

113TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

H. R. 5524

To amend title 10, United States Code, to ensure that women members of the Armed Forces and their families have access to the contraception they need in order to promote the health and readiness of all members of the Armed Forces, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

SEPTEMBER 17, 2014

Ms. SPEIER (for herself, Ms. DEGETTE, Ms. SLAUGHTER, Ms. DELAURO, Ms. BROWN of Florida, Mr. RANGEL, Ms. CLARK of Massachusetts, Mr. McGOVERN, Ms. JACKSON LEE, Mr. GRIJALVA, Ms. DELBENE, Mrs. NAPOLITANO, Ms. MCCOLLUM, Mr. HASTINGS of Florida, Ms. NORTON, Mrs. CAPPES, Ms. CLARKE of New York, Mr. BLUMENAUER, Mr. DEFazio, Ms. LOFGREN, Ms. LINDA T. SÁNCHEZ of California, Mr. LARSEN of Washington, Ms. MOORE, Ms. HAHN, Mr. CARSON of Indiana, Mr. CICILLINE, Ms. LEE of California, Mr. BERA of California, Mr. COHEN, Mr. QUIGLEY, Ms. PINGREE of Maine, Mr. ELLISON, Ms. CASTOR of Florida, Mr. DELANEY, Ms. TSONGAS, Ms. BONAMICI, Mr. LOEBSACK, Ms. MATSUI, Mr. HONDA, Mr. POCAN, Ms. CHU, Mrs. CAROLYN B. MALONEY of New York, Mr. HIMES, Mr. LOWENTHAL, Mr. RUIZ, Mr. KILMER, Mr. PETERS of California, Ms. KUSTER, Ms. BROWNLEY of California, Mr. BISHOP of New York, Ms. ESTY, Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, Mr. TAKANO, Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia, Ms. TITUS, Ms. SHEA-PORTER, Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ, Ms. FUDGE, Mr. SHERMAN, Mr. BRADY of Pennsylvania, and Mr. THOMPSON of California) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Armed Services

A BILL

To amend title 10, United States Code, to ensure that women members of the Armed Forces and their families have access to the contraception they need in order to

promote the health and readiness of all members of the Armed Forces, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Access to Contracep-
5 tion for Women Servicemembers and Dependents Act of
6 2014”.

7 **SEC. 2. FINDINGS.**

8 Congress makes the following findings:

9 (1) Women are serving in the Armed Forces at
10 increasing rates, playing a critical role in the na-
11 tional security of the United States. More than
12 350,000 women serve on active duty in the Armed
13 Forces or in the Selected Reserve.

14 (2) Nearly 10,000,000 members of the Armed
15 Forces (including members of the National Guard
16 and Reserves), military retirees, their families, their
17 survivors, and certain former spouses, including
18 nearly 5,000,000 female beneficiaries, are eligible for
19 health care through the Department of Defense.

20 (3) Contraception is critical for women’s health
21 and is highly effective at reducing unintended preg-
22 nancy. The Centers for Disease Control and Preven-
23 tion describe contraception as one of the 10 greatest
24 public health achievements of the twentieth century.

1 (4) Contraception has played a direct role in
2 the greater participation of women in education and
3 employment. Increased wages and increased control
4 over reproductive decisions provide women with edu-
5 cational and professional opportunities that have in-
6 creased gender equality over the decades since con-
7 traception was introduced.

8 (5) Studies have shown that when cost barriers
9 to the full range of methods of contraception are
10 eliminated, and women receive comprehensive coun-
11 seling on the various methods of contraception (in-
12 cluding highly effective Long-Acting Reversible Con-
13 traceptives (LARCs)), rates of unintended preg-
14 nancy decline dramatically.

15 (6) Research has also shown that investments
16 in effective contraception save public and private
17 dollars.

18 (7) The 2011 recommendations of the Institute
19 of Medicine on women's preventive health services
20 include recommendations that health insurance plans
21 cover all methods of contraception approved by the
22 Food and Drug Administration, sterilization proce-
23 dures, and patient education and counseling for all
24 women with reproductive capacity without any cost-
25 sharing requirements.

