115 TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H.R. 1776

To improve access to affordable prescription drugs.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

March 29, 2017

Ms. Schakowsky (for herself, Mr. Cummings, Ms. Delauro, and Mr. Welch) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committees on Ways and Means, and the Judiciary, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To improve access to affordable prescription drugs.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Improving Access To Affordable Prescription Drugs
- 6 Act".
- 7 (b) Table of Contents for
- 8 this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

- Sec. 101. Drug manufacturer reporting.
- Sec. 102. Determining the public and private benefit of copayment coupons and other patient assistance programs.

TITLE II—ACCESS AND AFFORDABILITY

- Sec. 201. Negotiating fair prices for Medicare prescription drugs.
- Sec. 202. Prescription drug price spikes.
- Sec. 203. Acceleration of the closing of the Medicare Part D coverage gap.
- Sec. 204. Importing affordable and safe drugs.
- Sec. 205. Requiring drug manufacturers to provide drug rebates for drugs dispensed to low-income individuals.
- Sec. 206. Cap on prescription drug cost-sharing.

TITLE III—INNOVATION

- Sec. 301. Prize fund for new and more effective treatments of bacterial infections.
- Sec. 302. Public funding for clinical trials.
- Sec. 303. Rewarding innovative drug development.
- Sec. 304. Improving program integrity.

TITLE IV—CHOICE AND COMPETITION

- Sec. 401. Preserving access to affordable generics.
- Sec. 402. 180-day exclusivity period amendments regarding first applicant status.
- Sec. 403. 180-day exclusivity period amendments regarding agreements to defer commercial marketing.
- Sec. 404. Increasing generic drug competition.
- Sec. 405. Disallowance of deduction for advertising for prescription drugs.
- Sec. 406. Product hopping.

1 TITLE I—TRANSPARENCY

- 2 SEC. 101. DRUG MANUFACTURER REPORTING.
- 3 Part P of title III of the Public Health Service Act
- 4 (42 U.S.C. 280g et seq.) is amended by adding at the end
- 5 the following:
- 6 "SEC. 399V-7. DRUG MANUFACTURER REPORTING.
- 7 "(a) Definitions.—In this section:
- 8 "(1) Independent charity patient assist-
- 9 ANCE PROGRAM.—The term 'independent charity pa-
- tient assistance program' means any organization
- described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Rev-

- enue Code of 1986 and exempt from taxation under section 501(a) of such Code and which is not a private foundation (as defined in section 509(a) of such
- 4 Code) that offers patient assistance.
- 6 PROGRAM.—The term 'manufacturer patient assist7 ance program' means an organization, including a
 8 private foundation (as so defined), that is sponsored
 9 by, or receives funding from, a manufacturer and
 10 that offers patient assistance. Such term does not
 11 include an independent charity patient assistance
 12 program.
 - "(3) Patient assistance.—The term 'patient assistance' means assistance provided to offset the cost of drugs for individuals. Such term includes free products, coupons, rebates, copay or discount cards, and other means of providing assistance to individuals related to drug costs, as determined by the Secretary.
- "(b) Reporting on Domestic Sales.—An applica-21 ble manufacturer of an approved drug (including a drug 22 approved under subsection (c) or (j) of section 505 of the 23 Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act and a biological 24 product licensed under subsection (a) or (k) of section 351

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1	an annual report, in such format as the Secretary shall
2	require, outlining with respect to the previous calendar
3	year (except as provided in subsection (c)(3))—
4	"(1) with respect to each such drug—
5	"(A) the total expenditures of the manu-
6	facturer on—
7	"(i) domestic and foreign drug re-
8	search and development, including an
9	itemized description of—
10	"(I) basic and preclinical re-
11	search;
12	"(II) clinical research, broken out
13	by clinical trial phase;
14	"(III) development of alternative
15	dosage forms and strengths for the
16	drug molecule or combinations, in-
17	cluding the molecule;
18	"(IV) other drug development ac-
19	tivities, such as nonclinical laboratory
20	studies and record and report mainte-
21	nance;
22	"(V) pursuing new or expanded
23	indications for such drug through sup-
24	plemental applications under section

1	505 of the Federal Food, Drug, and
2	Cosmetic Act;
3	"(VI) carrying out postmarket
4	requirements related to such drug, in-
5	cluding under section 505(o)(3) of
6	such Act;
7	"(VII) carrying out risk evalua-
8	tion and mitigation strategies in ac-
9	cordance with section 505–1 of such
10	Act; and
11	"(VIII) marketing research;
12	"(ii) cost of goods sold, broken out by
13	source and cost of each component and
14	identifying specific costs that reflect inter-
15	nal transfers within the manufacturer's
16	company;
17	"(iii) acquisition costs in total and per
18	unit sold, including costs for the purchase
19	of patents and licensing; and
20	"(iv) marketing and advertising for
21	the promotion of the drug, including a
22	breakdown of amounts aimed at con-
23	sumers, prescribers, managed care organi-
24	zations, and others;

1	"(B) the gross revenue, net revenue, gross
2	profit, and net profit to the manufacturer;
3	"(C) the total number of units of the pre-
4	scription drug that were sold in interstate com-
5	merce in the most recently completed calendar
6	year;
7	"(D) pricing information, including—
8	"(i) wholesale acquisition cost;
9	"(ii) net average price realized by pre-
10	scription drug benefit managers for drugs
11	provided to individuals in the United
12	States, after accounting for any rebates or
13	other payments from the manufacturer to
14	the pharmacy benefit manager and from
15	the pharmacy benefit manager to the man-
16	ufacturer; and
17	"(iii) the net price of the drug, after
18	accounting for discounts, rebates, or other
19	financial considerations, charged to pur-
20	chasers in each applicable country of the
21	Organisation for Economic Co-operation
22	and Development;
23	"(E) information, including the dollar
24	value to the recipient of manufacturer patient
25	assistance programs offered by the manufac-

1	turer or a manufacturer patient assistance pro-
2	gram sponsored by or associated with the man-
3	ufacturer, per patient, including—
4	"(i) the specific forms of such patient
5	assistance available, such as coupons, re-
6	bates, discount codes, or copayment cards;
7	"(ii) the total dollar value of each
8	manufacturer patient assistance program
9	and the dollar value of each program to
10	the patient, including the basis used to as-
11	sign value to the manufacturer patient as-
12	sistance program;
13	"(iii) the duration of each type of
14	such patient assistance available; and
15	"(iv) any requirements, such as in-
16	come thresholds, for how to qualify for
17	such patient assistance; and
18	"(F) information on usage of patient as-
19	sistance offered by the manufacturer or a man-
20	ufacturer patient assistance program sponsored
21	by or associated with the manufacturer, includ-
22	ing—
23	"(i) the number of transactions of
24	each type of patient assistance used;

1	"(ii) the number of individuals receiv-
2	ing each type of patient assistance;
3	"(iii) the total value of each type of
4	patient assistance that was used;
5	"(iv) the average length of time that
6	each individual received each type of pa-
7	tient assistance;
8	"(v) the number of individuals who
9	were discontinued from receiving each type
10	of patient assistance; and
11	"(vi) complete documentation of the
12	terms and conditions for an individual
13	agreeing to participate in the program for
14	each type of patient assistance provided;
15	"(G) any Federal benefits received by the
16	manufacturer, including the amounts and peri-
17	ods of impact for each such benefit, including
18	tax credits, patent applications that benefitted
19	from a grant from the National Institutes of
20	Health, patent extensions, exclusivity periods,
21	and other Federal benefits with respect to such
22	drug; and
23	"(H) the percentage of research and devel-
24	opment expenditures on—

1	"(i) activities conducted by the manu-
2	facturer;
3	"(ii) activities funded by Federal enti-
4	ties; and
5	"(iii) activities conducted by other en-
6	tities such as academic institutions or
7	other drug manufacturers;
8	"(2) executive compensation for the chief execu-
9	tive officer, chief financial officer, and the 3 other
10	most highly compensated executive officers, includ-
11	ing bonuses, paid by such manufacturer, and stock
12	options affiliated with the manufacturer that were
13	offered to or accrued by such officers;
14	"(3) any additional information the manufac-
15	turer chooses to provide related to drug pricing deci-
16	sions, such as total expenditures on drug research,
17	drug development, and clinical trials on drugs that
18	failed to receive approval by the Food and Drug Ad-
19	ministration, a list of drugs and drug prices against
20	which the manufacturer compared the applicable
21	drug, and other relevant information; and
22	"(4) any other information as the Secretary
23	may require.
24	"(c) Submission of Reports.—
25	"(1) In General.—

1	"(A) Submission by drug manufactur-
2	ERS.—Drug manufacturers shall submit the an-
3	nual reports required under this section sub-
4	mitted to the Secretary in a usable format, as
5	the Secretary may require.
6	"(B) Collation by the secretary.—
7	The Secretary shall collate the reports received
8	as described in subparagraph (A) and submit
9	such collated reports to Congress, together with
10	an analysis of the reports by the Secretary that
11	includes—
12	"(i) a summary of data from the re-
13	ports;
14	"(ii) consideration of factors such as
15	trends on research and development costs,
16	Federal benefits, and manufacturer patient
17	assistance programs; and
18	"(iii) the relationship between the fac-
19	tors described in clause (ii) and prescrip-
20	tion drug prices.
21	"(C) Public availability.—The Sec-
22	retary shall make the reports submitted by
23	manufacturers as described in subparagraph
24	(A) and the collated reports together with the
25	analysis of the Secretary described in subpara-

graph (B) publicly available, including by posting such reports to the Internet website of the Department of Health and Human Services, in a searchable format.

"(2) SINGLE REPORTS.—A drug manufacturer shall submit all information required under subsection (b) with respect to each applicable drug, in a single, annual report.

"(3) Initial report.—

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"(A) IN GENERAL.—An applicable drug manufacturer shall submit a report pursuant to this section one year after the date of enactment of the Improving Access To Affordable Prescription Drugs Act (except as provided in subparagraph (B)) that includes the information required under subsection (b)(1) with respect to each calendar year since the drug for which the report is required was approved under section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, licensed under section 351 of this Act, or received an exemption under section 505(i) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act or section 351(a)(3) of this Act, or the calendar year in which the manufacturer acquired the drug.

1 "(B) Small businesses.—In the case of 2 an applicable drug manufacturer that has fewer 3 than 500 employees, the initial report described 4 in subparagraph (A) shall be submitted by a 5 date determined by the Secretary, which shall 6 be not earlier than the date described in sub-7 paragraph (A) and not later than the date that 8 is 3 years after the date of enactment of the 9 Improving Access To Affordable Prescription 10 Drugs Act.

11 "(d) Penalty for Noncompliance.—The Sec-12 retary shall report to the Office of the Inspector General 13 any manufacturer's failure to submit a complete report as required under this section. Any manufacturer that fails 14 15 to submit a complete report required under this section shall be subject to a civil penalty of up to \$200,000 for 16 17 each day on which the violation continues. The Secretary 18 shall collect the civil penalties under this subsection, and without further appropriation, shall use such funds to sup-19 port the programs under sections 409K and 485E, and, 21 at the discretion of the Secretary, research of the National Institutes of Health and other activities authorized under 23 the Improving Access To Affordable Prescription Drugs Act, including any amendments made by such Act.".

1	SEC. 102. DETERMINING THE PUBLIC AND PRIVATE BEN-
2	EFIT OF COPAYMENT COUPONS AND OTHER
3	PATIENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS.
4	(a) Information Reporting by Independent
5	CHARITY PATIENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS.—Section
6	6033(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended
7	by striking the period at the end of paragraph (16) and
8	inserting ", and" and by inserting after paragraph (16)
9	the following new paragraph:
10	"(17) the total amount of patient assistance
11	(within the meaning of section 399V-7 of the Public
12	Health Service Act) provided to individuals who are
13	prescribed drugs manufactured by any contributor to
14	the organization.".
15	(b) GAO STUDY AND REPORT ON IMPACT OF COPAY-
16	MENT COUPONS AND OTHER PATIENT ASSISTANCE PRO-
17	GRAMS ON PRESCRIPTION DRUG PRICING AND EXPENDI-
18	TURES.—
19	(1) Study.—The Comptroller General of the
20	United States shall conduct a study on the impact
21	of copayment coupons and other patient assistance
22	programs on prescription drug pricing and expendi-
23	tures. Such study shall include an analysis of the
24	following:
25	(A) The extent to which copayment cou-
26	pons and patient assistance programs con-

1	tribute to inflated prescription drug prices and
2	health insurance premiums, including with re-
3	spect to—
4	(i) the Medicaid program under title
5	XIX of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.
6	1396 et seq.);
7	(ii) the Medicare program under title
8	XVIII of such Act (42 U.S.C. 1395 et
9	seq.);
10	(iii) the TRICARE program under
11	chapter 55 of title 10, United States Code;
12	(iv) health care under the laws admin-
13	istered by the Secretary of Veterans Af-
14	fairs;
15	(v) the commercial health insurance
16	market; and
17	(vi) the cash pay health market.
18	(B) The extent to which manufacturers of-
19	fering copayment coupons and other patient as-
20	sistance programs or sponsoring manufacturer
21	patient assistance programs obtain tax deduc-
22	tions for offering or sponsoring such assistance
23	(either as business expenses or charitable de-
24	ductions), including—

1	(i) the total value of the tax deduc-
2	tions claimed by manufacturers for offer-
3	ing or sponsoring patient assistance pro-
4	grams during the 10 years preceding the
5	date of enactment of this Act;
6	(ii) a description of the methodology
7	for assigning a value to the tax deduction
8	claimed by manufacturers for offering or
9	sponsoring patient assistance programs;
10	and
11	(iii) an analysis of the extent to which
12	the activities of independent charity pa-
13	tient assistance programs, which are spon-
14	sored by, or receive funding from, pharma-
15	ceutical manufacturers (as determined
16	using tax returns, sales data, and other
17	public disclosures) provide a financial ben-
18	efit to the manufacturers that sponsor
19	them.
20	(C) The extent to which independent char-
21	ity patient assistance programs adhere to guid-
22	ance from the Office of the Inspector General
23	of the Department of Health and Human Serv-
24	ices on avoiding waste, fraud, and abuse.

1	(2) Definitions.—In this subsection, the
2	terms "patient assistance", "independent charity pa-
3	tient assistance program", "manufacturer", and
4	"manufacturer patient assistance program" have the
5	meaning given those terms under section 399V-7 of
6	the Public Health Service Act, as added by section
7	101.
8	(3) Report.—Not later than 2 years after the
9	date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller
10	General of the United States shall submit to Con-
11	gress a report describing the findings of the study
12	required under this subsection.
13	TITLE II—ACCESS AND
14	AFFORDABILITY
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15	SEC. 201. NEGOTIATING FAIR PRICES FOR MEDICARE PRE-
15	SEC. 201. NEGOTIATING FAIR PRICES FOR MEDICARE PRE-
15 16	SEC. 201. NEGOTIATING FAIR PRICES FOR MEDICARE PRE-
15 16 17	SEC. 201. NEGOTIATING FAIR PRICES FOR MEDICARE PRE- SCRIPTION DRUGS. (a) NEGOTIATING FAIR PRICES.—
15 16 17 18	SEC. 201. NEGOTIATING FAIR PRICES FOR MEDICARE PRE- SCRIPTION DRUGS. (a) NEGOTIATING FAIR PRICES.— (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 1860D–11 of the
15 16 17 18 19	SEC. 201. NEGOTIATING FAIR PRICES FOR MEDICARE PRESENTION DRUGS. (a) NEGOTIATING FAIR PRICES.— (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 1860D-11 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395w-111) is
15 16 17 18 19 20	SEC. 201. NEGOTIATING FAIR PRICES FOR MEDICARE PRESENTION DRUGS. (a) NEGOTIATING FAIR PRICES.— (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 1860D—11 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395w—111) is amended by striking subsection (i) (relating to non-
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SEC. 201. NEGOTIATING FAIR PRICES FOR MEDICARE PRESENTION DRUGS. (a) NEGOTIATING FAIR PRICES.— (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 1860D—11 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395w—111) is amended by striking subsection (i) (relating to non-interference) and by inserting the following:
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SEC. 201. NEGOTIATING FAIR PRICES FOR MEDICARE PRESENTION DRUGS. (a) NEGOTIATING FAIR PRICES.— (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 1860D—11 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395w—111) is amended by striking subsection (i) (relating to non-interference) and by inserting the following: "(i) NEGOTIATING FAIR PRICES WITH DRUG MANU-

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viding quality care and containing costs under this part, the Secretary shall, with respect to applicable covered part D drugs, and may, with respect to other covered part D drugs, negotiate, using the negotiation technique or techniques that the Secretary determines will maximize savings and value to the government for prescription drug plans and MA-PD plans and for plan enrollees (in a manner that may be similar to Federal entities and that may include, but is not limited to, formularies, reference pricing, discounts, rebates, other price concessions, and coverage determinations), with drug manufacturers the prices that may be charged to PDP sponsors and MA organizations for such drugs for part D eligible individuals who are enrolled in a prescription drug plan or in an MA-PD plan. In conducting such negotiations, the Secretary shall consider the drug's current price, initial launch price, prevalence of disease and usage, and approved indications, the number of similarly effective alternative treatments for each approved use of the drug, the budgetary impact of providing coverage under this part for such drug for all individuals who would likely benefit from the drug, evidence on the drug's effectiveness and safety compared to similar drugs, and the quality and quantity of clinical data and rigor of the applicable process of approval of a drug under section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act or a biological product under section 351 of the Public Health Service Act.

