116TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

S. 5000

To provide support with respect to the prevention of, treatment for, and recovery from, substance use disorder.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

DECEMBER 10, 2020

Mr. Portman (for himself, Mr. Whitehouse, Ms. Klobuchar, Ms. Cantwell, and Mrs. Shaheen) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions

A BILL

To provide support with respect to the prevention of, treatment for, and recovery from, substance use disorder.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "CARA 2.0 Act of 2020".
- 6 (b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents for
- 7 this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
 - Sec. 2. Findings.

TITLE I—RESEARCH, EDUCATION, AND PREVENTION

- Sec. 101. National Education Campaign.
- Sec. 102. Research into non-opioid pain management.
- Sec. 103. Long-term treatment outcomes research.
- Sec. 104. National Commission for Excellence on Post-Overdose Response.
- Sec. 105. Workforce for prevention.
- Sec. 106. Reauthorization of community-based coalition enhancement grants to address local drug crises.

TITLE II—TREATMENT

- Sec. 201. Three-day limit on opioid prescriptions.
- Sec. 202. Evidence-based substance use disorder treatment and intervention demonstrations.
- Sec. 203. National youth and young adult recovery initiative.
- Sec. 204. Improving treatment for pregnant, postpartum, and parenting women.
- Sec. 205. Require the use of prescription drug monitoring programs.
- Sec. 206. Prescriber education.
- Sec. 207. Prohibition of utilization control policies or procedures for medication-assisted treatment under Medicaid.
- Sec. 208. Pilot program on expanding access to treatment.
- Sec. 209. Reauthorization of PRAC Ed grant program.

TITLE III—RECOVERY

Subtitle A—General Provisions

- Sec. 301. Building communities of recovery.
- Sec. 302. Medication-assisted treatment for recovery from substance use disorder.
- Sec. 303. Recovery in the workplace.
- Sec. 304. Telehealth for recovery support services.

Subtitle B—Recovery Housing

- Sec. 311. Clarifying the role of SAMHSA in promoting the availability of high-quality recovery housing.
- Sec. 312. Developing guidelines for States to promote the availability of high-quality recovery housing.
- Sec. 313. Coordination of Federal activities to promote the availability of high-quality recovery housing.
- Sec. 314. NAS study.
- Sec. 315. Grants for States to promote the availability of high quality recovery housing.
- Sec. 316. Authorization of appropriations.
- Sec. 317. Reputable providers and analysts of recovery housing services definition.
- Sec. 318. Technical correction.

TITLE IV—CRIMINAL JUSTICE

- Sec. 401. Medication-assisted Treatment Corrections and Community Reentry Program.
- Sec. 402. Deflection and pre-arrest diversion.
- Sec. 403. Housing.
- Sec. 404. Veterans treatment courts.

SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

- 2 Congress finds as follows:
- (1) In the 1980s and 1990s, pharmaceutical
 companies began developing new drugs for pain
 treatment, including extended release oxycodone.
 These companies aggressively marketed these drugs
- 7 to the medical community as a way to address
- 8 "under-treatment" of physical pain. Drug companies
- 9 distributed 76,000,000,000 oxycodone and
- 10 hydrocodone pain pills nationwide from 2006 to
- 11 2012.
- 12 (2) The combination of a rising number of pre-13 scriptions, misinformation about the addictive prop-14 erties of prescription opioids, and the perception 15 that prescription drugs are less harmful than illicit
- drugs has caused an increase in drug misuse.
- 17 (3) As legitimate production and illegal diver-
- sion of opioids skyrocketed, so did the number of
- opioid overdose deaths. From 1999 to 2017, almost
- 20 218,000 people died in the United States from
- 21 overdoses related to prescription opioids. More re-
- cently, fentanyl, a powerful synthetic opioid, sur-
- passed prescription opioids as the most lethal over-
- dose substance and now is linked to nearly 3 times
- as many deaths.
- 26 (4) The scale of the opioid crisis is staggering:

1	(A) In 2018, approximately 10,300,000
2	people in the United States age 12 and older
3	misused opioids.
4	(B) On average, 130 people in the United
5	States die every day from an opioid overdose.
6	(C) The opioid crisis has cost the United
7	States economy at least \$631,000,000,000.
8	(D) From 2013 to 2017, the number of
9	children in foster care nationwide increased 10
10	percent to nearly 442,995. Parental drug use
11	was cited as a factor in 36 percent of cases.
12	(5) The opioid crisis has also led to a cascade
13	of other negative health impacts. For example, sy-
14	ringe sharing among people who inject drugs has led
15	to increases in hepatitis C virus infections and infec-
16	tive endocarditis, as well as localized HIV outbreaks.
17	(6) The United States health care system has
18	struggled to catch up to the crisis:
19	(A) The majority of people in the United
20	States with an opioid use disorder do not re-
21	ceive substance use treatment, and many who
22	do receive such treatment do not receive evi-
23	dence-based treatment. Although medication-as-
24	sisted treatment has been endorsed by the Na-

tional Institutes of Health and the World

Health Organization, only one-third of treatment programs offer any of the 3 drugs approved by the Food and Drug Administration for the treatment of opioid use disorder, and just 6 percent of medication-offering facilities provide all 3.

- (B) Facilities that provide medications for the treatment of opioid disorder are concentrated in the Northeast and Southwest, leaving many of the areas hit hardest by the opioid crisis without access to evidence-based treatment. The need is particularly acute in rural areas, which often do not have enough providers to meet the demand.
- (C) Unlike other health care needs, substance use treatment is largely funded by State and local revenues and Federal block grants, rather than the Medicare program, the Medicaid program, and private insurance.
- (D) While new substances, particularly synthetic drugs, continue to make inroads into communities in the United States, funding streams are often dedicated to particular substances, limiting providers' ability to adapt to changing needs.

- (E) The stigma associated with substance use disorder prevents people from seeking treatment. Too often, people enter substance use treatment only after committing a criminal offense, whether through a court mandate, as a condition of parole or probation supervision, or as a condition of regaining employment after conviction. In 2003, 36 percent of all substance use treatment admissions, 40 percent of all alcohol abuse treatment admissions, and 57 percent of all marijuana use treatment admissions were referrals from the criminal justice system.
 - (F) The stigma of substance use disorder also limits people's ability to find jobs and housing. These obstacles are exacerbated by the criminalization of substance use disorder—even convictions for drug possession for personal use can create lifelong collateral consequences. The absence of stable housing and employment make it even more difficult for people to live drug free.
 - (7) Not all people in the United States have equal access to substance use treatment in the community. Current research has found that Black and Latinx Americans are less likely to receive substance

1	use treatment when controlling for other relevant
2	factors, like socioeconomic status.
3	(8) Inadequate access to substance use treat-
4	ment can exacerbate other health disparities. Indi-
5	viduals with substance use disorders have higher
6	rates of suicide attempts than individuals in the gen-
7	eral population, high health care expenses, and sig-
8	nificant disability.
9	(9) A comprehensive public health approach
10	that tackles both the causes and the consequences of
11	substance use disorder is necessary to stem the tide.
12	TITLE I—RESEARCH,
13	EDUCATION, AND PREVENTION
14	SEC. 101. NATIONAL EDUCATION CAMPAIGN.
	SEC. 101. NATIONAL EDUCATION CAMPAIGN. Section 102 of the Comprehensive Addiction and Re-
14	
14 15 16	Section 102 of the Comprehensive Addiction and Re-
14 15	Section 102 of the Comprehensive Addiction and Recovery Act of 2016 (42 U.S.C. 290bb–25g) is amended—
14 15 16 17	Section 102 of the Comprehensive Addiction and Recovery Act of 2016 (42 U.S.C. 290bb–25g) is amended— (1) in subsection (a), by inserting "or other
14 15 16 17	Section 102 of the Comprehensive Addiction and Recovery Act of 2016 (42 U.S.C. 290bb–25g) is amended— (1) in subsection (a), by inserting "or other controlled substances (as defined in section 102 of
14 15 16 17 18	Section 102 of the Comprehensive Addiction and Recovery Act of 2016 (42 U.S.C. 290bb–25g) is amended— (1) in subsection (a), by inserting "or other controlled substances (as defined in section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 802))"
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Section 102 of the Comprehensive Addiction and Recovery Act of 2016 (42 U.S.C. 290bb–25g) is amended— (1) in subsection (a), by inserting "or other controlled substances (as defined in section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 802))" after "opioids" each place such term appears;
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Section 102 of the Comprehensive Addiction and Recovery Act of 2016 (42 U.S.C. 290bb–25g) is amended— (1) in subsection (a), by inserting "or other controlled substances (as defined in section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 802))" after "opioids" each place such term appears; (2) in subsection (b), by striking "opioid" each
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Section 102 of the Comprehensive Addiction and Recovery Act of 2016 (42 U.S.C. 290bb–25g) is amended— (1) in subsection (a), by inserting "or other controlled substances (as defined in section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 802))" after "opioids" each place such term appears; (2) in subsection (b), by striking "opioid" each place it appears and inserting "substance";

1	(B) in paragraph (3), by striking the pe-
2	riod and inserting a semicolon; and
3	(C) by adding at the end the following:
4	"(4) use destignatizing language promoting hu-
5	mane and culturally competent (as defined in section
6	102 of the Developmental Disabilities Assistance
7	and Bill of Rights Act of 2000 (42 U.S.C. 15002))
8	treatment of all individuals who face substance use
9	disorder, including such individuals who use medica-
10	tion-assisted treatment for recovery purposes;
11	"(5) educate stakeholders on the evidence base
12	and validation of harm reduction and where to ob-
13	tain harm reduction services;
14	"(6) include information about polysubstance
15	use; and
16	"(7) include information about prevention and
17	treatment using medication-assisted treatment and
18	recovery."; and
19	(4) by adding at the end the following:
20	"(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
21	is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
22	such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years
23	2021 through 2026.".

1 SEC. 102. RESEARCH INTO NON-OPIOID PAIN MANAGE-

- 2 MENT.
- 3 (a) In General.—The Secretary of Health and
- 4 Human Services, acting through the Director of the Na-
- 5 tional Institutes of Health and the Director of the Centers
- 6 for Disease Control and Prevention, shall carry out re-
- 7 search with respect to non-opioid methods of pain manage-
- 8 ment, including non-pharmaceutical remedies for pain and
- 9 integrative medicine solutions.
- 10 (b) Authorization of Appropriations.—To carry
- 11 out this section, there are authorized to be appropriated
- 12 such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years
- 13 2021 through 2026.
- 14 SEC. 103. LONG-TERM TREATMENT OUTCOMES RESEARCH.
- 15 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Health and
- 16 Human Services shall award grants to eligible entities to
- 17 carry out evidence-based, long-term outcomes research,
- 18 over 5-year periods, for different modalities of treatment
- 19 for substance use disorder. Such research shall measure
- 20 mortality, morbidity, physical and emotional health, em-
- 21 ployment, stable housing, criminal justice involvement,
- 22 family relationships, and other quality-of-life measures.
- 23 Such research shall distinguish outcomes based on race,
- 24 gender, and socioeconomic status, as well as any other rel-
- 25 evant characteristics.

1	(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—To carry
2	out this section, there are authorized to be appropriated
3	such sums as may be necessary.
4	SEC. 104. NATIONAL COMMISSION FOR EXCELLENCE ON
5	POST-OVERDOSE RESPONSE.
6	(a) In General.—The Assistant Secretary of Health
7	and Human Services for Mental Health and Substance
8	Use (referred to in this section as the "Assistant Sec-
9	retary"), in consultation with the Director of the Office
10	of National Drug Control Policy, and the President of the
11	National Academy of Medicine, shall establish an advisory
12	commission, to be known as the "National Commission for
13	Excellence on Post-Overdose Response", that—
14	(1) provides evidence, practical tools, and other
15	resources for researchers and evaluators, clinicians
16	and clinical teams, quality improvement experts, and
17	healthcare decision makers to improve the quality
18	and safety of care for drug overdoses and substance
19	use disorder;
20	(2) advises the individuals described in para-
21	graph (1) on—
22	(A) how to achieve equitable outcomes
23	across race and socioeconomic status; and
24	(B) how to effectively and appropriately
25	control avoidable hospital admissions, emer-

1	gency department admissions, and other ad-
2	verse events related to substance use disorder
3	care; and
4	(3) develops culturally competent (as defined in
5	section 102 of the Developmental Disabilities Assist-
6	ance and Bill of Rights Act of 2000 (42 U.S.C.
7	15002)) best practices and clinical practice guide-
8	lines.
9	(b) Membership.—The members of the commission
10	established under subsection (a) shall include—
11	(1) a representative of the Substance Abuse
12	and Mental Health Services Administration;
13	(2) a representative of the Office of National
14	Drug Control Policy;
15	(3) a representative of the National Academy of
16	Medicine;
17	(4) a representative of the National Institute on
18	Drug Abuse;
19	(5) a substance use disorder specialist ap-
20	pointed by the Assistant Secretary;
21	(6) a peer recovery specialist appointed by the
22	Assistant Secretary; and
23	(7) any other individual that the Assistant Sec-
24	retary determines appropriate.

