S. 1531

To amend the Public Health Service Act to provide protections for health insurance consumers from surprise billing.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

May 16, 2019

Mr. Cassidy (for himself, Mr. Bennet, Mr. Young, Ms. Hassan, Ms. Murkowski, Mr. Carper, Mr. Sullivan, Mr. Brown, Mr. Cramer, Mr. Cardin, Mr. Kennedy, and Mr. Casey) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions

A BILL

To amend the Public Health Service Act to provide protections for health insurance consumers from surprise billing.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Stopping The Out-
- 5 rageous Practice of Surprise Medical Bills Act of 2019"
- 6 or the "STOP Surprise Medical Bills Act of 2019".
- 7 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 8 Congress makes the following findings:

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(1) Consumers frequently struggle to determine when and how much they will pay for a medical service or procedure. A majority of consumers say health care providers rarely, if ever, discuss costs of recommended treatments and whether these treatments are covered by health insurance. Almost 70 percent of patients who receive bills from out-of-network providers did not realize the provider was outof-network at the time of treatment. Patients using in-network facilities still receive claims from out-ofnetwork providers at high rates, over 15 percent of inpatient admissions and 5 percent of outpatient service days. Even when patients try to schedule an in-network procedure at an in-network hospital and try to ensure that all providers who administer treatment will be in-network, they may be sent a balance bill by an out-of-network provider after receiving care. If providers accepted the same health plans as the facilities at which they practice and administer care, out-of-network surprise medical bills would not be a complication for consumers scheduling elective procedures.

(2) Surprise medical bills affect a sizeable portion of the insured population. Approximately 30 percent of individuals covered by private health in-

- surance have received a surprise medical bill within the past year. Almost 20 percent of inpatient admissions by enrollees in large employer plans include at least 1 claim from an out-of-network provider, while 8 percent of outpatient service days include an outof-network claim.
 - (3) Surprise medical bills are an issue of particular concern to consumers. A majority of Americans feel that softening the impact of surprise medical bills should be a priority for the current Congress. Eighty-six percent of Americans think it is important to protect individuals from surprise medical bills.
 - (4) Surprise medical bills for emergency care are frequently unavoidable due to the emergent and serious nature of the patient's condition at the time of treatment. One in 5 cases of inpatient hospital admissions that originate within the emergency department result in a surprise medical bill. For inpatient admissions, those that include an emergency room claim are much more likely to include a claim from an out-of-network provider than admissions without an emergency room claim. This is true whether or not enrollees use in-network facilities. Most cases of surprise medical billing occur when

privately insured individuals involuntarily see out-of network providers during medical emergencies.

(5) The financial implications of surprise medical bills can be devastating for American consumers and can prevent them from seeking timely follow-up care or from accessing necessary services. Approximately 20 percent of insured Americans struggle to pay their medical bills. Almost a third of consumers who report they are struggling to pay a medical bill also report this bill was due to charges from an outof-network provider that were not covered or were only partially covered by their insurer. Consumers with outstanding medical bills report delaying or skipping needed health care at rates 2 to 3 times higher than consumers without outstanding bills. Over 60 percent of consumers with outstanding medical bills report difficulties paying other bills (including necessities such as food, heat, or housing costs) as a result of their medical bills.

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1	SEC. 3. PROHIBITION ON SURPRISE BALANCE BILLING AND
2	INDEPENDENT DISPUTE RESOLUTION WITH
3	RESPECT TO OUT-OF-NETWORK HEALTH
4	CARE SERVICES.
5	(a) In General.—Subpart II of part A of title
6	XXVII of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300gg
7	et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:
8	"SEC. 2729A. GENERAL PROHIBITION ON SURPRISE BAL-
9	ANCE BILLING.
10	"(a) Surprise Medical Bill.—In this title, the
11	term 'surprise medical bill' means a balance bill, as de-
12	scribed in subsection (b), that an enrollee receives for serv-
13	ices provided to the enrollee where such services were—
14	"(1) emergency services provided by an out-of-
15	network health care professional or at an out-of-net-
16	work facility;
17	"(2) health care services that were provided—
18	"(A) at an in-network facility (including
19	the use of equipment, devices, telemedicine serv-
20	ices, or other treatments or services); and
21	"(B) by an out-of-network health care pro-
22	fessional; or
23	"(3) additional health care services required in
24	the case of an enrollee who initially enters a hospital
25	through the emergency room for emergency services,
26	and then receives nonemergency services from an

