terrorism.

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## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

MARCH 27, 2019

Mr. DURBIN (for himself, Mr. BLUMENTHAL, Mr. BOOKER, Mr. CARDIN, Mr. COONS, Ms. DUCKWORTH, Ms. HARRIS, Mr. Kaine, Ms. KLOBUCHAR, Mr. MARKEY, Mr. WHITEHOUSE, Mr. SANDERS, Mr. SCHATZ, and Mr. REED) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

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# A BILL

To authorize dedicated domestic terrorism offices within the Department of Homeland Security, the Department of Justice, and the Federal Bureau of Investigation to analyze and monitor domestic terrorist activity and require the Federal Government to take steps to prevent domestic terrorism.

1       *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2       *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

1     **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

2         This Act may be cited as the “Domestic Terrorism  
3     Prevention Act of 2019”.

4     **SEC. 2. FINDINGS.**

5         Congress finds the following:

6                 (1) White supremacists and other far-right-wing  
7     extremists are the most significant domestic ter-  
8     rorism threat facing the United States.

9                 (2) On February 22, 2019, a Trump Adminis-  
10     tration United States Department of Justice official  
11     wrote in a New York Times op-ed that “white su-  
12     premacy and far-right extremism are among the  
13     greatest domestic-security threats facing the United  
14     States. Regrettably, over the past 25 years, law en-  
15     forcement, at both the Federal and State levels, has  
16     been slow to respond. . . . Killings committed by in-  
17     dividuals and groups associated with far-right ex-  
18     tremist groups have risen significantly.”.

19                 (3) An April 2017 Government Accountability  
20     Office report on the significant, lethal threat posed  
21     by domestic violent extremists explained that  
22     “[s]ince September 12, 2001, the number of fatali-  
23     ties caused by domestic violent extremists has  
24     ranged from 1 to 49 in a given year.” The report  
25     noted: “[F]atalities resulting from attacks by far  
26     right wing violent extremists have exceeded those

1 caused by radical Islamist violent extremists in 10 of  
2 the 15 years, and were the same in 3 of the years  
3 since September 12, 2001. Of the 85 violent extrem-  
4 ist incidents that resulted in death since September  
5 12, 2001, far right wing violent extremist groups  
6 were responsible for 62 (73 percent) while radical  
7 Islamist violent extremists were responsible for 23  
8 (27 percent).”.

9 (4) An unclassified May 2017 joint intelligence  
10 bulletin from the Federal Bureau of Investigation  
11 and the Department of Homeland Security found  
12 that “white supremacist extremism poses [a] per-  
13 sistent threat of lethal violence,” and that White su-  
14 premacists “were responsible for 49 homicides in 26  
15 attacks from 2000 to 2016 . . . more than any  
16 other domestic extremist movement”.

17 (5) Fatal terrorist attacks by far-right-wing ex-  
18 tremists include—

19 (A) the August 5, 2012, mass shooting at  
20 a Sikh gurdwara in Oak Creek, Wisconsin, in  
21 which a White supremacist shot and killed 6  
22 members of the gurdwara;

23 (B) the April 13, 2014, mass shooting at  
24 a Jewish community center and a Jewish as-  
25 sisted living facility in Overland Park, Kansas,

1           in which a neo-Nazi shot and killed 3 civilians,  
2           including a 14-year-old teenager;

3           (C) the June 8, 2014, ambush in Las  
4           Vegas, Nevada, in which 2 supporters of the  
5           far-right-wing “patriot” movement shot and  
6           killed 2 police officers and a civilian;

7           (D) the June 17, 2015, mass shooting at  
8           the Emanuel AME Church in Charleston, South  
9           Carolina, in which a White supremacist shot  
10          and killed 9 members of the church;

11          (E) the November 27, 2015, mass shooting  
12          at a Planned Parenthood clinic in Colorado  
13          Springs, Colorado, in which an anti-abortion ex-  
14          tremist shot and killed a police officer and 2 ci-  
15          vilians;

16          (F) the March 20, 2017, murder of an Af-  
17          rican-American man in New York City, alleg-  
18          edly committed by a White supremacist who re-  
19          portedly traveled to New York “for the purpose  
20          of killing black men”;