"(2) USE OF LOWER OF VA OR BIG FOUR PRICE IF NEGOTIATIONS FAIL.—If, after attempting to negotiate for a price with respect to a covered part D drug under paragraph (1) for a period of 1 year, the Secretary is not successful in obtaining an appropriate price for the drug (as determined by the Secretary), the Secretary shall establish the price that may be charged to PDP sponsors and MA organizations for such drug for part D eligible individuals who are enrolled in a prescription drug plan or in an MA-PD plan at an amount equal to the lesser of—

"(A) the price paid by the Secretary of Veterans Affairs to procure the drug under the laws administered by the Secretary of Veterans Affairs; or

"(B) the price paid to procure the drug under section 8126 of title 38, United States Code.

1	"(3) Applicable covered part d drug de-
2	FINED.—For purposes of this subsection, the term
3	'applicable covered part D drug' means a covered
4	part D drug that the Secretary determines to be ap-
5	propriate for negotiation under paragraph (1) based
6	on one or more of the following factors as applied
7	to such drug:
8	"(A) Spending on a per beneficiary basis.
9	"(B) The proportion of total spending
10	under this title.
11	"(C) Unit price increases over the pre-
12	ceding 5 years.
13	"(D) Initial launch price.
14	"(E) Availability of less expensive, simi-
15	larly effective alternative treatments.
16	"(F) Status of the drug as a follow-on to
17	previously approved drugs.
18	"(G) Any other criteria determined by the
19	Secretary.
20	"(4) PDP sponsors and ma organization
21	MAY NEGOTIATE LOWER PRICES.—Nothing in this
22	subsection shall be construed as preventing the spon-
23	sor of a prescription drug plan, or an organization
24	offering an MA–PD plan, from obtaining a discount
25	or reduction of the price for a covered part D drug

1	below the price negotiated under paragraph (1) or
2	the price established under paragraph (2).
3	"(5) No effect on existing appeals proc-
4	ESS.—Nothing in this subsection shall be construed
5	to affect the appeals procedures under subsections
6	(g) and (h) of section 1860D-4.".
7	(2) Effective date.—The amendments made
8	by this subsection shall take effect on the date of the
9	enactment of this Act and shall first apply to nego-
10	tiations and prices for plan years beginning on Jan-
11	uary 1, 2019.
12	(b) REQUIREMENT TO INCLUDE A LINK TO THE
13	MEDICARE DRUG SPENDING DASHBOARD ON THE MEDI-
14	CARE PLAN FINDER.—Beginning not later than October
15	1, 2017, the Secretary of Health and Human Services
16	shall ensure that the Medicare Plan Finder on the Medi-
17	care.gov Internet website includes a link to the Medicare
18	Drug Spending Dashboard on the CMS.gov Internet
19	website. Such link shall be easily accessible on the Medi-
20	care Plan Finder.
21	(c) Reports to Congress.—
22	(1) Secretary of Hhs.—
23	(A) In general.—Not later than 3 years
24	after the date of the enactment of this Act, and
25	every 6 months thereafter, the Secretary of

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1	Health and Human Services shall submit to
2	Congress a report on the following:
3	(i) The price negotiations conducted
4	by the Secretary under section 1860D-
5	11(i) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.
6	1395w-111(i)), as amended by subsection
7	(a), including a description of—
8	(I) how such price negotiations
9	are achieving lower prices for covered
10	part D drugs (as defined in section
11	1860D-2(e) of the Social Security Act
12	(42 U.S.C. 1395w–102(e))) for Medi-
13	care beneficiaries;
14	(II) how such lower prices are
15	passed through to Medicare bene-
16	ficiaries;
17	(III) how such price negotiations
18	are affecting drug prices in the pri-
19	vate market; and
20	(IV) how such price negotiations
21	are affecting the list price of covered
22	part D drugs.
23	(ii) Data on spending under part D of
24	the Medicare program on covered part D

1	drugs, including data on covered part D
2	drugs with—
3	(I) spending on a per beneficiary
4	basis that is above the median spend-
5	ing on other drugs in the same class
6	or above the median spending of other
7	drug classes; and
8	(II) high unit cost increases over
9	the past five years, especially where
10	such increases are greater than the
11	increases for covered part D drugs in
12	general.
13	(iii) A list of the covered part D drugs
14	with no therapeutic substitute and data on
15	spending under part D of the Medicare
16	program on such drugs.
17	(iv) Access to covered part D drugs
18	and, where available, compliance rates and
19	health outcomes associated with compli-
20	ance rates.
21	(v) Appeals by enrollees with respect
22	to covered part D drugs not included on
23	plan formularies.
24	(B) Public availability of report.—
25	The Secretary of Health and Human Services

1 shall publish on the Internet website of the 2 Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services a 3 copy of each report submitted under subpara-4 graph (A), including the detailed tables, figures, 5 and data published in the report and its appen-6 dices. 7 (2) MedPAC.— 8 (A) STUDY.—The Comptroller General of 9 the United States shall conduct a study on the 10 price negotiations conducted by the Secretary 11 under section 1860D–11(i) of the Social Secu-12 rity Act (42 U.S.C. 1395w-111(i)), as amended 13 by subsection (a), including an analysis of— 14 (i) how such price negotiations are 15 achieving lower prices for covered part D 16 drugs (as defined in section 1860D–2(e) of 17 the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395w-18 102(e))) for Medicare beneficiaries; 19

(ii) who is benefitting from such lower prices, such as Medicare beneficiaries, the Federal Government, States, prescription drug plans and MA-PD plans, or other entities;

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1	(iii) how such price negotiations are
2	affecting drug prices in the private market;
3	and
4	(iv) how such price negotiations are
5	affecting the list price of covered part D
6	drugs.
7	(B) Report.—Not later than January 1,
8	2021, the Comptroller General of the United
9	States shall submit to Congress a report on the
10	study conducted under subparagraph (A), to-
11	gether with recommendations for improving
12	such price negotiations.
13	(d) CMI Testing of Negotiating Drug and Bio-
14	LOGICAL PRICES TO IMPROVE VALUE.—Section
15	1115A(b)(2) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.
16	1315a(b)(2)) is amended—
17	(1) in subparagraph (A), by adding at the end
18	the following new sentence: "The models selected
19	under this subparagraph shall include at least 3 of
20	the models described in subparagraph (D), which
21	shall be implemented by not later than 18 months
22	after the date of the enactment of the Improving Ac-
23	cess To Affordable Prescription Drugs Act''; and
24	(2) by adding at the end the following new sub-
25	paragraph:

1	"(D) Models of negotiating drug and
2	BIOLOGICAL PRICES TO IMPROVE VALUE.—The
3	models described in this subparagraph are the
4	following models for negotiating drug and bio-
5	logical prices under the applicable titles (includ-
6	ing under both parts B and D of title XVIII)
7	in order to improve the value of payments for
8	such drugs and biologicals under such titles:
9	"(i) Discounting or eliminating pa-
10	tient cost-sharing on high-value drugs and
11	biologicals.
12	"(ii) Value-based formularies.
13	"(iii) Indications-based pricing.
14	"(iv) Reference pricing.
15	"(v) Risk-sharing agreements based
16	on outcomes.
17	"(vi) Pricing based on comparative ef-
18	fectiveness research.
19	"(vii) Episode-based payments for
20	chemotherapy and other conditions deter-
21	mined appropriate by the Secretary.
22	"(viii) Alternative ways of paying for
23	drugs and biologicals under part B of title
24	XVIII.

1	"(ix) Other models determined appro-
2	priate by the Secretary.".
3	SEC. 202. PRESCRIPTION DRUG PRICE SPIKES.
4	(a) Identification of Prescription Drug Price
5	Spikes.—
6	(1) Definitions.—In this subsection:
7	(A) APPLICABLE ENTITY.—The term "ap-
8	plicable entity" means the holder of an applica-
9	tion approved under subsection (c) or (j) of sec-
10	tion 505 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cos-
11	metic Act (21 U.S.C. 355) or of a license issued
12	under subsection (a) or (k) of section 351 of
13	the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 262)
14	for a prescription drug.
15	(B) AVERAGE PRICE.—The term "average
16	price' means—
17	(i) the average manufacturer price, as
18	defined in section 1927(k)(1) of the Social
19	Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396r–8(k)(1)); or
20	(ii) in the case of a drug for which the
21	average manufacturer price is not avail-
22	able, the manufacturer's average sales
23	price (as defined in section 1847A(c)(1) of
24	the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395w-
25	3a(e)(1)).

1	(C) COMMERCE.—The term "commerce"
2	has the meaning given such term in section 4
3	of the Federal Trade Commission Act (15
4	U.S.C. 44).
5	(D) Prescription drug.—The term
6	"prescription drug" means any drug subject to
7	section 503(b)(1) of the Federal Food, Drug,
8	and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 353(b)(1)) which
9	is covered by a Federal health care program (as
10	defined in section 1128B(f) of the Social Secu-
11	rity Act (42 U.S.C. 1320a–7b(f))).
12	(E) Price spike.—
13	(i) IN GENERAL.—The term "price
14	spike" means an increase in the average
15	price in commerce of a prescription drug
16	for which the price spike percentage is
17	equal to or greater than the applicable
18	price increase allowance.
19	(ii) Price spike percentage.—The
20	price spike percentage is the percentage (if
21	any) by which—
22	(I) the average price of a pre-
23	scription drug in commerce for the
24	most recently completed calendar
25	year; exceeds

1	(II) the average price of such
2	drug in commerce for the calendar
3	year preceding such year.
4	(iii) Applicable price increase al-
5	LOWANCE.—The applicable price increase
6	allowance for any calendar year is the per-
7	centage (rounded to the nearest one-tenth
8	of 1 percent) by which the medical care
9	component of the consumer price index for
10	all urban consumers (as published by the
11	Bureau of Labor Statistics) for that year
12	exceeds such component for the preceding
13	calendar year.
14	(F) Price spike revenue.—
15	(i) In general.—The price spike rev-
16	enue for any calendar year is an amount
17	equal to—
18	(I) the gross price spike revenue;
19	minus
20	(II) the adjustment amount.
21	(ii) Gross price spike revenue.—
22	The gross price spike revenue for any cal-
23	endar year is an amount equal to the prod-
24	uct of—

1	(I) an amount equal to the dif-
2	ference between subclause (I) of sub-
3	paragraph (E)(ii) and subclause (II)
4	of such subparagraph; and
5	(II) the total number of units of
6	the prescription drug which were sold
7	in commerce in such calendar year.
8	(iii) Adjustment amount.—The ad-
9	justment amount is the amount, if any, of
10	the gross price spike revenue which the In-
11	spector General has determined is due sole-
12	ly to an increase in the cost of the goods
13	sold (excluding any increase in costs which
14	are related to internal transfers within the
15	applicable entity) which are necessary to
16	manufacture the prescription drug subject
17	to the price spike.
18	(G) Inspector general.—The term "In-
19	spector General" means the Inspector General
20	of the Department of Health and Human Serv-
21	ices.
22	(2) Submission by Pharmaceutical Compa-
23	NIES OF INFORMATION.—
24	(A) In General.—For each prescription
25	drug, the applicable entity shall submit to the

1	Inspector General a quarterly report that in-
2	cludes the following:
3	(i) For each prescription drug of the
4	applicable entity—
5	(I) the total number of units of
6	the prescription drug which were sold
7	in commerce in the most recently
8	completed calendar quarter; and
9	(II) the gross revenues from sales
10	of such prescription drug in commerce
11	in the most recently completed cal-
12	endar quarter.
13	(ii) Such information related to in-
14	creased input costs as the applicable entity
15	may wish the Inspector General to consider
16	in making a determination under subclause
17	(II) of paragraph (3)(B)(ii) or an assess-
18	ment in subclause (III) of such paragraph
19	for the most recently completed calendar
20	quarter.
21	(iii) Such information related to any
22	anticipated increased input costs for the
23	subsequent calendar quarter as the appli-
24	cable entity may wish the Inspector Gen-
25	eral to consider in making a determination

1	under subclause (II) of paragraph
2	(3)(B)(ii) or an assessment in subclause
3	(III) of such paragraph for such calendar
4	quarter.
5	(B) Penalty for failure to submit.—
6	(i) In general.—An applicable enti-
7	ty described in subparagraph (A) that fails
8	to submit information to the Inspector
9	General regarding a prescription drug, as
10	required by such paragraph, before the
11	date specified in subparagraph (C) shall be
12	liable for a civil penalty, as determined
13	under clause (ii).
14	(ii) Amount of Penalty.—The
15	amount of the civil penalty shall be equal
16	to the product of—
17	(I) an amount, as determined ap-
18	propriate by the Inspector General;
19	which is—
20	(aa) not less than 0.5 per-
21	cent of the gross revenues from
22	sales of the prescription drug de-
23	scribed in clause (i) for the most
24	recently completed calendar year;
25	and

1	(bb) not greater than 1 per-
2	cent of the gross revenues from
3	sales of such drug for the most
4	recently completed calendar year;
5	and
6	(II) the number of days in the
7	period between—
8	(aa) the applicable date
9	specified in subparagraph (C);
10	and
11	(bb) the date on which the
12	Inspector General receives the in-
13	formation described in subpara-
14	graph (A) from the applicable en-
15	tity.
16	(C) Submission deadline.—An applica-
17	ble entity shall submit each quarterly report de-
18	scribed in subparagraph (A) not later than Jan-
19	uary 17, April 18, June 15, and September 15
20	of each calendar year.
21	(3) Assessment.—
22	(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than the last
23	day in February of each year, the Inspector
24	General, in consultation with the Federal Trade
25	Commission, shall complete an assessment of

1	the information the Inspector General received
2	pursuant to paragraph (2)(A) with respect to
3	sales of prescription drugs in the most recently
4	completed calendar year.
5	(B) Elements.—The assessment required
6	by subparagraph (A) shall include the following:
7	(i) Identification of each price spike
8	relating to a prescription drug in the most
9	recently completed calendar year.
10	(ii) For each price spike identified
11	under clause (i)—
12	(I) a determination of the price
13	spike percentage and price spike rev-
14	enue;
15	(II) a determination regarding
16	the accuracy of the information sub-
17	mitted by the applicable entity regard-
18	ing increased input costs; and
19	(III) an assessment of the ration-
20	ale of the applicable entity for the
21	price spike.
22	(4) Report to internal revenue serv-
23	ICE.—
24	(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than the last
25	day in February of each year, the Inspector

1	General shall transmit to the Internal Revenue
2	Service a report on the findings of the Inspector
3	General with respect to the information the In-
4	spector General received under paragraph
5	(2)(A) with respect to the most recently com-
6	pleted calendar year and the assessment carried
7	out by the Inspector General under paragraph
8	(3)(A) with respect to such information.
9	(B) Contents.—The report transmitted
10	under subparagraph (A) shall include the fol-
11	lowing:
12	(i) The information received under
13	paragraph (2)(A) with respect to the most
14	recently completed calendar year.
15	(ii) The price spikes identified under
16	clause (i) of paragraph (3)(B).
17	(iii) The price spike revenue deter-
18	minations made under clause (ii)(I) of
19	such paragraph.
20	(iv) The average price of the prescrip-
21	tion drug for each month during the most
22	recently completed calendar year.
23	(v) The determinations and assess-
24	ments made under subclauses (II) and
25	(III) of clause (ii) of such paragraph.