- 1 out-of-network health care professional or at an out-
- 2 of-network hospital or facility after the enrollee has
- 3 been stabilized (as defined in section
- 4 2719A(b)(2)(C)), as determined by the treating phy-
- 5 sician.
- 6 Paragraph (3) shall not apply in the case of an enrollee
- 7 who is stabilized and able to travel in nonmedical trans-
- 8 port, and the enrollee (or designee of the enrollee where
- 9 the enrollee is not able to comprehend the information to
- 10 be provided or make related decisions) has been provided
- 11 with clear, written notification that the professional or fa-
- 12 cility is an out-of-network health care professional or facil-
- 13 ity, has been given a cost estimate for services provided
- 14 by the out-of-network professional or facility, and has as-
- 15 sumed, in writing, full responsibility for out-of-pocket
- 16 costs associated with such out-of-network care.
- 17 "(b) BALANCE BILL.—In subsection (a), the term
- 18 'balance bill' refers to a claim for payment for services
- 19 provided to an enrollee that is in an amount equal to the
- 20 difference between the actual amount charged with respect
- 21 to services or care described in subsection (a) and the ex-
- 22 pected in-network cost-sharing required by the enrollee
- 23 under the plan or coverage involved.
- 24 "(c) Prohibition on Balance Billing.—
- 25 "(1) Prohibition.—

1	"(A) IN GENERAL.—A group health plan,
2	a health insurance issuer in connection with
3	group or individual health insurance coverage,
4	or a health care provider shall not engage in
5	balance billing practices prohibited under this
6	section.
7	"(B) Application of Provisions.—Sub-
8	paragraph (A) shall apply—
9	"(i) to all services provided at hos-
10	pitals, emergency rooms, State-accredited
11	free-standing emergency departments, hos-
12	pital outpatient departments, and ambula-
13	tory surgery centers; and
14	"(ii) with respect to subsection (a)(2),
15	to the health care provider's offices and re-
16	lated services (including laboratory and im-
17	aging services ordered by an in-network
18	provider and provided by an out-of-network
19	provider or laboratory).
20	"(2) Enrollee Liability.—With respect to
21	the services and care described in subsection (a), an
22	enrollee shall only be liable for the in-network cost-
23	sharing amount provided for in their plan or cov-
24	erage. For purposes of this section, such payments

by the enrollee shall count toward the in-network de-

ductible under the plan or coverage as well as toward the enrollee's out-of-pocket maximum limitation.

"(3) Penalty.—Violations of this section shall subject the violator to a civil monetary penalty as provided for in this title. Such provisions shall not apply to a health care provider, group health plan, or health insurance issuer that unknowingly balance bills an enrollee and reimburses such enrollee within 30 calendar days of such billing.

11 "SEC. 2729B. OUT-OF-NETWORK BILLING.

"(a) Prohibition.—

"(1) In General.—An enrollee may not be billed in excess of the in-network cost-sharing amount for services or care provided under section 2729A (a surprise medical bill situation).

"(2) Automatic payment.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—A group health plan, or health insurance issuer in connection with group or individual health insurance coverage, shall pay the median in-network rate under the plan or coverage, less the applicable enrollee innetwork cost-sharing, directly to the health care provider as provided for in this section.

1 "(B) Request for alternative rate.— 2 Upon payment under subparagraph (A), the 3 plan or issuer shall provide to the health care 4 provider information about how the provider 5 may initiate independent dispute resolution 6 under such subsection with respect to such pay-7 ment. The plan, issuer, or provider may nego-8 tiate an alternative amount or initiate inde-9 pendent dispute resolution under subsection (b) 10 during the 30-day period beginning on the date 11 on which the automatic payment is made under 12 this subsection.

13 "(b) Establishment of IDR Process; Certifi-14 cation of Entities.—

"(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this section, the Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of Labor, shall establish a process for resolving payment disputes between group health plans, or health insurance issuers offering health insurance coverage in the group market, and out-of-network health care providers in surprise medical bill situations in accordance with this section (referred to in this section as the 'IDR process').