21          (G) the May 26, 2017, attack in Portland,  
22          Oregon, in which a White supremacist allegedly  
23          murdered 2 men and injured a third after the  
24          men defended 2 young women whom the indi-

1           vidual had targeted with anti-Muslim hate  
2           speech;

3           (H) the August 12, 2017, attack in Char-  
4           lottesville, Virginia, in which a White supremac-  
5           ist killed one and injured nineteen after driv-  
6           ing his car through a crowd of individuals pro-  
7           testing a neo-Nazi rally, and of which former  
8           Attorney General Jeff Sessions said, “It does  
9           meet the definition of domestic terrorism in our  
10           statute.”;

11           (I) the July 2018 murder of an African-  
12           American woman from Kansas City, Missouri,  
13           allegedly committed by a White supremacist  
14           who reportedly bragged about being a member  
15           of the Ku Klux Klan;

16           (J) the October 24, 2018, shooting in  
17           Jeffersontown, Kentucky, in which a White  
18           man allegedly murdered 2 African Americans at  
19           a grocery store after first attempting to enter  
20           a church with a predominantly African-Amer-  
21           ican congregation during a service; and

22           (K) the October 27, 2018, mass shooting  
23           at the Tree of Life Synagogue in Pittsburgh,  
24           Pennsylvania, in which a White nationalist al-

1           legedly shot and killed 11 members of the con-  
2           gregation.

3           (6) In November 2018, the Federal Bureau of  
4           Investigation released its annual hate crime incident  
5           report, which found that in 2017, hate crimes in-  
6           creased by approximately 17 percent, including a 23-  
7           percent increase in religion-based hate crimes, an  
8           18-percent increase in race-based crimes, and a 5-  
9           percent increase in crimes directed against LGBT  
10          individuals. The total number of reported hate  
11          crimes rose for the third consecutive year. The pre-  
12          vious year's report found that in 2016, hate crimes  
13          increased by almost 5 percent, including a 19-per-  
14          cent rise in hate crimes against American Muslims;  
15          additionally, of the hate crimes motivated by reli-  
16          gious bias in 2016, 53 percent were anti-Semitic.  
17          Similarly, the report analyzing 2015 data found that  
18          hate crimes increased by 6 percent that year. Much  
19          of the 2015 increase came from a 66-percent rise in  
20          attacks on American Muslims and a 9-percent rise  
21          in attacks on American Jews. In all three reports,  
22          race-based crimes were most numerous, and those  
23          crimes most often targeted African Americans.

24           (7) On March 15, 2019, a White nationalist  
25          was arrested and charged with murder after alleg-

1       edly killing 50 Muslim worshippers and injuring  
2       more than 40 in a massacre at the Al Noor Mosque  
3       and Linwood Mosque in Christchurch, New Zealand.  
4       The alleged shooter posted a hate-filled, xenophobic  
5       manifesto that detailed his White nationalist ide-  
6       ology before the massacre. Prime Minister Jacinda  
7       Ardern labeled the massacre a terrorist attack.

8                 (8) In January 2017, a right-wing extremist  
9       who had expressed anti-Muslim views was charged  
10      with murder for allegedly killing 6 people and injur-  
11      ing 19 in a shooting rampage at a mosque in Quebec  
12      City, Canada. It was the first-ever mass shooting at  
13      a mosque in North America, and Prime Minister  
14      Trudeau labeled it a terrorist attack.

15                 (9) On February 15, 2019, Federal authorities  
16      arrested U.S. Coast Guard Lieutenant Christopher  
17      Paul Hasson, who was allegedly planning to kill a  
18      number of prominent journalists, professors, judges,  
19      and “leftists in general”. In court filings, prosecu-  
20      tors described Lieutenant Hasson as a “domestic  
21      terrorist” who in an email “identified himself as a  
22      White Nationalist for over 30 years and advocated  
23      for ‘focused violence’ in order to establish a white  
24      homeland.”.

