116TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 8954

To reform the process by which temporary nonagricultural workers' visas are allocated, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

DECEMBER 14, 2020

Mr. Castro of Texas (for himself, Ms. Judy Chu of California, Ms. Bass, Ms. Sánchez, Ms. Jayapal, Mr. Levin of Michigan, Ms. Dellauro, and Mr. Pocan) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

A BILL

To reform the process by which temporary nonagricultural workers' visas are allocated, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Seasonal Worker Soli-
- 5 darity Act of 2020".
- 6 SEC. 2. H-2B WORKERS.
- 7 (a) In General.—The Immigration and Nationality
- 8 Act (8 U.S.C. 1151 et seq.) is amended by inserting after
- 9 section 218 the following:

1 "SEC. 218A. ADMISSION OF H-2B WORKERS.

"(a) Nationwide Recruitment.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Labor shall require employers to conduct recruitment activities nationwide and consider, without prejudice, applications from workers and labor organizations in any region, including all of the States and territories of the United States, consistent with the requirements in section 101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(b) of the Immigration and Nationality Act. The Secretary shall coordinate with State Workforce Agencies to conduct concerted recruitment in any State or metropolitan statistical areas designated by the Secretary of Labor as a Labor Surplus Area.

"(2) DISASTER RESPONSE WORKERS.—

"(A) DISASTER RESPONSE PRIORITY FOR DISPLACED WORKERS.—Any worker authorized to work in the United States who is displaced as a result of a local, State, or nationally declared disaster shall be given priority for employment as a temporary nonagricultural worker.

"(B) Supplemental information.— Employers seeking to hire temporary nonagricultural workers for disaster response shall submit to the Secretary of Labor a supplemental worksheet detailing the health and safety training plan and equipment to be provided
to temporary nonagricultural workers to ensure
health and safety of such workers in impacted
geographical areas.

"(C) Plan Approval.—The Secretary of Labor may not issue a labor certification unless the Secretary approves the plan to adequately protect workers in declared disaster areas submitted under this paragraph.

10 11 "(b) Advisory Committee.—In accordance with the 12 provisions of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, the 13 Secretary of Labor shall establish an advisory committee not later than 5 months after the date of enactment of 14 15 the Seasonal Worker Solidarity Act of 2020, whose membership shall consist of representatives from the Department of Labor, State Workforce Agencies, and labor orga-17 nizations, and organizations advocating for workers in rel-18 19 evant industries. The advisory committee shall meet on a periodic basis and shall advise the Secretary of Labor on 21 issues related to improving recruitment of United States workers and the development, testing, and implementation 23 of the recruitment platform described in subsection (c) and the prevention of discrimination in the recruitment, hiring, and treatment of temporary nonagricultural work-

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ers. Not later than 18 months after the date on which the advisory committee hold its initial meeting, the com-3 mittee shall submit to the Secretary of Labor and Con-4 gress a report on issues related to improving recruitment of United States workers and the development, testing, and implementation of the recruitment platform and the 6 prevention of discrimination in the recruitment, hiring, 8 and treatment of temporary nonagricultural workers. 9 "(c) Recruitment Platform.— "(1) Creation.—Not later than 90 days after 10 11 the date of enactment of the Seasonal Worker Soli-12 darity Act of 2020, the Secretary of Labor shall cre-13 ate and make available on the Department of Labor 14 website a centralized, national electronic seasonal 15 and temporary job search and worker recruitment 16 platform (in this section referred to as the 'recruit-17 ment platform') for employment opportunities for 18 which employers are seeking authorization to hire 19 H-2B workers. 20 "(2) Purpose.—The recruitment platform 21 shall allow applicants to submit applications for 22 available positions electronically to— 23 "(A) facilitate the nationwide recruitment

of United States workers; and

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- "(B) provide transparency about United
 States employment opportunities for job seekers
 outside of the United States.
 - "(3) NOTIFICATION.—The Secretary of Labor shall create a mechanism by which the public, job seekers, State Workforce Agencies, labor unions, and other organizations are able to receive electronic notification within 24 hours when job orders in relevant industries and regions are posted to the website.
 - "(4) Registration.—An employer seeking to recruit temporary nonagricultural workers shall register on the recruitment platform and job orders on the recruitment platform may only be posted by such registered employers.
- 16 "(5) Archives.—Job orders shall remain pub-17 licly accessible for a period of at least 5 years after 18 the original posting date.
- 19 "(d) Public Response.—The Secretary of Labor,
- 20 in consultation with the Secretary of Homeland Security,
- 21 shall develop a streamlined process for labor organiza-
- 22 tions, and organizations advocating for workers in relevant
- 23 industries, to publicly challenge an employer's claim of
- 24 temporary need, wage rates, job requirements posted to

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1	the recruitment platform, or any other employment issue
2	related to temporary nonagricultural workers.
3	"(e) Employer Certification.—When registering
4	on the recruitment platform, an employer shall certify
5	compliance with each of the following:
6	"(1) Safe and fair workplace.—
7	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The employer shall, in
8	addition to all other certifications required by
9	the Secretary of Labor meet the following re-
10	quirements:
11	"(i) Legal compliance.—The em-
12	ployer shall comply with Federal law and
13	any applicable State law, or local law or
14	ordinance, and recognize any labor organi-
15	zation that provides evidence of support
16	from a majority of the workforce.
17	"(ii) Workers' compensation.—
18	The employer shall provide workers' com-
19	pensation insurance coverage in compliance
20	with State law covering injury and disease
21	arising out of and in the course of the
22	worker's employment. If the type of em-
23	ployment for which the certification is
24	sought is not covered by or is exempt from
25	the State's workers' compensation law, the

1 employer shall provide, at no cost to the 2 worker, insurance covering injury and disease arising out of and in the course of the 3 4 worker's employment that shall provide benefits at least equal to those provided 6 under the State workers' compensation law 7 for other comparable employment. 8 "(iii) CONDITIONS OF EMPLOY-9 MENT.—The employer shall offer the same conditions of employment 10 terms and 11 whether the workers hired to fill posted po-12 sitions are recruited domestically or from 13 abroad. 14 "(B) Penalty.—The National Labor Re-15 lations Board shall, within 2 weeks of employer 16 registration, review relevant records to verify 17 employer compliance with this paragraph over 18 the previous 5-year period. An employer who 19 has failed to comply shall be subject to a 2-year 20 suspension from the H-2B program and the 21 use of the recruitment platform. 22 "(2) Posting.— 23

"(A) IN GENERAL.—The employer shall post job orders on the recruitment platform for 60 days before applying for an H–2B labor cer-

