

116TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

# H. R. 1694

To protect the voting rights of Native American and Alaska Native voters.

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## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MARCH 12, 2019

Mr. LUJÁN (for himself, Ms. HAALAND, Ms. DAVIDS of Kansas, Mr. GALLEGOS, Ms. MCCOLLUM, Mr. COLE, Mr. CLYBURN, Mr. NADLER, Mr. O'HALLERAN, Mr. HUFFMAN, Ms. MOORE, Ms. NORTON, Mrs. TORRES of California, Mr. SOTO, Mr. BLUMENAUER, Mr. RUIZ, Mr. COHEN, Mr. KHANNA, Mr. AGUILAR, Ms. SEWELL of Alabama, Ms. BASS, Mr. POCAN, Mr. CARBAJAL, Mr. KILMER, Mr. CÁRDENAS, Mr. ESPAILLAT, Ms. KUSTER of New Hampshire, Mrs. KIRKPATRICK, Ms. ROYBAL-ALLARD, Ms. OMAR, Mr. TED LIEU of California, Mr. RASKIN, Mr. SIRES, Mr. DEFAZIO, Mr. SMITH of Washington, Mr. CASE, Mr. PETERS, Ms. JACKSON LEE, Ms. TORRES SMALL of New Mexico, Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, Mr. PALLONE, Ms. CLARK of Massachusetts, Mr. CICILLINE, Mr. CARTWRIGHT, Ms. TITUS, Ms. MENG, Mrs. BUSTOS, Ms. KELLY of Illinois, Mr. ALLRED, Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ, Mr. HECK, Mrs. DINGELL, Mr. ROUDA, Ms. WILD, Mr. STANTON, Mr. TONKO, Mr. BUTTERFIELD, Mr. LARSEN of Washington, Mr. CASTEN of Illinois, Mr. MEEKS, Mr. HASTINGS, Mr. DANNY K. DAVIS of Illinois, Mr. EVANS, Mrs. LAWRENCE, Ms. LEE of California, Mr. CRIST, Ms. GABBARD, Mr. COURTNEY, Ms. SÁNCHEZ, Ms. LOFGREN, Mr. HIMES, Ms. CLARKE of New York, Mr. JEFFRIES, Mr. SAN NICOLAS, Ms. HILL of California, and Mr. NEAL) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on House Administration, and in addition to the Committee on the Judiciary, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

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## A BILL

To protect the voting rights of Native American and Alaska Native voters.

1       *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4       This Act may be cited as the “Native American Vot-  
5 ing Rights Act of 2019”.

6 **SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.**

7       (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:

8              (1) The Constitution explicitly and implicitly  
9 grants Congress broad general powers to legislate on  
10 issues relating to Indian Tribes, powers consistently  
11 described as plenary and exclusive. These powers  
12 arise from the grant of authority in the Indian Com-  
13 merce Clause and through legislative matters arising  
14 under the Treaty Clause.

15             (2) The Federal Government is responsible for  
16 upholding the obligations that the Federal Govern-  
17 ment has agreed to through treaties, legislation, and  
18 executive orders, referred to as the Federal trust re-  
19 sponsibility toward Indian Tribes and their mem-  
20 bers.

21             (3) The Supreme Court has repeatedly relied on  
22 the nature of this “government to government” rela-  
23 tionship between the United States and sovereign  
24 Indian Tribes for congressional authority to enact  
25 “legislation that singles out Indians for particular

1 and special treatment.” Morton v. Mancari, 417  
2 U.S. 535, 554–555 (1974).

3 (4) Legislation removing barriers to Native  
4 American voting is vital for the fulfillment of Con-  
5 gress’ “unique obligation” toward Indians, particu-  
6 larly ensuring that Native American voters are fully  
7 included as “qualified members of the modern body  
8 politic.” Board of County Comm’rs v. Seber, 318  
9 U.S. 705, 715 (1943).

10 (5) Under the Elections Clause of article I, sec-  
11 tion 4 of the Constitution, Congress has additional  
12 power to regulate any election conducted at least in  
13 part to select Members of Congress. Taken together,  
14 the Indian Commerce Clause and the Election  
15 Clause give Congress broad authority to enact legis-  
16 lation to safeguard the voting rights of Native Amer-  
17 ican voters.

18 (6) Despite Congress’ decision to grant Native  
19 Americans Federal citizenship, and with it the pro-  
20 tections of the Fifteenth Amendment, with passage  
21 of the Act of June 2, 1924 (Public Law 68–233; 43  
22 Stat. 253) (commonly known as the “Indian Citizen-  
23 ship Act of 1924”), States continued to deploy dis-  
24 tinct methods for disenfranchising Indians by enacting  
25 statutes to exclude from voter rolls Indians liv-

1       ing on reservations, requiring that Indians first ter-  
2       minate their relationship with their Indian Tribe, re-  
3       stricting the right to vote on account of a Tribal  
4       member’s “guardianship” status, and imposing lit-  
5       eracy tests.