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1 "(2) Certification of entities.—An entity 2 wishing to participate in the IDR process under this 3 subsection shall request certification from the Sec-4 retary. The Secretary, in consultation with the Sec-5 retary of Labor, shall determine eligibility of appli-6 cant entities, taking into consideration whether the 7 entity is unbiased and unaffiliated with health plans 8 and providers and free of conflicts of interest, in ac-9 cordance with the Secretary's rulemaking on deter-10 mining criteria for conflicts of interest.

"(3) IDR ENTITY.—Under the process established under paragraph (1), the parties in the independent dispute resolution process shall jointly agree upon an independent dispute resolution entity. In the event that parties cannot agree, one will be selected at random jointly by the Department of Health and Human Services and the Department of Labor.

"(c) APPLICABLE CLAIMS.—

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The IDR process shall be with respect to one or more Current Procedural Terminology ('CPT') codes.
- 23 "(2) BATCHING OF CLAIMS.—Health care facili-24 ties and providers and group health plans or health 25 insurance issuers may batch claims if such claims—

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1	"(A) involve identical plan or issuer and
2	provider or facility parties;
3	"(B) involve claims with the same or re-
4	lated current procedural terminology codes rel-
5	evant to a particular procedure; and
6	"(C) involve claims that occur within 30
7	days of each other.
8	"(d) Independent Dispute Resolution Proc-
9	ESS.—
10	"(1) Timing.—An independent dispute resolu-
11	tion entity that receives a request under this section
12	shall, not later than 30 days after receiving such re-
13	quest, determine the amount the group health plan,
14	or health insurance issuer offering health insurance
15	coverage in the group market, is required to pay the
16	out-of-network health care provider. Such amount
17	shall be—
18	"(A) the amount determined by the parties
19	through a settlement under paragraph (2); or
20	"(B) the amount determined reasonable by
21	the entity in accordance with paragraph (3).
22	"(2) Settlement.—
23	"(A) IN GENERAL.—If the independent
24	dispute resolution entity determines, based on
25	the amounts indicated in the request under this

section, that a settlement between the group health plan, or health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage in the group market, and the out-of-network health care provider is likely, the independent dispute resolution entity may direct the parties to attempt, for a period not to exceed 10 days, a good faith negotiation for a settlement.

"(B) TIMING.—The period for a settlement described in subparagraph (A) shall accrue towards the 30-day period required under paragraph (1).

"(3) Determination of amount.—

"(A) Final offers.—In the absence of a settlement under paragraph (2), the group health plan, or health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage in the group market, and the out-of-network health care provider shall each submit to the independent dispute resolution entity their final offer. Such entity shall determine which of the 2 amounts is more reasonable based on the factors described in subparagraph (D).

"(B) Final decisions.—The amount that is determined to be the more reasonable amount

1	under subparagraph (A) shall be the final deci-
2	sion of the independent dispute resolution entity
3	as to the amount the group health plan, or
4	health insurance issuer offering health insur-
5	ance coverage in the group market, is required
6	to pay the out-of-network health care provider.
7	"(C) Service units.—A final determina-
8	tion under subparagraph (B) may include the
9	resolution of disputes for multiple items or serv-
10	ices, if such determination is in regard to items
11	or services that are eligible for independent dis-
12	pute resolution under subsection $(c)(2)$.
13	"(D) Factors.—In determining which
14	final offer to select as the more reasonable
15	amount under subparagraph (A), the inde-
16	pendent dispute resolution entity shall consider
17	relevant factors including—
18	"(i) commercially reasonable rates for
19	comparable services or items in the same
20	geographic area (which shall take into con-
21	sideration in-network rates for that geo-
22	graphic area and not charges); and
23	"(ii) other factors that may be sub-
24	mitted at the discretion of either party,
25	which may include—

1	"(I) the level of training, edu-
2	cation, experience, and quality and
3	outcomes measurements of the out-of-
4	network health care provider;
5	"(II) the circumstances and com-
6	plexity of the particular dispute, in-
7	cluding the time and place of the serv-
8	ice;
9	"(III) the market share held by
10	the out-of-network health care pro-
11	vider or that of the plan or issuer;
12	"(IV) demonstration of good
13	faith efforts (or lack of good faith ef-
14	forts) made by the out-of-network
15	provider or the plan to contract and
16	prior negotiated rates, if applicable;
17	and
18	"(V) other relevant economic as-
19	pects of provider reimbursement for
20	the same specialty within the same ge-
21	ographic area.
22	"(E) Effect of Determination.—A
23	final determination of an independent dispute
24	resolution entity under subparagraph (B)—
25	"(i) shall be binding; and

1 "(ii) shall not be subject to judicial re2 view, except in cases comparable to those
3 described in section 10(a) of title 9, United
4 States Code, as determined by the Sec5 retary in consultation with the Secretary of
6 Labor, and cases in which information sub7 mitted by one party was determined to be
8 fraudulent.

