113TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 5301

To amend title VI of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 to establish a Federal renewable electricity standard for retail electricity suppliers and a Federal energy efficiency resource standard for electricity and natural gas suppliers, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

July 30, 2014

Mr. Welch (for himself and Mr. Ben Ray Luján of New Mexico) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce

A BILL

To amend title VI of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 to establish a Federal renewable electricity standard for retail electricity suppliers and a Federal energy efficiency resource standard for electricity and natural gas suppliers, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "American Renewable
- 5 Energy and Efficiency Act".

1	SEC. 2. FEDERAL RENEWABLE ELECTRICITY STANDARD.
2	Title VI of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act
3	of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2601 et seq.) is amended by adding
4	after section 609 (7 U.S.C. 918c) the following:
5	"SEC. 610. FEDERAL RENEWABLE ELECTRICITY STANDARD
6	"(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
7	"(1) 118 countries have national goals for re-
8	newable electricity production and 30 States and the
9	District of Columbia have enacted mandatory renew-
10	able electricity standards;
11	"(2) the Federal renewable electricity standard
12	established by this section establishes a market-
13	based policy to create ongoing competition among
14	renewable electricity generators across the United
15	States and provide the greatest quantity of clean
16	electricity for the lowest price; and
17	"(3) the United States has vast wind, solar, hy-
18	dropower, biomass, and geothermal resources that—
19	"(A) are renewable;
20	"(B) are dispersed widely across different
21	regions of the United States; and
22	"(C) can be harnessed to generate a sig-
23	nificant share of electricity in the United
24	States.
25	"(b) DEFINITIONS—In this section:

1	"(1) Brownfield site generation facil-
2	ITY.—The term 'brownfield site generation facility'
3	means a facility that—
4	"(A) generates renewable electricity; and
5	"(B) occupies a brownfield site (as that
6	term is defined in section 101 of the Com-
7	prehensive Environmental Response, Compensa-
8	tion, and Liability Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C.
9	9601)).
10	"(2) Distributed renewable generation
11	FACILITY.—The term 'distributed renewable genera-
12	tion facility' means a facility that—
13	"(A) generates renewable electricity;
14	"(B) primarily serves one or more electric
15	consumers at or near the facility site; and
16	"(C) has not more than 2 megawatts in
17	capacity.
18	"(3) Federal Renewable electricity
19	CREDIT.—The term 'Federal renewable electricity
20	credit' means a credit, representing 1 megawatt
21	hour of renewable electricity, issued pursuant to sub-
22	section (f).
23	"(4) Indian Land.—The term 'Indian land'
24	means—

1	"(A) any land within the limits of any In-
2	dian reservation, pueblo, or rancheria;
3	"(B) any land not within the limits of any
4	Indian reservation, pueblo, or rancheria, title to
5	which was on the date of enactment of this sec-
6	tion held by—
7	"(i) the United States for the benefit
8	of any Indian tribe or individual; or
9	"(ii) any Indian tribe or individual
10	subject to restriction by the United States
11	against alienation;
12	"(C) any dependent Indian community; or
13	"(D) any land conveyed under the Alaska
14	Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1601
15	et seq.) to any Native Corporation (as that
16	term is defined in section 3 of that Act (43
17	U.S.C. 1602)).
18	"(5) Indian tribe.—The term 'Indian tribe'
19	means any Indian tribe, band, nation, or other orga-
20	nized group or community (including any Native vil-
21	lage, Regional Corporation, or Village Corporation
22	(as those terms are defined in section 3 of the Alas-
23	ka Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1602)))
24	that is recognized as eligible for the special pro-

1	grams and services provided by the United States to
2	Indians because of their status as Indians.
3	"(6) QUALIFIED HYDROPOWER.—The term
4	'qualified hydropower' means—
5	"(A) energy produced from increased effi-
6	ciency achieved, or additions of capacity made,
7	on or after January 1, 2001, at a hydroelectric
8	facility that—
9	"(i) was placed in service before that
10	date; and
11	"(ii) does not include additional en-
12	ergy generated as a result of operational
13	changes not directly associated with effi-
14	ciency improvements or capacity additions;
15	or
16	"(B) energy produced from generating ca-
17	pacity added to a dam on or after January 1,
18	2001, if the Commission certifies that—
19	"(i) the dam—
20	"(I) was placed in service before
21	the date of enactment of this section;
22	$``(\Pi)$ was operated for flood con-
23	trol, navigation, or water supply pur-
24	poses; and

1	"(III) was not producing hydro-
2	electric power prior to the addition of
3	the capacity; and
4	"(ii) the hydroelectric project installed
5	on the dam—
6	"(I) is licensed or is exempt from
7	licensing by the Commission;
8	"(II) is in compliance with—
9	"(aa) the terms and condi-
10	tions of the license or exemption;
11	and
12	"(bb) other applicable legal
13	requirements for the protection
14	of environmental quality, includ-
15	ing applicable fish passage re-
16	quirements; and
17	"(III) is operated so that the
18	water surface elevation at any given
19	location and time that would have oc-
20	curred in the absence of the hydro-
21	electric project is maintained, subject
22	to any license or exemption require-
23	ments that require changes in water
24	surface elevation for the purpose of