6                 (7) Barriers to voter access for Native Ameri-  
7       cans persist today, and such barriers range from ob-  
8       structing voter access, to vote dilution and inten-  
9       tional malapportionment of electoral districts.

10                (8) The Native American Voting Rights Coalit-  
11       ion’s recent 9 field hearings in Indian Country and  
12       4-State survey of voter discrimination revealed a  
13       number of additional obstacles that Native Ameri-  
14       cans must overcome in some States, including—

15                         (A) a lack of accessible registration and  
16       polling sites, either due to conditions such as  
17       geography, lack of paved roads, the absence of  
18       reliable and affordable broadband connectivity,  
19       and restrictions on the time and place that peo-  
20       ple can register and vote, and the manner in  
21       which people can register and vote, including  
22       unequal opportunities for absentee, early, mail-  
23       in, and in-person voting;

24                         (B) nontraditional addresses for residents  
25       on Indian reservations, which make voter reg-

1                   istration, acquisition of mail-in ballots, and se-  
2                   curing required identification difficult, if not  
3                   impossible;

4                   (C) inadequate language assistance for  
5                   Tribal members, including lack of outreach and  
6                   publicity, the failure to provide complete, accu-  
7                   rate, and uniform translations of all voting ma-  
8                   terials in the relevant Native language, and an  
9                   insufficient number of trained bilingual poll  
10                  workers; and

11                  (D) voter identification laws that discrimi-  
12                  nate against Native Americans.

13                  (9) The Department of Justice and courts have  
14                  also recognized that some jurisdictions have been  
15                  unresponsive to reasonable requests from federally  
16                  recognized Indian Tribes for more accessible voter  
17                  registration sites and in-person voting locations.

18                  (10) According to the National Congress of  
19                  American Indians, there is a wide gap between the  
20                  voter registration and turnout rates of eligible Amer-  
21                  ican Indians and Alaska Natives, and the voter reg-  
22                  istration and turnout rates of non-Hispanic White  
23                  and other racial and ethnic groups.

1                         (11) Despite these obstacles, the Native Amer-  
2                         ican vote continues to play a significant role in na-  
3                         tional, State, and local elections.

4                         (12) In Alaska, New Mexico, Oklahoma, and  
5                         South Dakota, Native Americans comprise approxi-  
6                         mately 10 percent or more of the voting population.

7                         (13) The Native American vote also holds great  
8                         potential, with over 1,000,000 voters who are eligible  
9                         to vote, but are not registered to vote.

10                         (b) PURPOSES.—The purposes of this Act are—

11                         (1) to fulfill the Federal Government's trust re-  
12                         sponsibility to protect and promote Native Ameri-  
13                         cans' exercise of their constitutionally guaranteed  
14                         right to vote, including the right to register to vote  
15                         and the ability to access all mechanisms for voting;

16                         (2) to establish preclearance procedures for a  
17                         specific subset of State actions that have been used  
18                         to restrict access to the polls on Indian lands;

19                         (3) to expand voter registration under the Na-  
20                         tional Voter Registration Act of 1993 (52 U.S.C.  
21                         20506 et seq.) to cover all Federal facilities, at the  
22                         request of the Indian Tribe;

23                         (4) to afford equal treatment to forms of identi-  
24                         fication unique to Indian Tribes and their members;

1                         (5) to clarify the obligations of States and polit-  
2         ical subdivisions regarding the provision of trans-  
3         lated voting materials for American Indians and  
4         Alaska Natives under section 203 of the Voting  
5         Rights Act of 1965 (52 U.S.C. 10503);

6                         (6) to provide Tribal leaders with a direct path-  
7         way to request Federal election observers, and to  
8         allow public access to the reports of those election  
9         observers; and

10                        (7) to direct the Department of Justice to con-  
11         sult on an annual basis with Indian Tribes on issues  
12         related to voting.

13 **SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.**

14         In this Act:

15                        (1) INDIAN.—The term “Indian” has the mean-  
16         ing given the term in section 4 of the Indian Self-  
17         Determination and Education Assistance Act (25  
18         U.S.C. 5304).