- 1 (c) Sunset.—The commission established under sub-
- 2 section (a) shall terminate on the date that is 10 years
- 3 after the date of enactment of this Act.
- 4 SEC. 105. WORKFORCE FOR PREVENTION.
- 5 Subpart 2 of part B of title V of the Public Health
- 6 Service Act (42 U.S.C. 290bb-21 et seq.) is amended by
- 7 adding at the end the following:
- 8 "SEC. 519E. EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING SERVICES.
- 9 "(a) In General.—The Director of the Prevention
- 10 Center shall—
- "(1) not later than 30 days after the date of
- enactment of this Act, announce an opportunity to
- apply for grants or contracts awarded to support the
- activities described in subsection (b); and
- 15 "(2) from the funds appropriated under sub-
- section (c), not later than 45 days after the date on
- 17 which an entity submits an application that meets
- 18 the requirements of the Secretary under this section,
- award funds under this section to such entity.
- 20 "(b) Use of Funds.—An entity that receives funds
- 21 under this section shall use the funds to support employ-
- 22 ment and training services for substance use treatment
- 23 professionals, including peer recovery specialists.
- 24 "(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
- 25 are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section

1	such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years
2	2021 through 2026.".
3	SEC. 106. REAUTHORIZATION OF COMMUNITY-BASED COA-
4	LITION ENHANCEMENT GRANTS TO ADDRESS
5	LOCAL DRUG CRISES.
6	Section 103(i) of the Comprehensive Addiction and
7	Recovery Act of 2016 (21 U.S.C. 1536(i)) is amended by
8	striking "there are authorized to be appropriated
9	\$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2017 through 2021."
10	and inserting the following: "there are authorized to be
11	appropriated—
12	"(1) $$5,000,000$ for each of fiscal years 2017
13	through 2020; and
14	"(2) $$10,000,000$ for each of fiscal years 2021
15	through 2026.".
16	TITLE II—TREATMENT
17	SEC. 201. THREE-DAY LIMIT ON OPIOID PRESCRIPTIONS.
18	Section 303 of the Controlled Substances Act (21
19	U.S.C. 823) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
20	lowing:
21	"(l) Three-Day Limit on Opioid Prescrip-
22	TIONS.—
23	"(1) Definitions.—In this subsection—
24	"(A) the term 'acute pain'—

1	"(i) means pain with abrupt onset and
2	caused by an injury or other process that
3	is not ongoing; and
4	"(ii) does not include—
5	"(I) chronic pain;
6	"(II) pain being treated as part
7	of cancer care;
8	"(III) hospice or other end-of-life
9	care; or
10	"(IV) pain being treated as part
11	of palliative care; and
12	"(B) the term 'substance use treatment
13	opioid prescription' means a prescription—
14	"(i) for an opioid drug in schedule II,
15	III, or IV approved by the Food and Drug
16	Administration for an indication for the
17	treatment of substance use disorder; and
18	"(ii) that is for the treatment of sub-
19	stance use disorder.
20	"(2) Three-day limit.—The Attorney General
21	may not register, or renew the registration of, a
22	practitioner under subsection (f) who is licensed
23	under State law to prescribe controlled substances in
24	schedule II, III, or IV, unless the practitioner sub-
25	mits to the Attorney General, for each such registra-

- tion or renewal request, a certification that the practitioner, during the applicable registration period, will not prescribe any opioid in schedule II, III, or IV, other than a substance use disorder treatment opioid prescription, for the initial treatment of acute pain in an amount in excess of a 3-day supply.".
- 7 SEC. 202. EVIDENCE-BASED SUBSTANCE USE DISORDER
- 8 TREATMENT AND INTERVENTION DEM-
- 9 **ONSTRATIONS.**
- Section 514B of the Public Health Service Act (42
- 11 U.S.C. 290bb–10) is amended—
- 12 (1) in subsection (a), by adding at the end the following:
- 14 "(3) Use of funds for training.—Funds 15 awarded under paragraph (1) may be used by a re-16 cipient for training emergency room technicians, 17 physicians, nurses, or other health care professionals 18 on identifying the presence of substance use dis-19 orders, and how effectively to engage with, intervene with respect to, and refer patients for assessment 20 21 and specialized substance use disorder care, includ-22 ing medication-assisted treatment and care for co-oc-23 curring disorders.";
 - (2) in subsection (d), by inserting ", and Indian tribes and tribal organizations (as defined in section

1	4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Education
2	Assistance Act)" before the period of the first sen-
3	tence; and
4	(3) in subsection (f), by inserting before the pe-
5	riod the following: ", and \$300,000,000 for each of
6	fiscal years 2021 through 2026".
7	SEC. 203. NATIONAL YOUTH AND YOUNG ADULT RECOVERY
8	INITIATIVE.
9	(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
10	(1) Eligible enti-
11	ty" means—
12	(A) a high school that has been accredited
13	as a substance use recovery high school or that
14	is seeking to establish or expand substance use
15	recovery support services;
16	(B) an institution of higher education;
17	(C) a recovery program at an institution of
18	higher education;
19	(D) a nonprofit organization; or
20	(E) a technical assistance center that can
21	help grantees install recovery support service
22	programs aimed at youth and young adults
23	which include recovery coaching, job training,
24	transportation, linkages to community-based
25	services and supports, regularly scheduled alter-

1	native peer group activities, life-skills education,
2	mentoring, and leadership development.
3	(2) High school.—The term "high school"
4	has the meaning given the term in section 8101 of
5	the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of
6	1965 (20 U.S.C. 7801).
7	(3) Institution of higher education.—The
8	term "institution of higher education" has the
9	meaning given the term in section 101 of the Higher
10	Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001).
11	(4) Recovery Program.—The term "recovery
12	program'' means a program—
13	(A) to help youth or young adults who are
14	recovering from substance use disorders to ini-
15	tiate, stabilize, and maintain healthy and pro-
16	ductive lives in the community; and
17	(B) that includes peer-to-peer support de-
18	livered by individuals with lived experience in
19	recovery, and communal activities to build re-
20	covery skills and supportive social networks.
21	(b) Grants Authorized.—The Assistant Secretary
22	for Mental Health and Substance Use, in consultation
23	with the Secretary of Education, shall award grants, on
24	a competitive basis, to eligible entities to enable the eligi-
25	ble entities to—

- 1 (1) provide culturally competent (as defined in 2 section 102 of the Developmental Disabilities Assist-
- ance and Bill of Rights Act of 2000 (42 U.S.C.
- 4 15002)) substance use recovery support services to
- 5 youth and young adults enrolled in high school or an
- 6 institution of higher education;
- 7 (2) help build communities of support for youth 8 and young adults in substance use recovery through 9 a spectrum of activities such as counseling, job 10 training, recovery coaching, alternative peer groups, 11 life-skills workshops, family support groups, and 12 health and wellness-oriented social activities; and
- (3) encourage initiatives designed to help youth
 and young adults achieve and sustain recovery from
 substance use disorders.
- 16 (c) APPLICATION.—An eligible entity desiring a grant
 17 under this section shall submit to the Assistant Secretary
 18 for Mental Health and Substance Use an application at
- 19 such time, in such manner, and containing such informa-
- 20 tion as the Assistant Secretary may require.
- 21 (d) Preference.—In awarding grants under sub-
- 22 section (b), the Assistant Secretary for Mental Health and
- 23 Substance Use shall give preference to eligible entities that
- 24 propose to serve students from areas with schools serving
- 25 a high percentage of children who are counted under sec-

1	tion 1124(c) of the Elementary and Secondary Education
2	Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6333(c)).
3	(e) USE OF FUNDS.—Grants awarded under sub-
4	section (b) may be used for activities to develop, support
5	or maintain substance use recovery support services for
6	youth or young adults, including—
7	(1) the development and maintenance of a dedi-
8	cated physical space for recovery programs;
9	(2) hiring dedicated staff for the provision of
10	recovery programs;
11	(3) providing health and wellness-oriented social
12	activities and community engagement;
13	(4) the establishment of a substance use recov-
14	ery high school;
15	(5) the coordination of a peer delivered sub-
16	stance use recovery program with—
17	(A) substance use disorder treatment pro-
18	grams and systems that utilize culturally com-
19	petent (as defined in section 102 of the Devel-
20	opmental Disabilities Assistance and Bill of
21	Rights Act of 2000 (42 U.S.C. 15002)) services
22	that reflect the communities they serve;
23	(B) providers of mental health services;
24	(C) primary care providers;

1	(D) the criminal justice system, including
2	the juvenile justice system;
3	(E) employers;
4	(F) recovery housing services;
5	(G) child welfare services;
6	(H) high schools; and
7	(I) institutions of higher education;
8	(6) the development of peer-to-peer support
9	programs or services delivered by individuals with
10	lived experience in substance use disorder recovery;
11	and
12	(7) any additional activity that helps youth or
13	young adults achieve recovery from substance use
14	disorders.
15	(f) RESOURCE CENTER.—The Assistant Secretary
16	for Mental Health and Substance Use shall establish a re-
17	source center to provide technical support to recipients of
18	grants under this section.
19	(g) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
20	are authorized to be appropriated \$10,000,000 for each
21	of fiscal years 2021 through 2026.
22	SEC. 204. IMPROVING TREATMENT FOR PREGNANT,
23	POSTPARTUM, AND PARENTING WOMEN.
24	Section 508 of the Public Health Service Act (42
25	U.S.C. 290bb-1) is amended—

1	(1) in subsection (m)—
2	(A) by striking "shall give priority" and
3	inserting "shall give—
4	"(1) priority";
5	(B) by striking the period at the end and
6	inserting "; and; and
7	(C) by adding at the end the following:
8	"(2) preference to an applicant that agrees to—
9	"(A) allow participation in the program
10	supported by the award by individuals taking a
11	drug or combination of drugs approved by the
12	Food and Drug Administration for medication-
13	assisted treatment, including such individuals
14	taking an opioid agonist;
15	"(B) provide culturally competent services
16	(as defined in section 102 of the Developmental
17	Disabilities Assistance and Bill of Rights Act of
18	2000);
19	"(C) ensure flexible lengths of stay in the
20	treatment program; and
21	"(D) use peer recovery advocates in the
22	program supported by the award.";
23	(2) in subsection (p), by inserting ", and demo-
24	graphic data on the individuals served by programs
25	funded under this section and case outcomes, as re-

ported to the Director by award recipients" before 1 2 the period at the end of the third sentence; and 3 (3) in subsection (s), by striking "\$29,931,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023" and in-4 5 serting "100,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2021 6 through 2026". 7 SEC. 205. REQUIRE THE USE OF PRESCRIPTION DRUG MON-8 ITORING PROGRAMS. 9 (a) Definitions.—In this section: 10 SUBSTANCE.—The (1)CONTROLLED 11 "controlled substance" has the meaning given the 12 term in section 102 of the Controlled Substances 13 Act (21 U.S.C. 802). 14 COVERED STATE.—The term "covered (2)15 State" means a State that receives funding under 16 the Harold Rogers Prescription Drug Monitoring 17 Program established under the Departments of 18 Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary, and 19 Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2002 (Public 20 Law 107–77; 115 Stat. 748), under this Act (or an 21 amendment made by this Act), or under the con-22 trolled substance monitoring program under section 23 3990 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 24 280g-3). (3) DISPENSER.—The term "dispenser"—

