#### 115TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

# S. 3708

To end the practice of including more than one subject in a single bill by requiring that each bill enacted by Congress be limited to only one subject, and for other purposes.

### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

**DECEMBER 5, 2018** 

Mr. Paul introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Rules and Administration

## A BILL

- To end the practice of including more than one subject in a single bill by requiring that each bill enacted by Congress be limited to only one subject, and for other purposes.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
  - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
  - 4 This Act may be cited as the "One Subject at a Time
  - 5 Act".
  - 6 SEC. 2. ONE SUBJECT AT A TIME.
  - 7 (a) One Subject.—Each bill or joint resolution
  - 8 shall embrace no more than one subject.

- 1 (b) Subject in Title.—The subject of a bill or joint
- 2 resolution shall be clearly and descriptively expressed in
- 3 the title.
- 4 (c) Appropriation Bills.—An appropriations bill
- 5 shall not contain any general legislation or change of exist-
- 6 ing law provision, the subject of which is not germane to
- 7 the subject matter of each such appropriations bill; pro-
- 8 vided, however, that this section shall not be construed
- 9 to prohibit any provision imposing limitations upon the ex-
- 10 penditure of funds so appropriated.

#### 11 SEC. 3. ENFORCEMENT.

- 12 (a) MULTIPLE SUBJECTS IN TITLE.—If the title of
- 13 an Act or joint resolution addresses two or more unrelated
- 14 subjects, then the entire Act or joint resolution is void.
- 15 (b) Provisions Not Expressed in Title.—If the
- 16 title of an Act or joint resolution addresses a single sub-
- 17 ject, but the Act contains one or more provisions con-
- 18 cerning a subject that is not clearly and descriptively ex-
- 19 pressed in its title, then only such provision or provisions
- 20 concerning the subject not clearly and descriptively ex-
- 21 pressed in the title shall be void.
- 22 (c) Appropriation Provisions Outside Sub-
- 23 COMMITTEE JURISDICTION.—If an Act appropriating
- 24 funds contains a provision outside of the jurisdiction of
- 25 the relevant subcommittee of the Committees on Appro-

- 1 priations of the House of Representatives and of the Sen-
- 2 ate, and therefore outside the subject of the bill, then such
- 3 provision shall be void.
- 4 (d) Provisions of Appropriation Bills Not
- 5 Germane to Subject Matter.—If an Act appro-
- 6 priating funds contains general legislation or change of ex-
- 7 isting law provision not germane to the subject matter of
- 8 such bill, then each and every such provision shall be void.
- 9 (e) Commencement of an Action.—Any person
- 10 aggrieved by the enforcement of, or attempt or threat of
- 11 enforcement of, an Act passed without having complied
- 12 with section 2 or this section, or any Member of Congress
- 13 aggrieved by the failure of the House of Congress of which
- 14 that individual is a member to comply with any require-
- 15 ment of those sections, shall, regardless of the amount in
- 16 controversy, have a cause of action under sections 2201
- 17 and 2202 of title 28, United States Code, against the
- 18 United States to seek appropriate relief, including an in-
- 19 junction against the enforcement of any law, the passage
- 20 of which did not conform to section 2 or this section.
- 21 (f) State of Review.—In any judicial action
- 22 brought pursuant to subsection (e), the standard of review
- 23 shall be de novo.