19                        (2) INDIAN LANDS.—The term “Indian lands”  
20         includes—

21                        (A) any Indian country of an Indian Tribe,  
22         as defined under section 1151 of title 18,  
23         United States Code;

24                        (B) any land in Alaska owned, pursuant to  
25         the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43

1           U.S.C. 1601 et seq.), by an Indian Tribe that  
2           is a Native village (as defined in section 3 of  
3           that Act (43 U.S.C. 1602)) or by a Village Cor-  
4           poration that is associated with an Indian Tribe  
5           (as defined in section 3 of that Act (43 U.S.C.  
6           1602));

7                 (C) any land on which the seat of the Trib-  
8                 al Government is located; and

9                 (D) any land that is part or all of a Tribal  
10                 designated statistical area associated with an  
11                 Indian Tribe, or is part or all of an Alaska Na-  
12                 tive village statistical area associated with an  
13                 Indian Tribe, as defined by the Census Bureau  
14                 for the purposes of the most recent decennial  
15                 census.

16                 (3) INDIAN TRIBE.—The term “Indian Tribe”  
17                 has the meaning given the term “Indian tribe” in  
18                 section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Edu-  
19                 cation Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5304).

20                 (4) TRIBAL GOVERNMENT.—The term “Tribal  
21                 Government” means the recognized governing body  
22                 of an Indian Tribe.

1   **SEC. 4. ESTABLISHMENT OF A NATIVE AMERICAN VOTING**

2                   **TASK FORCE GRANT PROGRAM.**

3         (a) IN GENERAL.—The Office for Civil Rights at the  
4   Office of Justice Programs of the Department of Justice  
5   (referred to in this section as the “Office”) shall establish  
6   and administer, in coordination with the Department of  
7   the Interior, a Native American voting task force grant  
8   program, through which the Office shall provide financial  
9   assistance to eligible applicants to enable those eligible ap-  
10 plicants to establish and operate a Native American Vot-  
11 ing Task Force in each State with a federally recognized  
12 Indian Tribe.

13         (b) PURPOSE.—The purpose of the Native American  
14 voting task force grant program is to—

15                 (1) increase voter outreach, education, regis-  
16 tration, and turnout in Native American communities;  
17                 (2) increase access to the ballot for Native  
18 American communities, including additional satellite,  
19 early voting, and absentee voting locations;

20                 (3) streamline and reduce inconsistencies in the  
21 voting process for Native Americans;

22                 (4) provide, in the community’s dominant lan-  
23 guage, educational materials and classes on Indian  
24 lands about candidacy filing;

25                 (5) train and educate State and local employ-  
26 ees, including poll workers, about—

(B) voter identification laws under section 8 of this Act:

7 (6) identify model programs and best practices  
8 for providing language assistance to Native Amer-  
9 ican communities;

12 (8) participate in and evaluate future redis-  
13 tricting efforts;

17 (10) facilitate collaboration between local elec-  
18 tion officials, Native American communities, and  
19 Tribal elections offices.

20 (c) ELIGIBLE APPLICANT.—The term “eligible appli-  
21 cant” means—

22 (1) an Indian Tribe;

23                   (2) a Secretary of State of a State, or another  
24                   official of a State entity responsible for overseeing  
25                   elections;

1                             (3) a nonprofit organization that works, in  
2 whole or in part, on voting issues; or

3                             (4) a consortium of one or more of the entities  
4 described in paragraphs (1) through (3).

5                             (d) APPLICATION AND SELECTION PROCESS.—

6                             (1) IN GENERAL.—The Office, in coordination  
7 with the Department of the Interior and following  
8 consultation with Indian Tribes about the implemen-  
9 tation of the Native American voting task force  
10 grant program, shall establish guidelines for the  
11 process by which eligible applicants will submit ap-  
12 plications.

13                             (2) APPLICATIONS.—Each eligible applicant de-  
14 siring a grant under this section shall submit an ap-  
15 plication, according to the process established under  
16 paragraph (1), and at such time, in such manner,  
17 and containing such information as the Attorney  
18 General may require. Such application shall in-  
19 clude—

20                                 (A) a certification that the applicant is an  
21 eligible applicant;

22                                 (B) a proposed work plan addressing how  
23 the eligible applicant will establish and admin-  
24 ister a Native American Voting Task Force

1           that achieves the purposes described in sub-  
2           section (b);

3           (C) if the eligible applicant is a consortium  
4           as described in subsection (c)(4), a description  
5           of the proposed division of responsibilities be-  
6           tween the participating entities; and

7           (D) an explanation of the time period that  
8           the proposed Native American Voting Task  
9           Force will cover, which shall be a time period  
10          that is not more than 3 years.

11          (e) USES OF FUNDS.—A grantee receiving funds  
12 under this section shall use such funds to carry out one  
13 or more of the activities described in subsection (b),  
14 through the grantee's Native American Voting Task  
15 Force.