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1	tification. Any United States applicant who ap-
2	plies for a job on the recruitment platform may
3	only be rejected for job-related reasons and
4	those found by the Secretary of Labor to have
5	been rejected on any other basis shall be hired
6	Each employer shall retain records of all hired
7	workers and rejected applicants for 5 years.
8	"(B) Language.—The following are re-
9	quirements with respect to job order postings
10	on the recruitment platform:
11	"(i) In the case of any employer
12	whose workforce is comprised of a signifi-
13	cant portion of workers who are not lit
14	erate in English, such employer shall pro-
15	vide the job order posting in a language in
16	which the employees are literate.
17	"(ii) The Secretary of Labor shal
18	post all job orders prepared by employers
19	in English, Spanish, and such other lan-
20	guage as the Secretary may determine nec
21	essary on their website.
22	"(C) FORMAT.—Each job order shall be
23	posted in a standard format, developed by the

Secretary of Labor, which shall include such

1	terms and conditions of employment as the Sec-
2	retary may require, including—
3	"(i) the States and locations in which
4	workers will be employed and information
5	that is searchable and shareable in an elec-
6	tronic format;
7	"(ii) wages, hours, working conditions,
8	worksite, and other benefits of employment
9	that the Secretary of Labor, in consulta-
10	tion with State Workforce Agencies, deter-
11	mines are in compliance with requirements
12	of Federal, State, and local law; and
13	"(iii) official forms submitted by pro-
14	spective H–2B employers to secure labor
15	certification and prevailing wage deter-
16	minations, including any approvals thereof
17	by the Secretary of Labor.
18	"(3) Union applicants.—The employer shall
19	consider applicants or groups of applicants put for-
20	ward by United States labor organizations and orga-
21	nizations advocating for workers in relevant indus-
22	tries that have qualified members available for post-
23	ed job orders. The employer shall recognize the
24	union training credentials of members of United

States labor unions who come from abroad and such

1 members shall be eligible for H-2B visas that are 2 exempt from annual numerical limitations.

"(4) Worker qualifications.—

- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The employer shall hire workers who meet the minimum qualifications for a position, and shall not impose unnecessary experience or educational requirements of applicants, and shall not require criminal background checks, unless otherwise required by law for the specific position.
- "(B) Positions requiring LITTLE or no EXPERIENCE.—In the case that the Secretary of Labor determines that a position is in an Occupational Information Network Job Zone One occupation requiring little or no prior training or experience, the Secretary shall not permit an employer to require prior training or experience for the position.
- "(5) Wage rates.—The salaries paid to H–2B workers shall be set at rates that do not adversely affect the local or national average wages in the occupations of employment or otherwise negatively impact the working conditions and benefits of workers in the United States who are similarly employed.

"(6) MINIMUM WORK HOURS.—The employer shall guarantee that temporary nonagricultural workers are paid for at least the number of hours stipulated on the job order, and not less than 40 hours per week.

"(7) Transportation and Housing.—The employer shall provide transportation and offer housing for any temporary nonagricultural workers hired to fill posted job orders as follows:

"(A) Transportation.—

"(i) Transportation to and from Place of Employment.—The employer shall provide transportation and subsistence for each temporary nonagricultural worker to travel from the worker's place of permanent residence to the place of employment and back at no cost to the worker.

"(ii) Transportation between Liv-Ing Quarters and Worksite.—The employer shall provide daily round-trip transportation between living quarters and worksite at no cost to workers, whether or not the housing is employer provided.

1	"(iii) Employer-provided trans-
2	PORTATION.—All employer-provided trans-
3	portation shall comply with all applicable
4	Federal, State, or local laws and regula-
5	tions, and shall meet all relevant transpor-
6	tation safety standards, driver licensure,
7	and vehicle insurance requirements.
8	"(iv) Employer-reimbursed trans-
9	PORTATION.—Notwithstanding clauses (i),
10	(ii), and (iii), in lieu of providing transpor-
11	tation to a temporary nonagricultural
12	worker, an employer may reimburse a such
13	worker for transportation if such reim-
14	bursement is made not later than 5 busi-
15	ness days after receipt of written docu-
16	mentation of the worker's transportation
17	costs.
18	"(B) Housing.—
19	"(i) Obligation to provide hous-
20	ING.—The employer shall provide housing
21	at no cost to temporary nonagricultural
22	workers who seek such housing and H–2B
23	workers. Housing shall meet the following

criteria:

1	"(I) Housing standards.—
2	Employer-provided housing may be
3	owned or rented by the employer and
4	shall meet Federal temporary housing
5	regulations and comply with all other
6	applicable Federal, State, or local
7	laws and regulations and meet all rel-
8	evant Occupational Safety and Health
9	Administration standards. The em-
10	ployer shall retain for at least 5 years
11	any records documenting that the em-
12	ployer-provided housing is compliant
13	with such laws, regulations, and
14	standards.
15	"(II) Housing costs and
16	FEES.—In a case in which the em-
17	ployer provides rented housing, hous-
18	ing fees shall be paid according to the
19	following criteria:
20	"(aa) Rental costs and
21	FEES.—Any costs, including
22	charges and fees for rental hous-
23	ing, shall be paid by the employer
24	to the owner or operator of the
25	housing.

1	"(bb) Deposit Charges.—
2	Neither employers nor landlords
3	may charge workers for bedding,
4	furnishings, or other similar
5	incidentals related to housing. An
6	employer may require workers to
7	reimburse the employer for dam-
8	age for which they are respon-
9	sible and which is not the result
10	of normal wear and tear related
11	to habitation.
12	"(cc) Charges for public
13	HOUSING.—If the employer se-
14	cures public housing for tem-
15	porary nonagricultural workers
16	under the auspices of a local or
17	State government, the employer
18	shall pay any charges normally
19	required for use of the public
20	housing units directly to the
21	housing's management.
22	"(ii) Family Housing.—Family
23	housing shall be made available to spouses
24	and dependents of temporary non-
25	agricultural workers who request it, and

employers should inform temporary nonagricultural workers at the time of hire of the right to make such a request.

- "(8) Records.—The employer shall maintain certified payroll records, which shall be made available to the Department of Labor, workers and the designees of such workers upon request. Such records shall not be subject to the Freedom of Information Act and shall be maintained by an employer for five calendar years after the last date of employment. The employer shall issue pay statements in both a paper and electronic format to workers that clearly enumerate wage rates, hours, and all deductions and identify the legal name, business address, and Federal employer identification number of the employer. H–2B wages shall be paid by the employer who submits the labor certification application.
- "(9) DIRECT EMPLOYMENT.—A registered employer shall employ temporary nonagricultural workers directly and not place H–2B workers under the direct or indirect supervision of a third party employer, agency, or contractor. Subcontracting of H–2B workers is prohibited.
- 24 "(10) Hiring H-2B workers.—Before hiring 25 H-2B workers and after at least 60 days of domes-

1	tic recruitment on the national recruitment platform
2	the employer shall—
3	"(A) attest to a shortage of workers in the
4	local surrounding areas and across the United
5	States; and
6	"(B) at the time of recruitment and upon
7	hire, provide H-2B workers with a written no-
8	tice, in a language that the worker understands
9	that identifies the job classification, describes
10	duties, compensation, hours, all relevant terms
11	of employment, housing, and transportation and
12	information on applicable labor and employment
13	rights, including the right to form or join a
14	labor organization under the National Labor
15	Relations Act.
16	"(11) Supply chain disclosure and re-
17	QUIREMENTS.—
18	"(A) In General.—The employer shall
19	disclose the entire recruitment supply chain, in-
20	cluding any recruiters or foreign or domestic
21	labor contractors and subagent local recruiters
22	involved in securing workers for job postings
23	and any funding sources for the work to be pro-
24	vided, including both public and private con-
25	tracts.