1   **SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.**

2       In this Act—

3           (1) the term “Director” means the Director of  
4           the Federal Bureau of Investigation;

5           (2) the term “domestic terrorism” has the  
6           meaning given the term in section 2331 of title 18,  
7           United States Code, except that it does not include  
8           acts perpetrated by individuals associated with or in-  
9           spired by—

10              (A) a foreign person or organization des-  
11              ignated as a foreign terrorist organization  
12              under section 219 of the Immigration and Na-  
13              tionality Act (8 U.S.C. 1189);

14              (B) an individual or organization des-  
15              ignated under Executive Order 13224 (50  
16              U.S.C. 1701 note); or

17              (C) a state sponsor of terrorism as deter-  
18              mined by the Secretary of State under section  
19              6(j) of the Export Administration Act of 1979  
20              (50 U.S.C. 4605), section 40 of the Arms Ex-  
21              port Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2780), or section  
22              620A of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961  
23              (22 U.S.C. 2371);

24           (3) the term “Domestic Terrorism Executive  
25           Committee” means the committee within the De-  
26           partment of Justice tasked with assessing and shar-

1       ing information about ongoing domestic terrorism  
2       threats;

3                 (4) the term “hate crime incident” means an  
4       act described in section 245, 247, or 249 of title 18,  
5       United States Code, or in section 901 of the Civil  
6       Rights Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3631);

7                 (5) the term “Secretary” means the Secretary  
8       of Homeland Security; and

9                 (6) the term “uniformed services” has the  
10      meaning given the term in section 101(a) of title 10,  
11      United States Code.

**12 SEC. 4. OFFICES TO COMBAT DOMESTIC TERRORISM.**

13                 (a) AUTHORIZATION OF OFFICES TO MONITOR, ANA-  
14      LYZE, INVESTIGATE, AND PROSECUTE DOMESTIC TER-  
15      RORISM.—

16                 (1) DOMESTIC TERRORISM UNIT.—There is au-  
17      thorized a Domestic Terrorism Unit in the Office of  
18      Intelligence and Analysis of the Department of  
19      Homeland Security, which shall be responsible for  
20      monitoring and analyzing domestic terrorism activ-  
21      ity.

22                 (2) DOMESTIC TERRORISM OFFICE.—There is  
23      authorized a Domestic Terrorism Office in the  
24      Counterterrorism Section of the National Security  
25      Division of the Department of Justice—

1                             (A) which shall be responsible for inves-  
2                             tigating and prosecuting incidents of domestic  
3                             terrorism; and

4                             (B) which shall be headed by the Domestic  
5                             Terrorism Counsel.

6                             (3) DOMESTIC TERRORISM SECTION OF THE  
7                             FBI.—There is authorized a Domestic Terrorism  
8                             Section within the Counterterrorism Division of the  
9                             Federal Bureau of Investigation, which shall be re-  
10                             sponsible for investigating domestic terrorism activ-  
11                             ity.

12                             (4) STAFFING.—The Secretary, the Attorney  
13                             General, and the Director shall each ensure that the  
14                             offices authorized under this section in their respec-  
15                             tive agencies shall have adequate staff to perform  
16                             the required duties.

17                             (b) JOINT REPORT ON DOMESTIC TERRORISM.—

18                             (1) ANNUAL REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later  
19                             than 180 days after the date of enactment of this  
20                             Act, and each year thereafter, the Secretary of  
21                             Homeland Security, the Attorney General, and the  
22                             Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall  
23                             submit a joint report authored by the domestic ter-  
24                             rorism offices authorized under paragraphs (1), (2),  
25                             and (3) of subsection (a) to—

1                             (A) the Committee on the Judiciary, the  
2                             Committee on Homeland Security and Govern-  
3                             mental Affairs, and the Select Committee on  
4                             Intelligence of the Senate; and

5                             (B) the Committee on the Judiciary, the  
6                             Committee on Homeland Security, and the Per-  
7                             manent Select Committee on Intelligence of the  
8                             House of Representatives.

