116TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION S. 1252

To direct the Secretary of State to review the termination characterization of former members of the Department of State who were fired by reason of the sexual orientation of the official, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

April 30, 2019

Mr. MENENDEZ (for himself, Mr. CARDIN, Mr. MURPHY, Mr. UDALL, Mr. MARKEY, Ms. BALDWIN, Mrs. GILLIBRAND, Mrs. FEINSTEIN, Mr. MERKLEY, Mr. KAINE, Mr. BLUMENTHAL, Mr. VAN HOLLEN, Mr. COONS, Mrs. MURRAY, Ms. HARRIS, Mr. WYDEN, Ms. KLOBUCHAR, Mr. BOOKER, Mr. SCHATZ, and Mr. WHITEHOUSE) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations

A BILL

- To direct the Secretary of State to review the termination characterization of former members of the Department of State who were fired by reason of the sexual orientation of the official, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Lavender Offense Victim Exoneration Act of 2019" or the "LOVE Act of
2019".

1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

2 Congress makes the following findings:

3 (1) During the so-called "Lavender Scare", at
4 least 1,000 people were wrongfully dismissed from
5 the Department of State for alleged homosexuality
6 during the 1950s and well into the 1960s.

7 (2) According to the Department of State's Bu8 reau of Diplomatic Security, Department of State
9 employees were forced out of the Department on the
10 grounds that their sexual orientation ostensibly ren11 dered them vulnerable to blackmail and made them
12 security risks.

(3) In addition to those wrongfully terminated,
many other patriotic Americans were prevented from
joining the Department due to a screening process
that was put in place to prevent the hiring of those
who, according to the findings of the Bureau of Diplomatic Security, "seemed like they might be gay or
lesbian".

(4) Congress bears a special measure of responsibility for these discriminatory actions as the Department's actions were in part in response to congressional investigations into "sex perversion of Federal employees", reports on the employment of
"moral perverts by Government Agencies", hearings
and pressure placed on the Department through the

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1 appropriations process and congressional complaints 2 that Foggy Bottom was "rampant with homosexuals 3 who were sympathetic to Communism and vulnerable to blackmail". 4 5 (5) Between 1950 and 1969, the Department of 6 State was required to report on the number of ho-7 mosexuals fired each year as part of their annual ap-8 peals before Committees on Appropriations. 9 (6) Although the worst effects of the "Lavender 10 Scare" are behind us, as recently as the early 1990s, 11 the Department of State's diplomatic security office 12 was investigating State personnel thought to be gay 13 and driving them out of government service as "se-14 curity risks". 15 (7) In 1994, Secretary of State Warren Chris-16 topher issued a prohibition against discrimination in 17 the Department of State, including that based on 18 sexual orientation. 19 (8) In 1998, President William Jefferson Clin-20 ton signed Executive Order 13087 barring discrimi-21 nation on the basis of sexual orientation. 22 (9) On January 9, 2017, Secretary of State 23 John Kerry issued a statement regarding the "Lavender Scare", saying, "On behalf of the Department, 24

I apologize to those who were impacted by the prac-

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tices of the past and reaffirm the Department's
 steadfast commitment to diversity and inclusion for
 all our employees, including members of the LGBTI
 community.".

5 SEC. 3. DIRECTOR GENERAL REVIEW.

6 (a) REVIEW.—The Director General of the Foreign 7 Service and Director of Human Resources of the Depart-8 ment of State, in consultation with the Historian of the 9 Department of State, shall review all employee termi-10 nations that occurred after January 1, 1950, to determine 11 who was wrongfully terminated owing to their sexual ori-12 entation, whether real or perceived.

13 (b) REPORT.—Not later than 270 days after the date 14 of the enactment of this Act, the Director General shall, 15 consistent with applicable privacy regulations, compile the information compiled under subsection (a) in a publicly 16 17 available report. The report shall include historical statements made by officials of the Department of State and 18 19 Congress encouraging and implementing policies and tac-20 tics that led to the termination of employees due to their 21 sexual orientation.

22 SEC. 4. REPORTS ON REVIEWS.

(a) REVIEWS.—The Secretary of State shall conduct
reviews of the consistency and uniformity of the reviews
conducted by the Director General under section 3.

1 (b) REPORTS.—Not later than 270 days after the 2 date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter 3 for 2 years, the Secretary shall submit to Congress a re-4 port on the reviews conducted under section 3. Each re-5 port shall include any comments or recommendations for 6 continued actions.

7 SEC. 5. ESTABLISHMENT OF RECONCILIATION BOARD.

8 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary of State shall 9 establish, within the Office of Civil Rights of the Depart-10 ment of State, an independent Reconciliation Board to re-11 view the reports released by the Director General of the 12 Foreign Service and Director of Human Services under 13 section 3(b).