1	"(B) Joint and Several Liability.—
2	The employer shall be jointly and severally lia-
3	ble for the actions of any recruiters or foreign
4	or domestic labor contractors involved in or act-
5	ing on behalf of the employer in securing work-
6	ers for job postings.
7	"(C) Written verifications.—The em-
8	ployer shall obtain and submit to the Secretary
9	of Labor written certifications that any and all
10	recruiters or foreign or domestic labor contrac-
11	tors in the supply chain shall—
12	"(i) engage in non-discriminatory hir-
13	ing practices;
14	"(ii) at the time of recruitment and in
15	a language the workers understand, pro-
16	vide workers with posted job orders and
17	terms and conditions of employment;
18	"(iii) not charge fees of any kind to
19	any applicant or job seeker, including in
20	the form of loans, deductions, or kick-
21	backs; and
22	"(iv) not engage in forms of retalia-
23	tion, including blacklisting.
24	"(f) Published Attestations.—Employer attesta-
25	tions and data disclosures made pursuant to this section

1	shall be made publicly available on the national job search
2	and worker recruitment platform immediately upon being
3	entered into the system.
4	"(g) Non-Discrimination and Wage Equity.—
5	"(1) Application review.—
6	"(A) In General.—In order to prevent
7	adverse effects on the wages of United States
8	workers, employers shall offer and pay United
9	States workers and H-2B workers the highest
10	of—
11	"(i) the mean of the wages of workers
12	similarly employed in the area of intended
13	employment using the wage component of
14	the Bureau of Labor Statistics Occupa-
15	tional Employment Statistics Survey;
16	"(ii) 200 percent of the Federal min-
17	imum wage;
18	"(iii) any collectively bargained wage
19	and fringe rates for the broad occupational
20	category within each State of employment;
21	"(iv) wage and fringe benefit rates ap-
22	plicable to similar construction, alteration,
23	or repair work in the locality as deter-
24	mined by the Secretary of Labor in accord-
25	ance with subchapter IV of chapter 31 of

1	title 40, United States Code (known as the
2	Davis-Bacon Act); and
3	"(v) any wage and fringe benefit rates
4	for the occupation established by chapter
5	67 of title 41 (known as the McNamara-
6	O'Hara Service Contract of 1965).
7	"(B) OCCUPATION DESIGNATION.—For
8	purposes of this paragraph, the term 'occupa-
9	tion' does not include an occupation that is a
10	subset of a Standard Occupational Classifica-
11	tion or a Department of Labor approved Occu-
12	pational Information Network subclassification
13	if such subset or subclassification would result
14	in an average wage that is lower than the aver-
15	age wage in the Standard Occupational Classi-
16	fication from which the subset or subclassifica-
17	tion is derived.
18	"(2) Wage Surveys.—The Secretary of Labor
19	may only consider Federal data sources and may not
20	permit the use of private wage surveys or wage sur-
21	veys conducted by State or local public agencies or
22	private entities to establish the mean wage for an oc-
23	cupation under paragraph (1)(A)(i).

1	"(3) Labor certifications.—Prior to ap-
2	proving a labor certification, the Secretary of Labor
3	shall—

- "(A) cross reference each employer applicant with relevant Department of Labor databases, including the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission database, and National Labor Relations Board databases to determine whether a labor dispute or investigation is ongoing; and
- "(B) in the event of an ongoing labor dispute or investigation, implement supplemental measures to prevent abuses of temporary non-agricultural workers, including onsite visits, interviewing workers, requiring additional safety measures, and denying certifications when appropriate.
- "(4) Audit.—Every fiscal year, the Secretary of Labor shall conduct random audits of not less than 5 percent of all H–2B employers and not less than 50 percent of all employers employing more than 50 H–2B workers. The Secretary of Labor shall give priority to the audit of employers with a workforce in which at least 15 percent of workers have H–2B status. The audits shall assess—

1	"(A) whether the employer is engaging in
2	criminal background checks that are not other-
3	wise required by a Federal, State, or local laws
4	"(B) whether experience requirements are
5	reasonable for the indicated Occupational Infor-
6	mation Network level and commensurate with
7	the advertised position, and whether such re-
8	quirements are used to screen out applicants
9	based on their race, age, national origin, dis-
10	ability, genetic information, religious belief, or
11	sex, including sexual orientation or gender iden-
12	tity;
13	"(C) whether an employer's hiring prac-
14	tices are having a disparate impact on employ-
15	ees;
16	"(D) whether an employer is adhering to
17	the terms of the job order, employment con-
18	tract, or collective bargaining agreement and
19	has paid the promised wage rates listed on the
20	labor certification and petition for an H–2B
21	worker, as well as any other applicable overtime
22	hours, fringe benefits, or bonuses;
23	"(E) whether the employer has engaged in
24	retaliation;

1	"(F) whether the employer has committed
2	or is being investigated for any other violations
3	of labor and employment law;
4	"(G) whether housing and transportation
5	provided to temporary nonagricultural workers
6	meets all relevant standards; and
7	"(H) whether recruiters designated by the
8	H-2B employers are in compliance with labor
9	and employment laws.
10	"(5) Oversight.—The Secretary of Labor
11	shall conduct active and ongoing oversight of the re-
12	cruitment platform, registered employers, and the
13	H–2B program to ensure that—
14	"(A) there is no adverse effect on wages
15	and working conditions;
16	"(B) United States workers and H-2B
17	workers receive equal treatment;
18	"(C) any application for labor certification
19	that does not meet the requirements of this sec-
20	tion is denied;
21	"(D) action is taken based on the audits
22	conducted pursuant to paragraph (4), includ-
23	ing—
24	"(i) the initiation of civil or criminal
25	proceedings where appropriate;

1	"(ii) the identification of and public
2	reporting of recurring challenges for
3	women and other protected classes and
4	underrepresented groups seeking tem-
5	porary nonagricultural employment; and
6	"(iii) the initiation process for suspen-
7	sion or permanent debarment of employers
8	where appropriate.
9	"(6) Equal opportunity advocate.—The
10	Secretary of Labor shall create an H–2B Equal Op-
11	portunity Advocate position to investigate, report on,
12	and address any challenges identified under para-
13	graph (4)(B). The Equal Opportunity Advocate shall
14	report to and consult with the Advisory Committee.
15	"(h) VISA ALLOCATION.—
16	"(1) Duration.—In order to be eligible for the
17	H–2B program, a job order may not exceed a term
18	of 7 months.
19	"(2) Quarterly allocation.—Every quarter
20	of the fiscal year, the Secretary of Homeland Secu-
21	rity shall make available one-fourth of all H–2B pe-
22	titions subject to the annual numerical limit. Any
23	unused H-2B petition numbers shall roll over to the
24	following quarter in the same fiscal year, but shall
25	not roll over to the following fiscal year.