16          (f) RELATIONSHIP WITH OTHER LAWS.—Nothing in  
17 this section reduces State or local obligations provided for  
18 by the Voting Rights Act of 1965 (52 U.S.C. 10301 et  
19 seq.), the National Voter Registration Act of 1993 (52  
20 U.S.C. 20501 et seq.), the Help America Vote Act of 2002  
21 (52 U.S.C. 20901 et seq.), or any other Federal law or  
22 regulation related to voting or the electoral process.

23          (g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There  
24 are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section  
25 \$10,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2020 through 2035.

1   **SEC. 5. TRIBAL DESIGNATED VOTER REGISTRATION SITES.**

2       Section 7(a) of the National Voter Registration Act  
3   of 1993 (52 U.S.C. 20506(a)) is amended—

4           (1) in paragraph (2)—

5              (A) in subparagraph (A), by striking  
6              “and” after the semicolon;

7              (B) in subparagraph (B), by striking the  
8              period at the end and inserting a semicolon;  
9              and

10             (C) by adding at the end the following:

11               “(C) at the request of an Indian Tribe,  
12               any Federal facility or federally funded facility  
13               that is primarily engaged in providing services  
14               to Indian Tribes and that provides such services  
15               to the requesting Indian Tribe; and

16               “(D) at the request of an Indian Tribe, not  
17               less than one Federal facility or federally fund-  
18               ed facility that is located on the Indian lands of  
19               the requesting Indian Tribe (which may be the  
20               Federal facility or federally funded facility de-  
21               scribed in subparagraph (C)).”; and

22             (2) by adding at the end the following:

23               “(8) Where practicable, each Federal agency  
24               that operates a Federal facility or a federally funded  
25               facility that is subject to the provisions of paragraph  
26               (2)(C) or (D), shall designate one or more special

1       days at a centralized location within the boundaries  
2       of the Indian lands of each applicable Indian Tribe  
3       for the purpose of informing members of the Indian  
4       Tribe of the timing, registration requirements, and  
5       voting procedures in elections for Federal office, at  
6       no cost to the Indian Tribe.”.

7       **SEC. 6. ACCESSIBLE TRIBAL DESIGNATED POLLING SITES.**

8       (a) IN GENERAL.—

9               (1) DESIGNATION OF STATE OFFICER.—Each  
10          of the several States whose territory contains all or  
11          part of an Indian Tribe’s Indian lands shall des-  
12          ignate for each Indian Tribe an officer within that  
13          State who will be responsible for compliance with the  
14          provisions of this section. The State shall provide  
15          written notice to each such Indian Tribe of the offi-  
16          cer so designated.

17               (2) PROVISION OF POLLING PLACES.—For each  
18          Indian Tribe that satisfies the obligations of sub-  
19          section (c), and for each election for a Federal offi-  
20          cial that is held 180 days or later after the date on  
21          which the Indian Tribe initially satisfies such obliga-  
22          tions, any State or political subdivision whose terri-  
23          tory contains all or part of an Indian Tribe’s Indian  
24          lands—

1                   (A) shall provide a minimum of one polling  
2                   place for each precinct in which there are eligi-  
3                   ble voters who reside on Indian lands, in a loca-  
4                   tion selected by the Indian Tribe and at no cost  
5                   to the Indian Tribe;

6                   (B) shall provide, at no cost to the Indian  
7                   Tribe, additional polling places in locations se-  
8                   lected by an Indian Tribe if, based on the total-  
9                   ity of circumstances described in subsection (b),  
10                  it is shown that not providing those additional  
11                  polling places would result in members of the  
12                  Indian Tribe and individuals residing on the In-  
13                  dian Tribe's Indian lands having less oppor-  
14                  tunity to vote than eligible voters in that State  
15                  or political subdivision who are not members of  
16                  an Indian Tribe and do not reside on Indian  
17                  lands;

18                  (C) shall, at each polling place located on  
19                  Indian lands and at no cost to the Indian Tribe,  
20                  make voting machines, tabulation machines,  
21                  ballots, provisional ballots, and other voting ma-  
22                  terials available to the same extent that such  
23                  equipment and materials are made available at  
24                  other polling places in the State or political

1 subdivision that are not located on Indian  
2 lands;

3 (D) shall, at each polling place located on  
4 Indian lands, conduct the election using the  
5 same voting procedures that are used at other  
6 polling places in the State or political subdivi-  
7 sion that are not located on Indian lands;

8 (E) shall, at each polling place located on  
9 Indian lands, provide training, compensation,  
10 and other benefits to election officials and poll  
11 workers at no cost to the Indian Tribe and to  
12 the same extent that such training, compensa-  
13 tion, and benefits are provided to election offi-  
14 cials and poll workers at other polling places in  
15 the State or political subdivision that are not lo-  
16 cated on Indian lands;

17 (F) shall cooperate in good faith with the  
18 efforts of the Indian Tribe to satisfy the re-  
19 quirements of subsection (c); and

20 (G) may fulfill the State's obligations  
21 under subparagraphs (A) and (B) by relocating  
22 existing polling places, by creating new polling  
23 places, or both.