14 (b) DUTIES.—The Reconciliation Board shall—

15 (1) consistent with applicable privacy regula-16 tions, contact all employees found to be fired due to 17 the "Lavender Scare" or, in the case of deceased 18 former employees, the family members of the em-19 ployees, to inform them that their termination from 20 the Department of State has been deemed inappro-21 priate and that, if they wish, their employment 22 record can be changed to reflect these findings;

(2) designate a point of contact at a senior level
position within the Office of the Director General of
the Foreign Service and Director of Human Re-

1	sources to receive oral testimony of any employees or
2	family members of deceased employees mentioned in
3	the report who personally experienced discrimination
4	and termination because of the actual or perceived
5	sexual orientation in order that such testimony may
6	serve as an official record of these discriminatory
7	policies and their impact on the lives of United
8	States citizens serving their Nation; and
9	(3) provide an opportunity for any former em-
10	ployee not mentioned in the report to bring forth a
11	grievance to the Board if they believe they were ter-
12	minated due to their sexual orientation.
13	(c) REVIEW OF CLAIMS.—
14	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Board shall review each
15	claim described in subsection (b) within 150 days of
16	receiving the claim. Lack of paperwork may not be
17	used as a basis for dismissing any claims.
18	(2) COOPERATION.—The Department of State
19	shall be responsible for producing pertinent informa-
20	tion regarding each claim to prove the employee was
21	not wrongfully terminated.
22	(d) TERMINATION.—The Board shall terminate 5
23	years after the date of the enactment of this Act.

1 SEC. 6. ISSUANCE OF APOLOGY.

2 (a) FINDING.—Secretary of State Kerry delivered the
3 following apology on January 9, 2017:

"Throughout my career, including as Secretary of 4 5 State, I have stood strongly in support of the LGBTI community, recognizing that respect for human rights must 6 7 include respect for all individuals. LGBTI employees serve 8 as proud members of the State Department and valued 9 colleagues dedicated to the service of our country. For the 10 last several years, the Department has pressed for the 11 families of LGBTI officers to have the same protections overseas as families of other officers. In 2015, to further 12 13 promote LGBTI rights throughout the world, I appointed the first ever Special Envoy for the Human Rights of 14 15 LGBTI Persons.

16 "In the past—as far back as the 1940s, but con-17 tinuing for decades—the Department of State was among 18 many public and private employers that discriminated 19 against employees and job applicants on the basis of per-20 ceived sexual orientation, forcing some employees to resign 21 or refusing to hire certain applicants in the first place. 22 These actions were wrong then, just as they would be 23 wrong today.

24 "On behalf of the Department, I apologize to those25 who were impacted by the practices of the past and reaf-26 firm the Department's steadfast commitment to diversity

and inclusion for all our employees, including members of
 the LGBTI community."

3 (b) CONGRESSIONAL APOLOGY.—Congress hereby of-4 fers a formal apology for its responsibility in encouraging 5 the "Lavender Scare" and similar policies at the Department of State, as these policies were in part a response 6 7 to congressional investigations into "sex perversion of 8 Federal employees", reports on the employment of "moral 9 perverts by Government Agencies", and hearings or pres-10 sure otherwise placed on the Department of State through 11 the appropriations process.

12 SEC. 7. ESTABLISHMENT OF PERMANENT EXHIBIT ON THE 13 LAVENDER SCARE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State, working
with the current public-private partnership associated with
the Department of State's new United States Diplomacy
Center, shall establish a permanent exhibit on the "Lavender Scare" in the museum to assure that the history
of this discriminatory episode is not brushed aside.

20 (b) Specifications.—The exhibit—

(1) shall be installed at the museum not later
than one year after the date of enactment of this
Act;

24 (2) should provide access to the reports com-25 piled by the Director General of the Foreign Service

and Director of Human Resources under section
 3(b); and

3 (3) shall readily display material gathered from
4 oral testimony received pursuant to section 5(b)(2)
5 from employees or family members of deceased em6 ployees who were subject to these discriminatory
7 policies during the "Lavender Scare".

8 SEC. 8. GUIDANCE ON ISSUING VISAS.

9 To demonstrate the Department of State's commit-10 ment to ensuring fairness for current employees, not later 11 than 100 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, 12 the Secretary of State shall submit to Congress a report on countries not issuing spousal visas to the spouses of 13 all Foreign Service personnel posted overseas due to their 14 15 sexual orientation. This report shall include any comments or recommendations for actions, including eliminating visa 16 17 reciprocity with countries found to be instituting these practices against the spouses of Foreign Service personnel, 18 19 that will lead to ensuring that all spouses of Foreign Serv-20 ice personnel receive spousal visas for the country their 21 spouse is assigned, regardless of sexual orientation.

22 SEC. 9. ESTABLISHMENT OF ADVANCEMENT BOARD.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary of State shall
establish, within the Office of the Director General of the
Department of State, a board comprised of senior-level of-

ficials to address the issues faced by LGBTQI Foreign
 Service employees and their families.

3 (b) HEARING OF TESTIMONY.—The Advancement
4 Board shall hear testimony from any willing LGBTQI
5 Foreign Service employees and their families regarding
6 any discrimination they have faced due to their sexual ori7 entation.

8 (c) REPORT.—

9 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 100 days 10 after completing collection of testimony described 11 under subsection (b), and annually thereafter for 5 12 years, the Advancement Board shall submit to Con-13 gress a report based on the testimony.

(2) CONTENT.—The report required under
paragraph (1) shall include any comments or recommendations for continued actions to improve the
Department of State to ensure that no employee or
their family members experience discrimination due
to their sexual orientation.

20 (3) PRIVACY.—The report required under para21 graph (1) shall remain private and will only be ac22 cessible to Members of Congress, their appropriate
23 staff, and members of the Advancement Board.

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