1	"(3) Cap per employer.—An employer may
2	not employ more than 100 H–2B workers, including
3	any workers hired by a subcontractor of the em-
4	ployer, at any time.
5	"(4) Limitations on H-2B share of a work-
6	FORCE.—If an employer employs 50 or more work-
7	ers in the United States, the sum of the number of
8	such workers who are H–2B workers may not exceed
9	50 percent of the total number of workers employed.
10	"(5) Priority.—In a case in which demand for
11	visas exceeds supply in any given quarter, the Sec-
12	retary of Homeland Security shall give priority in
13	visa issuance to employers that—
14	"(A) pay wages at the 75th percentile or
15	above based on Department of Labor survey
16	data or collectively bargained wages or Davis
17	Bacon wages;
18	"(B) are seeking to employ H-2B workers
19	on worksites located in States with exception-
20	ally low unemployment rates;
21	"(C) are hiring returning workers pre-
22	viously employed in H-2B nonimmigrant status
23	or workers from underrepresented groups
24	(based on gender, country of origin, or occupa-
25	tion); or

- 1 "(D) have less than 15 percent of their
- 2 workforce in the United States comprised of H-
- 3 2B workers.
- 4 "(i) Assessment.—The Secretary of Labor shall as-
- 5 sess a fee on each employer to fund the labor certification
- 6 process at such amount as may be necessary to support
- 7 effective processing by the Department of Labor, and
- 8 meaningful investigation and enforcement of worker pro-
- 9 tections, and may update the fee as necessary to meet the
- 10 requirement. The Secretary of Homeland Security shall
- 11 have the authority to assess and periodically update fees
- 12 on each employer for the processing and adjudication of
- 13 petitions in order to support effective processing and adju-
- 14 dication, if and when the Secretary determines that the
- 15 fees are insufficient for doing so.
- 16 "(j) Limitation on Assignment.—Employers shall
- 17 not assign H-2B workers to a worksite other than the
- 18 worksite stipulated on an employer's original job order
- 19 without obtaining the workers' consent and a new labor
- 20 certification.
- 21 "(k) Employment Authorizations.—An H-4
- 22 nonimmigrant spouse of an H–2B nonimmigrant shall be
- 23 eligible to apply for employment authorization with the
- 24 Secretary of Homeland Security but shall be prohibited

1 from accepting employment with the same employer as the

2 principal H–2B nonimmigrant.

"(1) Employer Accountability.—

"(1) USE OF OTHER VISA PROGRAMS.—Within any 2-year period, an employer of H–2B workers may not employ directly or through subcontractors, any workers in the same broad occupational category or industry through any other nonimmigrant visa program except those workers who are employed—authorized through a nonimmigrant visa issued for humanitarian or family purposes. Any employer found to have violated this paragraph shall be subject to a 2-year suspension from employing nonimmigrants or using the recruitment platform.

"(2) Fair pay and safe workplace.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—In the case that a registered employer is found to have violated the terms of this section, including the fair pay and safe workplaces commitment, the established prevailing wage under subsection (j)(2), or the provision on working conditions such registered employer and the principals, subsidiary, owner, or affiliated company of such registered employer shall be subject to a 2-year suspension from employing nonimmigrants or using the re-

1 cruitment platform for the first violation and 2 permanent debarment for subsequent violations. "(B) Reliance.—In making a determina-3 4 tion under subparagraph (A), the Secretary of 5 Labor or the Secretary of Homeland Security 6 may rely on findings of a Federal, State, or 7 local agency or court that an employer has vio-8 lated Federal, State, or local employment laws. 9 "(3) OTHER VIOLATIONS.— 10 "(A) IN GENERAL.—Any employer of an 11 H-2B worker, or the successor in interest of 12 that employer, who is determined by the Sec-13 retary of Labor or the Secretary of Homeland 14 Security to have committed a violation of this 15 section at any time, including a misdemeanor or 16 felony violation, shall be subject to immediate 17 suspension. 18 "(B) Reliance.—In making a determina-19 tion under subparagraph (A), the Secretary of 20 Labor or the Secretary of Homeland Security 21 may rely on findings of a Federal, State, or

lated Federal, State, or local employment laws.

"(4) JOINT AND SEVERAL LIABILITY.—Employers shall be jointly and severally liable for the ac-

local agency or court that an employer has vio-

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- tions of any recruiter and foreign labor contractor of the employer in violation of any H–2B regulation, requirement, or other labor or employment law.
 - "(5) STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS.—The commencement of a civil action shall be barred unless such action is commenced before the date that is 10 years after the right of action accrues.

"(m) Redress for Workers.—

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"(1) Private right of action and fee SHIFTING.—A temporary nonagricultural worker may bring a civil action before any district court of the United States, or other court having jurisdiction over the parties, against an employer or recruiter who violates any H-2B regulation, requirement, or other labor or employment law, or who retaliates against a worker who exercises the worker's rights under this section, without respect to the amount in controversy and without regard to the citizenship of the parties and without regard to exhaustion of any alternative administrative remedies. Any such employer shall be liable for back pay, unpaid wages, and other damages, including general, compensatory, and punitive damages, and reasonable attorneys' fees. An employer may not require, as a condition of employment, mandatory arbitration of private

- 1 claims. A waiver of any right created under this law 2 shall be void and unenforceable.
- "(2) Legal services.—H-2B workers shall be 3 eligible to be represented by the Legal Services Cor-5 poration and service providers that are recipients of 6 Legal Services Corporation funds.
- 7 "(3) Appointment of attorney and com-MENCEMENT OF ACTION.—Upon application by a 8 9 complainant and in such circumstances as the court 10 may determine just, the court may appoint an attor-11 ney for such complainant and may authorize the 12 commencement of the action.
- 13 "(n) Injunction Authority.—The Attorney Gen-14 eral may, on his or her own or at the request of the Sec-15 retary of Labor or the Secretary of Homeland Security, bring a civil action before any district court of the United 16 17 States to seeking an order of injunction against any employer or recruiter who violates any H-2B regulation, re-18 19 quirement, or other labor or employment law, or who re-
- under this section. 22 "(o) Rebuttable Presumption.—There shall be a rebuttable presumption that a worker is the subject of retaliation if a worker exercises a protected right, assists in a labor agency investigation, or complains about work-

taliates against a worker who exercises the worker's rights

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1	ing conditions and is not hired for another posted job for
2	which the worker is qualified within 1 year after the end
3	of the contract in which the worker was engaged when
4	he or she exercised such right or complained about such
5	condition.
6	"(p) National Origin.—
7	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Homeland
8	Security, in consultation with the Secretary of State
9	shall—
10	"(A) on the date of enactment of this sec-
11	tion, designate all countries as eligible for H-
12	2B recruitment;
13	"(B) formulate and publish clear criteria
14	for temporarily designating countries as ineli-
15	gible after the date of enactment of this section;
16	and
17	"(C) disclose reasons and evidence for tem-
18	porarily designating a country as ineligible after
19	the date of enactment of this section.
20	"(2) Judicial Review.—The temporary des-
21	ignation of a country as ineligible for H-2B recruit-
22	ment shall be subject to judicial review.
23	"(a) Visa for Accepted Position —