24 (b) EQUITABLE OPPORTUNITIES TO VOTE.—When  
25 assessing the opportunities to vote provided to members

1 of an Indian Tribe and to other eligible voters in the State  
2 residing on Indian lands in order to determine the number  
3 of additional polling places (if any) that a State or political  
4 subdivision must provide in accordance with subsection  
5 (a)(2)(B), the State, political subdivision, and any court  
6 applying this section, shall consider the totality of cir-  
7 cumstances of—

8                 (1) the number of voting-age citizens assigned  
9                 to each polling place;

10                 (2) the distances that voters must travel to  
11                 reach the polling places;

12                 (3) the time that voters must spend traveling to  
13                 reach the polling places, including under inclement  
14                 weather conditions;

15                 (4) the modes of transportation, if any, that are  
16                 available to voters to use to reach the polling places;

17                 (5) the existence of and access to public trans-  
18                 portation to the polling places; and

19                 (6) any other factor relevant to effectuating the  
20                 purposes of this Act.

21                 (c) OBLIGATIONS OF THE INDIAN TRIBE.—

22                 (1) IN GENERAL.—The State and political sub-  
23                 division obligations under subsection (a)(2) shall  
24                 apply with respect to an Indian Tribe only if that  
25                 Indian Tribe files a standing request with the officer

1       designated under subsection (a)(1) for a polling  
2       place or polling places for future elections, pursuant  
3       to subsection (a)(2)(A), or subsection (a)(2)(B) (if  
4       applicable), which—

5                 (A) specifies the number and locations of  
6       such polling places that the Indian Tribe is re-  
7       questing;

8                 (B) certifies that the Indian Tribe has ar-  
9       ranged access to the facilities in which such  
10      polling places will be located, and that such ac-  
11      cess is in accordance with Federal and State  
12      law;

13                 (C) certifies that the Indian Tribe will en-  
14       sure that each such polling place will be open  
15       and available to all eligible voters who reside in  
16       the precinct or other geographic area assigned  
17       to such polling place, regardless of whether  
18       such eligible voters are members of the Indian  
19       Tribe or of any other Indian Tribe; and

20                 (D) requests that the State shall designate  
21       election officials and poll workers to staff such  
22       polling places, or certifies that the Indian Tribe  
23       will designate election officials and poll workers  
24       to staff such polling places on every day that  
25       the polling places will be open.

1                         (2) OPT OUT.—At any time that is 60 days or  
2 more before the date of an election, an Indian Tribe  
3 that previously has satisfied the obligations of para-  
4 graph (1) may notify the State that the Indian Tribe  
5 intends to opt out of the standing request for one  
6 or more polling places that were requested in accord-  
7 ance with subsection (a)(2)(A) or subsection  
8 (a)(2)(B) for a particular election or for all future  
9 elections.

10                         (d) FEDERAL POLLING SITES.—At an Indian Tribe's  
11 request, each State shall designate as voter polling facili-  
12 ties any of the facilities identified in accordance with sec-  
13 tion 7(a)(2)(C) or (D) of the National Voter Registration  
14 Act of 1993 (52 U.S.C. 20506(a)(2)), at no cost to the  
15 Indian Tribe, provided that the facility meets the require-  
16 ments of Federal and State law as applied to other polling  
17 places within the State or political subdivision. The appli-  
18 cable agency of the Federal Government shall ensure that  
19 such designated facilities are made available as polling  
20 places.

21                         (e) MAIL-IN BALLOTTING.—In States or political sub-  
22 divisions that permit absentee or mail-in balloting, the fol-  
23 lowing shall apply with respect to an election for Federal  
24 office:

1                   (1) All postage shall be prepaid by the Federal  
2                   Government and each ballot postmarked the day the  
3                   ballot is received at a postal facility located on In-  
4                   dian lands.

5                   (2) An Indian Tribe may designate a Tribal  
6                   Government building as a ballot pickup and collec-  
7                   tion location at no cost to the Indian Tribe. The ap-  
8                   plicable State or political subdivision shall collect  
9                   ballots from that location.

10                  (3) The State or political subdivision shall pro-  
11                  vide mail-in and absentee ballots to each registered  
12                  voter residing on Indian lands in the State or polit-  
13                  ical subdivision without requiring a residential ad-  
14                  dress, a mail-in or absentee ballot request, or an ex-  
15                  cuse for a mail-in or absentee ballot.

