116TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H.R.396

To provide for the equitable settlement of certain Indian land disputes regarding land in Illinois, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JANUARY 9, 2019

Mr. MULLIN introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Natural Resources

A BILL

To provide for the equitable settlement of certain Indian land disputes regarding land in Illinois, and for other purposes.

1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-

2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SETTLEMENT OF CLAIMS.

- 4 (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds the following:
- 5 (1) The Miami Tribe of Oklahoma has challenged title of certain lands within the State of Illinois based upon treaties negotiated with the United
 8 States.
- 9 (2) The Miami Tribe of Oklahoma claims to be
 10 the rightful owner of approximately 2,648,420 acres

of land reserved and guaranteed to it by the Federal
 Government in the Treaty of August 1, 1805 (7
 Stat. 91), known as the Treaty of Grouseland.

4 (3) The land reserved and guaranteed to the
5 Miami Tribe of Oklahoma by the Treaty of
6 Grouseland is located in the State of Illinois and
7 persons and entities other than the Miami Tribe of
8 Oklahoma currently hold title to that land.

9 (4) Congress desires to remove any cloud on 10 title resulting from the Miami Tribe of Oklahoma's 11 claim to the land under the Treaty of Grouseland 12 and to afford the Miami Tribe of Oklahoma the op-13 portunity to resolve its claims arising from the Trea-14 ty of Grouseland.

15 (b) JURISDICTION CONFERRED ON THE UNITED STATES COURT OF FEDERAL CLAIMS.—Notwithstanding 16 17 any other provision of law, exclusive jurisdiction is hereby 18 conferred upon the United States Court of Federal Claims 19 to hear, determine, and render judgment on the Miami 20 Tribe of Oklahoma's land claim under the Treaty of Au-21 gust 1, 1805 (7 Stat. 91), without regard to legal or equi-22 table defenses based on the passage of time, including the 23 statute of limitations identified in section 2501 of title 28, 24 United States Code, and any delay-based defense, includ-25 ing laches, estoppel or acquiescence, no matter how characterized. The United States shall be the only entity or
 individual liable regarding such a claim and monetary
 damages shall be the only available remedy. The jurisdic tion hereby conferred on the United States Court of Fed eral Claims shall expire unless a claim is filed by the
 Miami Tribe of Oklahoma within 1 year after the date
 of the enactment of this Act.

(c) EXTINGUISHMENT OF TITLE AND CLAIMS.—Ex-8 9 cept for the claim of the Miami Tribe of Oklahoma against 10 the United States as a defendant in an action before the United States Court of Federal Claims as provided in sub-11 12 section (b), all other claims of the Miami Tribe of Okla-13 homa, or any member, descendant, or predecessor in interest to the Miami Tribe to title are extinguished, including 14 15 claims arising under the Treaty of Grouseland, the Northwest Ordinance, the 5th amendment to the Constitution, 16 the laws commonly known as the "Trade and Intercourse 17 Act of 1790", and any other Federal law, treaty, or agree-18 19 ment.