- "(4) Privacy Laws.—An independent dispute resolution entity shall, in conducting an independent dispute resolution process under this subsection, comply with all applicable Federal and State privacy laws.
- "(5) Public availability.—The reasonable amount determined by an independent dispute resolution entity under this subsection with respect to any claim shall not be confidential, except that information submitted to the independent dispute entity shall be kept confidential. Independent dispute entities may consider past decisions awarded by independent dispute entities during the independent dispute resolution process.
- "(6) Costs of independent dispute reso-Lution process.—The nonprevailing party shall be responsible for paying all fees charged by the inde-

- 1 pendent dispute resolution entity. If the parties
- 2 reach a settlement prior to completion of the inde-
- 3 pendent dispute resolution process, the costs of the
- 4 independent dispute resolution process shall be di-
- 5 vided equally between the parties.
- 6 "(7) Payment.—Group health plans and
- 7 health insurance issuers with respect to group health
- 8 coverage shall pay directly to the health care pro-
- 9 vider amounts determined by the independent dis-
- pute resolution entity within 30 days of the date on
- which the entity makes a determination with respect
- to such amount. A plan or issuer that fails to com-
- ply with this paragraph shall be subject to the pen-
- alties described in section 2729A(c)(3).".
- 15 (b) EMERGENCY SERVICES.—Section
- 16 2719A(b)(1)(C)(ii)(II) of the Public Health Service Act
- 17 (42 U.S.C. 300gg-19a(b)(1)(C)(ii)(II)) is amended by in-
- 18 serting ", deductible amount," after "copayment amount".
- 19 SEC. 4. NOTIFICATION OF NEW INSURANCE PRODUCTS TO
- 20 **IN-NETWORK PROVIDERS.**
- 21 Subpart II of part A of title XXVII of the Public
- 22 Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300gg et seq.), as amended
- 23 by section 3, is further amended by adding at the end the
- 24 following:

1	"SEC. 2729C. NOTIFICATION OF NEW INSURANCE PROD-
2	UCTS TO IN-NETWORK PROVIDERS.
3	"If a health care provider has a contract to provide
4	in-network services to enrollees in a group health plan or
5	health insurance coverage offered by a health insurance
6	issuer, the plan or issuer shall notify the in-network pro-
7	vider within 7 days of offering any new insurance product
8	for which the in-network provider would be eligible to en-
9	roll as an in-network provider.".
10	SEC. 5. TRANSPARENCY REGARDING IN-NETWORK AND
11	OUT-OF-NETWORK DEDUCTIBLES.
12	Subpart II of part A of title XXVII of the Public
13	Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300gg et seq.), as amended
14	by section 4, is further amended by adding at the end the
15	following:
16	"SEC. 2729D. TRANSPARENCY REGARDING IN-NETWORK
17	AND OUT-OF-NETWORK DEDUCTIBLES.
18	"(a) In General.—A group health plan or a health
19	insurance issuer offering group or individual health insur-
20	ance coverage and providing or covering any benefit with
21	respect to items or services shall include, in clear writing,
22	on any plan or insurance identification card issued to en-
23	rollees in the plan or coverage the amount of the in-net-
24	work and out-of-network deductibles and the out-of-pocket
25	maximum limitation that apply to such plan or coverage

- 1 "(b) Guidance.—The Secretary, in consultation
- 2 with the Secretary of Labor, shall issue guidance to imple-
- 3 ment subsection (a).".
- 4 SEC. 6. ENSURING ENROLLEE ACCESS TO COST-SHARING
- 5 **INFORMATION.**
- 6 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subpart II of part A of title
- 7 XXVII of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C.
- 8 300gg-11 et seq.), as amended by section 5, is further
- 9 amended by adding at the end the following:
- 10 "SEC. 2729E, PROVISION OF COST-SHARING INFORMATION.
- 11 "(a) Cost-Sharing Disclosure for Medical
- 12 Services.—
- 13 "(1) Provider disclosures.—A group health
- plan or a health insurance issuer offering group or
- individual health insurance coverage shall not con-
- tract with a health care provider with respect to the
- plan or coverage unless the provider agrees to pro-
- vide an enrollee in the plan or coverage, at the time
- of scheduling an elective health care service, or not
- later than 48 hours of the enrollee requesting such
- 21 information, the expected enrollee cost-sharing for
- 22 the provision of a particular health care service in-
- volved (including any service that is reasonably ex-
- pected to be provided in conjunction with such spe-

cific service, such as expected cost-sharing of laboratory services).