- 1 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State 2 shall issue a 7-month visa to a worker for each H– 3 2B position the worker accepts.
 - "(2) Control.—An H–2B worker may self-petition to request a change of status to a new H–2B employer. An H–2B worker who notifies the Department of Labor of intent to change employers shall receive a 60-day grace period in which to secure a new position.
 - "(3) Recruitment fees.—Employers shall be responsible for all fees associated with H–2B labor certifications, petitions, and visa applications. Employers may not collect a job placement fee or other compensation (either direct or indirect) at any time, including before or after a labor certification or petition have been approved, as a condition of employment of a temporary nonagricultural worker.
 - "(4) UNEMPLOYMENT PERIOD.—An alien with H–2B worker status may not be unemployed for more than a 60-day period, during which time the worker may apply for open positions on the H–2B jobs portal, and shall have priority for hiring before new H–2B applicants.
- 24 "(r) COUNTRY OF ORIGIN VIOLATIONS.—An H–2B 25 worker who experiences or reports, in the worker's country

- 1 of origin, retaliation or other violations of this section by
- 2 a United States employer, or a recruiter or foreign labor
- 3 contractor working on behalf of such employer, shall be
- 4 eligible for parole for a period of not less than 2 years
- 5 in order to return to the United States to seek legal re-
- 6 dress.
- 7 "(s) State Workforce Agencies.—The Secretary
- 8 of Labor shall allocate such funds as may be necessary
- 9 to train State Workforce Agencies on the H-2B program
- 10 and the recruitment platform so such agencies can assist
- 11 with efforts to recruit available United States workers, in-
- 12 cluding through engagement with any and all relevant
- 13 labor organizations and organizations advocating for
- 14 workers in relevant industries. In any State with more
- 15 than 200 approved H–2B labor certifications, the State
- 16 Workforce Agency shall prepare, in consultation with labor
- 17 organizations and organizations advocating for workers in
- 18 relevant industries, an annual plan to identify and address
- 19 the barriers to employment, such as housing or transpor-
- 20 tation, that discourage unemployed or underemployed
- 21 U.S. workers from applying for such jobs.
- 22 "(t) Definitions.—In this section:
- "(1) Disclose.—The term 'disclose' means to
- 24 make a formal or informal communication or trans-
- 25 mission.

- 1 "(2) EMPLOY.—The term 'employ' has the 2 meaning given such term under section 3(g) of the 3 Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 4 203(g)).
- "(3) H–2B WORKER.—The term 'H–2B worker' means a nonimmigrant authorized or previously authorized to work in the United States pursuant to section 101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(B).
 - "(4) Labor contractor.—The term 'labor contractor' means any person, other than an employer, who is contracted to perform any recruitment activity on behalf of an employer, whether domestically or abroad.
 - "(5) Labor surplus area.—The term 'Labor Surplus Area' is any area in which the unemployment rate is more than 6 percent or is at least 20 percent above the national unemployment rate.
 - "(6) Place of employment means the geographic location in which work occurs, and where the living quarters are located.
 - "(7) RECRUITER.—The term 'recruiter' means any person, other than an employer, who performs any recruitment activity on behalf of an employer, whether domestically or abroad.

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- "(8) Recruitment.—The term 'recruitment'
 means advertising, disseminating information, selection, placement into employment, housing and transport to and from place of permanent residence for
 temporary nonagricultural workers. The term applies
 to both jobseekers and those who are or were employed.
 - "(9) Temporary nonagricultural work-ER.—The term 'temporary nonagricultural worker' means an individual who is, has been, or is seeking to be employed in a position posted on the Department of Labor's seasonal job search and recruitment platform, regardless of immigration status.
 - "(10) STATE.—The term 'State' means any of the States of the United States, the District of Columbia, the United States Virgin Islands, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and Guam.
 - "(11) WORKER.—The term 'worker' means an individual who is, has been, or is seeking to be employed or otherwise perform work for pay, regardless of immigration status.
- 22 "(12) WORKSITE.—The term 'worksite' means 23 the physical location of the job for which the worker 24 is hired.".

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1	(b) Numerical Limitation Conforming Amend-
2	MENTS.—Section 214(g)(10) of the Immigration and Na-
3	tionality Act is amended—
4	(1) by striking "first 6 months" and inserting
5	"every 3 months"; and
6	(2) by striking "33,000" and inserting
7	"16,500".
8	SEC. 3. VICTIMS OF SERIOUS LABOR AND EMPLOYMENT
9	VIOLATIONS OR CRIME.
10	(a) Protection for Victims of Labor and Em-
11	PLOYMENT VIOLATIONS.—Section 101(a)(15)(U) of the
12	Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
13	1101(a)(15)(U)) is amended—
14	(1) in clause (i)—
15	(A) by amending subclause (I) to read as
16	follows:
17	"(I) the alien—
18	"(aa) has suffered substan-
19	tial abuse or harm as a result of
20	having been a victim of criminal
21	activity described in clause (iii);
22	"(bb) has suffered substan-
23	tial abuse or harm related to a
24	violation described in clause (iv);

1	"(ce) is a victim of criminal
2	activity described in clause (iii)
3	and would suffer extreme hard-
4	ship upon removal; or
5	"(dd) has suffered a viola-
6	tion described in clause (iv) and
7	would suffer extreme hardship
8	upon removal;";
9	(B) in subclause (II), by inserting ", or a
10	labor or employment violation resulting in a
11	workplace claim described in clause (iv)" before
12	the semicolon at the end;
13	(C) in subclause (III)—
14	(i) by striking "or State judge, to the
15	Service" and inserting ", State, or local
16	judge, to the Department of Homeland Se-
17	curity, to the Equal Employment Oppor-
18	tunity Commission, to the Department of
19	Labor, to the National Labor Relations
20	Board"; and
21	(ii) by inserting ", or investigating,
22	prosecuting, or seeking civil remedies for a
23	labor or employment violation related to a
24	workplace claim described in clause (iv)"
25	before the semicolon at the end; and

