

113TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

S. RES. 54

Authorizing expenditures by the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

FEBRUARY 26, 2013

Mr. CARPER, from the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, reported the following original resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Rules and Administration

RESOLUTION

Authorizing expenditures by the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs.

1 *Resolved,*

2 **SECTION 1. GENERAL AUTHORITY.**

3 In carrying out its powers, duties, and functions
4 under the Standing Rules of the Senate, in accordance
5 with its jurisdiction under rule XXV of the Standing Rules
6 of the Senate and S. Res. 445 (108th Congress), including
7 holding hearings, reporting such hearings, and making in-
8 vestigations as authorized by paragraphs 1 and 8 of rule
9 XXVI of the Standing Rules of the Senate, the Committee
10 on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs (in this

1 resolution referred to as the “committee”) is authorized
2 from March 1, 2013 through September 30, 2013, in its
3 discretion to—

4 (1) make expenditures from the contingent fund
5 of the Senate;

6 (2) employ personnel; and

7 (3) with the prior consent of the Government
8 department or agency concerned and the Committee
9 on Rules and Administration, use on a reimbursable
10 or nonreimbursable basis the services of personnel of
11 any such department or agency.

12 **SEC. 2. EXPENSES FOR PERIOD ENDING SEPTEMBER 30,**
13 **2013.**

14 The expenses of the committee for the period March
15 1, 2013 through September 30, 2013 under this resolution
16 shall not exceed \$6,074,429, of which amount—

17 (1) not to exceed \$75,000 may be expended for
18 the procurement of the services of individual consult-
19 ants, or organizations thereof (as authorized by sec-
20 tion 202(i) of the Legislative Reorganization Act of
21 1946 (2 U.S.C. 72a(i))); and

22 (2) not to exceed \$20,000 may be expended for
23 the training of the professional staff of the com-
24 mittee (under procedures specified by section 202(j)
25 of that Act).

1 **SEC. 3. EXPENSES; AGENCY CONTRIBUTIONS; AND INVE-**

2 **TIGATIONS.**

3 (a) EXPENSES OF THE COMMITTEE.—

4 (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in para-
5 graph (2), expenses of the committee under this res-
6 olution shall be paid from the contingent fund of the
7 Senate upon vouchers approved by the chairman of
8 the committee.

9 (2) VOUCHERS NOT REQUIRED.—Vouchers shall
10 not be required for—

11 (A) the disbursement of salaries of employ-
12 ees paid at an annual rate;

13 (B) the payment of telecommunications
14 provided by the Office of the Sergeant at Arms
15 and Doorkeeper;

16 (C) the payment of stationery supplies pur-
17 chased through the Keeper of the Stationery;

18 (D) payments to the Postmaster of the
19 Senate;

20 (E) the payment of metered charges on
21 copying equipment provided by the Office of the
22 Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper;

23 (F) the payment of Senate Recording and
24 Photographic Services; or

(G) the payment of franked and mass mail costs by the Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper, United States Senate.

4 (b) AGENCY CONTRIBUTIONS.—There are authorized
5 such sums as may be necessary for agency contributions
6 related to the compensation of employees of the committee
7 from March 1, 2013 through September 30, 2013, to be
8 paid from the appropriations account for “Expenses of In-
9 quiries and Investigations” of the Senate.

10 (c) INVESTIGATIONS.—

11 (1) IN GENERAL.—The committee, or any duly
12 authorized subcommittee of the committee, is au-
13 thorized to study or investigate—

(A) the efficiency and economy of operations of all branches of the Government including the possible existence of fraud, misfeasance, malfeasance, collusion, mismanagement, incompetence, corruption, or unethical practices, waste, extravagance, conflicts of interest, and the improper expenditure of Government funds in transactions, contracts, and activities of the Government or of Government officials and employees and any and all such improper practices between Government personnel and corporations, individuals, companies, or persons