16                  (4) The address of a designated Tribal Govern-  
17                  ment building that is a ballot pickup and collection  
18                  location under paragraph (2) may serve as the ad-  
19                  dress and mailing address for voters living on Indian  
20                  lands if the designated Tribal Government building  
21                  is in the same precinct as that voter. If such des-  
22                  ignated Tribal Government building is not in the  
23                  same precinct as the voter, the voter may use the  
24                  designated Tribal Government building as a mailing  
25                  address and may separately designate the voter's ap-

1           appropriate precinct through a description of the voter-  
2           er's address, as specified in section 9428.4(a)(2) of  
3           title 11, Code of Federal Regulations.

4           (5) In the case of a State or political subdivision  
5           that is a covered State or political subdivision  
6           under section 203 of the Voting Rights Act of 1965  
7           (52 U.S.C. 10503), that State or political subdivision  
8           shall provide absentee or mail-in voting materials  
9           in the language of the applicable minority group as well as in the English language, bilingual  
10           election voting assistance, and written translations  
11           of all voting materials in the language of the applicable minority group, as required by section 203 of  
12           the Voting Rights Act of 1965 (52 U.S.C. 10503),  
13           as amended by this Act.

16           (f) EARLY VOTING.—In a State or political subdivision  
17           that provides for early voting, that State or political  
18           subdivision shall provide not less than one early voting location  
19           on Indian lands, upon the request of the applicable  
20           Indian Tribe and at a site selected by the applicable Indian Tribe.

22           (g) ENFORCEMENT.—

23           (1) ATTORNEY GENERAL.—The Attorney General  
24           may bring a civil action in an appropriate dis-

1           strict court for such declaratory or injunctive relief as  
2           is necessary to carry out this section.

3           (2) PRIVATE RIGHT OF ACTION.—

4               (A) A person or Tribal Government who is  
5           aggrieved by a violation of this section may pro-  
6           vide written notice of the violation to the chief  
7           election official of the State involved.

8               (B) An aggrieved person or Tribal Govern-  
9           ment may bring a civil action in an appropriate  
10           district court for declaratory or injunctive relief  
11           with respect to a violation of this section, if—

12                   (i) that person or Tribal Government  
13           provides the notice described in subpara-  
14           graph (A); and

15                   (ii)(I) in the case of a violation that  
16           occurs more than 120 days before the date  
17           of an election for Federal office, the viola-  
18           tion remains and 90 days or more have  
19           passed since the date on which the chief  
20           election official of the State receives the  
21           notice under subparagraph (A); or

22                   (II) in the case of a violation that oc-  
23           curs 120 days or less before the date of an  
24           election for Federal office, the violation re-  
25           mains and 20 days or more have passed

1           since the date on which the chief election  
2           official of the State receives the notice  
3           under subparagraph (A).

4           (C) In the case of a violation of this sec-  
5           tion that occurs 30 days or less before the date  
6           of an election for Federal office, an aggrieved  
7           person or Tribal Government may bring a civil  
8           action in an appropriate district court for de-  
9           claratory or injunctive relief with respect to the  
10          violation without providing notice to the chief  
11          election official of the State under subpara-  
12          graph (A).

13          (3) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this  
14          section shall be construed to prevent a State or po-  
15          litical subdivision from providing additional polling  
16          places on Indian lands if no request was made by an  
17          Indian Tribe under this section.

18 **SEC. 7. TRIBAL PRECLEARANCE.**

19          (a) ACTIONS REQUIRING PRECLEARANCE.—No State  
20          or political subdivision may carry out any of the following  
21          activities unless the requirements of subsection (b) have  
22          been met:

23           (1) Eliminating the only polling place or voter  
24           registration site on the Indian lands of an Indian  
25           Tribe.

1                   (2) Moving or consolidating a polling place or  
2 voter registration site on the Indian lands of an In-  
3 dian Tribe to a location 1 mile or further from the  
4 existing location of the polling place or voter reg-  
5 istration site.

6                   (3) Moving or consolidating a polling place on  
7 the Indian lands of an Indian Tribe to a location  
8 across a river, lake, mountain, or other natural  
9 boundary such that it makes travel difficult for a  
10 voter, regardless of distance.

11                  (4) Eliminating in-person voting on the Indian  
12 lands of an Indian Tribe by designating an Indian  
13 reservation as a permanent absentee voting location,  
14 unless—

15                  (A) the entire State is or becomes a per-  
16 manent absentee voting State; or

17                  (B) the Indian Tribe requests such a des-  
18 ignation.