"(2) Insurer disclosures.—A group health plan or a health insurance issuer offering group or individual health insurance coverage shall provide an enrollee in the plan or coverage with a good faith estimate of the enrollee's cost-sharing (including deductibles, copayments, and coinsurance) for which the enrollee would be responsible for paying with respect to a specific elective health care service (including any service that is reasonably expected to be provided in conjunction with such specific service such as expected cost-sharing of laboratory services), not later than 48 hours after receiving a request for such information by an enrollee.

"(b) Electronically Available Price Informa-TION.—A group health plan or a health insurance issuer offering group or individual health insurance coverage shall provide to enrollees the out-of-pocket costs and bene-fits information at all sites of care and for all providers included in the plan network. Such information shall be made available to enrollees through an internet website or an application. Information about the availability of such price information through such means shall be provided

- 1 to each enrollee upon enrollment, or renewal, in the health
- 2 plan or health insurance coverage.".
- 3 (b) Effective Dates.—
- 4 (1) Cost-sharing disclosures.—Subsection
- 5 (a)(1) of section 2729E of the Public Health Service
- 6 Act, as added by subsection (a), shall apply with re-
- 7 spect to plan years beginning on or after January 1,
- 8 2020.
- 9 (2) Availability of information.—Sub-
- section (b) of section 2729E of the Public Health
- 11 Service Act, as added by subsection (a), shall apply
- with respect to plan years beginning on or after Jan-
- 13 uary 1, 2021.
- 14 SEC. 7. MEDICAL LOSS RATIO.
- 15 Section 2718(a)(1) of the Public Health Service Act
- 16 (42 U.S.C. 300gg-18(a)(1)) is amended by inserting be-
- 17 fore the period the following: "(including, in the case of
- 18 group health plans, the amount of independent dispute
- 19 process expenses incurred by the plan)".
- 20 SEC. 8. TRANSPARENCY REQUIREMENTS ON HOSPITALS.
- 21 Section 2718 of the Public Health Service Act (42
- 22 U.S.C. 300gg-18) is amended by adding at the end the
- 23 following:
- 24 "(f) Transparency Requirements on Hos-
- 25 PITALS.—

"(1) REQUIREMENTS FOR HOSPITALS AND PHYSICIAN GROUPS.—Each hospital operating within the
United States shall for each year disclose on its
internet website and in printed materials, any financial relationship or profit-sharing agreement the hospital maintains with a physician group.

"(2) Required information.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Each hospital operating within the United States shall include ancillary services provided by individuals such as phlebotomists, laboratory technicians, and echocardiogram technicians within each hospital bill that is provided to patients.

"(B) STUDY.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall conduct a study on the feasibility of hospitals and hospital-based provider groups providing to patients a single, unified bill for all services provided within an episode of care.".

20 SEC. 9. TRANSPARENCY REQUIREMENTS ON INSURANCE.

21 (a) Group Health Plan Reporting.—Part C of 22 title XXVII of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 23 300gg-91 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the 24 following:

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1	"SEC. 2795. TRANSPARENCY REQUIREMENTS FOR GROUP
2	HEALTH PLANS.
3	"(a) In General.—Each group health plan and
4	health insurance issuer offering group or individual health
5	insurance coverage shall annually report to the Secretary
6	of Health and Human Services and the Secretary of
7	Labor, with respect to the applicable plan or coverage for
8	the applicable plan year—
9	"(1) the total claims that were submitted by in-
10	network health care providers with respect to enroll-
11	ees under the plan or coverage, and the number of
12	such claims that were paid and the number of such
13	claims that were denied;
14	"(2) the total claims that were submitted by
15	out-of-network health care providers with respect to
16	enrollees under the plan or coverage, and the num-
17	ber of such claims that were paid and the number
18	of such claims that were denied;
19	"(3) with respect to each out-of-network claim,
20	the out-of-pocket costs, including applicable cost-
21	sharing amounts, to the enrollee for the services,
22	and the difference between the billed charge and the
23	amount the plan pays, adjusted by any balance bill-
24	ing limitation through State and Federal regulatory
25	and statutory requirements that might apply;