1	(D) in subclause (IV)—
2	(i) by inserting "(aa)" after "(IV)";
3	and
4	(ii) by adding at the end the fol-
5	lowing: "or
6	"(bb) a workplace claim described in clause (iv) re-
7	sulting from a labor or employment violation;";
8	(2) in clause (ii)(II), by striking "and" at the
9	end;
10	(3) in clause (iii), by striking "or" at the end
11	and inserting "and"; and
12	(4) by adding at the end the following:
13	"(iv) in the labor or employment vio-
14	lation related to a workplace claim, the
15	alien—
16	"(I) has filed, is a material wit-
17	ness in, or is likely to be helpful in the
18	investigation of, a bona fide workplace
19	claim or other qualifying crime (as de-
20	fined in section
21	274A(e)(10)(C)(iii)(II)); and
22	"(II) reasonably fears, has been
23	threatened with, or has been the vic-
24	tim of, an action involving force, phys-
25	ical restraint, retaliation, or abuse of

1	the immigration or other legal process
2	against the alien or another person by
3	the employer in relation to acts under-
4	lying the workplace claim or related to
5	the filing of the workplace claim; or".
6	(b) Temporary Protection for Injured Work-
7	ERS AND VICTIMS OF CRIME, LABOR, AND EMPLOYMENT
8	VIOLATIONS.—Notwithstanding any other provision of
9	law, the Secretary of Homeland Security may permit an
10	alien to temporarily remain in the United States, and
11	grant the alien employment authorization, if the Secretary
12	determines that the alien—
13	(1) has filed for relief under section
14	101(a)(15)(U) of the Immigration and Nationality
15	Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)(U));
16	(2)(A) has filed, or is a material witness to, a
17	bona fide workplace claim (as defined in section
18	274A(e)(10)(B)(iii)(II) of such Act, as added by sec-
19	tion 3(b) of this Act); and
20	(B) has been helpful, is being helpful, or is like-
21	ly to be helpful to—
22	(i) a Federal, State, or local law enforce-
23	ment official;
24	(ii) a Federal, State, or local prosecutor;
25	(iii) a Federal, State, or local judge;

1	(iv) the Department of Homeland Security;
2	(v) the Equal Employment Opportunity
3	Commission;
4	(vi) the Department of Labor, including
5	the Occupational Safety and Health Adminis-
6	tration;
7	(vii) the National Labor Relations Board;
8	(viii) the head official of a State or local
9	government department of labor, workforce
10	commission, or human relations commission or
11	council; or
12	(ix) other Federal, State, or local authori-
13	ties investigating, prosecuting, or seeking civil
14	remedies related to the workplace claim; or
15	(3) has filed a workers' compensation claim or
16	is undergoing treatment for a workplace injury or
17	illness.
18	(c) Requirements Applicable to U Visas.—Sec-
19	tion 214(p) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8
20	U.S.C. 1184(p)) is amended—
21	(1) in paragraph (1)—
22	(A) by inserting "or investigating, pros-
23	ecuting, or seeking civil remedies for workplace
24	claims described in section 101(a)(15)(U)(iv)"

1	after "section 101(a)(15)(U)(iii)" each place
2	such term appears;
3	(B) by striking "The petition" and insert-
4	ing the following:
5	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The petition"; and
6	(C) by adding at the end the following:
7	"(B) FEES.—An alien petitioning for, or
8	having status under, section 101(a)(15)(U)
9	shall not be required to submit any fee (or re-
10	quest any fee waiver) in connection with such
11	petition or status, including fees associated with
12	biometric services, or an application for advance
13	permission to enter as a nonimmigrant.
14	"(C) Confidentiality of informa-
15	TION.—Neither the Secretary of Homeland Se-
16	curity, nor the Attorney General, may use the
17	information furnished pursuant to a petition for
18	status under section 101(a)(15)(U) for pur-
19	poses of initiating or carrying out a removal
20	proceeding.";
21	(2) by striking paragraph (2); and
22	(3) in paragraph (6)—
23	(A) by inserting "or workplace claims de-
24	scribed in section 101(a)(15)(U)(iv)" after "de-
25	scribed in section 101(a)(15)(U)(iii)"; and

1	(B) by inserting "or workplace claim"
2	after "prosecution of such criminal activity".
3	(d) Adjustment of Status for Victims of
4	CRIMES.—Section 245(m)(1) of the Immigration and Na-
5	tionality Act (8 U.S.C. 1255(m)(1)) is amended by insert-
6	ing "or an investigation or prosecution regarding a work-
7	place claim" after "prosecution".
8	(e) Change of Nonimmigrant Classification.—
9	Section 384(a)(1) of the Illegal Immigration Reform and
10	Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C.
11	1367(a)(1)) is amended—
12	(1) in subparagraph (E), by striking "physical
13	or mental abuse and the criminal activity" and in-
14	serting "abuse and the criminal activity or work-
15	place claim";
16	(2) in subparagraph (F), by adding "or" at the
17	end; and
18	(3) by inserting after subparagraph (F) the fol-
19	lowing:
20	"(G) the alien's employer,".
21	SEC. 4. WHISTLEBLOWER PROTECTIONS.
22	(a) In General.—Section 214(c) of the Immigration
23	and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1184(c)) is amended by
24	adding at the end the following:
25	"(15) Whistleblower protections.—

1	"(A) Prohibitions.—A person may not
2	discharge, demote, suspend, threaten, harass,
3	decline to hire, or in any other manner discrimi-
4	nate against a worker in the terms and condi-
5	tions of employment because such worker—
6	"(i) has filed or has information about
7	a potential complaint, instituted or caused
8	to be instituted any proceeding, testified,
9	assisted, or will testify, or cooperated or
10	seeks to cooperate, in an investigation or
11	other proceeding concerning compliance
12	with the requirements under this title or
13	any rule or regulation pertaining to this
14	title or any workplace claim;
15	"(ii) has disclosed information to any
16	other person or entity, that the worker rea-
17	sonably believes evidences a violation of
18	this title or any rule or regulation per-
19	taining to this title, or grounds for any
20	workplace claim;
21	"(iii) has assisted or participated, or
22	has information that may assist, in any
23	manner in a proceeding or in any other ac-
24	tion to carry out the purposes of this title
25	or any workplace claim;

"(iv) has furnished information to the Department of Labor, the Department of Homeland Security, the Department of Justice, the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, the National Labor Relations Board, or any Federal, State, or local regulatory or law enforcement agency relating to a violation of this title or any workplace claim, or has such information to furnish to the relevant agency; or "(v) has objected to, or refused to

"(v) has objected to, or refused to participate in, any activity, policy, practice, or assigned task that the worker (or other such individual) reasonably believed to be in violation of any provision of this Act or any other Act, or any order, rule, regulation, standard, or ban under any Act.

"(B) Enforcement.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—A worker who believes that he or she has suffered a violation of subparagraph (A) may seek relief in accordance with the procedures, notifications, burdens of proof, remedies, and statutes of limitation set forth in section 1514A of title 18, United States Code.

