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S. RES. 523

Expressing the sense of the Senate on the importance of the United States-India strategic partnership and the continued deepening of bilateral ties with India.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

JULY 24, 2014

Mr. WARNER (for himself, Mr. CORNYN, Mr. Kaine, and Mr. RISCH) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations

RESOLUTION

Expressing the sense of the Senate on the importance of the United States-India strategic partnership and the continued deepening of bilateral ties with India.

Whereas the United States-India relationship is built on mutual respect for common values, including democracy, the rule of law, a market economy, and ethnic and religious diversity, and bolstered by strong people-to-people ties, including a 3,000,000-strong Indian American diaspora;

Whereas the Senate places tremendous value on the relationship with India, and the bipartisan Senate India Caucus comprises 40 Senators and is the largest bilateral caucus in the Senate;

Whereas the United States and India have a unique opportunity, in the early days of the new administration in India, to refresh the United States-India relationship and work cooperatively to make progress that will benefit both of our countries in a broad range of areas, including education, skills development, infrastructure, and energy;

Whereas a strong economic partnership between India and the United States requires a mutual respect for innovation;

Whereas an investment environment that fosters continued research and development and the bilateral relationship between the United States and India has resulted in almost \$100,000,000,000 in trade of goods and services in 2013;

Whereas the United States-India relationship is vital to promoting stability, democracy, and economic prosperity in the 21st century;

Whereas defense and security ties have led to nearly \$10,000,000,000 in defense trade, and the United States-India Defense Trade and Technology Initiative has facilitated greater cooperation on joint development of defense platforms;

Whereas counterterrorism cooperation is a growing and important aspect of the partnership given the terrorist threats faced by both countries, including from groups such as al Qaeda and Lashkar-e-Taiba;

Whereas the United States values India's role as a net security provider in the Indian Ocean Region and promoter of regional stability and maritime security in the Asian Pacific region; and

Whereas India is a close partner of the United States in Afghanistan, has committed over \$2,000,000,000 in development assistance, and shares the United States goal of a stable, democratic, and prosperous Afghanistan; Now, therefore, be it

1 *Resolved*, It is the sense of the Senate that—

2 (1) Prime Minister Narendra Modi should be
3 able to address the United States Congress at the
4 earliest opportunity;

5 (2) the United States Government should de-
6 velop a clear strategic plan for its relationship with
7 India and hold a robust strategic dialogue in New
8 Delhi that lays out clear objectives and deliverables
9 to set a positive trajectory for the relationship and
10 moves from dialogue to action to build a path for-
11 ward for more ambitious cooperation;

12 (3) the United States nominate and confirm an
13 Ambassador to India as soon as possible;

14 (4) the United States and India should continue
15 to expand economic engagement, including finalizing
16 a bilateral investment treaty and reviving the Trade
17 Policy Forum;

18 (5) the United States Government should urge
19 the Government of India to continue with its eco-
20 nomic liberalization reforms, including lifting the
21 caps on foreign direct investment and taking steps

1 to enhance protections for intellectual property, and
2 consider discussions with other Asia-Pacific Eco-
3 nomic Cooperation (APEC) forum nations about In-
4 dian membership in APEC;

5 (6) the United States and India should expand
6 energy cooperation, by India fully implementing the
7 2008 civil nuclear pact, and the United States pur-
8 suing increased export of liquefied natural gas to
9 India;

10 (7) the United States and India should continue
11 to deepen defense and security cooperation, to in-
12 clude expanded joint exercises and training, sales
13 and co-production, holding a “2+2” meeting of sen-
14 ior defense and foreign affairs officials, and reestab-
15 lishing the Defense Policy Group; and

16 (8) the United States Government should urge
17 the Government of India to modify its offset regime
18 so funds can flow to a second tier of Indian prior-
19 ities such as education, skills development, or manu-
20 facturing.