9                             (2) CONTENTS.—Each report submitted under  
10                            paragraph (1) shall include—

11                             (A) an assessment of the domestic ter-  
12                             rorism threat posed by White supremacists and  
13                             neo-Nazis, including White supremacist and  
14                             neo-Nazi infiltration of Federal, State, and  
15                             local law enforcement agencies and the uni-  
16                             formed services; and

17                             (B)(i) in the first report, an analysis of in-  
18                             cidents or attempted incidents of domestic ter-  
19                             rorism that have occurred in the United States  
20                             since April 19, 1995; and

21                             (ii) in each subsequent report, an analysis  
22                             of incidents or attempted incidents of domestic  
23                             terrorism that occurred in the United States  
24                             during the preceding year; and

1                             (C) a quantitative analysis of domestic ter-  
2                             rorism for the preceding year, including the  
3                             number of—

4                                 (i) domestic terrorism related assess-  
5                             ments initiated by the Federal Bureau of

6                             Investigation, including the number of as-  
7                             sessments from each classification and sub-  
8                             category;

9                                 (ii) domestic terrorism-related prelimi-  
10                             nary investigations initiated by the Federal

11                             Bureau of Investigation, including the number  
12                             of preliminary investigations from  
13                             each classification and subcategory, and  
14                             how many preliminary investigations re-  
15                             sulted from assessments;

16                                 (iii) domestic terrorism-related full in-  
17                             vestigations initiated by the Federal Bu-

18                             reau of Investigation, including the number  
19                             of full investigations from each classifica-  
20                             tion and subcategory, and how many full  
21                             investigations resulted from preliminary in-  
22                             vestigations and assessments;

23                                 (iv) domestic terrorism-related inci-  
24                             dents, including the number of incidents  
25                             from each classification and subcategory,

1           the number of deaths and injuries resulting  
2           from each incident, and a detailed explanation of each incident;

4           (v) Federal domestic terrorism-related arrests, including the number of arrests from each classification and subcategory, and a detailed explanation of each arrest;

8           (vi) Federal domestic terrorism-related indictments, including the number of indictments from each classification and subcategory, and a detailed explanation of each indictment;

13           (vii) Federal domestic terrorism-related prosecutions, including the number of incidents from each classification and subcategory, and a detailed explanation of each prosecution;

18           (viii) Federal domestic terrorism-related convictions, including the number of convictions from each classification and subcategory, and a detailed explanation of each conviction; and

23           (ix) Federal domestic terrorism-related weapons recoveries, including the number of each type of weapon and the

1                   number of weapons from each classifica-  
2                   tion and subcategory.

3                   (3) HATE CRIMES.—In compiling a joint report  
4                   under this subsection, the domestic terrorism offices  
5                   authorized under paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of  
6                   subsection (a) shall, in consultation with the Civil  
7                   Rights Division of the Department of Justice and  
8                   the Civil Rights Unit of the Federal Bureau of In-  
9                   vestigation, review each hate crime incident reported  
10                  during the preceding year to determine whether the  
11                  incident also constitutes a domestic terrorism-related  
12                  incident.

13                  (4) CLASSIFICATION AND PUBLIC RELEASE.—  
14                  Each report submitted under paragraph (1) shall  
15                  be—

16                   (A) unclassified, to the greatest extent pos-  
17                   sible, with a classified annex only if necessary;  
18                   and

19                   (B) in the case of the unclassified portion  
20                   of the report, posted on the public websites of  
21                   the Department of Homeland Security, the De-  
22                   partment of Justice, and the Federal Bureau of  
23                   Investigation.

1       (c) DOMESTIC TERRORISM EXECUTIVE COM-  
2 MITTEE.—There is authorized a Domestic Terrorism Ex-  
3 ecutive Committee, which shall—

4                 (1) meet on a regular basis, and not less regu-  
5 larly than 4 times each year, to coordinate with  
6 United States Attorneys and other key public safety  
7 officials across the country to promote information  
8 sharing and ensure an effective, responsive, and or-  
9 ganized joint effort to combat domestic terrorism;  
10 and

11                 (2) be co-chaired by—  
12                         (A) the Domestic Terrorism Counsel au-  
13 thorized under subsection (a)(2)(B);  
14                         (B) a United States Attorney or Assistant  
15                         United States Attorney;  
16                         (C) a member of the National Security Di-  
17 vision of the Department of Justice; and  
18                         (D) a member of the Federal Bureau of  
19                         Investigation.

20       (d) FOCUS ON GREATEST THREATS.—The domestic  
21 terrorism offices authorized under paragraphs (1), (2),  
22 and (3) of subsection (a) shall focus their limited resources  
23 on the most significant domestic terrorism threats, as de-  
24 termined by the number of domestic terrorism-related inci-  
25 dents from each category and subclassification in the joint

1 report for the preceding year required under subsection  
2 (b).