1 (C) Publication.—Not later than the last 2 day in February of each year, the Inspector 3 General shall make the report transmitted 4 under subparagraph (A) available to the public, including on the Internet website of the Inspec-6 tor General. 7 NOTIFICATION.—The Secretary of the 8 Treasury, in conjunction with the Inspector General, 9 shall notify, at such time and in such manner as the 10 Secretary of the Treasury shall provide, each appli-11 cable entity in regard to any prescription drug which 12 has been determined to have been subject to a price 13 spike during the most recently completed calendar 14 year and the amount of the tax imposed on such ap-15 plicable entity pursuant to section 4192 of the Inter-16 nal Revenue Code of 1986 (as added by subsection 17 (b) of this section). 18 (b) Excise Tax on Prescription Drugs Subject TO PRICE SPIKES.— 19 (1) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter E of chapter 32

- 20 (1) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter E of chapter 32 21 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by 22 adding at the end the following new section:
- 23 "SEC. 4192. PRESCRIPTION DRUGS SUBJECT TO PRICE
- 24 SPIKES.
- 25 "(a) Imposition of Tax.—

1	"(1) In general.—For each taxable prescrip-
2	tion drug sold by an applicable entity during the cal-
3	endar year, there is hereby imposed on such entity
4	a tax equal to the greater of—
5	"(A) the annual price spike tax for such
6	drug, or
7	"(B) subject to paragraph (2), the cumu-
8	lative price spike tax for such drug.
9	"(2) Limitation.—In the case of a taxable
10	prescription drug for which the applicable period (as
11	determined under subsection $(c)(2)(E)(i)$ is less
12	than 2 completed calendar years, the cumulative
13	price spike tax shall not apply.
14	"(b) Annual Price Spike Tax.—
15	"(1) In general.—The amount of the annual
16	price spike tax shall be equal to the applicable per-
17	centage of the price spike revenue received by the
18	applicable entity on the sale of the taxable prescrip-
19	tion drug during the calendar year.
20	"(2) Applicable percentage.—For purposes
21	of paragraph (1), the applicable percentage shall be
22	equal to—
23	"(A) in the case of a taxable prescription
24	drug which has been subject to a price spike
25	percentage equal to or greater than the applica-

1	ble price increase allowance (as defined in sec-
2	tion 202(a)(1)(E)(iii) of the Improving Access
3	To Affordable Prescription Drugs Act) but less
4	than 15 percent, 50 percent,
5	"(B) in the case of a taxable prescription
6	drug which has been subject to a price spike
7	percentage equal to or greater than 15 percent
8	but less than 20 percent, 75 percent, and
9	"(C) in the case of a taxable prescription
10	drug which has been subject to a price spike
11	percentage equal to or greater than 20 percent,
12	100 percent.
13	"(c) Cumulative Price Spike Tax.—
14	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The amount of the cumu-
15	lative price spike tax shall be equal to the applicable
16	percentage of the cumulative price spike revenue re-
17	ceived by the applicable entity on the sale of the tax-
18	able prescription drug during the calendar year.
19	"(2) Applicable percentage.—
20	"(A) In general.—For purposes of para-
21	graph (1), the applicable percentage shall be
22	equal to—
23	"(i) in the case of a taxable prescrip-
24	tion drug which has been subject to a cu-
25	mulative price spike percentage equal to or

1	greater than the cumulative price increase
2	allowance but less than the first com-
3	pounded percentage, 50 percent,
4	"(ii) in the case of a taxable prescrip-
5	tion drug which has been subject to a cu-
6	mulative price spike percentage equal to or
7	greater than the first compounded percent-
8	age but less than the second compounded
9	percentage, 75 percent, and
10	"(iii) in the case of a taxable prescrip-
11	tion drug which has been subject to a cu-
12	mulative price spike percentage equal to or
13	greater than the second compounded per-
14	centage, 100 percent.
15	"(B) Cumulative price spike percent-
16	AGE.—The cumulative price spike percentage is
17	the percentage (if any) by which—
18	"(i) the average price of the taxable
19	prescription drug in commerce for the
20	most recently completed calendar year, ex-
21	ceeds
22	"(ii) the average price of such drug in
23	commerce for the base year.
24	"(C) CUMULATIVE PRICE INCREASE AL-
25	LOWANCE.—For purposes of clause (i) of sub-

paragraph (A), the cumulative price increase allowance for any calendar year is the percentage (rounded to the nearest one-tenth of 1 percent) by which the medical care component of the consumer price index for all urban consumers (as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics) for that year exceeds such component for the base year.

"(D) Compounded percentages.—For purposes of subparagraph (A), the first compounded percentage and second compounded percentage shall be determined in accordance with the following table:

"Number of years in applicable period	First compounded percentage	Second compounded percentage
2 years	32.35	44.00
3 years	52.09	72.80
4 years	74.90	107.36
5 years	101.14	148.83.

"(E) APPLICABLE PERIOD AND BASE YEAR.— "(i) APPLICABLE PERIOD.—The appli-cable period shall be the lesser of— "(I) the 5 most recently com-pleted calendar years,

1	"(II) any completed calendar
2	years beginning after March 29, 2017,
3	or
4	"(III) any completed calendar
5	years in which the taxable prescrip-
6	tion drug was sold in commerce.
7	"(ii) Base year.—The base year
8	shall be the calendar year immediately pre-
9	ceding the applicable period.
10	"(3) Cumulative price spike revenue.—
11	For purposes of paragraph (1), the cumulative price
12	spike revenue for any taxable prescription drug shall
13	be an amount equal to—
14	"(A) an amount equal to the product of—
15	"(i) an amount (not less than zero)
16	equal to—
17	"(I) the average price of such
18	drug in commerce for the most re-
19	cently completed calendar year, minus
20	"(II) the average price of such
21	drug in commerce for the base year,
22	and
23	"(ii) the total number of units of such
24	drug which were sold in commerce in the

1	most recently completed calendar year,
2	minus
3	"(B) the adjustment amount, if any, deter-
4	mined under section 202(a)(1)(F)(iii) of the
5	Improving Access To Affordable Prescription
6	Drugs Act for such calendar year.
7	"(d) Definitions.—For purposes of this section—
8	"(1) TAXABLE PRESCRIPTION DRUG.—The
9	term 'taxable prescription drug' means a prescrip-
10	tion drug (as defined in section 202(a)(1)(D) of the
11	Improving Access To Affordable Prescription Drugs
12	Act) which has been identified by the Inspector Gen-
13	eral of the Department of Health and Human Serv-
14	ices, under section 202(a)(3)(B)(i) of such Act, as
15	being subject to a price spike.
16	"(2) Other terms.—The terms 'applicable en-
17	tity', 'average price', 'price spike', 'price spike per-
18	centage', and 'price spike revenue' have the same
19	meaning given such terms under section 202(a)(1)
20	of the Improving Access To Affordable Prescription
21	Drugs Act.".
22	(2) Clerical amendments.—
23	(A) The heading of subchapter E of chap-
24	ter 32 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is
25	amended by striking "Medical Devices"

I	and inserting "Certain Medical Devices
2	and Prescription Drugs".
3	(B) The table of subchapters for chapter
4	32 of such Code is amended by striking the
5	item relating to subchapter E and inserting the
6	following new item:
	"SUBCHAPTER E. CERTAIN MEDICAL DEVICES AND PRESCRIPTION DRUGS".
7	(3) The table of sections for subchapter E of
8	chapter 32 of such Code is amended by adding at
9	the end the following new item:
	"Sec. 4192. Prescription drugs subject to price spikes.".
10	(4) Effective date.—The amendments made
11	by this section shall apply to sales after the date of
12	the enactment of this Act.
13	(c) Revenues Collected.—There are authorized
14	to be appropriated to the Secretary of Health and Human
15	Services such sums as are equal to any increase in revenue
16	to the Treasury by reason of the provisions of this section
17	or the amendments made by this section for the purposes
18	of—
19	(1) funding or conducting research on the eco-
20	nomic and policy implications of price patterns of
21	prescription drugs; or
22	(2) increasing amounts available to the Na-
23	tional Institutes of Health for research and develop-
24	ment of drugs.

1	SEC. 203. ACCELERATION OF THE CLOSING OF THE MEDI-
2	CARE PART D COVERAGE GAP.
3	(a) Reduction in Coinsurance.—Section 1860D—
4	2(b)(2) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395w-
5	102(b)(2)) is amended—
6	(1) in each of subclauses (II) and (III) of sub-
7	paragraph (C)(ii), by striking "2020" and inserting
8	"2018"; and
9	(2) in subparagraph (D)(ii)—
10	(A) in subclause (II), by inserting "and"
11	at the end; and
12	(B) by striking subclauses (III) through
13	(VI) and inserting the following:
14	"(III) 2018 is 100 percent.".
15	(b) Increase in Manufacturer Rebate.—Section
16	1860D–14A(g)(4)(A) of the Social Security Act (42
17	U.S.C. 1395w-114a(g)(4)(A)) is amended by inserting
18	"(or, for 2018 and subsequent years, 75 percent)" after
19	"50 percent".
20	SEC. 204. IMPORTING AFFORDABLE AND SAFE DRUGS.
21	(a) In General.—Section 804 of the Federal Food,
22	Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 384) is amended to
23	read as follows:

1	"SEC. 804. IMPORTATION OF SAFE AND AFFORDABLE
2	DRUGS BY WHOLESALE DISTRIBUTORS,
3	PHARMACIES, AND INDIVIDUALS.
4	"(a) In General.—Not later than 180 days after
5	the date of enactment of the Improving Access To Afford-
6	able Prescription Drugs Act, the Secretary shall promul-
7	gate regulations permitting the importation of qualifying
8	prescription drugs into the United States, in accordance
9	with this section.
10	"(b) Definitions.—For purposes of this section:
11	"(1) CERTIFIED FOREIGN SELLER.—The term
12	'certified foreign seller' means a licensed foreign
13	pharmacy or foreign wholesale distributor that the
14	Secretary certifies under subsection (d)(1)(B), that
15	pays the fee required under subsection $(d)(1)(C)$,
16	and that is included on the list described in sub-
17	section (c).
18	"(2) Foreign wholesale distributor.—
19	The term 'foreign wholesale distributor' means a
20	person (other than a manufacturer, a manufactur-
21	er's co-licensed partner, a third-party logistics pro-
22	vider, or a repackager) engaged in wholesale dis-
23	tribution.
24	"(3) Importer.—The term 'importer' means a
25	dispenser (as defined in section 581(3)) or wholesale
26	distributor registered under section 503(e) who im-

1	ports prescription drugs into the United States in
2	accordance with this section.
3	"(4) Licensed foreign pharmacy.—The
4	term 'licensed foreign pharmacy' means a pharmacy
5	located in Canada, or subject to subsection (e), an-
6	other applicable country, that—
7	"(A) operates in accordance with applica-
8	ble pharmacy standards set forth by the provin-
9	cial pharmacy rules and regulations enacted in
10	Canada, or, subject to subsection (e), such ap-
11	plicable rules and regulations of the permitted
12	country in which such seller is located; and
13	"(B) is licensed to operate and dispense
14	prescription drugs to individuals in Canada, or,
15	subject to subsection (e), the permitted country
16	in which the pharmacy is located.
17	"(5) QUALIFYING PRESCRIPTION DRUG.—The
18	term 'qualifying prescription drug'—
19	"(A) means a prescription drug that—
20	"(i) is approved for use in patients,
21	and marketed, in Canada, or subject to
22	subsection (e), approved for use in pa-
23	tients, and marketed, in another permitted
24	country;

1	"(ii) is manufactured in a facility reg-
2	istered under subsection $(b)(1)$ or (i) of
3	section 510 that is in compliance with good
4	manufacturing practices regulations of the
5	Food and Drug Administration;
6	"(iii) has the same active ingredient
7	or ingredients, route of administration, and
8	strength as a prescription drug approved
9	under chapter V, or, for purposes of sub-
10	paragraph (B)(iv), is biosimilar to an ap-
11	proved biological product and has the same
12	route of administration and strength as the
13	approved biological product; and
14	"(iv) is labeled in accordance with—
15	"(I) the laws of Canada, or an-
16	other country from which importation
17	is permitted pursuant to subsection
18	(e); and
19	$"(\Pi)$ the requirements promul-
20	gated by the Secretary, which shall in-
21	clude labeling in English;
22	"(B) with respect to importers only, in-
23	cludes—
24	"(i) peritoneal dialysis solution;
25	"(ii) insulin;

1	"(iii) a drug for which a risk evalua-
2	tion and mitigation strategy is required
3	under section 505–1;
4	"(iv) biological products, as defined in
5	section 351 of the Public Health Service
6	Act that are proteins (except any chemi-
7	cally synthesized polypeptides) or analo-
8	gous products; and
9	"(v) intravenously infused drugs; and
10	"(C) does not include—
11	"(i) a controlled substance (as defined
12	in section 102 of the Controlled Sub-
13	stances Act);
14	"(ii) an anesthetic drug inhaled dur-
15	ing surgery; or
16	"(iii) a compounded drug.
17	"(6) Valid prescription.—The term 'valid
18	prescription' means a prescription that is issued for
19	a legitimate medical purpose in the usual course of
20	professional practice by—
21	"(A) a practitioner who has conducted at
22	least one in-person medical evaluation of the
23	patient; or
24	"(B) a covering practitioner.

1	"(c) Publication of Certified Foreign Sell-
2	ERS.—The Secretary shall publish on a dedicated Internet
3	website a list of certified foreign sellers, including the
4	Internet website address, physical address, and telephone
5	number of each such certified foreign seller.
6	"(d) Additional Criteria.—
7	"(1) Certified foreign sellers.—
8	"(A) IN GENERAL.—To be a certified for-
9	eign seller, such seller shall—
10	"(i) be certified by the Secretary in
11	accordance with subparagraph (B);
12	"(ii) pay the registration fee estab-
13	lished under subparagraph (C); and
14	"(iii) sell only qualifying prescription
15	drugs to importers or individuals who im-
16	port prescription drugs into the United
17	States in accordance with this section.
18	"(B) Certification.—To be a certified
19	foreign seller, the Secretary shall certify that
20	such seller—
21	"(i) is a foreign wholesale distributor
22	or licensed foreign pharmacy operating an
23	establishment, which may include an online
24	foreign pharmacy, that is located in Can-

1	ada, or, subject to subsection (e), another
2	permitted country;
3	"(ii) is engaged in the distribution or
4	dispensing of a prescription drug that is
5	imported or offered for importation into
6	the United States;
7	"(iii) has been in existence for a pe-
8	riod of at least 5 years preceding the date
9	of such certification and has a purpose
10	other than to participate in the program
11	established under this section;
12	"(iv) in the case of a certified foreign
13	seller that is a licensed foreign pharmacy,
14	agrees to dispense a qualifying prescription
15	drug to an individual in the United States
16	only after receiving a valid prescription, as
17	described in paragraph (2)(C);
18	"(v) has processes established by the
19	seller, or participates in another estab-
20	lished process, to certify that the physical
21	premises and data reporting procedures
22	and licenses are in compliance with all ap-
23	plicable laws and regulations of Canada,
24	or, subject to subsection (e), the permitted
25	country in which the seller is located, and

1	has implemented policies designed to mon-
2	itor ongoing compliance with such laws
3	and regulations;
4	"(vi) conducts or commits to partici-
5	pate in ongoing and comprehensive quality
6	assurance programs and implements such
7	quality assurance measures, including
8	blind testing, to ensure the veracity and re-
9	liability of the findings of the quality as-
10	surance program;
11	"(vii) agrees that, pursuant to sub-
12	section (g), laboratories approved by the
13	Secretary may be authorized to conduct
14	product testing to determine the chemical
15	authenticity of sample pharmaceutical
16	products;
17	"(viii) agrees to notify the Secretary,
18	importers, and individuals of product re-
19	calls in Canada, or pursuant to subsection
20	(e), the permitted country in which the
21	seller is located, and agrees to cease, or re-
22	frain from, exporting such product;
23	"(ix) has established, or will establish
24	or participate in, a process for resolving
25	grievances, as defined by the Secretary,