1	"(ii) Appeals.—
2	"(I) Jurisdiction.—Any person
3	adversely affected or aggrieved by an
4	order issued under clause (i) may ob-
5	tain review of the order in the United
6	States Court of Appeals for—
7	"(aa) the circuit in which
8	the violation, with respect to
9	which the order was issued, alleg-
10	edly occurred; or
11	"(bb) the circuit in which
12	the complainant resided on the
13	date of such violation.
14	"(II) REVIEW OF PETITION.—A
15	petition for review under this subpara-
16	graph shall be filed not later than 60
17	days after the date on which the final
18	order was issued by the Secretary of
19	Labor.
20	"(III) APPLICABLE LAW.—A re-
21	view under this subparagraph shall
22	conform to the provisions set forth in
23	chapter 7 of title 5, United States
24	Code.

1	"(IV) STAY OF ORDER.—Unless
2	ordered by the court, the commence-
3	ment of proceedings under this sub-
4	paragraph shall not operate as a stay
5	of the order by the Secretary of
6	Labor.
7	"(C) Education.—Each person, entity,
8	and institution covered by this Act shall—
9	"(i) prominently communicate to all
10	sectors and ranks of its labor force the
11	rights and responsibilities under this Act;
12	and
13	"(ii) provide associated education and
14	training to all sectors and ranks of its
15	labor force through notifications, postings,
16	mailings, and training classes, supple-
17	mented with publicly accessible online ma-
18	terials on the requirements of, and devel-
19	opments that would affect the implementa-
20	tion of this Act.
21	"(D) NO LIMITATION ON RIGHTS.—Noth-
22	ing in this paragraph may be construed to di-
23	minish the rights, privileges, or remedies of any
24	worker under any Federal or State law, equity,
25	or under any collective bargaining agreement.

1	The rights and remedies set forth in this para-
2	graph may not be waived by any agreement,
3	policy, form, or condition of employment.
4	"(E) Definitions.—In this paragraph:
5	"(i) DISCLOSE.—The term 'disclose'
6	means to make a formal or informal com-
7	munication or transmission.
8	"(ii) H–2B WORKER.—The term 'H–
9	2B worker' means a nonimmigrant author-
10	ized or previously authorized to work in
11	the United States pursuant to section
12	101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(B).
13	"(iii) Material witness.—The term
14	'material witness' means an individual who
15	presents a declaration from an attorney in-
16	vestigating, prosecuting, or defending the
17	workplace claim or from the presiding offi-
18	cer overseeing the workplace claim attest-
19	ing that, to the best of the declarant's
20	knowledge and belief, reasonable cause ex-
21	ists to believe that the testimony of the in-
22	dividual will be relevant to the outcome of
23	the workplace claim.
24	"(iv) Person.—The term 'person'
25	means any individual, partnership, associa-

1 tion, joint stock company, trust, coopera-2 tive, or corporation. "(v) State.—The term 'State' means 3 any of the States of the United States, the District of Columbia, the United States 6 Virgin Islands, the Commonwealth of 7 Puerto Rico, and Guam. "(vi) WORKER.—The term 'worker' 8 9 means an individual who is, has been, or is seeking to be employed or otherwise per-10 11 form work for pay, regardless of immigra-12 tion status. 13 "(vii) WORKPLACE CLAIM.—The term 14 'workplace claim' means any written or 15 oral claim, charge, complaint, or grievance 16 filed with, communicated to, or submitted 17 to the employer, a Federal, State, or local 18 agency or court, or an employee represent-19 ative related to workplace injury or illness 20 or to the violation of applicable Federal, 21 State, and local labor laws or labor agree-22 ments, including laws concerning wages 23 and hours, labor relations, family and med-

ical leave, occupational health and safety,

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1	civil rights, nondiscrimination, or other
2	terms and conditions of employment.".
3	(b) Rulemaking.—Not later than 180 days after the
4	date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Labor
5	shall make rules to carry out the amendments made under
6	subsection (a).
7	SEC. 5. INVESTIGATION AUTHORITY OF THE SECRETARY
8	OF LABOR.
9	Section 503.7 of title 29, Code of Federal Regula-
10	tions (as in effect on the date of enactment of this Act),
11	shall have the full force and effect of law, except that any
12	authority delegated to the Administrator of the Wage and
13	Hour Division of the Department of Labor shall be
14	deemed to be delegated to the Secretary of Labor.
15	SEC. 6. LABOR ENFORCEMENT ACTIONS.
16	(a) Removal Proceedings.—Section 239(e) of the
17	Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1229(e)) is
18	amended—
19	(1) in paragraph (1)—
20	(A) by striking "In cases where" and in-
21	serting "If"; and
22	(B) by inserting "or as a result of informa-
23	tion provided to the Department of Homeland
24	Security in retaliation against individuals for
25	exercising or attempting to exercise their em-

1	ployment rights or other legal rights" after
2	"paragraph (2)"; and
3	(2) in paragraph (2), by adding at the end the
4	following:
5	"(C) At a facility about which a workplace
6	claim has been filed or is contemporaneously
7	filed.".
8	(b) Unlawful Employment of Aliens.—Section
9	274A(e) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
10	1324a(e)) is amended by adding at the end the following:
11	"(10) Conduct in enforcement actions.—
12	"(A) Enforcement action.—If the Sec-
13	retary of Homeland Security undertakes an en-
14	forcement action at a facility about which a
15	workplace claim has been filed or is contem-
16	poraneously filed, or as a result of information
17	provided to the Department of Homeland Secu-
18	rity in retaliation against workers for exercising
19	their rights related to a workplace claim, the
20	Secretary shall ensure that—
21	"(i) any aliens arrested or detained
22	who are necessary for the investigation or
23	prosecution of workplace claim violations
24	or criminal activity (as described in sub-
25	paragraph (T) or (U) of section

1	101(a)(15)) are not removed from the
2	United States until after the Secretary—
3	"(I) notifies the appropriate law
4	enforcement agency with jurisdiction
5	over such violations or criminal activ-
6	ity; and
7	"(II) provides such agency with
8	the opportunity to interview such
9	aliens; and
10	"(ii) no aliens entitled to a stay of re-
11	moval or abeyance of removal proceedings
12	under this section are removed.
13	"(B) Protections for victims of
14	CRIME, LABOR, AND EMPLOYMENT VIOLA-
15	TIONS.—
16	"(i) Stay of removal or abeyance
17	of removal proceedings.—An alien
18	against whom removal proceedings have
19	been initiated under chapter 4 of title II,
20	who has filed a workplace claim, who is a
21	material witness in any pending or antici-
22	pated proceeding involving a bona fide
23	workplace claim, or who has filed for relief
24	under section 101(a)(15)(U), shall be enti-
25	tled to a stay of removal or an abeyance of

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removal proceedings and to employment authorization until the resolution of the workplace claim or the denial of relief under section 101(a)(15)(U) after exhaustion of administrative appeals, whichever is later, unless the Secretary of Homeland Security establishes, by a preponderance of the evidence in proceedings before the immigration judge presiding over that alien's removal hearing, that the workplace claim was filed in bad faith with the intent to delay or avoid the alien's removal.