19                  (5) Removing an early voting location or other-  
20 wise diminishing early voting opportunities on In-  
21 dian lands.

22                  (6) Decreasing the number of days or hours  
23 that an in-person or early voting location is open on  
24 the Indian lands of an Indian Tribe or changing the

1       dates of in-person or early voting on the Indian  
2       lands of an Indian Tribe.

3       (b) PRECLEARANCE.—

4               (1) IN GENERAL.—The requirements of this  
5       subsection have been met if—

6                       (A) the impacted Tribal Government sub-  
7       mits to the Attorney General the Tribal Govern-  
8       ment's written consent to the proposed activity  
9       described in subsection (a);

10                      (B) the State or political subdivision insti-  
11       tutes an action in the United States District  
12       Court for the District of Columbia for a declar-  
13       atory judgment, and a declaratory judgment is  
14       issued, establishing that the specified activity  
15       described in subsection (a) that the State or po-  
16       litical subdivision desires to carry out neither  
17       has the purpose nor will have the effect of deny-  
18       ing or abridging the right to vote on account of  
19       race or color, or membership in a language mi-  
20       nority group; or

21                      (C) the chief legal officer or other appro-  
22       priate official of such State or political subdivi-  
23       sion submits a request to carry out the specified  
24       activity described in subsection (a) to the Attor-  
25       ney General and the Attorney General has not

1           interposed an objection within 60 days after  
2           such submission, or upon good cause shown, to  
3           facilitate an expedited approval within 60 days  
4           after such submission, the Attorney General has  
5           affirmatively indicated that such objection will  
6           not be made.

7           (2) NO LIMITATION ON FUTURE ACTIONS.—  
8           Neither an affirmative indication by the Attorney  
9           General that no objection will be made, nor the At-  
10          torney General's failure to object, nor a declaratory  
11          judgment entered under this section, nor a written  
12          consent issued under paragraph (1)(A) shall bar a  
13          subsequent action to enjoin enforcement of an activ-  
14          ity described in subsection (a). In the event the At-  
15          torney General affirmatively indicates that no objec-  
16          tion will be made within the 60-day period following  
17          receipt of a submission, the Attorney General may  
18          reserve the right to reexamine the submission if ad-  
19          ditional information comes to the Attorney General's  
20          attention during the remainder of the 60-day period  
21          which would otherwise require objection in accord-  
22          ance with this section. Any action under this section  
23          shall be heard and determined by a court of 3 judges  
24          in accordance with the provisions of section 2284 of

1       title 28 of the United States Code and any appeal  
2       shall lie to the Supreme Court.

3 **SEC. 8. TRIBAL VOTER IDENTIFICATION.**

4       (a) TRIBAL GOVERNMENT IDENTIFICATION.—If a  
5 State or political subdivision requires an individual to  
6 present identification for the purposes of voting or reg-  
7 istering to vote in an election for Federal office, an identi-  
8 fication card issued by a federally recognized Tribal Gov-  
9 ernment, the Bureau of Indian Affairs, the Indian Health  
10 Service, or any other Tribal or Federal agency issuing  
11 identification cards to Indian voters shall be treated as  
12 a valid form of identification for such purposes.

13       (b) VALIDITY OF TRIBAL IDENTIFICATION CARD.—  
14 An individual shall not be required to show that a Tribal  
15 identification card includes a residential address or an ex-  
16 piration date in order for such Tribal identification card  
17 to be considered valid for purposes of voting or registering  
18 to vote. The voter may instead separately designate the  
19 voter's appropriate voting precinct through a description  
20 of the voter's address that conforms with the regulations  
21 for national mail voter registration forms, as established  
22 under section 9428.4(a)(2) of title 11, Code of Federal  
23 Regulations.

24       (c) ONLINE REGISTRATION.—If a State or political  
25 subdivision requires an identification card for an indi-

1 vidual to register to vote online or to vote online, that  
2 State or political subdivision shall consider an identifica-  
3 tion card as described in subsection (a) to be a valid form  
4 of identification for the purpose of registering to vote on-  
5 line or voting online.

6 **SEC. 9. BILINGUAL ELECTION REQUIREMENTS.**

7 Section 203 of the Voting Rights Act of 1965 (52  
8 U.S.C. 10503) is amended—

9 (1) in subsection (b)(3)(C), by striking “1990”  
10 and inserting “2010”; and  
11 (2) by striking subsection (c) and inserting the  
12 following:

13 “(c) PROVISION OF VOTING MATERIALS IN THE LAN-  
14 GUAGE OF A MINORITY GROUP.—

15 “(1) IN GENERAL.—Whenever any State or po-  
16 litical subdivision subject to the prohibition of sub-  
17 section (b) of this section provides any registration  
18 or voting notices, forms, instructions, assistance, or  
19 other materials or information relating to the elec-  
20 toral process, including ballots, it shall provide them  
21 in the language of the applicable minority group as  
22 well as in the English language.