1	(A) means a person licensed or otherwise
2	authorized by a State to deliver a prescription
3	drug product to a patient or an agent of the pa-
4	tient; and
5	(B) does not include a person involved in
6	oversight or payment for prescription drugs.
7	(4) PDMP.—The term "PDMP" means a pre-
8	scription drug monitoring program.
9	(5) Practitioner.—The term "practitioner"
10	means a practitioner registered under section 303(f)
11	of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 823(f))
12	to prescribe, administer, or dispense controlled sub-
13	stances.
14	(6) STATE.—The term "State" means each of
15	the several States and the District of Columbia.
16	(b) In General.—Beginning 1 year after the date
17	of enactment of this Act, each covered State shall re-
18	quire—
19	(1) each prescribing practitioner within the cov-
20	ered State or their designee, who shall be licensed or
21	registered healthcare professionals or other employ-
22	ees who report directly to the practitioner, to consult
23	the PDMP of the covered State before initiating
24	treatment with a prescription for a controlled sub-

stance listed in schedule II, III, or IV of section

1	202(c) of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C.
2	812(c)), and every 3 months thereafter as long as
3	the treatment continues;
4	(2) the PDMP of the covered State to provide
5	proactive notification to a practitioner when patterns
6	indicative of controlled substance misuse, including
7	opioid misuse, are detected;
8	(3) each dispenser within the covered State to
9	report each prescription for a controlled substance
10	dispensed by the dispenser to the PDMP not later
11	than 24 hours after the controlled substance is dis-
12	pensed to the patient;
13	(4) that the PDMP make available a quarterly
14	de-identified data set and an annual report for pub-
15	lic and private use, including use by healthcare pro-
16	viders, health plans and health benefits administra-
17	tors, State agencies, and researchers, which shall, at
18	a minimum, meet requirements established by the
19	Attorney General, in coordination with the Secretary
20	of Health and Human Services;
21	(5) each State agency that administers the
22	PDMP to—
23	(A) proactively analyze data available
24	through the PDMP; and

1	(B) provide reports to prescriber licensing
2	boards describing any prescribing practitioner
3	that repeatedly fall outside of expected norms
4	or standard practices for the prescribing practi-
5	tioner's field; and
6	(6) that the data contained in the PDMP of the
7	covered State be made available to other States.
8	(c) Noncompliance.—If a covered State fails to
9	comply with subsection (a), the Attorney General or the
10	Secretary of Health and Human Services may withhold
11	grant funds from being awarded to the covered State
12	under the Harold Rogers Prescription Drug Monitoring
13	Program established under the Departments of Com-
14	merce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary, and Related
15	Agencies Appropriations Act, 2002 (Public Law 107–77;
16	115 Stat. 748), under this Act (or an amendment made
17	by this Act), or under the controlled substance monitoring
18	program under section 3990 of the Public Health Service
19	Act (42 U.S.C. 280g-3).
20	SEC. 206. PRESCRIBER EDUCATION.
21	(a) In General.—Section 303 of the Controlled
22	Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 823), as amended by section
23	201, is amended—
24	(1) in subsection (f), in the matter preceding
25	paragraph (1), by striking "The Attorney General

1	shall register" and inserting "Subject to subsection
2	(m), the Attorney General shall register"; and
3	(2) by adding at the end the following:
4	"(m) Prescriber Education.—
5	"(1) Definitions.—In this subsection—
6	"(A) the term 'covered agent or employee'
7	means an agent or employee of a covered facil-
8	ity who—
9	"(i) prescribes controlled substances
10	for humans under the registration of the
11	facility under this part; and
12	"(ii) is a medical resident;
13	"(B) the term 'covered facility' means a
14	practitioner—
15	"(i) that is a hospital or other institu-
16	tion;
17	"(ii) that is licensed under State law
18	to prescribe controlled substances; and
19	"(iii) under whose registration under
20	this part agents or employees of the practi-
21	tioner prescribe controlled substances;
22	"(C) the term 'covered individual practi-
23	tioner' means a practitioner who—
24	"(i) is an individual;
25	"(ii) is not a veterinarian; and

1	"(iii) is licensed under State law to
2	prescribe controlled substances; and
3	"(D) the term 'specified continuing edu-
4	cation topics' means—
5	"(i) alternatives to opioids for pain
6	management;
7	"(ii) palliative care;
8	"(iii) substance use disorder;
9	"(iv) adverse events;
10	"(v) potential for dependence;
11	"(vi) tolerance;
12	"(vii) prescribing contraindicated sub-
13	stances;
14	"(viii) medication-assisted treatment;
15	"(ix) culturally competent (as defined
16	in section 102 of the Developmental Dis-
17	abilities Assistance and Bill of Rights Act
18	of 2000 (42 U.S.C. 15002)) services;
19	"(x) bias and stigma in prescribing
20	trends; and
21	"(xi) any other topic that the Attor-
22	ney General determines appropriate.
23	"(2) Certification of continuing edu-
24	CATION.—

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"(A) Individual practitioners.—As a condition of granting or renewing the registration of a covered individual practitioner under this part to dispense controlled substances in schedule II, III, IV, or V, the Attorney General shall require the practitioner to certify that, during the 3-year period preceding the date of the grant or renewal of registration, the practitioner completed course work or training from an organization accredited by the Accreditation Council for Continuing Medical Education (commonly known as the 'ACCME'), or by a State medical society accreditor recognized by the ACCME, that included not fewer than 3 hours of content on the specified continuing education topics.

"(B) FACILITIES.—As a condition of granting or renewing the registration of a covered facility under this part to dispense controlled substances in schedule II, III, IV, or V, the Attorney General shall require the covered facility to certify that the facility does not allow a covered agent or employee to prescribe controlled substances for humans under the registration of the facility unless, during the pre-

1	ceding 3-year period, the covered agent or em-
2	ployee completed course work or training from
3	an organization accredited by the Accreditation
4	Council for Continuing Medical Education
5	(commonly known as the 'ACCME'), or a State
6	medical society accreditor recognized by the
7	ACCME, that included not fewer than 3 hours
8	of content on the specified continuing education
9	topies.".
10	(b) Effective Date.—Subsection (m) of section
11	303 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 823),
12	as added by subsection (a), shall apply to any grant or
13	renewal of registration described in such subsection (m)
14	that occurs on or after the date that is 2 years after the
15	date of enactment of this Act.
16	SEC. 207. PROHIBITION OF UTILIZATION CONTROL POLI-
17	CIES OR PROCEDURES FOR MEDICATION-AS-
18	SISTED TREATMENT UNDER MEDICAID.
19	Section 1905 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.
20	1396d) is amended—
21	(1) in subsection (a)—
22	(A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1),
23	by moving the margin of clause (xvi) 4 ems to
24	the left; and

1	(B) in paragraph (29), by inserting "and
2	to the extent allowed in paragraph (3) of such
3	subsection" after "paragraph (1) of such sub-
4	section"; and
5	(2) in subsection (ee), by adding at the end the
6	following new paragraph:
7	"(3) Prohibition of utilization control
8	POLICIES OR PROCEDURES FOR MEDICATION-AS-
9	SISTED TREATMENT.—As a condition for a State re-
10	ceiving payments under section 1903(a) for medical
11	assistance for medication-assisted treatment, a State
12	may not impose any utilization control policies or
13	procedures (as defined by the Secretary), including
14	prior authorization requirements, with respect to
15	such treatment.".
10	Such dicament.
16	SEC. 208. PILOT PROGRAM ON EXPANDING ACCESS TO
16	SEC. 208. PILOT PROGRAM ON EXPANDING ACCESS TO
16 17	SEC. 208. PILOT PROGRAM ON EXPANDING ACCESS TO TREATMENT.
16 17 18	SEC. 208. PILOT PROGRAM ON EXPANDING ACCESS TO TREATMENT. The Secretary of Health and Human Services (re-
16 17 18 19	SEC. 208. PILOT PROGRAM ON EXPANDING ACCESS TO TREATMENT. The Secretary of Health and Human Services (referred to in this section as the "Secretary") shall establish
16 17 18 19 20	SEC. 208. PILOT PROGRAM ON EXPANDING ACCESS TO TREATMENT. The Secretary of Health and Human Services (referred to in this section as the "Secretary") shall establish a 5-year pilot program in not less than 5 diverse regions
16 17 18 19 20 21	SEC. 208. PILOT PROGRAM ON EXPANDING ACCESS TO TREATMENT. The Secretary of Health and Human Services (referred to in this section as the "Secretary") shall establish a 5-year pilot program in not less than 5 diverse regions to study the use of mobile methadone clinics in rural and

1	the demographics of people served, including race and in-
2	come.
3	SEC. 209. REAUTHORIZATION OF PRAC ED GRANT PRO-
4	GRAM.
5	To carry out the Practitioner Education grant pro-
6	gram established by the Substance Abuse and Mental
7	Health Services Administration, there is authorized to be
8	appropriated such sums as may be necessary for each of
9	fiscal years 2021 through 2026.
10	TITLE III—RECOVERY
11	Subtitle A—General Provisions
12	SEC. 301. BUILDING COMMUNITIES OF RECOVERY.
13	(a) In General.—Section 547 of the Public Health
14	Service Act (42 U.S.C. 290ee–2) is amended—
15	(1) by striking subsection (e);
16	(2) by redesignating subsection (d) as sub-
17	section (e);
18	(3) in subsection (c) (as so redesignated)—
19	(A) in paragraph (1), by striking "and" at
20	the end;
21	(B) in paragraph (2)(C)(iv), by striking
22	the period and inserting "; and"; and
23	(C) by adding at the and the following:
24	"(3) may be used as provided for in subsection
25	(d).";

1	(4) by inserting after subsection (c) (as so re-
2	designated), the following:
3	"(d) Establishment of Regional Technical As-
4	SISTANCE CENTERS.—
5	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Grants awarded under sub-
6	section (b) may be used to provide for the establish-
7	ment of regional technical assistance centers to pro-
8	vide regional technical assistance for the following:
9	"(A) Implementation of regionally driven
10	peer delivered substance use disorder recovery
11	support services before, during, after, or in lieu
12	of substance use disorder treatment.
13	"(B) Establishment of recovery community
14	organizations.
15	"(C) Establishment of recovery community
16	centers.
17	"(D) Naloxone training and dissemination.
18	"(E) Development of connections between
19	recovery support services, community organiza-
20	tions, and community centers and the broader
21	medical community.
22	"(F) Establishment of online recovery sup-
23	port services, with parity to physical health
24	services.

1	"(G) Development of recovery wellness
2	plans to address perceived barriers to recovery,
3	including social determinants of health.
4	"(H) Establishment of culturally com-
5	petent (as defined in section 102 of the Devel-
6	opmental Disabilities Assistance and Bill of
7	Rights Act of 2000) treatment programs to en-
8	gage with racially and ethnically diverse pa-
9	tients.
10	"(2) Eligible entities.—To be eligible to re-
11	ceive a grant under paragraph (1), an entity shall
12	be—
13	"(A) a national nonprofit entity with a net-
14	work of local affiliates and partners that are
15	geographically and organizationally diverse; or
16	"(B) a national nonprofit organization es-
17	tablished by individuals in personal and family
18	recovery, serving prevention, treatment, recov-
19	ery, payor, faith-based, and criminal justice
20	stakeholders in the implementation of local sub-
21	stance use disorder and recovery initiatives.
22	"(3) Preference.—In awarding grants under
23	subsection (b), the Secretary shall give preference to
24	organizations that—

1	"(A) provide culturally competent (as de-
2	fined in section 102 of the Developmental Dis-
3	abilities Assistance and Bill of Rights Act of
4	2000) services;
5	"(B) allow participation by individuals re-
6	ceiving medication-assisted treatment that in-
7	volves prescription drugs approved by the Food
8	and Drug Administration (at least one of which
9	is an opioid agonist); and
10	"(C) use peer recovery advocates."; and
11	(5) in subsection (f), by striking "2023" and
12	inserting "2020, and \$200,000,000 for each of fiscal
13	years 2021 through 2026".
14	(b) Continuing Care and Community Support
15	To Maintain Recovery.—
16	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall award
17	grants to peer recovery support services, for the pur-
18	poses of providing continuing care and ongoing com-
19	munity support for individuals to maintain recovery
20	from substance use disorders.
21	(2) Definition.—For purposes of this sub-
22	section, the term "peer recovery support services"
23	means an independent nonprofit organization that
24	provides peer recovery support services, through
25	credentialed peer support professionals.