3 **SEC. 5. TRAINING TO COMBAT DOMESTIC TERRORISM.**

4 (a) REQUIRED TRAINING AND RESOURCES.—The  
5 Secretary, the Attorney General, and the Director shall  
6 review the anti-terrorism training and resource programs  
7 of their respective agencies that are provided to Federal,  
8 State, local, and Tribal law enforcement agencies, includ-  
9 ing the State and Local Anti-Terrorism Program that is  
10 funded by the Bureau of Justice Assistance of the Depart-  
11 ment of Justice, and ensure that such programs include  
12 training and resources to assist State, local, and Tribal  
13 law enforcement agencies in understanding, detecting, de-  
14 terring, and investigating acts of domestic terrorism and  
15 White supremacist and neo-Nazi infiltration of law en-  
16 forcement agencies. The domestic-terrorism training shall  
17 focus on the most significant domestic terrorism threats,  
18 as determined by the quantitative analysis in the joint re-  
19 port required under section 4(b).

20 (b) REQUIREMENT.—Any individual who provides do-  
21 mestic terrorism training required under this section shall  
22 have—

23 (1) expertise in domestic terrorism; and

1                         (2) relevant academic, law enforcement, or  
2 other experience in matters related to domestic ter-  
3 rorism.

4                         (c) REPORT.—

5                         (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after  
6 the date of enactment of this Act and once each year  
7 thereafter, the Secretary, the Attorney General, and  
8 the Director shall each submit an annual report to  
9 the committees of Congress described in section  
10 4(b)(1) on the domestic terrorism training imple-  
11 mented by their respective agencies under this sec-  
12 tion, which shall include copies of all training mate-  
13 rials used and the names and qualifications of the  
14 individuals who provide the training.

15                         (2) CLASSIFICATION AND PUBLIC RELEASE.—  
16                         Each report submitted under paragraph (1) shall  
17 be—

18                         (A) unclassified, to the greatest extent pos-  
19 sible, with a classified annex only if necessary;  
20 and

21                         (B) in the case of the unclassified portion  
22 of each report, posted on the public website of  
23 the Department of Homeland Security, the De-  
24 partment of Justice, and the Federal Bureau of  
25 Investigation.

1   **SEC. 6. COMBATTING DOMESTIC TERRORISM THROUGH**  
2                   **JOINT TERRORISM TASK FORCES AND FU-**  
3                   **SION CENTERS.**

4       (a) IN GENERAL.—The joint terrorism task forces of  
5   the Federal Bureau of Investigation and State, local, and  
6   regional fusion centers, as established under section 210A  
7   of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 124h),  
8   shall each, in coordination with the Domestic Terrorism  
9   Executive Committee and the domestic terrorism offices  
10   authorized under paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of section  
11   4(a) of this Act—

12                  (1) share intelligence to address domestic ter-  
13                  rorism activities;

14                  (2) conduct an annual, intelligence-based as-  
15                  essment of domestic terrorism activities in their ju-  
16                  risdictions; and

17                  (3) formulate and execute a plan to address and  
18                  combat domestic terrorism activities in their juris-  
19                  dictions.

20       (b) REQUIREMENT.—The activities required under  
21   subsection (a) shall focus on the most significant domestic  
22   terrorism threats, as determined by the number of domes-  
23   tic terrorism-related incidents from each category and sub-  
24   classification in the joint report for the preceding year re-  
25   quired under section 4(b).

1   **SEC. 7. INTERAGENCY TASK FORCE.**

2       Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment  
3   of this Act, the Attorney General, the Director, the Sec-  
4   retary, and the Secretary of Defense shall establish an  
5   interagency task force to combat White supremacist and  
6   neo-Nazi infiltration of the uniformed services.

7   **SEC. 8. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**

8       There are authorized to be appropriated to the De-  
9   partment of Justice, the Federal Bureau of Investigation,  
10   the Department of Homeland Security, and the Depart-  
11   ment of Defense such sums as may be necessary to carry  
12   out this Act.