1 affiliated therewith, doing business with the
2 Government; and the compliance or noncompli-
3 ance of such corporations, companies, or indi-
4 viduals or other entities with the rules, regula-
5 tions, and laws governing the various govern-
6 mental agencies and its relationships with the
7 public;

8 (B) the extent to which criminal or other
9 improper practices or activities are, or have
10 been, engaged in the field of labor-management
11 relations or in groups or organizations of em-
12 ployees or employers, to the detriment of inter-
13 ests of the public, employers, or employees, and
14 to determine whether any changes are required
15 in the laws of the United States in order to pro-
16 tect such interests against the occurrence of
17 such practices or activities;

18 (C) organized criminal activity which may
19 operate in or otherwise utilize the facilities of
20 interstate or international commerce in further-
21 ance of any transactions and the manner and
22 extent to which, and the identity of the persons,
23 firms, or corporations, or other entities by
24 whom such utilization is being made, and fur-
25 ther, to study and investigate the manner in

1 which and the extent to which persons engaged
2 in organized criminal activity have infiltrated
3 lawful business enterprise, and to study the
4 adequacy of Federal laws to prevent the oper-
5 ations of organized crime in interstate or inter-
6 national commerce; and to determine whether
7 any changes are required in the laws of the
8 United States in order to protect the public
9 against such practices or activities;

10 (D) all other aspects of crime and lawless-
11 ness within the United States which have an
12 impact upon or affect the national health, wel-
13 fare, and safety; including but not limited to in-
14 vestment fraud schemes, commodity and secu-
15 rity fraud, computer fraud, and the use of off-
16 shore banking and corporate facilities to carry
17 out criminal objectives;

18 (E) the efficiency and economy of oper-
19 ations of all branches and functions of the Gov-
20 ernment with particular reference to—

21 (i) the effectiveness of present na-
22 tional security methods, staffing, and proc-
23 esses as tested against the requirements
24 imposed by the rapidly mounting com-
25 plexity of national security problems;

(ii) the capacity of present national security staffing, methods, and processes to make full use of the Nation's resources of knowledge and talents;

(iii) the adequacy of present intergovernmental relations between the United States and international organizations principally concerned with national security of which the United States is a member; and

(iv) legislative and other proposals to improve these methods, processes, and relationships;

(F) the efficiency, economy, and effectiveness of all agencies and departments of the Government involved in the control and management of energy shortages including, but not limited to, their performance with respect to—

(i) the collection and dissemination of accurate statistics on fuel demand and supply;

(ii) the implementation of effective energy conservation measures;

(iii) the pricing of energy in all forms;

- (iv) coordination of energy programs with State and local government;
 - (v) control of exports of scarce fuels;
 - (vi) the management of tax, import, pricing, and other policies affecting energy supplies;
 - (vii) maintenance of the independent sector of the petroleum industry as a strong competitive force;
 - (viii) the allocation of fuels in short supply by public and private entities;
 - (ix) the management of energy supplies owned or controlled by the Government;
 - (x) relations with other oil producing and consuming countries;
 - (xi) the monitoring of compliance by governments, corporations, or individuals with the laws and regulations governing the allocation, conservation, or pricing of energy supplies; and
 - (xii) research into the discovery and development of alternative energy supplies; and

6 (2) EXTENT OF INQUIRIES.—In carrying out
7 the duties provided in paragraph (1), the inquiries
8 of this committee or any subcommittee of the com-
9 mittee shall not be construed to be limited to the
10 records, functions, and operations of any particular
11 branch of the Government and may extend to the
12 records and activities of any persons, corporation, or
13 other entity.

(C) to sit and act at any time or place during the sessions, recess, and adjournment periods of the Senate;

4 (D) to administer oaths; and

11 (4) AUTHORITY OF OTHER COMMITTEES.—

Nothing contained in this subsection shall affect or impair the exercise of any other standing committee of the Senate of any power, or the discharge by such committee of any duty, conferred or imposed upon it by the Standing Rules of the Senate or by the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946.