"(ii) Duration.—Any stay of removal or abeyance of removal proceedings and employment authorization issued pursuant to clause (i) shall remain valid until the resolution of the workplace claim or of relief the denial under section 101(a)(15)(U) after the exhaustion of administrative appeals, and shall be extended by the Secretary of Homeland Security for a period of not longer than 10 additional years upon determining that—

1	"(I) such relief would enable the
2	alien asserting a workplace claim to
3	pursue the claim to resolution;
4	"(II) the deterrent goals of any
5	statute underlying a workplace claim
6	would be served; or
7	"(III) such extension would oth-
8	erwise further the interests of justice.
9	"(iii) Definitions.—In this para-
10	graph:
11	"(I) Material witness.—Not-
12	withstanding any other provision of
13	law, the term 'material witness' means
14	an individual who presents a declara-
15	tion from an attorney investigating,
16	prosecuting, or defending the work-
17	place claim or from the presiding offi-
18	cer overseeing the workplace claim at-
19	testing that, to the best of the declar-
20	ant's knowledge and belief, reasonable
21	cause exists to believe that the testi-
22	mony of the individual will be relevant
23	to the outcome of the workplace claim.
24	"(II) WORKPLACE CLAIM.—The
25	term 'workplace claim' means any

1 written or oral claim, charge, com-2 plaint, or grievance filed with, commu-3 nicated to, or submitted to the em-4 ployer, a Federal, State, or local agency or court, or a worker representative 6 related workplace injury or illness or 7 to the violation of applicable Federal, 8 State, and local labor laws or labor 9 agreements, including laws concerning 10 wages and hours, labor relations, fam-11 ily and medical leave, occupational 12 health and safety, civil rights, or non-13 discrimination.".

14 SEC. 7. H-2B WORKER GRANTS.

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(a) TECHNICAL TRAINING GRANTS.—

- (1) In General.—Not later than 3 months after the date of enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall award funds to qualified nonprofit, nongovernmental organizations and labor organizations to assist H–2B workers with applications for adjustment of status.
- (2) APPLICATION.—To be eligible to receive a grant under this subsection, a labor organization or qualified nonprofit, nongovernmental organization

- shall submit to the Secretary of Homeland Security an application at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary may require.
 - (3) Use of funds.—Funds received pursuant to this subsection shall only be used to assist H-2B workers with applications for adjustment of status.

8 (b) Know Your Rights Grants.—

- (1) In General.—Not later than a year after the date of enactment of this Act, and each year thereafter, the Secretary of Labor shall award 3-year grants to qualified nonprofit, nongovernmental organizations and labor organizations to—
 - (A) train H–2B workers on their rights before such workers begin employment; and
 - (B) conduct surveys after such employment ends to document treatment and conditions of such workers.
- (2) APPLICATION.—To be eligible to receive a grant under this subsection, a labor organization or qualified nonprofit, nongovernmental organization shall submit to the Secretary of Labor an application at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary may require.

1	(3) Use of funds.—Funds received pursuant
2	to this subsection shall only be used to provide infor-
3	mation to H-2B workers with respect to the rights
4	of such workers.
5	SEC. 8. ADJUSTMENT OF STATUS FOR LONG-TERM H-2B
6	WORKERS.
7	(a) Requirements for Adjustment of Sta-
8	TUS.—The Secretary of Homeland Security shall adjust
9	the status of an alien from that of an alien admitted pur-
10	suant to section $101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(B)$ to that of a lawful
11	permanent resident if the alien submits a completed appli-
12	cation, including such processing fees as the Secretary of
13	Homeland Security may require, and the Secretary of
14	Homeland Security determines that—
15	(1) the applicant has completed not less than
16	18 months of employment as an H–2B worker with-
17	in a 10-year period;
18	(2) the applicant has not become ineligible for
19	H–2B worker status under section 218A of the Im-
20	migration and Nationality Act, as added by this Act;
21	and
22	(3) the applicant meets the requirements set
23	forth by the Secretary of Labor and the Secretary
24	of Homeland Security, except that the applicant may
25	not be required to acquire a permanent labor certifi-

- 1 cation from the Secretary of Labor under section
- 2 212(a)(5)(A) of the Immigration and Nationality
- 3 Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(5)(A)).
- 4 (b) Dependent Aliens.—The spouse and each
- 5 child of an alien described in paragraph (1) whose status
- 6 has been adjusted to that of a lawful permanent resident
- 7 may be granted lawful permanent residence and shall be
- 8 exempt from the numerical limitations.
- 9 (c) Numerical Limitation.—Not later than 6
- 10 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the world-
- 11 wide level of immigrants admitted under this section shall
- 12 not exceed 40,040 for each fiscal year, and may not equal
- 13 less than one-third of the H–2B visas issued each fiscal
- 14 year, unless an insufficient number of applications for ad-
- 15 justment to lawful permanent status have been filed under
- 16 this section.
- 17 (d) Effect of Pending Application.—During the
- 18 period beginning on the date on which an alien applies
- 19 for adjustment of status under this subtitle, and ending
- 20 on the date on which the Secretary of Homeland Security
- 21 makes a final administrative decision regarding such ap-
- 22 plication, the alien and any dependents included on the
- 23 application—
- 24 (1) may apply for advance parole, which shall
- 25 be granted upon demonstrating a legitimate need to

1 travel outside the United States for a temporary 2 purpose; 3 (2) may not be detained by the Secretary of 4 Homeland Security or removed from the United 5 States unless the USCIS makes a prima facie deter-6 mination that such alien is, or has become, ineligible 7 for adjustment of status under subsection (a): 8 (3) may not be considered unlawfully present 9 under section 212(a)(9)(B) of the Immigration and 10 Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(9)(B)); and 11 (4) may not be considered an unauthorized 12 alien (as defined in section 274A(h)(3) of the Immi-13 U.S.C. gration and **Nationality** (8 Act 14 1324a(h)(3)). 15 (e) Retroactive Eligibility and Numerical Ex-EMPTION.—Any nonimmigrant who has accrued 36 16 months of H-2B employment over the 10 years prior to 17 the date of enactment of this Act shall be eligible to sub-18 mit within 2 years after such date an application for ad-19 justment of status to that of a lawful permanent resident, 21 and such adjustment shall be exempt from all employment 22 based numerical and per-country limits. 23 (f) Conforming Amendments.— 24 (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(b) 25 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.

1 1101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(b)) is amended by striking
2 "which he has no intention of abandoning".
3 (2) No evidence.—Section 214(h) of the Im4 migration and Nationality Act (22 U.S.C. 1254(h))
5 is amended by inserting "or (H)(ii)(b)" after
6 "(H)(i)(b)".

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