1 (8) The recommendations described in para-
2 graph (7) are reflected in provisions of the Patient
3 Protection and Affordable Care Act (Public Law
4 111–148), and thus group and individual health in-
5 surance plans must provide such coverage. The rec-
6 ommendations have also been adopted by the Office
7 of Personnel Management, and thus all health insur-
8 ance plans that are part of the Federal Employees
9 Health Benefits Program must provide such cov-
10 erage.

11 (9) Under the TRICARE program, service-
12 women on active duty have full coverage of all pre-
13 scription drugs, including contraception, without
14 cost-sharing requirements. However, servicewomen
15 not on active duty, and female dependents of mem-
16 bers of the Armed Forces, who receive health care
17 through the TRICARE program do not have similar
18 coverage of all prescription methods of contraception
19 approved by the Food and Drug Administration
20 without cost-sharing.

21 (10) Studies indicate that servicewomen need
22 comprehensive counseling for pregnancy prevention,
23 particularly in their predeployment preparations,
24 and the lack thereof is contributing to unintended
25 pregnancies among servicewomen.

(11) An analysis by Ibis Reproductive Health of the 2008 Survey of Health Related Behaviors among Active Duty Military Personnel found a high unintended pregnancy rate among servicewomen. Adjusting for the difference between age distribution in the Armed Forces and the general population, the rate of unintended pregnancy among servicewomen is higher than for the general population.

(12) With the integrated use of electronic medical records throughout the Department of Defense, the technological infrastructure exists to develop clinical decision support tools. These tools, which are incorporated into the electronic medical record, allow for a point-of-care feedback loop that can be used to enhance patient decisionmaking, case and patient management, and care coordination. Benefits of clinical decision support tools include increased quality of care and enhanced health outcomes, improved efficiency, and provider and patient satisfaction.

(13) The Defense Advisory Committee on Women in the Services (DACOWITS) has recommended that all the Armed Forces, to the extent that they have not already, implement initiatives that inform servicemembers of the importance of family planning, educate them on methods of contra-

1 ception, and make various methods of contraception
2 available, based on the finding that family planning
3 can increase the overall readiness and quality of life
4 of all members of the military.

5 (14) Health care, including family planning for
6 survivors of sexual assault in the Armed Forces is
7 a critical issue. Servicewomen on active duty report
8 rates of unwanted sexual contact at approximately
9 16 times those of the comparable general population
10 of women in the United States. Through regulations,
11 the Department of Defense already supports a policy
12 of ensuring that servicewomen who are sexually as-
13 saulted have access to emergency contraception.

14 **SEC. 3. CONTRACEPTION COVERAGE PARITY UNDER THE**
15 **TRICARE PROGRAM.**

16 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1074d of title 10, United
17 States Code, is amended—

18 (1) in subsection (a), by inserting “FOR MEM-
19 BERS AND FORMER MEMBERS” after “SERVICES
20 AVAILABLE”;

21 (2) by redesignating subsection (b) as sub-
22 section (d); and

23 (3) by inserting after subsection (a) the fol-
24 lowing new subsections:

1 “(b) CARE RELATED TO PREVENTION OF PREG-
2 NANCY.—Female covered beneficiaries shall be entitled to
3 care related to the prevention of pregnancy described by
4 subsection (d)(3).

5 “(c) PROHIBITION ON COST-SHARING FOR CERTAIN
6 SERVICES.—Notwithstanding section 1074g(a)(6) of this
7 title or any other provision of law, cost-sharing may not
8 be imposed or collected for care related to the prevention
9 of pregnancy provided pursuant to subsection (a) or (b),
10 including for any method of contraception provided,
11 whether provided through a facility of the uniformed serv-
12 ices, the TRICARE retail pharmacy program, or the na-
13 tional mail-order pharmacy program.”.

