

116TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

# S. 2930

To exempt from the Lacey Act and the Lacey Act Amendments of 1981 certain water transfers between any of the States of Texas, Arkansas, and Louisiana, and for other purposes.

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## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

NOVEMBER 21, 2019

Mr. CRUZ (for himself, Mr. CORNYN, Mr. BARRASSO, Mr. COTTON, and Mr. CASSIDY) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Environment and Public Works

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## A BILL

To exempt from the Lacey Act and the Lacey Act Amendments of 1981 certain water transfers between any of the States of Texas, Arkansas, and Louisiana, and for other purposes.

1       *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2       *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3       **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4       This Act may be cited as the “Public Water Supply  
5       Invasive Species Compliance Act of 2019”.

1   **SEC. 2. EXEMPTION OF CERTAIN WATER TRANSFERS FROM**  
2                   **THE LACEY ACT AND THE LACEY ACT AMEND-**  
3                   **MENTS OF 1981.**

4       (a) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this section:

5               (1) **COVERED WATER TRANSFER.**—The term  
6       “covered water transfer” means a transfer of water  
7       containing a prohibited species between public water  
8       supplies located on, along, or across the State  
9       boundaries between any of the States of Texas, Ar-  
10      kansas, and Louisiana.

11               (2) **PROHIBITED SPECIES.**—The term “prohib-  
12      ited species” means any species—

13               (A) the shipment of which is otherwise  
14      prohibited by section 42 of title 18, United  
15      States Code (commonly known as the “Lacey  
16      Act”); or

17               (B) the transfer of which is otherwise pro-  
18      hibited by the Lacey Act Amendments of 1981  
19      (16 U.S.C. 3371 et seq.).

20               (3) **PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY.**—The term “public  
21      water supply” means any body of water, including  
22      any river, lake, or stream, the water of which is  
23      available or made available to the public.

24       (b) **EXEMPTION.**—Section 42 of title 18, United  
25      States Code (commonly known as the “Lacey Act”), and  
26      the Lacey Act Amendments of 1981 (16 U.S.C. 3371 et

1 seq.) shall not apply with respect to any covered water  
2 transfer, if—

3                 (1)(A) all prohibited species in the water trans-  
4         ferred are located in both of the public water sup-  
5         plies between which the water is transferred;

6                 (B) the water is transferred directly between  
7         those public water supplies; and

8                 (C) the water is subject to effective mitigation  
9         measures that are reviewed and approved by the ap-  
10         propriate State agency of the State to which the  
11         water is being transferred, including—

12                     (i) chemically treating the water for sus-  
13         pected or known prohibited species;

14                     (ii) limiting transfers to certain times;

15                     (iii) withdrawing water only from certain  
16         depths;

17                     (iv) filtration;

18                     (v) enhanced monitoring; and

19                     (vi) other mitigation measures; or

20                 (2) the water is transferred in a closed convey-  
21         ance system directly to treatment facilities where all  
22         prohibited species contained in the water transferred  
23         will be extirpated.

24                 (c) NOTIFICATION.—

1                             (1) IN GENERAL.—Before the first covered  
2 water transfer described in subsection (b)(1) occurs  
3 in a calendar year and subject to paragraph (2), the  
4 controlling authority of the public water supply from  
5 which the water is to be transferred (referred to in  
6 this subsection as the “donor public water supply”)  
7 shall submit to the controlling authority of the pub-  
8 lic water supply to which the water is to be trans-  
9 ferred (referred to in this subsection as the “recipi-  
10 ent public water supply”) a written notification that  
11 includes—

12                             (A) the expected dates of the covered water  
13 transfer;

14                             (B) the volume of water to be transferred,  
15 which may include a range of possible volumes  
16 of water that may be transferred;

17                             (C) a list of known prohibited species that  
18 are contained in the donor public water supply;

19                             (D) a certification that the known prohib-  
20 ited species described in subparagraph (C) are  
21 present in both the donor public water supply  
22 and the recipient public water supply; and

23                             (E) a notice of other known species  
24 present in the donor public water supply that  
25 may be of concern to the controlling authority

1           of the recipient public water supply, including  
2           species that are not prohibited by the laws re-  
3           ferred to in subsection (b).

4           (2) ADDITIONAL NOTIFICATION.—In addition to  
5           the notification required under paragraph (1), the  
6           controlling authority of the donor public water sup-  
7           ply shall provide to the controlling authority of the  
8           recipient public water supply a notification described  
9           in that paragraph if the controlling authority of the  
10          donor public water supply discovers a new prohibited  
11          species in the donor public water supply.

12          (d) COSTS OF MITIGATION MEASURES.—The costs of  
13          the mitigation measures described in subparagraph (C) of  
14          subsection (b)(1) for water subject to a covered water  
15          transfer described in that subsection shall be borne by the  
16          entity that sells the water for financial gain.