1	and will be held accountable for violations
2	of established guidelines and rules;
3	"(x) except as otherwise permitted
4	under this section, does not sell products
5	that the seller could not otherwise legally
6	sell in Canada, or, subject to subsection
7	(e), the permitted country in which such
8	seller is located to customers in the United
9	States; and
10	"(xi) meets any other criteria estab-
11	lished by the Secretary.
12	"(C) CERTIFICATION FEE.—Not later than
13	30 days before the start of each fiscal year, the
14	Secretary shall establish a fee to be collected
15	from foreign sellers for such fiscal year that are
16	certified under subparagraph (B), in an amount
17	that is sufficient, and not more than necessary,
18	to pay the costs of administering the program
19	under this section, and enforcing this section
20	pursuant to section 303(h), for that fiscal year.
21	"(D) RECERTIFICATION.—A certification
22	under subparagraph (B) shall be in effect for a
23	period of 2 years, or until there is a material
24	change in the circumstances under which the
25	foreign seller meets the requirements under

1	such subparagraph, whichever occurs earlier. A
2	foreign seller may reapply for certification
3	under such subparagraph (B), in accordance
4	with a process established by the Secretary.
5	"(2) Individuals.—An individual may import
6	a qualifying prescription drug described in sub-
7	section (b) from Canada or another country pursu-
8	ant to subsection (e) if such drug—
9	"(A) is dispensed, including through an
10	online pharmacy, by a certified foreign seller
11	that is a licensed foreign pharmacy;
12	"(B) is purchased for personal use by the
13	individual, not for resale, in quantities that do
14	not exceed a 90-day supply; and
15	"(C) is filled only after providing to the li-
16	censed foreign pharmacy a valid prescription
17	issued by a health care practitioner licensed to
18	practice in a State in the United States.
19	"(e) Importation From Other Countries.—Be-
20	ginning on the date that is 2 years after the date on which
21	final regulations are promulgated to carry out this section,
22	if, based on a review of the evidence obtained after such
23	effective date, including the reports submitted under sec-
24	tion 2(d) of the Improving Access To Affordable Prescrip-
25	tion Drugs Act, that importation of qualifying prescrip-

1	tion drugs from Canada under this section resulted in cost
2	savings for consumers in the United States and increased
3	access to safe medication, the Secretary shall have the au-
4	thority to permit importation of qualifying prescription
5	drugs by importers and individuals from, in addition to
6	Canada, any country that—
7	"(1) is a member of the Organisation for Eco-
8	nomic Co-operation and Development; and
9	"(2) has statutory or regulatory standards for
10	the approval and sale of prescription drugs that are
11	comparable to the standards in the United States
12	and that—
13	"(A) authorizes the approval of drugs only
14	if a drug has been determined to be safe and
15	effective by experts employed by or acting on
16	behalf of a governmental entity and qualified by
17	scientific training and experience to evaluate
18	the safety and effectiveness of drugs;
19	"(B) requires that any determination of
20	safety and effectiveness described in subpara-
21	graph (A) be made on the basis of adequate
22	and well-controlled investigations, including
23	clinical investigations, as appropriate, con-
24	ducted by experts qualified by scientific training

1 and experience to evaluate the safety and effec-2 tiveness of drugs; "(C) requires the methods used in, and the 3 4 facilities and controls used for, the manufac-5 ture, processing, and packing of drugs in the 6 country to be adequate to preserve the identity, 7 quality, purity, and strength of the drugs; and 8 "(D) requires the reporting of adverse re-9 actions to drugs and establish procedures to re-10 call, and withdraw approval of, drugs found not 11 to be safe or effective. "(f) Labeling.—Any qualifying prescription drug 12 imported that meets the labeling requirements described in subsection (b)(5)(A)(iv) is deemed not misbranded for 14 15 purposes of section 502. 16 "(g) Drug Testing Laboratories.—The Secretary may approve one or more laboratories to conduct random testing of prescription drugs sold by certified for-18 eign sellers to assess the chemical authenticity of such 19 20 drugs. 21 "(h) Unfair and Discriminatory Acts and Prac-22 TICES.—It is unlawful for a manufacturer, directly or indi-23 rectly (including by being a party to a licensing agreement

or other agreement)—

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"(1) to discriminate by charging a higher price for a prescription drug sold to a certified foreign seller that sells such drug to an importer in accordance with this section than the price that is charged, inclusive of rebates or other incentives to the country from which the drug is exported, to another person that is in the same country and that does not import such a drug into the United States in accordance with this section;

"(2) except with respect to a prescription drug on the drug shortage list under section 506E, discriminate by denying, restricting, or delaying supplies of a prescription drug to a certified foreign seller, on account of such seller's status as a certified foreign seller, that sells such drug to an importer in accordance with this section, or by publicly, privately, or otherwise refusing to do business with such a certified foreign seller on account of such seller's status as a certified foreign seller;

"(3) cause there to be a difference (including a difference in active ingredient, route of administration, bioequivalence, strength, formulation, manufacturing establishment, manufacturing process, or person that manufactures the drug) between a prescription drug for distribution in the United States and

1	the drug for distribution in Canada or another per-
2	mitted country, subject to subsection (e), for the
3	purpose of avoiding sales by certified foreign sellers
4	or
5	"(4) except with respect to a prescription drug
6	on the drug shortage list under section 506E, en-
7	gage in any other action to restrict, prohibit, or
8	delay the importation of a prescription drug under
9	this section.
10	"(i) Information and Records.—
11	"(1) BIANNUAL REPORTS.—Each importer shall
12	submit biannual reports to the Secretary which shall
13	contain, for each qualifying prescription drug im-
14	ported into the United States—
15	"(A) the unique facility identifier of the
16	manufacturer of the drug, described in section
17	510;
18	"(B) the transaction information described
19	in section 581(26) (other than the information
20	described in subparagraph (C)); and
21	"(C) the price paid by the importer for the
22	drug.
23	"(2) Maintenance of Records by Sec-
24	RETARY.—The Secretary shall maintain information
25	and documentation submitted under paragraph (1)

for such period of time as the Secretary determines to be appropriate.

"(j) Suspension of Importation.—

"(1) Patterns of Noncompliance.—The Secretary shall require that importation of a specific qualifying prescription drug or importation by a specific certified foreign seller or importer pursuant to this section be immediately suspended if the Secretary determines that there is a pattern of importation of such specific drug or by such specific seller or importer that involves counterfeit drugs, drugs that have been recalled or withdrawn, or drugs in violation of any requirement of this section, until an investigation is completed and the Secretary determines that importation of such drug or by such seller or importer does not endanger the public health.

"(2) Temporary suspension.—The Secretary may require that importation of a specific qualifying prescription drug or importation by a specific certified foreign seller or importer pursuant to this section be temporarily suspended if, with respect to such drug, seller, or importer, there is a violation of any requirement of this section or if the Secretary determines that importation of such drug or by such seller or importer might endanger the public health.

Such temporary suspension shall apply until the Secretary completes an investigation and determines that importation of such drug or by such seller or importer does not endanger the public health.

"(k) SUPPLY CHAIN SECURITY.—

"(1) Purchase from registered facilities and certified foreign sellers.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subparagraph (B), certified foreign sellers who sell qualifying prescription drugs for importation into the United States pursuant to this section may purchase such drugs only from manufacturers or entities registered under section 510 or other certified foreign sellers.

"(B) EXCEPTION.—Certified foreign sellers who sell qualifying prescription drugs for importation into the United States pursuant to this section may purchase such drugs from foreign sellers in Canada or another permitted country, even if such foreign seller is not a manufacturer registered under section 510 or a certified foreign seller, if the Secretary enters into a memorandum of understanding or cooperative agreement with Canada, or such other permitted country, to ensure compliance, to the

2 H of chapter V. The Secretary shall seek to 3 enter into such a memorandum of under-

extent appropriate and feasible, with subchapter

4 standing or cooperative agreement with Canada and each country from which importation is

6 permitted under subsection (e).

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7 "(2) Importation tracing.—Certified foreign 8 sellers shall provide importers with the unique facil-9 ity identifier associated with the manufacturer reg-10 istered under section 510 of the qualifying prescription drug and the information under paragraph 12 (25), paragraph (26) (other than subparagraph (C)), 13 and subparagraphs (D), (F), and (G) of paragraph 14 (27) of section 581. Certified foreign sellers shall 15 provide such information to individuals purchasing 16 such drugs, upon request.

17 "(1) REMs.—In the case of an importer that imports 18 a qualifying prescription drug, where the drug with the 19 same active ingredient or ingredients (or that is biosimilar to an approved biological product), route of administra-20 21 tion, and strength that is approved under chapter V or 22 section 351 of the Public Health Service Act is subject 23 to elements to assure safe use under section 505–1, such importer shall be subject to such elements to assure safe

use, as applicable and appropriate.

- 1 "(m) Construction.—Nothing in this section limits
- 2 the authority of the Secretary relating to the importation
- 3 of prescription drugs, other than with respect to section
- 4 801(d)(1) as provided in this section.".
- 5 (b) Penalties With Respect to Online Phar-
- 6 Macies.—Section 303 of the Federal Food, Drug, and
- 7 Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 333) is amended by adding at
- 8 the end the following:
- 9 "(h) In the case of person operating an Internet
- 10 website, whether in the United States or in another coun-
- 11 try, that violates section 301(aa) by—
- "(1) selling, by means of the Internet, with the
- intent to defraud or mislead or with reckless dis-
- regard for safety of the public, an adulterated or
- 15 counterfeit drug to an individual in the United
- 16 States; or
- 17 "(2) dispenses, by means of the Internet, a
- drug to an individual in the United States who the
- 19 person knows or has reasonable cause to believe,
- does not possess a valid prescription for that drug,
- 21 such person shall be imprisoned for not more than
- 22 10 years or fined not more than \$250,000.".
- (c) No Preemption.—Nothing in this section, in-
- 24 cluding the amendments made by this section, shall be
- 25 construed to preempt, alter, displace, abridge, or supplant

- 1 any remedy available under any State or Federal law, in-
- 2 cluding common law, that provides a remedy for civil re-
- 3 lief.

4 (d) Reports.—

- (1) HHS.—Not later than 1 year after the date on which final regulations are promulgated to carry out section 804 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 384), as amended by subsection (a), and every 2 years thereafter, the Secretary of Health and Human Services, after consultation with appropriate Federal agencies, shall submit to Congress and make public a report on the importation of drugs into the United States.
 - (2) GAO REPORT.—Not later than 18 months after the date on which final regulations are promulgated to carry out section 804 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 384), as amended by subsection (a), the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to Congress a report containing an analysis of the implementation of the amendments made by this section, including a review of drug safety and cost-savings and expenses, including cost-savings to consumers in the United States and trans-shipment and importation tracing processes, resulting from such implementation.

1	SEC. 205. REQUIRING DRUG MANUFACTURERS TO PROVIDE
2	DRUG REBATES FOR DRUGS DISPENSED TO
3	LOW-INCOME INDIVIDUALS.
4	(a) In General.—Section 1860D–2 of the Social
5	Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395w–102) is amended—
6	(1) in subsection (e)(1), in the matter preceding
7	subparagraph (A), by inserting "and subsection (f)"
8	after "this subsection"; and
9	(2) by adding at the end the following new sub-
10	section:
11	"(f) Prescription Drug Rebate Agreement for
12	REBATE ELIGIBLE INDIVIDUALS.—
13	"(1) Requirement.—
14	"(A) In general.—For plan years begin-
15	ning on or after January 1, 2019, in this part,
16	the term 'covered part D drug' does not include
17	any drug or biological product that is manufac-
18	tured by a manufacturer that has not entered
19	into and have in effect a rebate agreement de-
20	scribed in paragraph (2).
21	"(B) 2018 PLAN YEAR REQUIREMENT.—
22	Any drug or biological product manufactured by
23	a manufacturer that declines to enter into a re-
24	bate agreement described in paragraph (2) for
25	the period beginning on January 1, 2018, and
26	ending on December 31, 2018, shall not be in-

cluded as a 'covered part D drug' for the subsequent plan year.

"(2) Rebate agreement.—A rebate agreement under this subsection shall require the manufacturer to provide to the Secretary a rebate for each rebate period (as defined in paragraph (6)(B)) ending after December 31, 2017, in the amount specified in paragraph (3) for any covered part D drug of the manufacturer dispensed after December 31, 2017, to any rebate eligible individual (as defined in paragraph (6)(A)) for which payment was made by a PDP sponsor or MA organization under this part for such period, including payments passed through the low-income and reinsurance subsidies under sections 1860D–14 and 1860D–15(b), respectively. Such rebate shall be paid by the manufacturer to the Secretary not later than 30 days after the date of receipt of the information described in section 1860D–12(b)(7), including as such section is applied under section 1857(f)(3), or 30 days after the receipt of information under subparagraph (D) of paragraph (3), as determined by the Secretary. Insofar as not inconsistent with this subsection, the Secretary shall establish terms and conditions of such agreement relating to compliance, penalties,

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1	and program evaluations, investigations, and audits
2	that are similar to the terms and conditions for re-
3	bate agreements under paragraphs (3) and (4) of
4	section 1927(b).
5	"(3) Rebate for rebate eligible medicare
6	DRUG PLAN ENROLLEES.—
7	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The amount of the re-
8	bate specified under this paragraph for a manu-
9	facturer for a rebate period, with respect to
10	each dosage form and strength of any covered
11	part D drug provided by such manufacturer
12	and dispensed to a rebate eligible individual,
13	shall be equal to the product of—
14	"(i) the total number of units of such
15	dosage form and strength of the drug so
16	provided and dispensed for which payment
17	was made by a PDP sponsor or an MA or-
18	ganization under this part for the rebate
19	period, including payments passed through
20	the low-income and reinsurance subsidies
21	under sections $1860D-14$ and $1860D-$
22	15(b), respectively; and
23	"(ii) the amount (if any) by which—
24	"(I) the Medicaid rebate amount
25	(as defined in subparagraph (B)) for

1	such form, strength, and period; ex-
2	ceeds
3	"(II) the average Medicare drug
4	program rebate eligible rebate amount
5	(as defined in subparagraph (C)) for
6	such form, strength, and period.
7	"(B) Medicaid rebate amount.—For
8	purposes of this paragraph, the term 'Medicaid
9	rebate amount' means, with respect to each
10	dosage form and strength of a covered part D
11	drug provided by the manufacturer for a rebate
12	period—
13	"(i) in the case of a single source
14	drug or an innovator multiple source drug,
15	the amount specified in paragraph
16	(1)(A)(ii)(II) or $(2)(C)$ of section $1927(c)$
17	plus the amount, if any, specified in sub-
18	paragraph (A)(ii) of paragraph (2) of such
19	section, for such form, strength, and pe-
20	riod; or
21	"(ii) in the case of any other covered
22	outpatient drug, the amount specified in
23	paragraph (3)(A)(i) of such section for
24	such form, strength, and period.