1	(3) Authorization of appropriations.—
2	There are authorized to be appropriated, for each of
3	fiscal years 2021 through 2026, \$50,000,000 for
4	purposes of awarding grants under paragraph (1).
5	SEC. 302. MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT FOR RECOV-
6	ERY FROM SUBSTANCE USE DISORDER.
7	(a) In General.—Section 303(g) of the Controlled
8	Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 823(g)) is amended—
9	(1) by striking paragraph (2);
10	(2) by striking "(g)(1) Except as provided in
11	paragraph (2), practitioners who dispense narcotic
12	drugs to individuals for maintenance treatment or
13	detoxification treatment" and inserting "(g) Practi-
14	tioners who dispense narcotic drugs (other than nar-
15	cotic drugs in schedule III, IV, or V) to individuals
16	for maintenance treatment or detoxification treat-
17	ment";
18	(3) by redesignating subparagraphs (A), (B),
19	and (C) as paragraphs (1), (2), and (3), respectively;
20	and
21	(4) in paragraph (2), as redesignated, by redes-
22	ignating clauses (i) and (ii) as subparagraphs (A)
23	and (B), respectively.
24	(b) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING EDITS —

1	(1) Section 304 of the Controlled Substances
2	Act (21 U.S.C. 824) is amended—
3	(A) in subsection (a), by striking
4	"303(g)(1)" each place it appears and inserting
5	"303(g)"; and
6	(B) in subsection $(d)(1)$, by striking
7	" $303(g)(1)$ " and inserting " $303(g)$ ".
8	(2) Section 309A(a) of the Controlled Sub-
9	stances Act (21 U.S.C. 829a(a)) is amended by
10	striking paragraph (2) and inserting the following:
11	"(2) the controlled substance—
12	"(A) is a narcotic drug in schedule III, IV,
13	or V to be administered for the purpose of
14	maintenance or detoxification treatment; and
15	"(B) is to be administered by injection or
16	implantation;".
17	(3) Section 520E-4(e) of the Public Health
18	Service Act (42 U.S.C. 290bb–36d(e)) is amended,
19	in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking
20	"information on any qualified practitioner that is
21	certified to prescribe medication for opioid depend-
22	ency under section $303(g)(2)(B)$ of the Controlled
23	Substances Act" and inserting "information on any
24	practitioner who prescribes narcotic drugs in sched-
25	ule III, IV, or V of section 202 of the Controlled

- Substances Act for the purpose of maintenance or detoxification treatment".
- 3 (4) Section 544(a)(3) of the Public Health
 4 Service Act (42 U.S.C. 290dd–3) is amended by
 5 striking "any practitioner dispensing narcotic drugs
 6 pursuant to section 303(g) of the Controlled Sub7 stances Act" and inserting "any practitioner dis8 pensing narcotic drugs for the purpose of mainte9 nance or detoxification treatment".
 - (5) Section 1833(bb)(3)(B) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395l(bb)(3)(B)) is amended by striking "first receives a waiver under section 303(g) of the Controlled Substances Act on or after January 1, 2019" and inserting "first begins prescribing narcotic drugs in schedule III, IV, or V of section 202 of the Controlled Substances Act for the purpose of maintenance or detoxification treatment on or after January 1, 2019".
 - (6) Section 1834(o)(3)(C)(ii) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395m(o)(3)(C)(ii)) is amended by striking "first receives a waiver under section 303(g) of the Controlled Substances Act on or after January 1, 2019" and inserting "first begins prescribing narcotic drugs in schedule III, IV, or V of section 202 of the Controlled Substances Act for the

1	purpose of maintenance or detoxification treatment
2	on or after January 1, 2019".
3	(7) Section 1866F(c)(3) of the Social Security
4	Act (42 U.S.C. 1395cc-6(c)(3)) is amended—
5	(A) in subparagraph (A), by inserting
6	"and" at the end;
7	(B) in subparagraph (B), by striking ";
8	and" and inserting a period; and
9	(C) by striking subparagraph (C).
10	(8) Section 1903(aa)(2)(C) of the Social Secu-
11	rity Act (42 U.S.C. 1396b(aa)(2)(C)) is amended—
12	(A) in clause (i), by inserting "and" at the
13	end;
14	(B) by striking clause (ii); and
15	(C) by redesignating clause (iii) as clause
16	(ii).
17	SEC. 303. RECOVERY IN THE WORKPLACE.
18	It is the sense of Congress that an employee who is
19	taking opioid antagonist, opioid agonist, or partial agonist
20	drugs as part of a medication-assisted treatment program
21	shall not be in violation of a drug-free workplace require-
22	ment.

1 SEC. 304. TELEHEALTH FOR RECOVERY SUPPORT SERV-

- 2 ices.
- 3 (a) Funding for the Testing of Incentive Pay-
- 4 ments for Behavioral Health Providers for
- 5 Adoption and Use of Certified Electronic
- 6 Health Record Technology.—In addition to amounts
- 7 appropriated under subsection (f) of section 1135A of the
- 8 Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 13951315a), there are au-
- 9 thorized to be appropriated to the Center for Medicare and
- 10 Medicaid Innovation such sums as may be necessary for
- 11 fiscal year 2021 to design, implement, and evaluate the
- 12 model under subsection (b)(2)(B)(xxv) of such section.
- 13 Amounts appropriated under the preceding sentence shall
- 14 remain available until expended.
- 15 (b) Telehealth for Substance Use Disorder
- 16 Treatment.—
- 17 (1) Substance use disorder services fur-
- 18 NISHED THROUGH TELEHEALTH UNDER MEDI-
- 19 CARE.—Section 1834(m)(7) of the Social Security
- Act (42 U.S.C. 1395m(m)(7)) is amended by adding
- at the end the following: "With respect to telehealth
- services described in the preceding sentence that are
- furnished on or after January 1, 2020, nothing shall
- 24 preclude the furnishing of such services through
- audio or telephone only technologies in the case
- 26 where a physician or practitioner has already con-

1	ducted an in-person medical evaluation or a tele-
2	health evaluation that utilizes both audio and visual
3	capabilities with the eligible telehealth individual.".
4	(2) Controlled substances dispensed by
5	MEANS OF THE INTERNET.—Section 309(e)(2) of
6	the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 829(e)(2))
7	is amended—
8	(A) in subparagraph (A)(i)—
9	(i) by striking "at least 1 in-person
10	medical evaluation" and inserting the fol-
11	lowing: "at least—
12	"(I) 1 in-person medical evalua-
13	tion"; and
14	(ii) by adding at the end the fol-
15	lowing:
16	"(II) for purposes of prescribing
17	a controlled substance in schedule III
18	or IV, 1 telehealth evaluation; or";
19	and
20	(B) by adding at the end the following:
21	"(D)(i) The term 'telehealth evaluation'
22	means a medical evaluation that is conducted in
23	accordance with applicable Federal and State
24	laws by a practitioner (other than a phar-
25	macist) who is at a location remote from the

patient and is communicating with the patient using a telecommunications system referred to in section 1834(m) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395m(m)) that includes, at a minimum, audio and video equipment permitting two-way, real-time interactive communication between the patient and distant site practitioner.

- "(ii) Nothing in clause (i) shall be construed to imply that 1 telehealth evaluation demonstrates that a prescription has been issued for a legitimate medical purpose within the usual course of professional practice.
- "(iii) A practitioner who prescribes the drugs or combination of drugs that are covered under section 303(g)(2)(C) using the authority under subparagraph (A)(i)(II) of this paragraph shall adhere to nationally recognized evidence-based guidelines for the treatment of patients with opioid use disorders and a diversion control plan, as those terms are defined in section 8.2 of title 42, Code of Federal Regulations, as in effect on the date of enactment of this subparagraph."

Subtitle B—Recovery Housing

2	SEC. 311. CLARIFYING THE ROLE OF SAMHSA IN PRO-
3	MOTING THE AVAILABILITY OF HIGH-QUAL-
4	ITY RECOVERY HOUSING.
5	Section 501(d) of the Public Health Service Act (42
6	U.S.C. 290aa) is amended—
7	(1) in paragraph (24)(E), by striking "and" at
8	the end;
9	(2) in paragraph (25), by striking the period at
10	the end and inserting "; and"; and
11	(3) by adding at the end the following:
12	"(26) collaborate with national accrediting enti-
13	ties and reputable providers and analysts of recovery
14	housing services and all relevant Federal agencies,
15	including the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Serv-
16	ices, the Health Resources and Services Administra-
17	tion, other offices and agencies within the Depart-
18	ment of Health and Human Services, the Office of
19	National Drug Control Policy, the Department of
20	Justice, the Department of Housing and Urban De-
21	velopment, and the Department of Agriculture, to
22	promote the availability of high-quality recovery
23	housing for individuals with a substance use dis-
24	order.".

1	SEC. 312. DEVELOPING GUIDELINES FOR STATES TO PRO-
2	MOTE THE AVAILABILITY OF HIGH-QUALITY
3	RECOVERY HOUSING.
4	(a) In General.—Not later than 1 year after the
5	date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Health
6	and Human Services, acting through the Assistant Sec-
7	retary for Mental Health and Substance Use, shall de-
8	velop, and publish on the Internet website of the Sub-
9	stance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration,
10	consensus-based guidelines and nationally recognized
11	standards for States to promote the availability of high-
12	quality recovery housing for individuals with a substance
13	use disorder. Such guidelines shall—
14	(1) be developed in consultation with national
15	accrediting entities and reputable providers and ana-
16	lysts of recovery housing services and be consistent
17	with the best practices developed under section 550
18	of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 290ee–
19	5); and
20	(2) to the extent practicable, build on existing
21	best practices and suggested guidelines developed
22	previously by the Substance Abuse and Mental
23	Health Services Administration.
24	(b) Public Comment Period.—Before finalizing
25	guidelines under subsection (a), the Secretary of Health

1	and Human Services shall provide for a public comment
2	period.
3	(c) Exclusion of Guideline on Treatment
4	SERVICES.—In developing the guidelines under subsection
5	(a), the Secretary may not include any guideline or stand-
6	ard with respect to substance use disorder treatment serv-
7	ices.
8	(d) Substance Use Disorder Treatment Serv-
9	ICES.—In this section, the term "substance use disorder
10	treatment services" means items or services furnished for
11	the treatment of a substance use disorder, including—
12	(1) medications approved by the Food and
13	Drug Administration for use in such treatment, ex-
14	cluding each such medication used to prevent or
15	treat a drug overdose;
16	(2) the administering of such medications;
17	(3) recommendations for such treatment;
18	(4) clinical assessments and referrals;
19	(5) counseling with a physician, psychologist, or
20	mental health professional (including individual and
21	group therapy); and
22	(6) toxicology testing.

1	SEC. 313. COORDINATION OF FEDERAL ACTIVITIES TO PRO-
2	MOTE THE AVAILABILITY OF HIGH-QUALITY
3	RECOVERY HOUSING.
4	Section 550 of the Public Health Service Act (42
5	U.S.C. 290ee-5) is amended—
6	(1) by redesignating subsections (e), (f), and
7	(g) as subsections (h), (i), and (j), respectively; and
8	(2) by inserting after subsection (d) the fol-
9	lowing:
10	"(e) Coordination of Federal Activities To
11	PROMOTE THE AVAILABILITY OF HIGH-QUALITY RECOV-
12	ERY HOUSING FOR INDIVIDUALS WITH A SUBSTANCE
13	USE DISORDER.—
14	"(1) In General.—The Secretary, acting
15	through the Assistant Secretary, and the Secretary
16	of the Department of Housing and Urban Develop-
17	ment, shall convene and serve as the co-chairs of an
18	interagency working group composed of representa-
19	tives of each of the Federal agencies described in
20	paragraph (2) (referred to in this section as the
21	'working group') for the following purposes:
22	"(A) To increase collaboration, coopera-
23	tion, and consultation among such Federal
24	agencies, with respect to promoting the avail-
25	ability of high-quality recovery housing

1	"(B) To align the efforts of such agencies
2	and avoid duplication of such efforts by such
3	agencies.
4	"(C) To develop objectives, priorities, and
5	a long- term plan for supporting State, Tribal,
6	and local efforts with respect to the operation
7	of high-quality recovery housing that is con-
8	sistent with the best practices developed under
9	this section.
10	"(D) To coordinate inspection and enforce-
11	ment among Federal and State agencies.
12	"(E) To coordinate data collection on the
13	quality of recovery housing.
14	"(2) FEDERAL AGENCIES DESCRIBED.—The
15	Federal agencies described in this paragraph are the
16	following:
17	"(A) The Department of Health and
18	Human Services.
19	"(B) The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid
20	Services.
21	"(C) The Substance Abuse and Mental
22	Health Services Administration.
23	"(D) The Health Resources and Services
24	Administration.
25	"(E) The Indian Health Service.