1	"(4) the number of out-of-network claims re-
2	ported under paragraph (2) that are for emergency
3	services; and
4	"(5) the number of out-of-network claims re-

- 5 ported under paragraph (2) that relate to care at innetwork hospitals or facilities provided by out-of-network providers.
- 8 "(b) CLARIFICATION.—The information required to 9 be submitted under this section shall be in addition to the 10 information required to be submitted under section 11 2715A.".

12 SEC. 10. APPLICABILITY TO STATES WITH SURPRISE BILL-

- 13 ING LAWS.
- 14 (a) GENERAL APPLICATION.—
- 15 (1) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this Act, or the
 16 amendments made by this Act, shall be construed to
 17 prohibit a State from enacting patient protections
 18 that are greater than those provided for in such
 19 amendments.
 - (2) APPLICATION TO ALL PLANS.—In the case of a group health plan, individual health plan, and non-Federal governmental health plan offered in a State that has not enacted a law to determine the payment resolution between enrollees and health care facilities or professionals relating to surprise

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1	medical bills, the procedures applicable to self-in-
2	sured group health plans for the resolution of sur-
3	prise medical bills under this Act (including the
4	amendments made by this Act), shall apply to deter-
5	mine compensation with respect to a surprise med-
6	ical bill, until such time as the State enacts a law
7	providing for such a resolution methodology.
8	(b) Provisions Applicable to ERISA.—Section
9	715 of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of
10	1974 (29 U.S.C. 1185d) is amended by adding at the end
11	the following:
12	"(c) Prohibitions on Balance Billing.—
13	"(1) FULLY INSURED PLANS.—In the case of a
14	fully insured group health plan—
15	"(A) a State may establish procedures for
16	determining the appropriate compensation ap-
17	plicable to surprise medical bills between a par-
18	ticipant or beneficiary and a health care facility
19	or professional so long as the methodology used
20	relies on the definition of 'surprise medical bill'
21	and the prohibitions contained in section 2729A
22	of the Public Health Service Act; and
23	"(B) a State may enact laws relating to
24	rate-setting, independent dispute resolution, an

- in-network guarantee, or an alternative methodology that complies with paragraph (1).
- 3 "(2) Self-insured plans.—In the case of a
- 4 self-insured group health plan, the resolution meth-
- 5 odology provided for under section 2729A of the
- 6 Public Health Service Act, shall be used to deter-
- 7 mine compensation with respect to a surprise med-
- 8 ical bill.".
- 9 (c) FEHBP.—In the case of a health plan under
- 10 chapter 89 of title 5, United States Code, the resolution
- 11 methodology provided for under this Act (including the
- 12 amendments made by this Act), shall be used to determine
- 13 compensation with respect to a surprise medical bill.
- 14 SEC. 11. BALANCE BILLING STUDY.
- 15 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 3 years after the
- 16 date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Health and
- 17 Human Services, in consultation with the Secretary of
- 18 Labor, shall conduct a study of the effects of this Act (in-
- 19 cluding the amendments made by this Act), and submit
- 20 to Congress a report on the findings of such study, which
- 21 shall include information and analysis on—
- 22 (1) the financial impact on patient responsi-
- bility for health care spending and overall health
- 24 care spending;

1	(2) the incidence and prevalence of the delivery
2	of out-of-network health care services;
3	(3) the adequacy of provider networks offered
4	by health plans and health insurance issuers (as
5	such terms are defined in section 2791 of the Public
6	Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300gg-91));
7	(4) the impact of connecting reimbursement to
8	different claims databases;
9	(5) the number of bills that go to the inde-
10	pendent dispute resolution process; and
11	(6) the administrative cost of the independent
12	dispute resolution process and estimated impact on
13	health insurance premiums and deductibles.
14	(b) Information Requirements.—The informa-
15	tion provided in the report under subsection (a) shall be—
16	(1) disaggregated by State and according to the
17	fully insured and the self-insured markets; and
18	(2) with respect to paragraphs (1) through (3)
19	of such subsection, made available to the public elec-
20	tronically in a searchable database.

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