1	"(C) Average medicare drug program
2	REBATE ELIGIBLE REBATE AMOUNT.—For pur-
3	poses of this subsection, the term 'average
4	Medicare drug program rebate eligible rebate
5	amount' means, with respect to each dosage
6	form and strength of a covered part D drug
7	provided by a manufacturer for a rebate period,
8	the sum, for all PDP sponsors under part D
9	and MA organizations administering an MA-
10	PD plan under part C, of—
11	"(i) the product, for each such spon-
12	sor or organization, of—
13	"(I) the sum of all rebates, dis-
14	counts, or other price concessions (not
15	taking into account any rebate pro-
16	vided under paragraph (2) or any dis-
17	counts under the program under sec-
18	tion 1860D–14A) for such dosage
19	form and strength of the drug dis-
20	pensed, calculated on a per-unit basis,
21	but only to the extent that any such
22	rebate, discount, or other price con-
23	cession applies equally to drugs dis-
24	pensed to rebate eligible Medicare
25	drug plan enrollees and drugs dis-

1	pensed to PDP and MA-PD enrollees
2	who are not rebate eligible individuals;
3	and
4	"(II) the number of the units of
5	such dosage and strength of the drug
6	dispensed during the rebate period to
7	rebate eligible individuals enrolled in
8	the prescription drug plans adminis-
9	tered by the PDP sponsor or the MA-
10	PD plans administered by the MA or-
11	ganization; divided by
12	"(ii) the total number of units of such
13	dosage and strength of the drug dispensed
14	during the rebate period to rebate eligible
15	individuals enrolled in all prescription drug
16	plans administered by PDP sponsors and
17	all MA-PD plans administered by MA or-
18	ganizations.
19	"(D) Use of estimates.—The Secretary
20	may establish a methodology for estimating the
21	average Medicare drug program rebate eligible
22	rebate amounts for each rebate period based on
23	bid and utilization information under this part
24	and may use these estimates as the basis for
25	determining the rebates under this section. If

1	the Secretary elects to estimate the average
2	Medicare drug program rebate eligible rebate
3	amounts, the Secretary shall establish a rec-
4	onciliation process for adjusting manufacturer
5	rebate payments not later than 3 months after
6	the date that manufacturers receive the infor-
7	mation collected under section 1860D-
8	12(b)(7)(B).
9	"(4) Length of agreement.—The provisions
10	of paragraph (4) of section 1927(b) (other than
11	clauses (iv) and (v) of subparagraph (B)) shall apply
12	to rebate agreements under this subsection in the
13	same manner as such paragraph applies to a rebate
14	agreement under such section.
15	"(5) OTHER TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—The
16	Secretary shall establish other terms and conditions
17	of the rebate agreement under this subsection, in-
18	cluding terms and conditions related to compliance,
19	that are consistent with this subsection.
20	"(6) Definitions.—In this subsection and sec-
21	tion 1860D-12(b)(7):
22	"(A) REBATE ELIGIBLE INDIVIDUAL.—The
23	term 'rebate eligible individual' means—
24	"(i) a subsidy eligible individual (as
25	defined in section $1860D-14(a)(3)(A)$:

1	"(ii) a Medicaid beneficiary treated as
2	a subsidy eligible individual under clause
3	(v) of section $1860D-14(a)(3)(B)$; and
4	"(iii) any part D eligible individual
5	not described in clause (i) or (ii) who is de-
6	termined for purposes of the State plan
7	under title XIX to be eligible for medical
8	assistance under clause (i), (iii), or (iv) of
9	section 1902(a)(10)(E).
10	"(B) Rebate Period.—The term rebate
11	period' has the meaning given such term in sec-
12	tion 1927(k)(8).".
13	(b) Reporting Requirement for the Deter-
14	MINATION AND PAYMENT OF REBATES BY MANUFACTUR-
15	ERS RELATED TO REBATE FOR REBATE ELIGIBLE MEDI-
16	CARE DRUG PLAN ENROLLEES.—
17	(1) Requirements for PDP sponsors.—Sec-
18	tion 1860D–12(b) of the Social Security Act (42
19	U.S.C. 1395w-112(b)) is amended by adding at the
20	end the following new paragraph:
21	"(7) Reporting requirement for the de-
22	TERMINATION AND PAYMENT OF REBATES BY MANU-
23	FACTURERS RELATED TO REBATE FOR REBATE ELI-
24	GIBLE MEDICARE DRUG PLAN ENROLLEES.—

1	"(A) In General.—For purposes of the
2	rebate under section 1860D–2(f) for contract
3	years beginning on or after January 1, 2019,
4	each contract entered into with a PDP sponsor
5	under this part with respect to a prescription
6	drug plan shall require that the sponsor comply
7	with subparagraphs (B) and (C).
8	"(B) Report form and contents.—Not
9	later than a date specified by the Secretary, a
10	PDP sponsor of a prescription drug plan under
11	this part shall report to each manufacturer—
12	"(i) information (by National Drug
13	Code number) on the total number of units
14	of each dosage, form, and strength of each
15	drug of such manufacturer dispensed to re-
16	bate eligible Medicare drug plan enrollees
17	under any prescription drug plan operated
18	by the PDP sponsor during the rebate pe-
19	riod;
20	"(ii) information on the price dis-
21	counts, price concessions, and rebates for
22	such drugs for such form, strength, and
23	period;
24	"(iii) information on the extent to
25	which such price discounts, price conces-

1	sions, and rebates apply equally to rebate
2	eligible Medicare drug plan enrollees and
3	PDP enrollees who are not rebate eligible
4	Medicare drug plan enrollees; and
5	"(iv) any additional information that
6	the Secretary determines is necessary to
7	enable the Secretary to calculate the aver-
8	age Medicare drug program rebate eligible
9	rebate amount (as defined in paragraph
10	(3)(C) of such section), and to determine
11	the amount of the rebate required under
12	this section, for such form, strength, and
13	period.
14	Such report shall be in a form consistent with
15	a standard reporting format established by the
16	Secretary.
17	"(C) Submission to Secretary.—Each
18	PDP sponsor shall promptly transmit a copy of
19	the information reported under subparagraph
20	(B) to the Secretary for the purpose of audit
21	oversight and evaluation.
22	"(D) Confidentiality of Informa-
23	TION.—The provisions of subparagraph (D) of
24	section 1927(b)(3), relating to confidentiality of
25	information, shall apply to information reported

1	by PDP sponsors under this paragraph in the
2	same manner that such provisions apply to in-
3	formation disclosed by manufacturers or whole-
4	salers under such section, except—
5	"(i) that any reference to 'this sec-
6	tion' in clause (i) of such subparagraph
7	shall be treated as being a reference to this
8	section;
9	"(ii) the reference to the Director of
10	the Congressional Budget Office in clause
11	(iii) of such subparagraph shall be treated
12	as including a reference to the Medicare
13	Payment Advisory Commission; and
14	"(iii) clause (iv) of such subparagraph
15	shall not apply.
16	"(E) Oversight.—Information reported
17	under this paragraph may be used by the In-
18	spector General of the Department of Health
19	and Human Services for the statutorily author-
20	ized purposes of audit, investigation, and eval-
21	uations.
22	"(F) Penalties for failure to pro-
23	VIDE TIMELY INFORMATION AND PROVISION OF
24	FALSE INFORMATION.—In the case of a PDF
25	sponsor—

1	"(i) that fails to provide information
2	required under subparagraph (B) on a
3	timely basis, the sponsor is subject to a
4	civil money penalty in the amount of
5	\$10,000 for each day in which such infor-
6	mation has not been provided; or
7	"(ii) that knowingly (as defined in
8	section 1128A(i)) provides false informa-
9	tion under such subparagraph, the sponsor
10	is subject to a civil money penalty in an
11	amount not to exceed \$100,000 for each
12	item of false information.
13	Such civil money penalties are in addition to
14	other penalties as may be prescribed by law.
15	The provisions of section 1128A (other than
16	subsections (a) and (b)) shall apply to a civil
17	money penalty under this subparagraph in the
18	same manner as such provisions apply to a pen-
19	alty or proceeding under section 1128A(a).".
20	(2) Application to ma organizations.—Sec-
21	tion 1857(f)(3) of the Social Security Act (42
22	U.S.C. 1395w-27(f)(3)) is amended by adding at
23	the end the following:
24	"(D) REPORTING REQUIREMENT RELATED
25	TO REBATE FOR REBATE ELIGIBLE MEDICARE

1	DRUG PLAN ENROLLEES.—Section 1860D-
2	12(b)(7).".
3	(c) Deposit of Rebates Into Medicare Pre-
4	SCRIPTION DRUG ACCOUNT.—Section 1860D–16(c) of the
5	Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395w-116(c)) is amended
6	by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
7	"(6) Rebate for rebate eligible medicare
8	DRUG PLAN ENROLLEES.—Amounts paid under a re-
9	bate agreement under section 1860D-2(f) shall be
10	deposited into the Account.".
11	(d) Exclusion From Determination of Best
12	PRICE AND AVERAGE MANUFACTURER PRICE UNDER
13	Medicaid.—
14	(1) Exclusion from Best Price Determina-
15	TION.—Section 1927(c)(1)(C)(ii)(I) of the Social Se-
16	curity Act (42 U.S.C. 1396r-8(e)(1)(C)(ii)(I)) is
17	amended by inserting "and amounts paid under a
18	rebate agreement under section 1860D-2(f)" after
19	"this section".
20	(2) Exclusion from average manufac-
21	TURER PRICE DETERMINATION.—Section
22	1927(k)(1)(B)(i) of the Social Security Act (42
23	U.S.C. 1396r-8(k)(1)(B)(i)) is amended—
24	(A) in subclause (IV), by striking "and"
25	after the semicolon;

1	(B) in subclause (V), by striking the period
2	at the end and inserting "; and"; and
3	(C) by adding at the end the following:
4	"(VI) amounts paid under a re-
5	bate agreement under section 1860D-
6	2(f).".
7	SEC. 206. CAP ON PRESCRIPTION DRUG COST-SHARING.
8	(a) Qualified Health Plans.—Section 1302(c) of
9	the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (42
10	U.S.C. 18022(c)) is amended—
11	(1) in paragraph (3)(A)(i), by inserting "(in-
12	cluding cost-sharing with respect to prescription
13	drugs covered by the plan)" after "copayments";
14	and
15	(2) by adding at the end the following:
16	"(5) Prescription drug cost-sharing.—
17	"(A) 2019.—For plan years beginning in
18	2019 or later, the cost-sharing incurred under
19	a health plan with respect to prescription drugs
20	covered by the plan shall not exceed \$250 per
21	month for each enrolled individual, or \$500 for
22	each family.
23	$^{\prime\prime}(\mathrm{B})~2020$ and later.—
24	"(i) IN GENERAL.—In the case of any
25	plan vear beginning in a calendar vear

1 after 2019, the limitation under this para-2 graph shall be equal to the applicable dol-3 lar amount under subparagraph (A) for 4 plan years beginning in 2019, increased by an amount equal to the product of that 6 amount and the medical care component of 7 the consumer price index for all urban con-8 sumers (as published by the Bureau of 9 Labor Statistics) for that year.

- "(ii) Adjustment to amount.—If the amount of any increase under clause (i) is not a multiple of \$5, such increase shall be rounded to the next lowest multiple of \$5.".
- 15 (b) GROUP HEALTH PLANS.—Section 2707(b) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300gg–6(b)) is 17 amended by striking "paragraph (1) of section 1302(c)" 18 and inserting "paragraphs (1) and (5) of section 1302(c) 19 of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act".
- 20 (c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by 21 subsections (a) and (b) shall take effect with respect to 22 the first plan year that begins after the date on which 23 initial reports are required to be submitted under section 24 399V–7(c)(3) of the Public Health Service Act, as added 25 by section 101.

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1 TITLE III—INNOVATION

2	SEC. 301. PRIZE FUND FOR NEW AND MORE EFFECTIVE
3	TREATMENTS OF BACTERIAL INFECTIONS.
4	Part B of title IV of the Public Health Service Act
5	(42 U.S.C. 284 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end
6	the following:
7	"SEC. 409K. PRIZE FUND FOR NEW AND MORE EFFECTIVE
8	TREATMENTS OF BACTERIAL INFECTIONS.
9	"(a) Establishment of Fund.—There is hereby
10	established in the Treasury of the United States a revolv-
11	ing fund to be known as the 'Antibiotics Prize Fund',
12	which shall consist of funds transferred under subsection
13	(b).
14	"(b) Amounts Credited to the Fund.—There
15	are hereby authorized to be appropriated, and appro-
16	priated, to the Antibiotics Prize Fund, for fiscal year
17	2018, out of any monies in the Treasury not otherwise
18	appropriated, \$2,000,000,000. Such funds shall remain
19	available until expended.
20	"(c) AWARDS.—
21	"(1) In general.—During the 10-year period
22	following the date of enactment of the Improving
23	Access To Affordable Prescription Drugs Act, the
24	Director of the NIH, in accordance with the criteria

1	under subsection (d) and the goals under subsection
2	(e), shall award—
3	"(A) up to 3 prizes for qualifying products
4	that provide added benefit for patients over ex-
5	isting therapies in the treatment of serious and
6	life-threatening bacterial infections dem-
7	onstrating in superiority trials; and
8	"(B) award open source dividend prizes for
9	contributions that significantly advance the
10	field of antibiotic research with openly sourced
11	materials, technology, data, and knowledge.
12	"(2) Award amount requirements.—No
13	more than 5 percent of the amount available in the
14	Antibiotics Prize Fund shall be dedicated to open
15	source dividend prizes.
16	"(d) Criteria and Structure of Prizes.—
17	"(1) Establishment of Criteria.—Not later
18	than 120 days after the date of enactment of the
19	Improving Access To Affordable Prescription Drugs
20	Act, the Director of NIH shall establish criteria for
21	the selection of recipients and eligibility of persons
22	for prizes under this section and criteria for deter-
23	mining the amounts of such prizes, through notice
24	and comment rulemaking.

- "(2) Considerations in Establishing Criteria for Qualifying Products.—In establishing the criteria for selection of recipients and amounts of prizes under paragraph (1), the Director of NIH, in consultation with other agencies as appropriate, shall consider the following:
 - "(A) The number of patients in the United States and in other countries who would benefit from the qualifying product that treats a serious or life-threatening bacterial infection, and the number of patients in the United States and in other countries projected to benefit during the upcoming 10-year period.
 - "(B) Whether the qualifying product treats, or has the potential to treat, a serious or life-threatening bacterial infection for which no other treatment is currently available or for which there is a high threat of resistance to existing treatments.
 - "(C) The incremental and additional therapeutic benefit to human in the United States and other countries of the qualifying product as compared to other treatments available to treat the bacterial infection, evaluating the incre-

1 mental therapeutic benefit in comparison to 2 treatments that were not recently developed.

- "(D) The transmissibility of the bacterial infection the qualifying product would treat, and barriers to prevention of that infection.
- "(E) The extent to which knowledge, data, materials, and technology that are openly sourced have contributed to the successful development of new treatments that provide an added benefit to patients, such as decreasing mortality or irreversible morbidity on patient-centered outcomes, significantly advancing the field of antibiotic research, or improving processes for manufacturing products used for the treatment.
- "(F) Other criteria that the Director of NIH determines to be relevant and useful in ensuring that the prizes provide appropriate incentives.
- "(3) CRITERIA FOR OPEN SOURCE DIVIDEND PRIZES.—An open source dividend prize under this section shall reward persons that openly shared on a royalty-free, not-for-profit and non-discriminatory basis, materials, technology, data, and knowledge that contribute in a significant way to the successful

1	development of a qualifying product or significantly
2	advanced the field of antibiotic research.
3	"(e) Goals.—With respect to each year for which the
4	Director of NIH awards prizes under subsection (c), the
5	Director of NIH shall establish a framework of goals that
6	a qualifying product or contribution that significantly ad-
7	vances the field of antibiotic research is required to show
8	promise to help meet in order for a person to be eligible
9	to receive a prize with respect to such product or such
10	contribution. Such goals may include—
11	"(1) reduced hospital admissions or readmis-
12	sions;
13	"(2) use of diagnostics prior to prescribing of
14	drugs; and
15	"(3) use of innovative programs for antibiotic
16	stewardship.
17	"(f) Condition on Receipt of Prize.—
18	"(1) In general.—Each prize for a qualifying
19	product offered under this section shall be condi-
20	tioned on the following:
21	"(A) The recipient shall agree to offer the
22	qualifying product at a reasonable price as de-
23	scribed in paragraph (3).
24	"(B) Subject to applicable patient privacy
25	protections, the recipient shall agree to publicly

1	disclose all pre-clinical and clinical trial data
2	with respect to the qualifying product.
3	"(C) The recipient shall agree to submit to
4	the Director of NIH, for review and approval
5	by such director, in collaboration with the Com-
6	missioner of Food and Drugs and the Director
7	of the Centers for Disease Control and Preven-
8	tion, all marketing, sales, and other promotional
9	and educational activities associated with the
10	qualifying product, to ensure that such activi-
11	ties align with, and advance the goals of, re-
12	source conserving stewardship, protecting the
13	utility of antibiotics, and encouraging and en-
14	suring the correct use of antibiotics.
15	"(D) The recipient shall irrevocably
16	waive—
17	"(i) all periods of exclusivity available
18	to the product under chapter V of the Fed-
19	eral Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act or sec-
20	tion 351 of this Act; and
21	"(ii) all applicable patent rights under
22	title 35, United States Code.
23	"(E) Any other conditions the Director of
24	NIH determines appropriate.