14 (b) CARE RELATED TO PREVENTION OF PREG-
15 NANCY.—Subsection (d)(3) of such section, as redesi-
16 gned by subsection (a)(2) of this section, is further
17 amended by inserting before the period at the end the fol-
18 lowing: “(including all methods of contraception approved
19 by the Food and Drug Administration, sterilization proce-
20 dures, and patient education and counseling in connection
21 therewith)”.

22 (c) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section
23 1077(a)(13) of such title is amended by striking “section
24 1074d(b)” and inserting “section 1074d(d)”.

1 **SEC. 4. ACCESS TO BROAD RANGE OF METHODS OF CON-**
2 **TRACEPTION APPROVED BY THE FOOD AND**
3 **DRUG ADMINISTRATION FOR MEMBERS OF**
4 **THE ARMED FORCES AND MILITARY DEPEND-**
5 **ENTS AT MILITARY TREATMENT FACILITIES.**

6 (a) **IN GENERAL.**—Commencing not later than 180
7 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Sec-
8 retary of Defense shall ensure that every military treat-
9 ment facility has a sufficient stock of a broad range of
10 methods of contraception approved by the Food and Drug
11 Administration, as recommended by the Centers for Dis-
12 ease Control and Prevention and the Office of Population
13 Affairs of the Department of Health and Human Services,
14 to be able to dispense at any time any such method of
15 contraception to any women members of the Armed
16 Forces and female covered beneficiaries who receive care
17 through such facility.

18 (b) **COVERED BENEFICIARY DEFINED.**—In this sec-
19 tion, the term “covered beneficiary” has the meaning
20 given that term in section 1072(5) of title 10, United
21 States Code.

22 **SEC. 5. COMPREHENSIVE STANDARDS AND ACCESS TO**
23 **CONTRACEPTION COUNSELING FOR MEM-**
24 **BERS OF THE ARMED FORCES.**

25 (a) **PURPOSE.**—The purpose of this section is to en-
26 sure that all health care providers employed by the De-

1 partment of Defense who provide care for women members
2 of the Armed Forces, including general practitioners, are
3 provided, through clinical practice guidelines, the most
4 current evidence-based and evidence-informed standards
5 of care with respect to methods of contraception and coun-
6 seling on methods of contraception.

7 (b) CLINICAL PRACTICE GUIDELINES.—

8 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year
9 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Sec-
10 retary of Defense shall compile clinical practice
11 guidelines for health care providers described in sub-
12 section (a) on standards of care with respect to
13 methods of contraception and counseling on methods
14 of contraception for women members of the Armed
15 Forces.

16 (2) SOURCES.—The Secretary shall compile
17 clinical practice guidelines under this subsection
18 from among clinical practice guidelines established
19 by appropriate health agencies and professional or-
20 ganizations, including the following:

21 (A) The United States Preventive Services
22 Task Force.

23 (B) The Centers for Disease Control and
24 Prevention.

(C) The Office of Population Affairs of the
Department of Health and Human Services.

(D) The American College of Obstetricians
and Gynecologists.

(E) The Association of Reproductive Health Professionals.

(F) The American Academy of Family
Physicians.

(G) The Agency for Healthcare Research
and Quality.

17 (4) DISSEMINATION.—

14 (c) CLINICAL DECISION SUPPORT TOOLS.—

1 (2) UPDATES.—The Secretary shall from time
2 to time update the clinical decision support tools de-
3 veloped under this subsection to incorporate into
4 such tools new or updated guidelines on methods of
5 contraception and counseling on methods of contra-
6 ception.

7 (3) DISSEMINATION.—Clinical decision support
8 tools, and any updates to such tools, shall be dis-
9 seminated under this subsection in accordance with
10 administrative protocols developed by the Secretary
11 for that purpose. Such protocols shall be similar to
12 the administrative protocols developed under sub-
13 section (b)(4)(C).