1	"(F) The Department of Housing and
2	Urban Development.
3	"(G) The Department of Agriculture.
4	"(H) The Department of Justice.
5	"(I) The Office of National Drug Control
6	Policy.
7	"(J) The Bureau of Indian Affairs.
8	"(K) Any other such agency or subagency
9	as the chair determines necessary and appro-
10	priate.
11	"(3) Meetings.—The working group shall
12	meet on a quarterly basis.
13	"(4) Reports to congress.—Beginning not
14	later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of
15	this section and annually thereafter, the working
16	group shall submit to the Committee on Health,
17	Education, Labor, and Pensions, the Committee on
18	Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry, and the Com-
19	mittee on Finance of the Senate and the Committee
20	on Energy and Commerce, the Committee on Ways
21	and Means, the Committee on Agriculture, and the
22	Committee on Financial Services of the House of
23	Representatives a report describing the work of the
24	working group and any recommendations of the

1	working group to improve Federal, State, or local
2	policy with respect to recovery housing operations.".
3	SEC. 314. NAS STUDY.
4	Section 550 of the Public Health Service Act (42
5	U.S.C. 290ee-5), as amended by section 313, is further
6	amended by inserting after subsection (e) (as inserted by
7	such section 313) the following:
8	"(f) NAS STUDY AND REPORT.—
9	"(1) In General.—The Secretary, acting
10	through the Assistant Secretary, shall enter into an
11	arrangement with the National Academy of Sciences
12	under which the National Academy agrees to con-
13	duct a study on—
14	"(A) the availability in the United States
15	of high-quality recovery housing and whether
16	that availability meets the demand for such
17	housing in the United States; and
18	"(B) State, Tribal, and local regulation
19	and oversight of recovery housing.
20	"(2) Report.—The arrangement under para-
21	graph (1) shall provide for the National Academy of
22	Sciences to submit, not later than 1 year after the
23	date of the enactment of this subsection, a report
24	that contains—

1	"(A) the results of the study under such
2	paragraph;
3	"(B) the National Academy's recommenda-
4	tions for Federal, State, and local policies to
5	promote the availability of high-quality recovery
6	housing in the United States;
7	"(C) recommendations for Federal, State,
8	and local policies to improve data collection on
9	the quality of recovery housing;
10	"(D) recommendations for recovery hous-
11	ing quality metrics;
12	"(E) recommendations to eliminate restric-
13	tions by recovery residences that exclude indi-
14	viduals who take prescribed medications for
15	opioid use disorder; and
16	"(F) a summary of allegations, assertions,
17	or formal legal actions on the State and local
18	levels by governments and non-governmental or-
19	ganizations with respect to the opening and op-
20	eration of recovery residences.
21	"(3) Consultation.—In conducting the study
22	under this subsection, the National Academy of
23	Sciences shall consult with national accrediting enti-
24	ties and reputable providers and analysts of recovery
25	housing services.".

1	SEC. 315. GRANTS FOR STATES TO PROMOTE THE AVAIL-
2	ABILITY OF HIGH QUALITY RECOVERY HOUS-
3	ING.
4	Section 550 of the Public Health Service Act (42
5	U.S.C. 290ee-5), as amended by sections 313 and 314
6	is further amended by inserting after subsection (f) (as
7	inserted by such section 314) the following:
8	"(g) Grants for Implementing National Re-
9	COVERY HOUSING BEST PRACTICES.—
10	"(1) In General.—The Secretary shall award
11	grants to States (and political subdivisions thereof),
12	Tribes, and territories—
13	"(A) for the provision of technical assist-
14	ance by national accrediting entities and rep-
15	utable providers and analysts of recovery hous-
16	ing services to implement the guidelines, nation-
17	ally recognized standards, and recommendations
18	developed under section 312 of the CARA 2.0
19	Act of 2020 and this section; and
20	"(B) to promote the availability of high-
21	quality recovery housing for individuals with a
22	substance use disorder and practices to main-
23	tain housing quality long term.
24	"(2) State enforcement plans.—Beginning
25	not later than 90 days after the date of the enact-
26	ment of this paragraph and every 2 years thereafter,

1 as a condition on the receipt of a grant under para-2 graph (1), each State (or political subdivisions there-3 of), Tribe, or territory receiving such a grant shall submit to the Secretary, and make publicly available 5 on a publicly accessible Internet website of the State 6 (or political subdivisions thereof), Tribe, or territory, 7 the plan of the State (or political subdivisions there-8 of), Tribe, or territory, with respect to the promotion 9 of high-quality recovery housing for individuals with 10 a substance use disorder located within the jurisdic-11 tion of such State (or political subdivisions thereof), 12 Tribe, or territory, and how such plan is consistent 13 with the best practices developed under this section 14 and guidelines developed under section 312 of the 15 CARA 2.0 Act of 2020.

"(3) REVIEW OF ACCREDITING ENTITIES.—The Secretary shall periodically review the accrediting entities providing technical assistance pursuant to paragraph (1)(A).".

20 SEC. 316. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- 21 Section 550 of the Public Health Service Act (42
- 22 U.S.C. 290ee–5), as amended by sections 313, 314, and
- 23 315, is further amended by amending subsection (j) (as
- 24 redesignated by such section 313) to read as follows:
- 25 "(j) Authorization of Appropriations.—

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18

1	"(1) In general.—To carry out this section,
2	there is authorized to be appropriated—
3	"(A) $$2,000,000$ for fiscal year 2021; and
4	"(B) \$11,000,000 for each of fiscal years
5	2022 through 2026.
6	"(2) Reservations of funds.—For each of
7	fiscal years 2021 through 2026, of the amounts ap-
8	propriated under paragraph (1) for such fiscal year,
9	the Secretary shall reserve—
10	"(A) not less than \$1,000,000 to carry out
11	subsection (e);
12	"(B) not less than \$1,000,000 to carry out
13	subsection (f); and
14	"(C) not less than \$10,000,000 to carry
15	out subsection (g).".
16	SEC. 317. REPUTABLE PROVIDERS AND ANALYSTS OF RE-
17	COVERY HOUSING SERVICES DEFINITION.
18	Section 550(i) of the Public Health Service Act (42
19	U.S.C. 290ee–5(i)), as redesignated by section 313, is
20	amended by adding at the end the following:
21	"(4) The term 'reputable providers and analysts
22	of recovery housing services' means recovery housing
23	service providers and analysts that—
24	"(A) use evidence-based approaches;

1	"(B) act in accordance with guidelines
2	issued by the Assistant Secretary for Mental
3	Health and Substance Use;
4	"(C) have not been found guilty of health
5	care fraud by the Department of Justice; and
6	"(D) have not been found to have violated
7	Federal, State, or local codes of conduct with
8	respect to recovery housing for individuals with
9	a substance use disorder.".
10	SEC. 318. TECHNICAL CORRECTION.
11	Title V of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C.
12	290aa et seq.) is amended—
13	(1) by redesignating section 550 (relating to
14	Sobriety Treatment and Recovery Teams) (42
15	U.S.C. 290ee–10), as added by section 8214 of Pub-
16	lic Law 115–271, as section 550A; and
17	(2) moving such section so it appears after sec-
18	tion 550 (relating to National Recovery Housing
19	Best Practices).
20	TITLE IV—CRIMINAL JUSTICE
21	SEC. 401. MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT CORREC-
22	TIONS AND COMMUNITY REENTRY PROGRAM.
23	(a) Definitions.—In this section—

1	(1) the term "Attorney General" means the At-
2	torney General, acting through the Director of the
3	National Institute of Corrections;
4	(2) the term "certified recovery coach" means
5	an individual—
6	(A) with knowledge of, or experience with,
7	recovery from a substance use disorder; and
8	(B) who—
9	(i) has completed training through,
10	and is determined to be in good standing
11	by—
12	(I) a single State agency; or
13	(II) a recovery community orga-
14	nization that is capable of conducting
15	that training and making that deter-
16	mination; and
17	(ii) meets the criteria specified by the
18	Attorney General, in consultation with the
19	Secretary of Health and Human Services,
20	for qualifying as a certified recovery coach
21	for the purposes of this Act;
22	(3) the term "correctional facility" has the
23	meaning given the term in section 901 of title I of
24	the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of
25	1968 (34 U.S.C. 10251);

- 1 (4) the term "covered grant or cooperative 2 agreement" means a grant received, or cooperative 3 agreement entered into, under the Program;
 - (5) the term "covered program" means a program—
 - (A) to provide medication-assisted treatment to individuals who have opioid use disorder and are incarcerated within the jurisdiction of the State or unit of local government carrying out the program; and
 - (B) that is developed, implemented, or expanded through a covered grant or cooperative agreement;
 - (6) the term "medication-assisted treatment" means the use of any drug or combination of drugs that have been approved under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 301 et seq.) or section 351 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 262) for the treatment of an opioid use disorder, in combination with evidence-based counseling and behavioral therapies, such as psychosocial counseling, overseen by 1 or more social work professionals and 1 or more qualified clinicians, to provide a comprehensive approach to the treatment of substance use disorders;

1	(7) the term "nonprofit organization" means an
2	organization that is described in section 501(c)(3) of
3	the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and is exempt
4	from taxation under section 501(a) of such Code;
5	(8) the term "Panel" means the Medication-as-
6	sisted Treatment Corrections and Community Re-
7	entry Application Review Panel established under
8	subsection $(f)(2)$;
9	(9) the term "participant" means an individual
10	who participates in a covered program;
11	(10) the term "political appointee" has the
12	meaning given the term in section 714(h) of title 38,
13	United States Code;
14	(11) the term "Program" means the Medica-
15	tion-assisted Treatment Corrections and Community
16	Reentry Program established under subsection (b);
17	(12) the term "psychosocial" means the inter-
18	relation of social factors and individual thought and
19	behavior;
20	(13) the term "recovery community organiza-
21	tion" has the meaning given the term in section 547
22	of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 290ee-
23	2);
24	(14) the term "single State agency" means,
25	with respect to a State or unit of local government,

1	the single State agency identified by the State, or
2	the State in which the unit of local government is
3	located, in the plan submitted by that State under
4	section 1932(b)(1)(A)(i) of the Public Health Serv-
5	ice Act (42 U.S.C. $300x-32(b)(1)(A)(i)$);
6	(15) the term "State" means—
7	(A) each State of the United States;
8	(B) the District of Columbia; and
9	(C) each commonwealth, territory, or pos-
10	session of the United States; and
11	(16) the term "unit of local government" has
12	the meaning given the term in section 901 of title
13	I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets
14	Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10251), except that such
15	term also includes a tribal organization, as defined
16	in section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and
17	Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5304).
18	(b) AUTHORIZATION.—Not later than 90 days after
19	the date of enactment of this Act, the Attorney General,
20	in consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human
21	Services, shall establish a program—
22	(1) that shall be known as the "Medication-as-
23	sisted Treatment Corrections and Community Re-
24	entry Program"; and
25	(2) under which the Attorney General—

(A) may make grants to, and enter into cooperative agreements with, States or units of
local government to develop, implement, or expand 1 or more programs to provide medication-assisted treatment that meets the standard
of care generally accepted for the treatment of
opioid use disorder to individuals who have
opioid use disorder and are incarcerated within
the jurisdictions of the States or units of local
government; and