1	"(2) Applicability.—All conditions described
2	in paragraph (1) shall apply to subsequent owners,
3	licensees, producers, and manufacturers, and assign-
4	ees of the product or any chemical component of the
5	qualifying product for which the prize was awarded.
6	"(3) Reasonable price.—
7	"(A) In general.—A recipient may sat-
8	isfy the requirement to offer a qualifying prod-
9	uct or contribution at a 'reasonable price' for
10	purposes of paragraph (1)(A) by—
11	"(i)(I) providing open licensing of all
12	necessary rights to patents, manufacturing
13	processes, rights in data, and other intel-
14	lectual property rights needed to make and
15	sell the product to manufacturers of the
16	generic version of such product; or
17	"(II) selling such product at a price
18	that is no more than twice the price of an-
19	tibiotic drugs approved under section
20	505(j) of the Federal Food, Drug, and
21	Cosmetic Act with similar manufacturing
22	costs; and
23	"(ii) selling such product at a price
24	that is not higher than the median price
25	charged, at the time of such sale, in the

1	applicable 7 countries, as determined
2	under in subparagraph (B).
3	"(B) Criteria.—For purposes of subpara-
4	graph (A)(ii), the Director of NIH shall iden-
5	tify, on an annual basis, the countries that have
6	a per capita income that is not less than half
7	the per capita income of the United States, se-
8	lect the 7 of such countries that have the larg-
9	est gross domestic product, and determine the
10	median price charged for each qualifying prod-
11	uct for which an award has been granted under
12	subsection (e).
13	"(g) Enforcement.—If the prize recipient, or sub-
14	sequent owner, licensee, or assignee of the qualifying prod-
15	uct, does not fulfill the conditions described subsection
16	(f)(1), the Secretary, in collaboration with the Attorney
17	General, shall take all necessary action to clawback the
18	prize.
19	"(h) Transparency.—With respect to each prize
20	awarded under this section, the Director of NIH shall
21	make public—
22	"(1) the methodology used and criteria analyzed
23	in determining the prize recipient; and
24	"(2) a complete analysis of the recipient's ful-
25	fillment of award conditions under subsection (e)(1).

"(i) QUALIFYING PRODUCT.—For purposes of this 1 2 section, the term 'qualifying product' means a drug (as defined in section 201(g) of the Federal Food, Drug, and 3 4 Cosmetic Act) subject to section 503(b)(1) of the Federal 5 Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act. 6 "(i) STUDY.— "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Director of NIH shall 7 8 seek to enter into an agreement with the National 9 Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine to 10 conduct a study to examine— "(A) the use of innovation inducement 11 12 prize funds and push financing mechanisms as 13 ways to stimulate investments in biomedical re-14 search and development that de-links costs from 15 product prices; "(B) models of different possible means of 16 17 de-linking research and development costs from 18 drug prices, including the replacement of the 19 monopoly on new products as an incentive, with 20 innovation inducement prize funds and push fi-21 nancing mechanisms as new incentives to stim-22 ulate the development of drugs, including drugs 23 to treat bacterial infections, rare diseases, HIV/ 24 AIDS, and cancer; and

1	"(C) the size of prizes awarded under this
2	section and the effectiveness of such prizes in
3	stimulating innovation.
4	"(2) Authorization of appropriations.—
5	For the purpose of carrying out this subsection,
6	there are authorized to be appropriated, and there
7	are appropriated, \$3,000,000 for fiscal year 2018.
8	Such funds shall remain available until expended.".
9	SEC. 302. PUBLIC FUNDING FOR CLINICAL TRIALS.
10	(a) In General.—Part E of title IV of the Public
11	Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 287 et seq.) is amended
12	by adding at the end the following:
13	"Subpart 6—Center for Clinical Research
14	"SEC. 485E. CENTER FOR CLINICAL RESEARCH.
15	"(a) In General.—There is established within the
16	National Institutes of Health the Center for Clinical Re-
17	search, for the purpose of conducting clinical trials on
18	drugs, as described in subsection (b), with the intention
19	of obtaining approval of such drug under section 505 of
20	the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act or section 351
21	of this Act. The Director of NIH shall appoint a Director
22	of the Center for Clinical Research referred to in this sec-
	tion as the 'Director') not later than 90 days after the

24 date of enactment of the Improving Access To Affordable

25 Prescription Drugs Act.

"(b) CLINICAL TRIALS.— 1 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Each year, beginning not 2 3 later than 1 year after the date of enactment of the 4 Improving Access To Affordable Prescription Drugs 5 Act, the Director shall select at least 2 molecules, 6 compounds, drugs, or biological products and con-7 duct clinical trials on such molecules, compounds, 8 drugs, or biological products, or enter into contracts 9 with other entities to conduct such clinical trials. 10 "(2) Selection of drugs.— "(A) Criteria.—The Director shall estab-11 12 lish criteria, which shall be made public, for ac-13 quiring the patent rights for, and selecting, 14 drugs under paragraph (1) to ensure that the 15 drugs selected for clinical trials through the 16 Center— 17 "(i) have the potential to address an 18 existing or emerging need, including drugs 19 that can be repurposed to treat a new con-

dition in the case of a national emergency; and

"(ii) are not solely drugs that private sector researchers with access to all available information on such drugs chose not to develop.

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1	"(B) Process.—The Director shall secure
2	all patent rights to each drug selected under
3	paragraph (1), as applicable, and perform the
4	clinical trials at NIH or subcontract with an-
5	other entity to conduct the clinical trials.
6	"(c) Treatment of Approved Drugs.—If a drug
7	for which clinical trials have been conducted by the Center
8	for Clinical Research is approved by the Food and Drug
9	Administration under section 505 of the Federal Food,
10	Drug, and Cosmetic Act or section 351 of this Act, the
11	Director shall—
12	"(1) execute non-exclusive licenses to allow
13	drug manufacturers to manufacture the drug; or
14	"(2) in collaboration with other Federal agen-
15	cies as appropriate, enter into purchasing contracts.
16	"(d) Public Information.—
17	"(1) Research data and findings.—Subject
18	to applicable patient privacy protections, the Sec-
19	retary shall—
20	"(A)(i) submit all completed studies (and
21	terminated studies, if terminated for safety or
22	ethical reasons) for publication in a peer-re-
23	viewed publication within 180 days of comple-
24	tion or termination: and

"(ii) if a study submitted as described in 1 2 clause (i) is not selected for publication, publicly disclose all de-identified primary clinical 3 4 data not later than 180 days after the Sec-5 retary's final decision not to pursue further 6 submissions for publication; and 7 "(B) publicly disclose all de-identified pri-8 mary clinical data upon publication of a study 9 as described in subparagraph (A)(i). 10 "(2) FINANCIAL INFORMATION.—The Director 11 shall make public all costs to the Federal Govern-12 ment associated with carrying out clinical trials by 13 the Center for Clinical Research and with sub-14 contract agreements under this section. 15 "(e) Definition.—In this section, the term 'drug' has the meaning given such term in section 201(g) of the 16 17 Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act. 18 "(f) APPROPRIATIONS.—For the purpose of carrying 19 out this section, in addition to any other funds available

for such purpose, there are authorized to be appropriated,

and there are appropriated, \$1,000,000,000 for each of

fiscal years 2017 through 2027, to remain available until

expended.".

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1	(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—Section 401(b) of the
2	Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 281(b)) is amend-
3	ed—
4	(1) by redesignating paragraph (25) as para-
5	graph (26); and
6	(2) by inserting after paragraph (24) the fol-
7	lowing:
8	"(25) The Center for Clinical Research.".
9	SEC. 303. REWARDING INNOVATIVE DRUG DEVELOPMENT.
10	(a) Drug Exclusivity.—
11	(1) New Chemical entity exclusivity.—
12	(A) In General.—Section $505(j)(5)$ of
13	the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21
14	U.S.C. $355(j)(5)$ is amended—
15	(i) in subparagraph (B)—
16	(I) in clause (i), by inserting "ex-
17	cept that such approval may not be
18	made effective before the date that is
19	5 years after the date on which the
20	drug to which the application refers
21	was approved under subsection (c)"
22	before the period; and
23	(II) in clause (ii), by inserting
24	"except that such approval may not
25	he made effective before the date that

1	is 5 years after the date on which the
2	drug to which the application refers
3	was approved under subsection (c)"
4	before the period; and
5	(ii) in subparagraph (F)(ii)—
6	(I) by striking "expiration of five
7	years" and inserting "expiration of 3
8	years";
9	(II) by striking ", except that
10	such an application may be submitted
11	under this subsection after the expira-
12	tion of four years from the date of the
13	approval of the subsection (b) applica-
14	tion if it contains a certification of
15	patent invalidity or noninfringement
16	described in subclause (IV) of para-
17	graph (2)(A)(vii)"; and
18	(III) by striking "seven and one-
19	half years" and inserting "6 and one-
20	half years".
21	(B) Conforming amendments.—Chapter
22	V of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act
23	(21 U.S.C. 351 et seq.) is amended—
24	(i) in subsection $(v)(2)(A)(i)(II)$ of
25	section 505, by inserting "the 3-year exclu-

1	sivity period referred to" before "under
2	clause (ii) of subsection (j)(5)(F)";
3	(ii) in subsections $(b)(1)(A)(i)(I)$ and
4	(e)(1)(A)(i)(I) of section $505A$ —
5	(I) by striking "five years" each
6	place such term appears and inserting
7	"3 years";
8	(II) by striking "seven and one-
9	half years" each place such term ap-
10	pears and inserting "6 and one-half
11	years''; and
12	(III) by striking "eight years"
13	each place such term appears and in-
14	serting "7 years"; and
15	(iii) in section 505E, by striking "the
16	4- and 5-year periods described in sub-
17	sections $(c)(3)(E)(ii)$ and $(j)(5)(F)(ii)$ of
18	section 505, the 3-year periods described
19	in clauses (iii) and (iv) of subsection
20	(e)(3)(E) and clauses (iii) and (iv) of sub-
21	section $(j)(5)(F)$ " and inserting "the 4-
22	and 5-year periods described in subsection
23	(c)(3)(E)(ii) of section 505, the 3-year pe-
24	riods described in clauses (iii) and (iv) of

1 subsection (c)(3)(E) and clauses (ii), (iii), 2 and (iv) of subsection (j)(5)(F)"; 3 (2)NEW CLINICAL INVESTIGATION EXCLU-4 SIVITY.—Section 505(c)(3)(E)(iv) of the Federal 5 Food. Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21U.S.C. 6 355(c)(3)(E)(iv) is amended by inserting ", and the 7 supplement shows a significant clinical benefit over 8 existing therapies manufactured by the applicant in 9 the 5-year period preceding the submission of the application," before "the Secretary". 10 11 (3) BIOLOGICAL PRODUCT EXCLUSIVITY.— 12 (A) IN GENERAL.—Section 351(k)(7)(A) of Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 13 14 262(k)(7)(A) is amended by striking "12" 15 years" and inserting "7 years". 16 (B) Conforming amendments.—Para-17 graphs (2)(A) and (3)(A) of section 351(m) of 18 the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 19 262(m)) is amended by striking "12 years" 20 each place it appears and inserting "7 years". 21 (b) APPLICABILITY.—The amendments made by subsection (a) apply only with respect to a drug or biological 22 23 product for which the listed drug (as described in section 505(j)(7) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 355(j)(7)) or reference product (as such term

- 1 is used in section 351 of the Public Health Service Act
- 2 (42 U.S.C. 262)) is approved under section 505(c) of the
- 3 Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act or licensed under
- 4 section 351(a) of the Public Health Service Act, as appli-
- 5 cable, on or after the date of enactment of this Act.
- 6 (c) GAO STUDY.—Not later than 1 year after the
- 7 date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General
- 8 of the United States shall conduct a study and submit to
- 9 Congress a report that includes—
- 10 (1)(A) the number of requests for designation
- as a drug for a rare disease or condition under sec-
- tion 526 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic
- Act (21 U.S.C. 360bb) the Food and Drug Adminis-
- tration receives each year in the previous 10-year pe-
- riod;
- 16 (B) the number of such requests granted, de-
- 17 nied, and pending;
- 18 (C) the names of all drugs receiving such des-
- ignation during such period, including the date of
- approval and indication for which market exclusivity
- 21 was granted; and
- (D) any drugs for which such designation has
- been revoked or amended during such period;
- 24 (2) for each drug so designated as a drug for
- a rare disease or condition in the previous 10-year

- 1 period, the total annual expenditures for such drugs 2 under the Medicare program under title XVIII of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395 et seq.) and 3 the Medicaid program under title XIX of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396 et seq.), the number 5 6 of Medicare and Medicaid beneficiaries who used 7 each such drug each year during such time period, 8 and any changes in price per unit during such time period; and 9
 - (3) for a sample of drugs (selected by the Comptroller General) so designated in the previous 10-year period, to the extent feasible—
 - (A) gross revenues of the manufacturers with respect to each such drug, and manufacturer spending for marketing and patient assistance programs;
 - (B) the average price per drug and how those prices changed over time for the selected drugs based on industry drug pricing benchmarks; and
 - (C) the indications that were the basis of such designation and other approved indications for the drugs, and the indications for which each drug has most commonly been used, including non-approved indications for which the

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1 drug may be recommended by external organi-2 zations such as physician or patient organiza-3 tions. 4 SEC. 304. IMPROVING PROGRAM INTEGRITY. 5 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter E of chapter V of the 6 Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 360bbb et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following: 8 "SEC. 569D. CONDITIONS ON AWARD OF DRUG EXCLU-9 SIVITY. 10 TERMINATION OF EXCLUSIVITY.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, any period of 12 exclusivity described in subsection (b) granted to a person or assigned to a person on or after the date of enactment of this section with respect to a drug shall be terminated if the person to which such exclusivity was granted or any person to which such exclusivity is assigned commits a vio-16 lation described in subsection (c)(1) with respect to such 18 drug. 19 "(b) Exclusivities Affected.—The periods of ex-20 clusivity described in this subsection are those periods of 21 exclusivity granted under any of the following sections: 22 "(1) Clause (ii), (iii), or (iv) of section 23 505(c)(3)(E). "(2) Clause (iv) of section 505(j)(5)(B). 24

1	"(3) Clause (ii), (iii), or (iv) of section
2	505(j)(5)(F).
3	"(4) Section 505A.
4	"(5) Section 505E.
5	"(6) Section 527.
6	"(7) Section 351(k)(7) of the Public Health
7	Service Act.
8	"(8) Any other provision of this Act that pro-
9	vides for market exclusivity (or extension of market
10	exclusivity) with respect to a drug.
11	"(c) VIOLATIONS.—
12	"(1) In general.—A violation described in
13	this subsection is a violation of a law described in
14	paragraph (2), enforced by a Federal or State gov-
15	ernmental entity that results in—
16	"(A) a criminal conviction of a person de-
17	scribed in subsection (a);
18	"(B) a civil judgment against a person de-
19	scribed in subsection (a); or
20	"(C) a settlement agreement in which a
21	person described in subsection (a) admits to
22	fault.
23	"(2) Laws described in
24	this paragraph are the following:

1	"(A) The provisions of this Act that pro-
2	hibit—
3	"(i) the adulteration or misbranding
4	of a drug;
5	"(ii) the making of false statements to
6	the Secretary or committing fraud; or
7	"(iii) the illegal marketing of a drug.
8	"(B) Section 3729 of title 31, United
9	States Code.
10	"(C) Section 286 or 287 of title 18, United
11	States Code.
12	"(D) The Medicare and Medicaid Patient
13	Protection and Program Act of 1987 (com-
14	monly known as the 'Antikickback Statute').
15	"(E) Section 1927 of the Social Security
16	Act.
17	"(F) A State law against fraud comparable
18	to a law described in subparagraphs (A)
19	through (E).
20	"(d) Date of Exclusivity Termination.—The
21	date on which the exclusivity shall be terminated as de-
22	scribed in subsection (a) is the date on which, as applica-
23	ble—

1	"(1) a final judgment is entered relating to a
2	violation described in subparagraph (A) or (B) of
3	subsection $(c)(1)$; or
4	"(2)(A) a settlement agreement described in
5	subsection (c)(1)(C) is approved by a court order
6	that is or becomes final and nonappealable; or
7	"(B) if there is no court order approving a set-
8	tlement agreement described in subsection $(c)(1)(C)$
9	a court order dismissing the applicable case, issued
10	after the settlement agreement, is or becomes final
11	and nonappealable.
12	"(e) Reporting of Information.—
13	"(1) In general.—A person described in sub-
14	section (a) that commits a violation described in
15	subsection (e)(1) shall report such violation to the
16	Secretary no later than 30 days after the date
17	that—
18	"(A) a final judgment is entered relating
19	to a violation described in subparagraph (A) or
20	(B) of subsection (c)(1); or
21	"(B)(i) a settlement agreement described
22	in subsection $(c)(1)(C)$ is approved by a court
23	order that is or becomes final and nonappeal-
24	able; or