14 (d) ACCESS TO CONTRACEPTION COUNSELING.—As
15 soon as practicable after the date of the enactment of this
16 Act, the Secretary shall ensure that women members of
17 the Armed Forces have access to counseling on the full
18 range of methods of contraception provided by health care
19 providers described in subsection (a) during health care
20 visits, including, but not limited to, visits as follows:

21 (1) During predeployment health care visits,
22 with the counseling to be provided during such visits
23 emphasizing the interaction between anticipated de-
24 ployment conditions and various methods of contra-
25 ception.

1 (2) During health care visits during deployment.

3 (3) During annual physical examinations.

4 (e) INCORPORATION INTO SURVEYS OF QUESTIONS
5 ON SERVICEWOMEN EXPERIENCES WITH FAMILY PLAN-
6 NING SERVICES AND COUNSELING.—

7 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after
8 the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary
9 shall integrate into the Department of Defense sur-
10 veys specified in paragraph (2) questions designed to
11 obtain information on the experiences of women
12 members of the Armed Forces—

13 (A) in accessing family planning services
14 and counseling;

15 (B) in using family planning methods,
16 which method was preferred and whether de-
17 ployment conditions affected the decision on
18 which family planning method or methods to be
19 used; and

20 (C) if pregnant, whether the pregnancy
21 was intended.

22 (2) COVERED SURVEYS.—The surveys into
23 which questions shall be integrated as described in
24 paragraph (1) are the following:

(B) The Health Care Survey of Department of Defense Beneficiaries.

5 SEC. 6. EDUCATION ON FAMILY PLANNING FOR MEMBERS 6 OF THE ARMED FORCES.

7 (a) EDUCATION PROGRAM.—

8 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year
9 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Sec-
10 retary of Defense shall establish an education pro-
11 gram for all members of the Armed Forces, includ-
12 ing both men and women members, consisting of a
13 uniform standard curriculum on family planning.

19 (b) ELEMENTS.—The standard curriculum under
20 subsection (a) shall include the following:

- 1 (2) Current, medically accurate information.
- 2 (3) Clear, user-friendly information on the full
- 3 range of methods of contraception and where mem-
- 4 bers of the Armed Forces can access their chosen
- 5 method of contraception.
- 6 (4) Information on all applicable laws and poli-
- 7 cies so that members are informed of their rights
- 8 and obligations.
- 9 (5) Information on patients' rights to confiden-
- 10 tiality.
- 11 (6) Information on the unique circumstances
- 12 encountered by members of the Armed Forces, and
- 13 the effects of such circumstances on the use of con-
- 14 traception.

15 **SEC. 7. PREGNANCY PREVENTION ASSISTANCE AT MILI-**

16 **TARY TREATMENT FACILITIES FOR WOMEN**

17 **WHO ARE SEXUAL ASSAULT SURVIVORS.**

- 18 (a) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this section is to pro-
- 19 vide in statute, and to enhance, existing regulations that
- 20 require health care providers at military treatment facili-
- 21 ties to consult with survivors of sexual assault once clini-
- 22 cally stable regarding options for emergency contraception
- 23 and any necessary follow-up care, including the provision
- 24 of the emergency contraception.

1 (b) IN GENERAL.—The assistance specified in sub-
2 section (c) shall be provided at every military treatment
3 facility to the following:

4 (1) Any woman who presents at a military
5 treatment facility and states to personnel of the fa-
6 cility that she is a victim of sexual assault or is ac-
7 companied by another individual who states that the
8 woman is a victim of sexual assault.

9 (2) Any woman who presents at a military
10 treatment facility and is reasonably believed by per-
11 sonnel of such facility to be a survivor of sexual as-
12 sault.

13 (c) ASSISTANCE.—

14 (1) IN GENERAL.—The assistance specified in
15 this subsection shall include the following:

16 (A) The prompt provision by appropriate
17 staff of the military treatment facility of com-
18 prehensive, medically and factually accurate,
19 and unbiased written and oral information
20 about all methods of emergency contraception
21 approved by the Food and Drug Administra-
22 tion.

23 (B) The prompt provision by such staff of
24 emergency contraception to a woman upon her
25 request.

(C) Notification to the woman of her right to confidentiality in the receipt of care and services pursuant to this section.