- (B) shall establish a working relationship with 1 or more knowledgeable corrections organizations with expertise in security, medical health, mental health, and substance use disorder care to oversee and support implementation of the program, including through the use of evidence-based clinical practices.
- 18 (c) USE OF FUNDS FOR INFRASTRUCTURE.—In de-19 veloping, implementing, or expanding a medication-as-20 sisted treatment program under subsection (b)(2)(A), a 21 State or unit of local government may use funds from a 22 grant or cooperative agreement under that subsection to 23 develop the infrastructure necessary to provide the medi-24 cation-assisted treatment, such as—

1	(1) establishing safe storage facilities for the	
2	drugs used in the treatment; and	
3	(2) obtaining appropriate licenses for the indi-	
4	viduals who will administer the treatment.	
5	(d) Purposes.—The purposes of the Program are	
6	to—	
7	(1) develop culturally competent (as defined in	
8	section 102 of the Developmental Disabilities Assist-	
9	ance and Bill of Rights Act of 2000 (42 U.S.C.	
10	15002)) medication-assisted treatment programs in	
11	consultation with nonprofit organizations and com-	
12	munity organizations that are qualified to provide	
13	technical support for the programs;	
14	(2) reduce the risk of overdose to participants	
15	after the participants are released from incarcer-	
16	ation; and	
17	(3) reduce the rate of reincarceration.	
18	(e) Program Requirements.—In carrying out a	
19	covered program, a State or unit of local government—	
20	(1) shall ensure that each individual who is	
21	newly incarcerated at a correctional facility at which	
22	the covered program is carried out, and who was re-	
23	ceiving medication-assisted treatment before being	
24	incarcerated, continues to receive medication-assisted	
25	treatment while incarcerated;	

1 (2) in providing medication-assisted treatment 2 under the covered program, shall offer to partici-3 pants each type of drug that has been approved 4 under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 301 et seq.) or section 351 of the Public 5 6 Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 262) for the treat-7 ment of an opioid use disorder; and 8 (3) shall use— 9 (A) screening tools with psychometric reli-10 ability and validity that provide useful clinical data to guide the long-term treatment of par-11 12 ticipants who have— 13 (i) opioid use disorder; or 14 (ii) co-occurring opioid use disorder 15 and mental disorders; 16 (B) at each correctional facility at which 17 the covered program is carried out, a sufficient 18 number of personnel, as determined by the At-19 torney General in light of the number of indi-20 viduals incarcerated at the correctional facility 21 and the number of those individuals whom the 22 correctional facility has screened and identified 23 as having opioid use disorder, to— 24 (i) monitor participants with active 25 opioid use disorder who begin participation

1	in the covered program while dem-
2	onstrating, or develop, signs and symptoms
3	of opioid withdrawal;
4	(ii) provide evidence-based medically
5	managed withdrawal care or assistance to
6	the participants described in clause (i);
7	(iii) prescribe or otherwise dispense—
8	(I) the drugs that are offered
9	under the covered program, as re-
10	quired under paragraph (1); and
11	(II) naloxone or any other emer-
12	gency opioid antagonist approved by
13	the Commissioner of Food and Drugs
14	to treat opioid overdose;
15	(iv) discuss with participants the risks
16	and benefits of, and differences among, the
17	opioid antagonist, opioid agonist, and par-
18	tial agonist drugs used to treat opioid use
19	disorder; and
20	(v) prepare a plan for release, includ-
21	ing connecting participants with mental
22	health and substance use treatment pro-
23	grams, medical care, public benefits, and
24	housing; and

1	(C) a certified recovery coach, social work
2	professional, or other qualified clinician who, in
3	order to support the sustained recovery of par-
4	ticipants, shall work with participants who are
5	recovering from opioid use disorder.
6	(f) Application.—
7	(1) In general.—A State or unit of local gov-
8	ernment desiring a covered grant or cooperative
9	agreement shall submit to the Attorney General an
10	application that—
11	(A) shall include—
12	(i) a description of—
13	(I) the objectives of the medica-
14	tion-assisted treatment program that
15	the applicant will develop, implement,
16	or expand under the covered grant or
17	cooperative agreement;
18	(II) the activities that the appli-
19	cant will carry out under the covered
20	program;
21	(III) how the activities described
22	under subclause (II) will achieve the
23	objectives described in subclause (I);
24	(IV) the outreach and education
25	component of the covered program

1	that the applicant will carry out in
2	order to encourage maximum partici-
3	pation in the covered program; and
4	(V) how the applicant will de-
5	velop connections to culturally com-
6	petent (as defined in section 102 of
7	the Developmental Disabilities Assist-
8	ance and Bill of Rights Act of 2000
9	(42 U.S.C. 15002)) substance use and
10	mental health treatment providers,
11	medical professionals, nonprofit orga-
12	nizations, and other State agencies in
13	order to plan for participants to re-
14	ceive a continuum of care and appro-
15	priate wrap-around services after re-
16	lease from incarceration;
17	(ii) if, under the covered program that
18	the applicant will carry out, the applicant
19	will not, in providing medication-assisted
20	treatment, offer to participants not less
21	than 1 drug that uses an opioid antago-
22	nist, not less than 1 drug that uses an
23	opioid agonist, and not less than 1 drug
24	that uses an opioid partial agonist, an ex-

planation of why the applicant is unable to

1	or chooses not to offer a drug that uses an
2	opioid antagonist, a drug that uses an
3	opioid agonist, or a drug that uses an
4	opioid partial agonist, as applicable;
5	(iii) a plan for—
6	(I) measuring progress in achiev-
7	ing the objectives described in clause
8	(i)(I), including a strategy to collect
9	data that can be used to measure that
10	progress;
11	(II) collaborating with the single
12	State agency for the applicant or 1 or
13	more nonprofit organizations in the
14	community of the applicant to help
15	ensure that—
16	(aa) if participants so desire,
17	participants have continuity of
18	care after release from incarcer-
19	ation with respect to the form of
20	medication-assisted treatment the
21	participants received during in-
22	carceration, including—
23	(AA) by working with
24	community service providers
25	to assist eligible partici-

1	pants, before release from
2	incarceration in registering
3	for the Medicaid program
4	under title XIX of the Social
5	Security Act (42 U.S.C.
6	1396 et seq.) or other min-
7	imum essential coverage, as
8	defined in section 5000A(f)
9	of the Internal Revenue
10	Code of 1986; and
11	(BB) if a participant
12	cannot afford, or does not
13	qualify for, health insurance
14	that provides coverage with
15	respect to enrollment in a
16	medication-assisted treat-
17	ment program, and if the
18	participant cannot pay the
19	cost of enrolling in a medi-
20	cation-assisted treatment
21	program, by working with
22	units of local government,
23	nonprofit organizations,
24	opioid use disorder treat-
25	ment providers, and entities

1	carrying out programs under
2	substance use disorder
3	grants to, before the partici-
4	pant is released from incar-
5	ceration, identify a resource,
6	other than the applicant or
7	the covered program to be
8	carried out by the applicant,
9	that may be used to pay the
10	cost of enrolling the partici-
11	pant in a medication-as-
12	sisted treatment program;
13	(bb) medications are se-
14	curely stored; and
15	(cc) protocols relating to di-
16	version are maintained; and
17	(III) with respect to each com-
18	munity in which a correctional facility
19	at which a covered program will be
20	carried out is located, collaborating
21	with State agencies responsible for
22	overseeing programs relating to sub-
23	stance use disorder and local public
24	health officials and nonprofit organi-
25	zations in the community to help en-

1	sure that medication-assisted treat
2	ment provided at each correctional fa-
3	cility at which the covered program
4	will be carried out is also available as
5	locations that are not correctional fa-
6	cilities in those communities, to the
7	greatest extent practicable; and
8	(iv) a certification that—
9	(I) each correctional facility as
10	which the covered program will be
11	carried out has access to a sufficient
12	number of clinicians who are licensed
13	to prescribe or otherwise dispense to
14	participants the drugs for the treat
15	ment of opioid use disorder required
16	to be offered under subsection $(e)(1)$
17	which may include clinicians who use
18	telemedicine, in accordance with regu
19	lations issued by the Administrator of
20	the Drug Enforcement Administra
21	tion, to provide services under the cov-
22	ered program; and
23	(II) the covered program wil
24	provide culturally competent (as de

fined in section 102 of the Develop-

1	mental Disabilities Assistance and Bill
2	of Rights Act of 2000 (42 U.S.C.
3	15002)) evidence-based counseling
4	and behavioral therapies, which may
5	include counseling and therapy admin-
6	istered through the use of telemedi-
7	cine, as appropriate, to participants as
8	part of the medication-assisted treat-
9	ment provided under the covered pro-
10	gram; and
11	(B) may include a statement indicating the
12	number of participants that the applicant ex-
13	pects to serve through the covered program.
14	(2) Medication-assisted treatment cor-
15	RECTIONS AND COMMUNITY REENTRY APPLICATION
16	REVIEW PANEL.—
17	(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days
18	after the date of enactment of this Act, the At-
19	torney General shall establish a Medication-as-
20	sisted Treatment Corrections and Community
21	Reentry Application Review Panel that shall—
22	(i) be composed of not fewer than 10
23	individuals and not more than 15 individ-
24	uals; and
25	(ii) include—

1	(I) 1 or more employees, who are
2	not political appointees, of—
3	(aa) the Department of Jus-
4	tice;
5	(bb) the Drug Enforcement
6	Administration;
7	(cc) the Substance Abuse
8	and Mental Health Service Ad-
9	ministration;
10	(dd) the National Center for
11	Injury Prevention and Control at
12	the Centers for Disease Control
13	and Prevention; and
14	(ee) the Office of National
15	Drug Control Policy; and
16	(II) other stakeholders who—
17	(aa) have expert knowledge
18	relating to the opioid epidemic,
19	drug treatment, health equity,
20	culturally competent (as defined
21	in section 102 of the Develop-
22	mental Disabilities Assistance
23	and Bill of Rights Act of 2000
24	(42 U.S.C. 15002)) care, or com-

1	munity substance use disorder
2	services; and
3	(bb) represent law enforce-
4	ment organizations and public
5	health entities.
6	(B) Duties.—
7	(i) In general.—The Panel shall—
8	(I) review and evaluate applica-
9	tions for covered grants and coopera-
10	tive agreements; and
11	(II) make recommendations to
12	the Attorney General relating to the
13	awarding of covered grants and coop-
14	erative agreements.
15	(ii) Rural communities.—In review-
16	ing and evaluating applications under
17	clause (i), the Panel shall take into consid-
18	eration the unique circumstances, including
19	the lack of resources relating to the treat-
20	ment of opioid use disorder, faced by rural
21	States and units of local government.
22	(C) Termination.—The Panel shall ter-
23	minate on the last day of fiscal year 2023.
24	(3) Publication of Criteria in Federal
25	RECISTER — Not later than 90 days after the date of

- enactment of this Act, the Attorney General, in consultation with the Panel, shall publish in the Federal Register—
- 4 (A) the process through which applications 5 submitted under paragraph (1) shall be sub-6 mitted and evaluated; and
- 7 (B) the criteria used in awarding covered 8 grants and cooperative agreements.
- 9 (g) DURATION.—A covered grant or cooperative 10 agreement shall be for a period of not more than 4 years, 11 except that the Attorney General may extend the term of 12 a covered grant or cooperative agreement based on out-13 come data or extenuating circumstances relating to the 14 covered program carried out under the covered grant or 15 cooperative agreement.

16 (h) Report.—

17 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after 18 the date on which a State or unit of local govern-19 ment is awarded a covered grant or cooperative 20 agreement, and each year thereafter until the date 21 that is 1 year after the date on which the period of 22 the covered grant or cooperative agreement ends, the 23 State or unit of local government shall submit a re-24 port to the Attorney General that includes informa-25 tion relating to the covered program carried out by

1	the State or unit of local government, including in-
2	formation relating to—
3	(A) the goals of the covered program;
4	(B) any evidence-based interventions car-
5	ried out under the covered program;
6	(C) outcomes of the covered program,
7	which shall—
8	(i) be reported in a manner that dis-
9	tinguishes the outcomes based on the cat-
10	egories of, with respect to the participants
11	in the covered program—
12	(I) the race of the participants
13	and
14	(II) the gender of the partici-
15	pants; and
16	(ii) include information relating to the
17	rate of reincarceration among participants
18	in the covered program, if available; and
19	(D) expenditures under the covered pro-
20	gram.
21	(2) Publication.—
22	(A) AWARDEE.—A State or unit of local
23	government that submits a report under para-
24	graph (1) shall make the report publicly avail-
25	able on—

- 1 (i) the website of each correctional fa-2 cility at which the State or unit of local 3 government carried out the covered grant 4 program; and
 - (ii) if a correctional facility at which the State or unit of local government carried out the covered grant program does not operate a website, the website of the State or unit of local government.
 - (B) Attorney General.—The Attorney General shall make each report received under paragraph (1) publicly available on the website of the National Institute of Corrections.
 - (3) Submission to congress.—Not later than 2 years after the date on which the Attorney General awards the first covered grant or cooperative agreement, and each year thereafter, the Attorney General shall submit to the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate and the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives a summary and compilation of the reports that the Attorney General has received under paragraph (1) during the year preceding the date on which the Attorney General submits the summary and compilation.