1	"(ii) if there is no court order approving a
2	settlement agreement described in subsection
3	(c)(1)(C), a court order dismissing the applica-
4	ble case, issued after the settlement agreement
5	is or becomes final and nonappealable.
6	"(2) CIVIL PENALTY.—A person who fails to re-
7	port a violation as required under paragraph (1)
8	shall be subject to a civil penalty in the amount of
9	\$200,000 for each day the failure to report con-
10	tinues, beginning with the day after the date or
11	which such report is due as described in paragraph
12	(1).".
13	(b) FTC.—There are authorized to be appropriated
14	to the Federal Trade Commission such sums as may be
15	necessary for the purpose of carrying out activities related
16	to addressing criminal activity and anticompetitive prac-
17	tices by pharmaceutical companies.
18	TITLE IV—CHOICE AND
19	COMPETITION
20	SEC. 401. PRESERVING ACCESS TO AFFORDABLE
21	GENERICS.
22	(a) In General.—The Federal Trade Commission
23	Act (15 U.S.C. 44 et seq.) is amended by inserting after
24	section 26 (15 II S.C. 57c-2) the following:

1	"SEC. 27. PRESERVING ACCESS TO AFFORDABLE
2	GENERICS.
3	"(a) In General.—
4	"(1) Enforcement proceeding.—The Com-
5	mission may initiate a proceeding to enforce the pro-
6	visions of this section against the parties to any
7	agreement resolving or settling, on a final or interim
8	basis, a patent infringement claim, in connection
9	with the sale of a drug product.
10	"(2) Presumption and violation.—
11	"(A) In general.—Subject to subpara-
12	graph (B), in such a proceeding, an agreement
13	shall be presumed to have anticompetitive ef-
14	fects and be a violation of this section if—
15	"(i) an ANDA filer receives anything
16	of value, including an exclusive license; and
17	"(ii) the ANDA filer agrees to limit or
18	forego research, development, manufac-
19	turing, marketing, or sales of the ANDA
20	product for any period of time.
21	"(B) Exception.—Subparagraph (A)
22	shall not apply if the parties to such agreement
23	demonstrate by clear and convincing evidence
24	that—
25	"(i) the value described in subpara-
26	graph (A)(i) is compensation solely for

1	other goods or services that the ANDA
2	filer has promised to provide; or
3	"(ii) the procompetitive benefits of the
4	agreement outweigh the anticompetitive ef-
5	fects of the agreement.
6	"(b) Limitations.—In determining whether the set-
7	tling parties have met their burden under subsection
8	(a)(2)(B), the fact finder shall not presume—
9	"(1) that entry would not have occurred until
10	the expiration of the relevant patent or statutory ex-
11	clusivity; or
12	"(2) that the agreement's provision for entry of
13	the ANDA product prior to the expiration of the rel-
14	evant patent or statutory exclusivity means that the
15	agreement is procompetitive.
16	"(c) Exclusions.—Nothing in this section shall pro-
17	hibit a resolution or settlement of a patent infringement
18	claim in which the consideration granted by the NDA
19	holder to the ANDA filer as part of the resolution or set-
20	tlement includes only one or more of the following:
21	"(1) The right to market the ANDA product in
22	the United States prior to the expiration of—
23	"(A) any patent that is the basis for the
24	patent infringement claim: or

1	"(B) any patent right or other statutory
2	exclusivity that would prevent the marketing of
3	such drug.
4	"(2) A payment for reasonable litigation ex-
5	penses not to exceed \$7,500,000.
6	"(3) A covenant not to sue on any claim that
7	the ANDA product infringes a United States patent.
8	"(d) Enforcement.—
9	"(1) Enforcement.—A violation of this sec-
10	tion shall be treated as a violation of section 5.
11	"(2) Judicial review.—
12	"(A) In general.—Any party that is sub-
13	ject to a final order of the Commission, issued
14	in an administrative adjudicative proceeding
15	under the authority of subsection (a)(1), may,
16	within 30 days of the issuance of such order,
17	petition for review of such order in—
18	"(i) the United States Court of Ap-
19	peals for the District of Columbia Circuit;
20	"(ii) the United States Court of Ap-
21	peals for the circuit in which the ultimate
22	parent entity, as defined in section
23	801.1(a)(3) of title 16, Code of Federal
24	Regulations, or any successor thereto, of
25	the NDA holder is incorporated as of the

1	date that the NDA is filed with the Com-
2	missioner of Food and Drugs; or
3	"(iii) the United States Court of Ap-
4	peals for the circuit in which the ultimate
5	parent entity of the ANDA filer is incor-
6	porated as of the date that the ANDA is
7	filed with the Commissioner of Food and
8	Drugs.
9	"(B) Treatment of findings.—In a
10	proceeding for judicial review of a final order of
11	the Commission, the findings of the Commis-
12	sion as to the facts, if supported by evidence,
13	shall be conclusive.
14	"(e) Antitrust Laws.—Nothing in this section
15	shall be construed to modify, impair, or supersede the ap-
16	plicability of the antitrust laws as defined in subsection
17	(a) of the first section of the Clayton Act (15 U.S.C.
18	12(a)), and of section 5 of this Act to the extent that sec-
19	tion 5 applies to unfair methods of competition. Nothing
20	in this section shall modify, impair, limit, or supersede the
21	right of an ANDA filer to assert claims or counterclaims
22	against any person, under the antitrust laws or other laws
23	relating to unfair competition.
24	"(f) Penalties.—

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"(1) FORFEITURE.—Each party that violates or assists in the violation of this section shall forfeit and pay to the United States a civil penalty sufficient to deter violations of this section, but in no event greater than 3 times the value received by the party that is reasonably attributable to the violation of this section. If no such value has been received by the NDA holder, the penalty to the NDA holder shall be sufficient to deter violations, but in no event greater than 3 times the value given to the ANDA filer reasonably attributable to the violation of this section. Such penalty shall accrue to the United States and may be recovered in a civil action brought by the Commission, in its own name by any of its attorneys designated by it for such purpose, in a district court of the United States against any party that violates this section. In such actions, the United States district courts are empowered to grant mandatory injunctions and such other and further equitable relief as they deem appropriate.

"(2) Cease and desist.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—If the Commission has issued a cease and desist order with respect to a party in an administrative adjudicative proceeding under the authority of subsection

1	(a)(1), an action brought pursuant to para-
2	graph (1) may be commenced against such
3	party at any time before the expiration of 1
4	year after such order becomes final pursuant to
5	section $5(g)$.
6	"(B) Exception.—In an action under
7	subparagraph (A), the findings of the Commis-
8	sion as to the material facts in the administra-
9	tive adjudicative proceeding with respect to the
10	violation of this section by a party shall be con-
11	clusive unless—
12	"(i) the terms of such cease and de-
13	sist order expressly provide that the Com-
14	mission's findings shall not be conclusive;
15	or
16	"(ii) the order became final by reason
17	of section $5(g)(1)$, in which case such find-
18	ing shall be conclusive if supported by evi-
19	dence.
20	"(3) Civil Penalty.—In determining the
21	amount of the civil penalty described in this section,
22	the court shall take into account—
23	"(A) the nature, circumstances, extent,
24	and gravity of the violation:

	"(B) with respect to the violator, the de-
2	gree of culpability, any history of violations, the
3	ability to pay, any effect on the ability to con-
1	tinue doing business, profits earned by the
5	NDA holder, compensation received by the
6	ANDA filer, and the amount of commerce af-
7	fected; and

- "(C) other matters that justice requires.
- "(4) Remedies In Addition.—Remedies provided in this subsection are in addition to, and not in lieu of, any other remedy provided by Federal law. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to affect any authority of the Commission under any other provision of law.
- "(g) Definitions.—In this section:
- "(1) AGREEMENT.—The term 'agreement' means anything that would constitute an agreement under section 1 of the Sherman Act (15 U.S.C. 1) or section 5 of this Act.
- "(2) AGREEMENT RESOLVING OR SETTLING A
 PATENT INFRINGEMENT CLAIM.—The term 'agreement resolving or settling a patent infringement
 claim' includes any agreement that is entered into
 within 30 days of the resolution or the settlement of
 the claim, or any other agreement that is contingent

- upon, provides a contingent condition for, or is otherwise related to the resolution or settlement of the claim.
- "(3) ANDA.—The term 'ANDA' means an abbreviated new drug application filed under section 505(j) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 355(j)) or a new drug application filed under section 505(b)(2) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 355(b)(2)).
 - "(4) ANDA FILER.—The term 'ANDA filer' means a party that owns or controls an ANDA filed with the Commission of Food and Drugs or has the exclusive rights under such ANDA to distribute the ANDA product.
 - "(5) ANDA PRODUCT.—The term 'ANDA product' means the product to be manufactured under the ANDA that is the subject of the patent infringement claim.
 - "(6) Drug product.—The term 'drug product' has the meaning given such term in section 314.3(b) of title 21, Code of Federal Regulations (or any successor regulation).
- 23 "(7) NDA.—The term 'NDA' means a new 24 drug application filed under section 505(b) of the

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1	Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C.
2	355(b)).
3	"(8) NDA HOLDER.—The term 'NDA holder'
4	means—
5	"(A) the holder of an approved NDA appli-
6	cation for a drug product;
7	"(B) a person owning or controlling en-
8	forcement of the patent listed in the Approved
9	Drug Products With Therapeutic Equivalence
10	Evaluations (commonly known as the 'FDA Or-
11	ange Book') in connection with the NDA; or
12	"(C) the predecessors, subsidiaries, divi-
13	sions, groups, and affiliates controlled by, con-
14	trolling, or under common control with any of
15	the entities described in subparagraphs (A) and
16	(B) (such control to be presumed by direct or
17	indirect share ownership of 50 percent or great-
18	er), as well as the licensees, licensors, succes-
19	sors, and assigns of each of the entities.
20	"(9) Party.—The term 'party' means any per-
21	son, partnership, corporation, or other legal entity.
22	"(10) Patent infringement.—The term
23	'patent infringement' means infringement of any
24	patent or of any filed patent application, extension,
25	reissue, renewal, division, continuation, continuation

- in part, reexamination, patent term restoration, patents of addition, and extensions thereof.
- "(11) PATENT INFRINGEMENT CLAIM.—The term 'patent infringement claim' means any allegation made to an ANDA filer, whether or not included in a complaint filed with a court of law, that its ANDA or ANDA product may infringe any patent held by, or exclusively licensed to, the NDA

holder of the drug product.

- 10 STATUTORY EXCLUSIVITY.—The term "(12) 11 'statutory exclusivity' means those prohibitions on 12 the approval of drug applications under clauses (ii) 13 through (iv) of section 505(c)(3)(E) (5- and 3-year 14 data exclusivity), section 527 (orphan drug exclu-15 sivity), or section 505A (pediatric exclusivity) of the 16 Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 17 355(e)(3)(E), 360ee, 355a).".
- (b) Effective Date.—Section 27 of the Federal Trade Commission Act, as added by this section, shall apply to all agreements described in section 27(a)(1) of that Act entered into after June 17, 2013. Section 27(f) of the Federal Trade Commission Act, as added by this section, shall apply to agreements entered into on or after the date of enactment of this Act.

1	SEC. 402. 180-DAY EXCLUSIVITY PERIOD AMENDMENTS RE-
2	GARDING FIRST APPLICANT STATUS.
3	(a) Amendments to Federal Food, Drug, and
4	Cosmetic Act.—
5	(1) In general.—Section 505(j)(5)(B) of the
6	Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C.
7	355(j)(5)(B)) is amended—
8	(A) in clause (iv)(II)—
9	(i) by striking item (bb); and
10	(ii) by redesignating items (cc) and
11	(dd) as items (bb) and (cc), respectively;
12	and
13	(B) by adding at the end the following:
14	"(v) First applicant defined.—As used in
15	this subsection, the term 'first applicant' means an
16	applicant—
17	"(I)(aa) that, on the first day on which a
18	substantially complete application containing a
19	certification described in paragraph
20	(2)(A)(vii)(IV) is submitted for approval of a
21	drug, submits a substantially complete applica-
22	tion that contains and lawfully maintains a cer-
23	tification described in paragraph (2)(A)(vii)(IV)
24	for the drug; and

1	"(bb) that has not entered into a disquali-
2	fying agreement described under clause
3	(vii)(II); or
4	"(II)(aa) for the drug that is not described
5	in subclause (I) and that, with respect to the
6	applicant and drug, each requirement described
7	in clause (vi) is satisfied; and
8	"(bb) that has not entered into a disquali-
9	fying agreement described under clause
10	(vii)(II).
11	"(vi) Requirements de-
12	scribed in this clause are the following:
13	"(I) The applicant described in clause
14	(v)(II) submitted and lawfully maintains a cer-
15	tification described in paragraph (2)(A)(vii)(IV)
16	or a statement described in paragraph
17	(2)(A)(viii) for each unexpired patent for which
18	a first applicant described in clause (v)(I) had
19	submitted a certification described in paragraph
20	(2)(A)(vii)(IV) on the first day on which a sub-
21	stantially complete application containing such
22	a certification was submitted.
23	"(II) With regard to each such unexpired
24	patent for which the applicant described in
25	clause (v)(II) submitted a certification de-

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scribed in paragraph (2)(A)(vii)(IV), no action for patent infringement was brought against such applicant within the 45-day period specified in paragraph (5)(B)(iii); or if an action was brought within such time period, such an action was withdrawn or dismissed by a court (including a district court) without a decision that the patent was valid and infringed; or if an action was brought within such time period and was not withdrawn or so dismissed, such applicant has obtained the decision of a court (including a district court) that the patent is invalid or not infringed (including any substantive determination that there is no cause of action for patent infringement or invalidity, and including a settlement order or consent decree signed and entered by the court stating that the patent is invalid or not infringed).

"(III) If an applicant described in clause (v)(I) has begun commercial marketing of such drug, the applicant described in clause (v)(II) does not begin commercial marketing of such drug until the date that is 30 days after the date on which the applicant described in clause (v)(I) began such commercial marketing.".

1	(2) Conforming amendment.—Section
2	505(j)(5)(D)(i)(IV) of the Federal Food, Drug, and
3	Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. $355(j)(5)(D)(i)(IV)$) is
4	amended by striking "The first applicant" and in-
5	serting "The first applicant, as defined in subpara-
6	$\operatorname{graph} (B)(v)(I),$ ".
7	(b) APPLICABILITY.—The amendments made by sub-
8	section (a) shall apply only with respect to an application
9	filed under section 505(j) of the Federal Food, Drug, and
10	Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 355(j)) to which the amendments
11	made by section 1102(a) of the Medicare Prescription
12	Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003 (Pub-
13	lic Law 108–173) apply.
13 14	lic Law 108–173) apply. SEC. 403. 180-DAY EXCLUSIVITY PERIOD AMENDMENTS RE-
14	SEC. 403. 180-DAY EXCLUSIVITY PERIOD AMENDMENTS RE-
14 15	SEC. 403. 180-DAY EXCLUSIVITY PERIOD AMENDMENTS RE- GARDING AGREEMENTS TO DEFER COMMER-
14151617	SEC. 403. 180-DAY EXCLUSIVITY PERIOD AMENDMENTS RE- GARDING AGREEMENTS TO DEFER COMMER- CIAL MARKETING.
14151617	SEC. 403. 180-DAY EXCLUSIVITY PERIOD AMENDMENTS RE- GARDING AGREEMENTS TO DEFER COMMER- CIAL MARKETING. (a) AMENDMENTS TO FEDERAL FOOD, DRUG, AND
14 15 16 17 18	SEC. 403. 180-DAY EXCLUSIVITY PERIOD AMENDMENTS REGARDING AGREEMENTS TO DEFER COMMERCIAL MARKETING. (a) AMENDMENTS TO FEDERAL FOOD, DRUG, AND COSMETIC ACT.—
141516171819	SEC. 403. 180-DAY EXCLUSIVITY PERIOD AMENDMENTS REGARDING AGREEMENTS TO DEFER COMMERCIAL MARKETING. (a) AMENDMENTS TO FEDERAL FOOD, DRUG, AND COSMETIC ACT.— (1) LIMITATIONS ON AGREEMENTS TO DEFER
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	SEC. 403. 180-DAY EXCLUSIVITY PERIOD AMENDMENTS REGARDING AGREEMENTS TO DEFER COMMERCIAL MARKETING. (a) AMENDMENTS TO FEDERAL FOOD, DRUG, AND COSMETIC ACT.— (1) LIMITATIONS ON AGREEMENTS TO DEFER COMMERCIAL MARKETING DATE.—Section
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SEC. 403. 180-DAY EXCLUSIVITY PERIOD AMENDMENTS REGARDING AGREEMENTS TO DEFER COMMERCIAL MARKETING. (a) AMENDMENTS TO FEDERAL FOOD, DRUG, AND COSMETIC ACT.— (1) LIMITATIONS ON AGREEMENTS TO DEFER COMMERCIAL MARKETING DATE.—Section 505(j)(5)(B) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cos-

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"(vii) AGREEMENT BY FIRST APPLICANT TO
DEFER COMMERCIAL MARKETING; LIMITATION ON
ACCELERATION OF DEFERRED COMMERCIAL MARKETING DATE.—

"(I) AGREEMENT TO DEFER APPROVAL OR COMMERCIAL MARKETING DATE.—An agreement described in this subclause is an agreement between a first applicant and the holder of the application for the listed drug or an owner of one or more of the patents as to which any applicant submitted a certification qualifying such applicant for the 180-day exclusivity period whereby that applicant agrees, directly or indirectly, (aa) not to seek an approval of its application that is made effective on the earliest possible date under this subparagraph, subparagraph (F) of this paragraph, section 505A, or section 527, (bb) not to begin the commercial marketing of its drug on the earliest possible date after receiving an approval of its application that is made effective under this subparagraph, subparagraph (F) of this paragraph, section 505A, or section 527, or (cc) to both items (aa) and (bb).