23 “(2) EXCEPTIONS.—

24 “(A) IN GENERAL.—

1                     “(i) In the case of a minority group  
2                     that is not American Indian or Alaska Na-  
3                     tive and the language of that minority  
4                     group is oral or unwritten, the State or po-  
5                     litical subdivision shall only be required to  
6                     furnish, in the covered language, oral in-  
7                     structions, assistance, translation of voting  
8                     materials, or other information relating to  
9                     registration and voting.

10                    “(ii) In the case of a minority group  
11                    that is American Indian or Alaska Native,  
12                    the State or political subdivision shall only  
13                    be required to furnish in the covered lan-  
14                    guage oral instructions, assistance, or  
15                    other information relating to registration  
16                    and voting, including all voting materials,  
17                    if the Tribal Government of that minority  
18                    group has certified that the language of  
19                    the applicable American Indian or Alaska  
20                    Native language is presently unwritten or  
21                    the Tribal Government does not want writ-  
22                    ten translations in the minority language.

23                    “(3) WRITTEN TRANSLATIONS FOR ELECTION  
24                    WORKERS.—Notwithstanding paragraph (2), the  
25                    State or political division may be required to provide

1       written translations of voting materials, with the  
2       consent of any applicable Indian Tribe, to election  
3       workers to ensure that the translations from English  
4       to the language of a minority group are complete,  
5       accurate, and uniform.”.

6 **SEC. 10. FEDERAL OBSERVERS TO PROTECT TRIBAL VOT-  
7                   ING RIGHTS.**

8       (a) AMENDMENT TO THE VOTING RIGHTS ACT OF  
9       1965.—Section 8(a) of the Voting Rights Act of 1965 (52  
10 U.S.C. 10305(a)) is amended—

11               (1) in paragraph (1), by striking “or” after the  
12       semicolon;

13               (2) in paragraph (2)(B), by adding “or” after  
14       the semicolon; and

15               (3) by inserting after paragraph (2) the fol-  
16       lowing:

17               “(3) the Attorney General has received a writ-  
18       ten complaint from an Indian Tribe that efforts to  
19       deny or abridge the right to vote under the color of  
20       law on account of race or color, or in contravention  
21       of the guarantees set forth in section 4(f)(2), are  
22       likely to occur;”.

23       (b) PUBLICLY AVAILABLE REPORTS.—The Attorney  
24       General shall make publicly available the reports of a Fed-  
25       eral election observer appointed pursuant to section

1 (8)(a)(3) of the Voting Rights Act of 1965 (52 U.S.C.  
2 10305(a)(3)), as added by subsection (a), not later than  
3 6 months after the date that such reports are submitted  
4 to the Attorney General, except that any personally identi-  
5 fiable information relating to a voter or the substance of  
6 the voter's ballot shall not be made public.

7 **SEC. 11. TRIBAL VOTING CONSULTATION.**

8 The Attorney General shall consult annually with In-  
9 dian Tribes regarding issues related to voting in elections  
10 for Federal office.

11 **SEC. 12. ATTORNEYS' FEES, EXPERT FEES, AND LITIGATION**

12 **EXPENSES.**

13 In a civil action under this Act, the court shall award  
14 the prevailing party, other than the United States, reason-  
15 able attorney fees, including litigation expenses, reason-  
16 able expert fees, and costs.

17 **SEC. 13. SEVERABILITY; RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER LAWS.**

18 (a) **SEVERABILITY.**—If any provision of this Act, or  
19 the application of such a provision to any person, entity,  
20 or circumstance, is held to be invalid, the remaining provi-  
21 sions of this Act and the application of all provisions of  
22 this Act to any other person, entity, or circumstance shall  
23 not be affected by the invalidity.

24 (b) **RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER LAWS.**—Nothing in  
25 this Act shall invalidate, or limit the rights, remedies, or

1 procedures available under, or supersede, restrict, or limit  
2 the application of, the Voting Rights Act of 1965 (52  
3 U.S.C. 10301 et seq.), the National Voter Registration  
4 Act of 1993 (52 U.S.C. 20501 et seq.), the Help America  
5 Vote Act of 2002 (52 U.S.C. 20901 et seq.), or any other  
6 Federal law or regulation related to voting or the electoral  
7 process.

8 **SEC. 14. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**

9 There are authorized to be appropriated such sums  
10 as may be necessary to carry out this Act.