1	(i) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
2	are authorized to be appropriated \$50,000,000 to carry
3	out this section for each of fiscal years 2021 through
4	2026.
5	SEC. 402. DEFLECTION AND PRE-ARREST DIVERSION.
6	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
7	(1) Law enforcement officers and other first re-
8	sponders are at the front line of the opioid epidemic.
9	However, a traditional law enforcement response to
10	substance use often fails to disrupt the cycle of ad-
11	diction and arrest, or reduce the risk of overdose.
12	(2) Law enforcement-assisted diversion and de-
13	flection programs have the potential to improve pub-
14	lic health, decrease the number of people entering
15	the criminal justice system for low-level offenses,
16	and address racial disparities.
17	(3) According to the Bureau of Justice Assist-
18	ance of the Department of Justice, "Five pathways
19	have been most commonly associated with opioid
20	overdose prevention and diversion to treatment."
21	The 5 pathways are—
22	(A) "self-referral", in which—
23	(i) an individual voluntarily initiates
24	contact with a first responder, such as a
25	law enforcement officer firefighter or

1	emergency medical services professional,
2	for a treatment referral (without fear of
3	arrest); and
4	(ii) the first responder personally in-
5	troduces the individual to a treatment pro-
6	vider (commonly known as a "warm hand-
7	off");
8	(B) "active outreach", in which a law en-
9	forcement officer or other first responder—
10	(i) identifies or seeks out individuals
11	in need of substance use disorder treat-
12	ment; and
13	(ii) makes a warm handoff of such an
14	individual to a treatment provider, who en-
15	gages the individual in treatment;
16	(C) "naloxone plus", in which a law en-
17	forcement officer or other first responder en-
18	gages an individual in treatment as part of an
19	overdose response;
20	(D) "officer prevention referral", in which
21	a law enforcement officer or other first re-
22	sponder initiates treatment engagement with an
23	individual, but no criminal charges are filed
24	against the individual; and

1	(E) "officer intervention referral", in
2	which—
3	(i) a law enforcement officer or other
4	first responder initiates treatment engage-
5	ment with an individual; and
6	(ii)(I) criminal charges are filed
7	against the individual and held in abey-
8	ance; or
9	(II) a citation is issued to the indi-
10	vidual.
11	(4) As of the date of enactment of this Act,
12	there are no national best practices or guidelines for
13	law enforcement-assisted diversion and deflection
14	programs.
15	(b) Use of Byrne JAG Funds for Deflection
16	AND DIVERSION PROGRAMS.—Section 501 of title I of the
17	Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34
18	U.S.C. 10152) is amended—
19	(1) in subsection (a)(1)(E), by inserting before
20	the period at the end the following: ", including law
21	enforcement-assisted deflection programs and law
22	enforcement-assisted pre-arrest and pre-booking di-
23	version programs (as those terms are defined in sub-
24	section (h))"; and
25	(2) by adding at the end the following:

1	"(h) Law Enforcement-Assisted Deflection
2	PROGRAMS AND LAW ENFORCEMENT-ASSISTED PRE-AR-
3	REST AND PRE-BOOKING DIVERSION PROGRAMS.—
4	"(1) Definitions.—In this subsection:
5	"(A) COVERED GRANT.—The term 'cov-
6	ered grant' means a grant for a deflection or di-
7	version program awarded under subsection
8	(a)(1)(E).
9	"(B) Deflection or diversion pro-
10	GRAM.—The term 'deflection or diversion pro-
11	gram' means a law enforcement-assisted deflec-
12	tion program or a law enforcement-assisted pre-
13	arrest or pre-booking diversion, including pro-
14	grams where—
15	"(i) an individual voluntarily initiates
16	contact with a first responder for a treat-
17	ment referral without fear of arrest and re-
18	ceives a warm handoff to treatment;
19	"(ii) a law enforcement officer or
20	other first responder identifies or seeks out
21	individuals in need of substance use treat-
22	ment and a warm handoff is made to a
23	treatment provider, who engages them in
24	treatment:

1	"(iii) a law enforcement officer or
2	other first responder engages an individual
3	in treatment as part of an overdose re-
4	sponse;
5	"(iv) a law enforcement officer or
6	other first responder initiates treatment
7	engagement, but no criminal charges are
8	filed;
9	"(v) a law enforcement officer or
10	other first responder initiates treatment
11	engagement; and/or
12	"(vi) charges are filed and held in
13	abeyance or a citation is issued.
14	"(C) Law enforcement-assisted de-
15	FLECTION PROGRAM.—The term 'law enforce-
16	ment-assisted deflection program' means a pro-
17	gram under which a law enforcement officer,
18	when encountering an individual who is not en-
19	gaged in criminal activity but appears to have
20	a substance use disorder or mental health dis-
21	order, instead of taking no action at the time
22	of contact or taking action at a later time, at-
23	tempts to connect the individual to substance
24	use disorder treatment providers or mental
25	health treatment providers—

1	"(i) without the use of coercion or
2	fear of arrest; and
3	"(ii) using established pathways for
4	connections to local, community-based
5	treatment.
6	"(D) Law enforcement-assisted pre-
7	ARREST OR PRE-BOOKING DIVERSION PRO-
8	GRAM.—The term 'law enforcement-assisted
9	pre-arrest or pre-booking diversion program'
10	means a program—
11	"(i) under which a law enforcement
12	officer, when encountering an individual
13	who has committed an offense that is non-
14	violent and is not a crime against a person,
15	and the primary cause of which appears to
16	be based on a substance use disorder or
17	the mental health disorder of the indi-
18	vidual, instead of arresting the individual,
19	or instead of booking the individual after
20	having arrested the individual, attempts to
21	connect the individual to substance use dis-
22	order treatment providers or mental health
23	treatment providers—
24	"(I) without the use of coercion;
25	and

1	"(II) using established pathways
2	for connections to local, community-
3	based treatment;
4	"(ii) under which, in the case of pre-
5	arrest diversion, a law enforcement officer
6	described in clause (i) may decide to—
7	"(I) issue a civil citation; or
8	"(II) take no action with respect
9	to the offense for which the officer
10	would otherwise have arrested the in-
11	dividual described in clause (i); and
12	"(iii) that may authorize a law en-
13	forcement officer to refer an individual to
14	substance use disorder treatment providers
15	or mental health treatment providers if the
16	individual appears to have a substance use
17	disorder or mental health disorder and the
18	officer suspects the individual of chronic
19	violations of law but lacks probable cause
20	to arrest the individual (commonly known
21	as a 'social contact referral').
22	"(2) Sense of congress regarding deflec-
23	TION OR DIVERSION PROGRAMS.—It is the sense of
24	Congress that a deflection or diversion program
25	funded under this subpart should not exclude indi-

1	viduals who are chronically exposed to the criminal
2	justice system.
3	"(3) Reports to attorney general.—Not
4	later than 2 years after the date on which a State
5	or unit of local government is awarded a covered
6	grant, and each year thereafter until the date that
7	is 1 year after the date on which the period of the
8	covered grant ends, the State or unit of local govern-
9	ment shall submit a report to the Attorney General
10	that includes information relating to the deflection
11	or diversion program carried out by the State or
12	unit of local government, including information re-
13	lating to—
14	"(A) the goals of the deflection or diver-
15	sion program;
16	"(B) any evidence-based interventions car-
17	ried out under the deflection or diversion pro-
18	gram;
19	"(C) outcomes of the deflection or diver-
20	sion program, which shall—
21	"(i) be reported in a manner that dis-
22	tinguishes the outcomes based on the cat-
23	egories of, with respect to the participants
24	in the deflection or diversion program—

1	"(I) the race of the participants;
2	and
3	"(II) the gender of the partici-
4	pants; and
5	"(ii) include information relating to
6	the rate of reincarceration among partici-
7	pants in the deflection or diversion pro-
8	gram, if available; and
9	"(D) expenditures under the deflection or
10	diversion program.".
11	(c) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE GRANT PROGRAM.—
12	(1) Definitions.—In this subsection—
13	(A) the term "deflection or diversion pro-
14	gram" has the meaning given the term in sub-
15	section (h) of section 501 of title I of the Omni-
16	bus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of
17	1968 (34 U.S.C. 10152), as added by sub-
18	section (b); and
19	(B) the terms "State" and "unit of local
20	government" have the meanings given those
21	terms in section 901 of title I of the Omnibus
22	Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968
23	(34 U.S.C. 10251).
24	(2) Grant authorized.—The Attorney Gen-
25	eral shall award a single grant to an entity with sig-

1	nificant experience in working with law enforcement
2	agencies, community-based treatment providers, and
3	other community-based human service providers to
4	develop or administer both diversion and deflection
5	programs, to promote and maximize the effectiveness
6	and racial equity of deflection or diversion programs,
7	in order to—
8	(A) help State and units of local govern-
9	ment launch and expand deflection or diversion
10	programs;
11	(B) develop best practices for deflection or
12	diversion teams, which shall include—
13	(i) recommendations on community
14	input and engagement in order to imple-
15	ment deflection or diversion programs as
16	rapidly as possible and with regard to the
17	particular needs of a community, including
18	regular community meetings and other
19	mechanisms for engagement with—
20	(I) law enforcement agencies;
21	(II) community-based treatment
22	providers and other community-based
23	human service providers;
24	(III) the recovery community;
25	and

1	(IV) the community at-large; and
2	(ii) the implementation of metrics to
3	measure community satisfaction con-
4	cerning the meaningful participation and
5	interaction of the community with the de-
6	flection or diversion program and program
7	stakeholders;
8	(C) develop and publish a training and
9	technical assistance tool kit for deflection or di-
10	version for public education purposes;
11	(D) disseminate uniform criteria and
12	standards for the delivery of deflection or diver-
13	sion program services; and
14	(E) develop outcome measures that can be
15	used to continuously inform and improve social,
16	clinical, financial and racial equity outcomes.
17	(3) TERM.—The term of the grant awarded
18	under paragraph (2) shall be 5 years.
19	(4) Authorization of appropriations.—
20	There are authorized to be appropriated to the At-
21	torney General \$30,000,000 for the grant under
22	paragraph (2).
23	SEC. 403. HOUSING.
24	Section 576 of the Quality Housing and Work Re-
25	sponsibility Act of 1998 (42 U.S.C. 13661 et seq.) is

- 1 amended by striking subsections (a), (b), and (c) and in-
- 2 serting the following:
- 3 "(a) Ineligibility of Illegal Drug Users and
- 4 Alcohol Abusers.—Notwithstanding any other provi-
- 5 sion of law, a public housing agency or an owner of feder-
- 6 ally assisted housing, as determined by the Secretary, may
- 7 only prohibit admission to the program or admission to
- 8 federally assisted housing for an individual whom the pub-
- 9 lic housing agency or owner determines is illegally using
- 10 a controlled substance or abusing alcohol if the agency or
- 11 owner determines that the individual is using the con-
- 12 trolled substance or abusing alcohol in a manner that
- 13 interferes with the health or safety of other residents.
- 14 "(b) Authority To Deny Admission to Criminal
- 15 Offenders.—
- 16 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in sub-
- section (a), in addition to any other authority to
- screen applicants, and subject to paragraphs (2) and
- 19 (3) of this subsection, a public housing agency or an
- owner of federally assisted housing may only pro-
- 21 hibit admission to the program or to federally as-
- sisted housing for an individual based on criminal
- activity of the individual if the public housing agency
- or owner determines that the individual, during a
- reasonable time preceding the date on which the in-