1	"(II) AGREEMENT THAT DISQUALIFIES AP-
2	PLICANT FROM FIRST APPLICANT STATUS.—An
3	agreement described in this subclause is an
4	agreement between an applicant and the holder
5	of the application for the listed drug or an
6	owner of one or more of the patents as to which
7	any applicant submitted a certification quali-
8	fying such applicant for the 180-day exclusivity
9	period whereby that applicant agrees, directly
10	or indirectly, not to seek an approval of its ap-
11	plication or not to begin the commercial mar-
12	keting of its drug until a date that is after the
13	expiration of the 180-day exclusivity period
14	awarded to another applicant with respect to
15	such drug (without regard to whether such 180-
16	day exclusivity period is awarded before or after
17	the date of the agreement).
18	"(viii) Limitation on acceleration.—If an
19	agreement described in clause (vii)(I) includes more
20	than 1 possible date when an applicant may seek an
21	approval of its application or begin the commercial
22	marketing of its drug—
23	"(I) the applicant may seek an approval of
24	its application or begin such commercial mar-
25	keting on the date that is the earlier of—

1	"(aa) the latest date set forth in the
2	agreement on which that applicant can re-
3	ceive an approval that is made effective
4	under this subparagraph, subparagraph
5	(F) of this paragraph, section 505A, or
6	section 527, or begin the commercial mar-
7	keting of such drug, without regard to any
8	other provision of such agreement pursu-
9	ant to which the commercial marketing
10	could begin on an earlier date; or
11	"(bb) 180 days after another first ap-
12	plicant begins commercial marketing of
13	such drug; and
14	"(II) the latest date set forth in the agree-
15	ment on which that applicant can receive an ap-
16	proval that is made effective under this sub-
17	paragraph, subparagraph (F) of this paragraph,
18	section 505A, or section 527, or begin the com-
19	mercial marketing of such drug, without regard
20	to any other provision of such agreement pursu-
21	ant to which commercial marketing could begin
22	on an earlier date, shall be the date used to de-
23	termine whether an applicant is disqualified

from first applicant status pursuant to clause

(vii)(II).''.

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1	(2) Notification of FDA.—Section 505(j) of
2	the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21
3	U.S.C. 355(j)) is amended by adding at the end the
4	following:
5	"(11)(A) The holder of an abbreviated application
6	under this subsection shall submit to the Secretary a noti-
7	fication that includes—
8	"(i)(I) the text of any agreement entered into
9	by such holder described under paragraph
10	(5)(B)(vii)(I); or
11	"(II) if such an agreement has not been re-
12	duced to text, a written detailed description of such
13	agreement that is sufficient to disclose all the terms
14	and conditions of the agreement; and
15	"(ii) the text, or a written detailed description
16	in the event of an agreement that has not been re-
17	duced to text, of any other agreements that are con-
18	tingent upon, provide a contingent condition for, or
19	are otherwise related to an agreement described in
20	clause (i).
21	"(B) The notification described under subparagraph
22	(A) shall be submitted not later than 10 business days
23	after execution of the agreement described in subpara-
24	graph (A)(i). Such notification is in addition to any notifi-
25	cation required under section 1112 of the Medicare Pre-

- 1 scription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of
- 2 2003.
- 3 "(C) Any information or documentary material filed
- 4 with the Secretary pursuant to this paragraph shall be ex-
- 5 empt from disclosure under section 552 of title 5, United
- 6 States Code, and no such information or documentary ma-
- 7 terial may be made public, except as may be relevant to
- 8 any administrative or judicial action or proceeding. Noth-
- 9 ing in this paragraph is intended to prevent disclosure to
- 10 either body of the Congress or to any duly authorized com-
- 11 mittee or subcommittee of the Congress.".
- 12 (3) PROHIBITED ACTS.—Section 301(e) of the
- Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C.
- 14 331(e)) is amended by striking "505 (i) or (k)" and
- inserting "505 (i), (j)(11), or (k)".
- 16 (b) Infringement of Patent.—Section 271(e) of
- 17 title 35, United States Code, is amended by adding at the
- 18 end the following:
- 19 "(7) The exclusive remedy under this section for an
- 20 infringement of a patent for which the Secretary of Health
- 21 and Human Services has published information pursuant
- 22 to subsection (b)(1) or (c)(2) of section 505 of the Federal
- 23 Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act shall be an action brought
- 24 under this subsection within the 45-day period described

in subsection (j)(5)(B)(iii) or (c)(3)(C) of section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act.". 3 (c) Applicability.— 4 (1) Limitations on acceleration of De-5 FERRED DATE.—The COMMERCIAL MARKETING 6 amendment made by subsection (a)(1) shall apply 7 only with respect to— 8 (A) an application filed under section 9 505(j) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 355(j)) to which the 10 11 amendments made by section 1102(a) of the 12 Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and 13 Modernization Act of 2003 (Public Law 108– 14 173) apply; and 15 (B) an agreement described under section 16 505(j)(5)(B)(vii)(I) of the Federal Food, Drug, 17 and Cosmetic Act (as added by subsection 18 (a)(1)) executed after the date of enactment of 19 this Act. 20 (2) NOTIFICATION OF FDA.—The amendments 21 made by paragraphs (2) and (3) of subsection (a) 22 shall apply only with respect to an agreement de-23 scribed under section 505(j)(5)(B)(vii)(I) of the 24 Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (as added by

1	subsection $(a)(1)$) executed after the date of enact-
2	ment of this Act.
3	SEC. 404. INCREASING GENERIC DRUG COMPETITION.
4	(a) Listing of Generic Drugs at List of Being
5	IN SHORTAGE.—Chapter V of the Federal Food, Drug,
6	and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 351 et seq.) is amended by
7	inserting after section 506E the following:
8	"SEC. 506E-1. LISTING OF GENERIC DRUGS.
9	"(a) Database for Manufacturers of Generic
10	Drugs.—The Commissioner shall—
11	"(1) not later than 9 months after the date of
12	enactment of the Improving Access To Affordable
13	Prescription Drugs Act, publish a complete, up-to-
14	date list on the Internet website of the Food and
15	Drug Administration of all generic drugs (including
16	drug trade name, active pharmaceutical ingredient
17	manufacturer, active finished dosage form manufac-
18	turer, any contract manufacturing organization, the
19	date the authorized generic drug entered the market,
20	and marketing status);
21	"(2) designate each drug on the list that is a
22	sole-source drug; and
23	"(3) maintain a confidential list of the identity
24	and address of each manufacturer and labeler asso-
25	ciated with a drug reported under this section, and

1	publicly report on the website only the city and State
2	or country of each such manufacturer and labeler.
3	"(b) Public Health Exception.—The Commis-
4	sioner may choose not to make information collected under
5	subsection (a) publicly available if the Secretary deter-
6	mines that disclosure of such information would adversely
7	affect the public health (such as by increasing the possi-
8	bility of hoarding or other disruption of the availability
9	of drug products to patients).
10	"(c) Notification.—The Commissioner shall notify
11	relevant Federal agencies, including the Centers for Medi-
12	care & Medicaid Services and the Federal Trade Commis-
13	sion, when the Commissioner first publishes the informa-
14	tion under subsection (a) that the information has been
15	published and will be updated regularly.
16	"(d) Definitions.—In this section:
17	"(1) The term 'manufacturer' means a person
18	engaged in the manufacture of an active pharma-
19	ceutical ingredient or finished dosage form, as de-
20	fined in section 744A.
21	"(2) The term 'sole-source' means—
22	"(A) A drug for which there is only one
23	approved manufacturer listed in the active sec-
24	tion of the Approved Drug Products With

- Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations (commonly known as the 'FDA Orange Book'); and
- 3 "(B) for which there are no blocking pat-4 ents or exclusivities that may receive expedited 5 review, except where the drug was approved
- 6 pursuant to a suitability petition under section
- 7 505(j)(2)(C).".
- 8 (b) REPORT ON CONTRACTS.—Section 510(j) of the
- 9 Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 360(j))
- 10 is amended by adding at the end the following:
- 11 "(5) Each person who registers with the Secretary
- 12 under this section shall report to the Secretary any con-
- 13 tract with a contract manufacturing organization with re-
- 14 spect to any drug such person manufacturers, distributes,
- 15 or compounds, including the start date and end date of
- 16 such contract.".
- 17 (e) DISCONTINUANCE OR INTERRUPTION IN THE
- 18 Production of Life-Saving Drugs.—Section 506C(a)
- 19 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C.
- 20 356c(a)) is amended by striking "of a drug—" and all
- 21 that follows through the end of paragraph (2) and insert-
- 22 ing "of a drug".
- 23 (d) Decrease in Manufacturers of Drugs.—
- 24 Chapter V of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act

1	(21 U.S.C. 351 et seq.) is amended by inserting after sec-
2	tion 506C–1 the following:
3	"SEC. 506C-2. DECREASE IN MANUFACTURERS OF GENERIC
4	DRUGS.
5	"(a) In General.—If the Secretary determines that
6	the number of manufacturers of a drug approved under
7	section 505 or a biological product licensed under section
8	351 is less than 2, the Secretary may—
9	"(1) with respect to a manufacturer with fewer
10	than 500 employees, including employees of affiliates
11	of the manufacturer, waive the prescription drug ap-
12	plication fees under sections 736(a), 744B(a), or
13	744H(a);
14	"(2) expedite the review of applications for the
15	drug under section 505(j) or section 351(k) of the
16	Public Health Service Act until the number of man-
17	ufacturers of the drug is at least 4; and
18	"(3) after consultation with the Federal Trade
19	Commission to ensure that the manufacturer has not
20	engaged in anticompetitive tactics to remove other
21	manufacturers from the market in order to
22	incentivize such a contract, establish and prioritize
23	purchase contracts with manufacturers who are
24	holders of applications approved under section
25	505(j) or section 351(k) of the Public Health Serv-

- ice Act for the drug but who are not currently man-ufacturing such drug.
- 3 "(b) Guidelines for Purchase Contracts.—
- "(1) In General.—The Secretary shall pro-5 mulgate regulations to establish guidelines for the 6 drugs with respect to which the Secretary may es-7 tablish purchase contracts in accordance with sub-8 section (a)(3). Such guidelines shall provide that any 9 such purchase contract may be only with respect to 10 a drug that is listed as an essential medicine by the 11 World Health Organization, or another external enti-12 ty, as the Secretary may specify, that meets evi-13 dence-based standards as the Secretary may require.
 - "(2) Pricing.—If a manufacturer enters into purchase contract in accordance with subsection (a)(3), the Secretary, in cooperation with the Office of the Inspector General, shall establish a limit on the retail price at which the drug may be made available to consumers in the United States.".
- 20 SEC. 405. DISALLOWANCE OF DEDUCTION FOR ADVER-
- 21 TISING FOR PRESCRIPTION DRUGS.
- 22 (a) In General.—Part IX of subchapter B of chap-
- 23 ter 1 of subtitle A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986
- 24 (relating to items not deductible) is amended by adding
- 25 at the end the following new section:

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1	"SEC. 280I. DISALLOWANCE OF DEDUCTION FOR DIRECT-
2	TO-CONSUMER ADVERTISING OF PRESCRIP-
3	TION DRUGS.
4	"(a) In General.—No deduction shall be allowed
5	under this chapter for expenses relating to direct-to-con-
6	sumer advertising of prescription drugs for any taxable
7	year.
8	"(b) Direct-to-Consumer Advertising.—For
9	purposes of this section, the term 'direct-to-consumer ad-
10	vertising' means any dissemination, by or on behalf of a
11	sponsor of a prescription drug product (as such term is
12	defined in section 735(3) of the Federal Food, Drug, and
13	Cosmetic Act), of an advertisement which—
14	"(1) is in regard to such prescription drug
15	product, and
16	"(2) primarily targeted to the general public,
17	including through—
18	"(A) publication in journals, magazines,
19	other periodicals, and newspapers,
20	"(B) broadcasting through media such as
21	radio, television, telephone communication sys-
22	tems, direct mail, and billboards,
23	"(C) dissemination on the Internet (includ-
24	ing social media): and

1	"(D) manufacturer patient assistance pro-
2	grams, as defined in section 399V-7 of the
3	Public Health Service Act.".
4	(b) Conforming Amendment.—The table of sec-
5	tions for such part IX of the Internal Revenue Code of
6	1986 is amended by adding after the item relating to sec-
7	tion 280H the following new item:
	"Sec. 280I. Disallowance of deduction for direct-to-consumer advertising of prescription drugs.".
8	(e) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
9	this section shall apply to amounts paid or incurred after
10	the date of the enactment of this Act, in taxable years
11	ending after such date.
12	SEC. 406. PRODUCT HOPPING.
13	(a) Definitions.—In this section—
14	(1) the term "biological product" has the mean-
15	ing given that term in section 351 of the Public
16	Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 262);
17	(2) the term "drug" has the meaning given that
18	term in section 201 of the Federal Food, Drug, and
19	Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 321); and
20	(3) the term "product hopping" means a cir-
21	cumstance in which—
22	(A) a manufacturer reformulates a drug or
23	biological product in such a way that allows the
24	manufacturer to submit a new drug application

1	under section 505(b) of the Federal Food,
2	Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 355(b)) or
3	new application for a license under section
4	351(a) of the Public Health Service Act (42
5	U.S.C. 262(a)) with respect to such new formu-
6	lation;
7	(B) the new formulation described in sub-
8	paragraph (A) is intended for the treatment of
9	the same medical condition as the drug or bio-
10	logical product that was reformulated; and
11	(C) actions are taken to reduce or elimi-
12	nate demand for the original drug or biological
13	product.
14	(b) Report.—The Federal Trade Commission shall
15	submit to Congress a report on the extent to which—
16	(1) manufacturers of drugs and biological prod-
17	ucts engage in product hopping, including an anal-
18	ysis of the timing of the introduction of the reformu-
19	lated product relative to the market entry of a drug
20	approved under section 505(j) of the Federal Food,
21	Drug, and Cosmetic Act or biological product li-
22	censed under section 351(k) of the Public Health

Service Act, the types of changes made in the new

product, the patents and market exclusivities award-

23

1	ed to reformulated products, and the various forms
2	of product hopping manufacturers employ;

- (2) manufacturers assess the profitability of a new product based whether it launches before (or how long before) generic entry occurs on the original product;
- (3) the effect of product-hopping behavior on consumers, including the total estimated annual cost to consumers of physicians prescribing the substituted drug in place of a generic version of the original product;
- (4) the effect of product-hopping on insurance prices and availability, including cost increases and coverage reductions attributable to the economic losses described in paragraph (3);
- (5) product hopping affects manufacturer profits, revenues, unit sales, and prices; and
- (6) product hopping affects the unit sales, manufacturer profits, and prices of the generic version of the original product.

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