

115TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. R. 1528

To amend the Higher Education Act of 1965 in order to fulfill the Federal mandate to provide higher educational opportunities for Native American Indians.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MARCH 15, 2017

Mr. TIPTON (for himself, Mr. MULLIN, Mr. COLE, Mr. CÁRDENAS, and Ms. MICHELLE LUJAN GRISHAM of New Mexico) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Education and the Workforce

A BILL

To amend the Higher Education Act of 1965 in order to fulfill the Federal mandate to provide higher educational opportunities for Native American Indians.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Native American In-
5 dian Education Act”.

6 **SEC. 2. PURPOSE.**

7 It is the purpose of this Act to ensure that Federal
8 funding is provided to support and sustain the long-
9 standing Federal mandate requiring colleges and States

1 to waive, in certain circumstances, tuition charges for Na-
2 tive American Indian students they admit to an under-
3 graduate college program, including the waiver of tuition
4 charges for Native American Indian students who are not
5 residents of the State in which the college is located.

6 **SEC. 3. FINDINGS.**

7 Congress finds the following:

8 (1) Native American-serving nontribal college
9 institutions have a valuable supplemental role to
10 that provided by tribally controlled community col-
11 leges in making available educational opportunities
12 to Native American Indian students.

13 (2) Some 4-year Native American-serving non-
14 tribal college institutions provide tuition-free edu-
15 cation, with the support of the State in which they
16 are located, as mandated by Federal statute, to hun-
17 dreds of Native American Indian students in fulfill-
18 ment of a condition under which the United States
19 provided land and facilities for such colleges to a
20 State or college.

21 (3) The value of the Native student tuition
22 waiver benefits contributed by these colleges and the
23 States which support them today far exceeds the
24 value of the original grant of land and facilities.

1 (4) The ongoing financial burden of meeting
2 this Federal mandate to provide tuition-free edu-
3 cation to Native American Indian students is no
4 longer equitably shared among the States and col-
5 leges because the mandate does not distinguish be-
6 tween such students who are residents of the State
7 or who are residents of another State.

8 (5) Native student tuition waiver benefits are
9 now at risk of being terminated by severe budget
10 constraints being experienced by these colleges and
11 the States which support them.

12 **SEC. 4. STATE RELIEF FROM FEDERAL HIGHER EDUCATION**
13 **MANDATE.**

14 (a) IN GENERAL.—Part A of title III of the Higher
15 Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1057 et seq.) is amend-
16 ed by inserting after section 319 the following:

17 **“SEC. 319A. STATE RELIEF FROM FEDERAL HIGHER EDU-**
18 **CATION MANDATE.**

19 “(a) AMOUNT OF PAYMENT.—For fiscal year 2018
20 and each succeeding fiscal year through fiscal year 2022,
21 the Secretary may pay to any eligible college an amount
22 that equals the charges for tuition waived by the college
23 (as described in subsection (e)(1)) for the academic year
24 ending before the beginning of such fiscal year for Native
25 American Indian students who were enrolled in the college

1 for such academic year and who were not residents of the
2 State in which the college is located during such academic
3 year.

4 “(b) TREATMENT OF PAYMENT.—Any amounts re-
5 ceived by an eligible college under subsection (a) shall be
6 treated as a reimbursement from the State in which the
7 college is located, which is provided in fulfillment of any
8 Federal mandate upon the State to waive charges for tui-
9 tion for Native American Indian students.

10 “(c) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this sec-
11 tion shall be construed to relieve any State from any man-
12 date the State may have under Federal law to reimburse
13 an eligible college for an academic year—

14 “(1) with respect to Native American Indian
15 students enrolled in the college who are not residents
16 of the State in which the college is located, any
17 amount of charges for tuition waived by the college
18 for such students that exceeds the amount received
19 by the college under subsection (a) for such aca-
20 demic year; and

21 “(2) with respect to Native American Indian
22 students enrolled in the college who are residents of
23 the State in which the college is located, an amount
24 equal to the charges for tuition waived by the college
25 for such students for such academic year.

1 “(d) APPLICABILITY.—

2 “(1) IN GENERAL.—The provisions of any other
3 section of this part or part G shall not apply with
4 respect to funds paid under this section.

5 “(2) NO EFFECT ON ELIGIBILITY.—Funds re-
6 ceived by a Native American-serving, nontribal insti-
7 tution under this section shall not be taken into ac-
8 count for purposes of section 319(d)(3)(A).

9 “(e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

10 “(1) ELIGIBLE COLLEGE.—The term ‘eligible
11 college’ means any 4-year Native American-serving,
12 nontribal institution that waives the charges for tui-
13 tion as mandated by Federal statute, with the sup-
14 port of the State in which the institution is located,
15 for Native American Indian students in fulfillment
16 of a condition under which the institution or State
17 received its original grant of land and facilities from
18 the United States.

19 “(2) NATIVE AMERICAN INDIAN STUDENTS.—
20 The term ‘Native American Indian students’ in-
21 cludes reference to the term ‘Indian pupils’ as that
22 term has been utilized in Federal statutes imposing
23 a mandate upon any eligible college or State to
24 waive charges for tuition for Native American Indian
25 students in fulfillment of a condition under which

1 the college or State received its original grant of
2 land and facilities from the United States.

3 “(3) NATIVE AMERICAN-SERVING, NONTRIBAL
4 INSTITUTION.—The term ‘Native American-serving,
5 nontribal institution’ has the meaning given the
6 term in section 319(b).

7 “(f) SUPPLEMENT, NOT SUPPLANT.—Funds under
8 this section shall be used to supplement, not supplant, any
9 Federal or non-Federal funds that would otherwise be
10 used for Indian education programs.”.

11 (b) AUTHORIZATION.—Section 399(a)(1) of the
12 Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1068h(a)(1))
13 is amended—

14 (1) by redesignating subparagraph (F) as sub-
15 paragraph (G); and

16 (2) by inserting after subparagraph (E) the fol-
17 lowing:

18 “(F) There are authorized to be appropriated to
19 carry out section 319A, \$17,400,000 for each of fis-
20 cal years 2018 through 2022.”.

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