1	dividual would otherwise be selected for admission,
2	was convicted of a crime involving conduct that
3	threatens the health or safety of other residents.
4	"(2) Exceptions and limitations.—A con-
5	viction that has been vacated, a conviction the
6	record of which has been sealed or expunged, or a
7	conviction for a crime committed by an individual
8	when the individual was less than 18 years of age,
9	shall not be grounds for denial of admission under
10	paragraph (1).
11	"(3) Admission policy.—
12	"(A) Factors to consider.—In evalu-
13	ating the criminal history of an individual
14	under paragraph (1), a public housing agency
15	or an owner of federally assisted housing shall
16	consider—
17	"(i) whether an offense of which the
18	individual was convicted bears a relation-
19	ship to the safety and security of other
20	residents;
21	"(ii) the level of violence, if any, of an
22	offense of which the individual was con-
23	victed;
24	"(iii) the length of time since a con-
25	viction;

1	"(iv) the number of convictions;
2	"(v) if the individual is in recovery for
3	a substance use disorder, whether the indi-
4	vidual was under the influence of alcohol
5	or illegal drugs at the time of an offense;
6	and
7	"(vi) any rehabilitation efforts that
8	the individual has undertaken since the
9	time of a conviction, including completion
10	of a substance use treatment program.
11	"(B) Written Policy.—A public housing
12	agency or an owner of federally assisted hous-
13	ing shall establish and make available to appli-
14	cants a written admission policy that enumer-
15	ates the specific factors, including the factors
16	described in subparagraph (A), that will be con-
17	sidered when the public housing agency or
18	owner evaluates the criminal history of an indi-
19	vidual under paragraph (1).".
20	SEC. 404. VETERANS TREATMENT COURTS.
21	Section 2991 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control
22	and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10651) is amend-
23	ed—
24	(1) in subsection (a)—
25	(A) in paragraph (2)—

1	(i) in the matter preceding subpara-
2	graph (A)—
3	(I) by inserting ", substance use
4	disorder," after "mental health"; and
5	(II) by inserting "or adults or ju-
6	veniles with substance use disorders"
7	after "mentally ill adults or juve-
8	niles";
9	(ii) in subparagraph (A), by inserting
10	"or substance use" after "mental health";
11	and
12	(iii) in subparagraph (B), by inserting
13	"or substance use" after "mental health";
14	(B) in paragraph (4)—
15	(i) in subparagraph (A), by inserting
16	"or substance use disorder" after "mental
17	health"; and
18	(ii) in subparagraph (C), by inserting
19	"or offenders with substance use dis-
20	orders" after "mentally ill offenders";
21	(C) in paragraph (5)—
22	(i) in the heading, by inserting "OR
23	SUBSTANCE USE DISORDER" after "MEN-
24	TAL HEALTH";

1	(ii) by striking "mental health agen-
2	cy" and inserting "mental health or sub-
3	stance use agency"; and
4	(iii) by inserting ", substance use
5	services," after "mental health services";
6	(D) in paragraph (9)—
7	(i) in subparagraph (A)—
8	(I) in clause (i)—
9	(aa) in subclause (I), by in-
10	serting ", a substance use dis-
11	order," after "a mental illness";
12	and
13	(bb) in subclause (II), by in-
14	serting ", substance use dis-
15	order," after "mental illness";
16	and
17	(II) in clause (ii)(II), by inserting
18	"or substance use" after "mental
19	health";
20	(E) by redesignating paragraph (11) as
21	paragraph (12); and
22	(F) by inserting after paragraph (10) the
23	following:

1	"(11) Substance use court.—The term 'sub-
2	stance use court' means a judicial program that
3	meets the requirements of part EE of this title.";
4	(2) in subsection (b)—
5	(A) in paragraph (2)—
6	(i) in subparagraph (A), by inserting
7	", substance use courts," after "mental
8	health courts";
9	(ii) in subparagraph (B)—
10	(I) by inserting "mental health
11	disorders, substance use disorders, or"
12	before "co-occurring mental illness
13	and substance use problems"; and
14	(II) by striking "illnesses" and
15	inserting "disorders, illnesses, or
16	problems";
17	(iii) in subparagraph (C)—
18	(I) in the matter preceding clause
19	(i)—
20	(aa) by striking "mental
21	health agencies" and inserting
22	"mental health or substance use
23	agencies"; and

1	(bb) by striking "and, where
2	appropriate," and inserting "or";
3	and
4	(II) in clause (i), by inserting ",
5	substance use disorders," after "men-
6	tal illness''; and
7	(iv) in subparagraph (D), by inserting
8	"or offender with a substance use dis-
9	order" after "mentally ill offender"; and
10	(B) in paragraph (5)—
11	(i) in subparagraph (B)—
12	(I) in clause (i)—
13	(aa) by inserting "or sub-
14	stance use court" after "mental
15	health court"; and
16	(bb) by striking "mental
17	health agency" and inserting
18	"mental health or substance use
19	agency"; and
20	(II) in clause (ii), by striking
21	"and substance use services for indi-
22	viduals with co-occurring mental
23	health and substance use disorders"
24	and inserting "or substance use serv-
25	ices'';

1	(ii) in subparagraph (C)—
2	(I) in clause (i)(I), by inserting
3	", substance use disorders," after
4	"mental illness";
5	(II) in clause (ii)—
6	(aa) in subclause (II), by in-
7	serting ", substance use," after
8	"mental health,";
9	(bb) in subclause (V), by
10	striking "mental health services"
11	and inserting "mental health or
12	substance use services"; and
13	(cc) in subclause (VI), by in-
14	serting "or individuals with sub-
15	stance use disorders" after "men-
16	tally ill individuals";
17	(iii) in subparagraph (D), by inserting
18	"or offenders with substance use dis-
19	orders" after "mentally ill offenders";
20	(iv) in subparagraph (E), by inserting
21	"or substance use disorders" after "mental
22	illness'';
23	(v) in subparagraph (H), by striking
24	"and mental health" and inserting ", men-
25	tal health, and substance use"; and

1	(vi) in subparagraph (I)—
2	(I) in clause (i)—
3	(aa) in the heading, by in-
4	serting ", Substance use
5	COURTS," after "MENTAL
6	HEALTH COURTS";
7	(bb) by inserting "or sub-
8	stance use courts" after "mental
9	health courts"; and
10	(cc) by inserting "or part
11	EE, as applicable," after "part
12	V''; and
13	(II) in clause (iv), by inserting
14	"or substance use" after "mental
15	health";
16	(3) in subsection (c)—
17	(A) in paragraph (1), by inserting ", of-
18	fenders with substance use disorders," after
19	"mentally ill offenders";
20	(B) in paragraph (2), by inserting "and
21	offenders with substance use disorders" after
22	"mentally ill offenders"; and
23	(C) in paragraph (3), by inserting "or sub-
24	stance use courts" after "mental health
25	courts'';

1	(4) in subsection (e)—
2	(A) in paragraph (1), by inserting "or sub-
3	stance use disorders" after "mental illness";
4	and
5	(B) in paragraph (4), by inserting "or sub-
6	stance use disorders" after "mental illness";
7	(5) in subsection (h)—
8	(A) in the heading, by inserting "AND OF-
9	FENDERS WITH SUBSTANCE USE DISORDERS"
10	after "Mentally Ill Offenders";
11	(B) in paragraph (1)—
12	(i) in subparagraph (A), by inserting
13	"or substance use disorders" after "mental
14	illnesses'';
15	(ii) in subparagraph (C), by inserting
16	"or offenders with substance use dis-
17	orders" after "mentally ill offenders";
18	(iii) in subparagraph (D)—
19	(I) by inserting "or substance
20	use" after "mental health"; and
21	(II) by inserting "or offenders
22	with substance use disorders" after
23	"mentally ill offenders";

1	(iv) in subparagraph (E), by inserting
2	"or substance use disorders" after "mental
3	illnesses''; and
4	(v) in subparagraph (F), by inserting
5	", substance use disorders," after "mental
6	health disorders"; and
7	(C) in paragraph (2), by inserting "or sub-
8	stance use disorders" after "mental illnesses";
9	(6) in subsection (i)(2)—
10	(A) in subparagraph (B)—
11	(i) by redesignating clauses (i), (ii),
12	and (iii) as subclauses (I), (II), and (III),
13	and adjusting the margins accordingly;
14	(ii) in the matter preceding subclause
15	(I), as so redesignated, by striking "shall
16	give priority to applications that—" and
17	inserting the following: "shall give priority
18	to—
19	"(i) applications that—"; and
20	(iii) by striking the period at the end
21	and inserting the following: "; and
22	"(ii) applications to establish or ex-
23	pand veterans treatment court programs
24	that—

1	"(I) allow participation by a vet-
2	eran receiving any type of medication-
3	assisted treatment that involves the
4	use of any drug or combination of
5	drugs that have been approved under
6	the Federal Food, Drug, and Cos-
7	metic Act (21 U.S.C. 301 et seq.) or
8	section 351 of the Public Health Serv-
9	ice Act (42 U.S.C. 262) for the treat-
10	ment of an opioid use disorder;
11	"(II) follow the Adult Drug
12	Court Best Practice Standards pub-
13	lished by the National Association of
14	Drug Court Professionals; and
15	"(III) provide culturally com-
16	petent (as defined in section 102 of
17	the Developmental Disabilities Assist-
18	ance and Bill of Rights Act of 2000
19	(42 U.S.C. 15002)) services."; and
20	(B) by adding at the end the following:
21	"(C) DISCLOSURE AND REPORTING RE-
22	QUIREMENTS.—
23	"(i) Requirements for veterans
24	TREATMENT COURT PROGRAM GRANT-
25	EES.—An applicant that receives a grant

1	under this subsection to establish or ex-
2	pand a veterans treatment court program
3	shall—
4	"(I) disclose to the Attorney
5	General any contract or relationship
6	between the applicant and a local
7	treatment provider;
8	"(II) track and report to the At-
9	torney General the number of refer-
10	rals to local treatment providers pro-
11	vided by the program; and
12	"(III) track and report to the At-
13	torney General, with respect to each
14	participant in the program—
15	"(aa) each charge brought
16	against the participant;
17	"(bb) the demographics of
18	the participant; and
19	"(cc) the outcome of the
20	participant's case.
21	"(ii) Attorney general report.—
22	The Attorney General shall periodically
23	submit to Congress a report containing the
24	information reported to the Attorney Gen-
25	eral under clause (i).

1	"(D) Sense of congress regarding
2	VETERANS TREATMENT COURT PROGRAMS.—It
3	is the sense of Congress that a veterans treat-
4	ment court program that receives funding from
5	a grant under this subsection should not ex-
6	clude individuals who are chronically exposed to
7	the criminal justice system.";
8	(7) in subsection (j)—
9	(A) in paragraph (1), by inserting "or sub-
10	stance use disorders" after "mental illness";
11	and
12	(B) in paragraph (2)(A), by inserting "or
13	substance use disorders" after "mental ill-
14	nesses'';
15	(8) in subsection $(k)(3)(A)(i)(I)(aa)$, by insert-
16	ing " or substance use disorders" after "mental ill-
17	nesses";
18	(9) in subsection (l)—
19	(A) in paragraph (1)(B)(ii), by inserting
20	"or substance use disorder" after "mental ill-
21	ness" each place that term appears; and
22	(B) in paragraph (2)—
23	(i) in subparagraph (C)(iii), by insert-
24	ing "or substance use" after "mental
25	health"; and

1	(ii) in subparagraph (D), by striking
2	"mental health or" and inserting "mental
3	health disorders, substance use disorders,
4	or''; and
5	(10) in subsection $(0)(3)$ —
6	(A) by striking "LIMITATION" and insert-
7	ing "Veterans";
8	(B) by striking "Not more than" and in-
9	serting the following:
10	"(A) Limitation.—Not more than";
11	(C) in subparagraph (A), as so designated,
12	by striking "this section" and inserting "para-
13	graph (1)"; and
14	(D) by adding at the end the following:
15	"(B) Additional funding.—In addition
16	to the amounts authorized under paragraph (1),
17	there are authorized to be appropriated to the
18	Department of Justice to carry out subsection
19	(i) \$20,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2021
20	through 2026"

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