1	improving the environmental quality
2	of the affected waterway.
3	"(7) Qualified renewable biomass.—The
4	term 'qualified renewable biomass' means renewable
5	biomass that, when combusted, yields, on a weight-
6	ed-average basis, a 50-percent reduction in lifecycle
7	greenhouse gas emissions (as defined in section 4(a)
8	of the American Renewable Energy and Efficiency
9	Act) per unit of useful energy, as compared to the
10	operation of a combined cycle natural gas electric
11	generating facility using the most efficient commer-
12	cially available technology, when calculated over a
13	20-year life cycle.
14	"(8) Renewable biomass.—The term 'renew-
15	able biomass' means—
16	"(A) crops, crop byproducts, or crop resi-
17	dues harvested from actively managed or fallow
18	agricultural land that is—
19	"(i) nonforested; and
20	"(ii) cleared prior to the date of en-
21	actment of this section;
22	"(B) planted trees, brush, slash, and all
23	residues from an actively managed tree farm lo-
24	cated on non-Federal land cleared prior to the
25	date of enactment of this section;

1	"(C) precommercial-sized thinnings, slash,
2	brush, and residue from milled trees, from for-
3	ested land that is not—
4	"(i) old-growth or mature forest;
5	"(ii) identified under a State natural
6	heritage program as rare, imperiled, or
7	critically imperiled; or
8	"(iii) Federal land;
9	"(D) algae;
10	"(E) nonhazardous plant matter derived
11	from waste—
12	"(i) including separated yard waste,
13	landscape right-of-way trimmings, or food
14	waste; but
15	"(ii) not including municipal solid
16	waste, recyclable waste paper, painted,
17	treated or pressurized wood, or wood con-
18	taminated with plastic or metals;
19	"(F) animal waste or animal byproducts,
20	including products of animal waste digesters;
21	"(G) vegetative matter removed from with-
22	in 200 yards of any manmade structure or
23	campground; and
24	"(H) slash and precommercial-sized
25	thinnings harvested—

1	"(i) in environmentally sustainable
2	quantities, as determined by the appro-
3	priate Federal land manager; and
4	"(ii) from National Forest System
5	land or public lands (as defined in section
6	103 of the Federal Land Policy and Man-
7	agement Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1702)),
8	other than—
9	"(I) components of the National
10	Wilderness Preservation System es-
11	tablished under the Wilderness Act
12	(16 U.S.C. 1131 et seq.);
13	"(II) Wilderness Study Areas, as
14	identified by the Bureau of Land
15	Management;
16	"(III) inventoried roadless areas
17	and all unroaded areas of at least
18	5,000 acres;
19	"(IV) old growth and late seral
20	stands;
21	"(V) components of the National
22	Landscape Conservation System ad-
23	ministered by the Bureau of Land
24	Management; and
25	"(VI) national monuments.

1	"(9) Renewable electricity.—The term 're-
2	newable electricity' means electricity generated (in-
3	cluding by means of a fuel cell) from a renewable en-
4	ergy resource.
5	"(10) Renewable energy resource.—The
6	term 'renewable energy resource' means each of the
7	following:
8	"(A) Wind energy.
9	"(B) Solar energy.
10	"(C) Geothermal energy.
11	"(D) Qualified renewable biomass.
12	"(E) Biogas derived from qualified renew-
13	able biomass.
14	"(F) Biofuels derived from qualified re-
15	newable biomass.
16	"(G) Qualified hydropower.
17	"(H) Marine and hydrokinetic renewable
18	energy (as defined in section 632 of the Energy
19	Independence and Security Act of 2007 (42
20	U.S.C. 17211)).
21	"(I) Landfill gas.
22	"(11) Retail electric supplier.—
23	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'retail elec-
24	tric supplier' means, for any calendar year, an
25	electric utility that sells not fewer than

1	1,000,000 megawatt hours of electric energy to
2	electric consumers for purposes other than re-
3	sale during the preceding calendar year.
4	"(B) Inclusions and limitations.—For
5	purposes of determining whether an electric
6	utility qualifies as a retail electric supplier
7	under subparagraph (A)—
8	"(i) the sales made by any affiliate of
9	the electric utility to electric consumers,
10	other than sales to lessees or tenants of
11	the affiliate, for purposes other than resale
12	shall be considered to be sales made by the
13	electric utility; and
14	"(ii) sales made by the electric utility
15	to an affiliate, lessee, or tenant of the elec-
16	tric utility shall not be treated as sales to
17	electric consumers.
18	"(C) Affiliate.—In this paragraph, the
19	term 'affiliate' when used in relation to a per-
20	son, means another person that directly or indi-
21	rectly owns or controls, is owned or controlled
22	by, or is under common ownership or control
23	with, that person, as determined under regula-
24	tions promulgated by the Commission.

1	"(12) Retail electric supplier's base
2	QUANTITY.—The term 'retail electric supplier's base
3	quantity' means the total quantity of electric energy
4	sold by the retail electric supplier, expressed in
5	megawatt hours, to electric customers for purposes
6	other than resale during the relevant calendar year,
7	excluding—
8	"(A) electricity generated by a hydro-
9	electric facility, other than qualified hydro-
10	power; and
11	"(B) electricity generated by the combus-
12	tion of municipal solid waste.
13	"(13) Retire and retirement.—The terms
14	'retire' and 'retirement' with respect to a Federal re-
15	newable electricity credit, means to disqualify the
16	credit for any subsequent use under this section, re-
17	gardless of whether the use is a sale, transfer, ex-
18	change, or submission in satisfaction of a compliance
19	obligation.
20	"(c) Annual Compliance Obligation.—Except as
21	otherwise provided in subsection (g), for each of calendar
22	years 2015 through 2040, not later than March 31 of the
23	following calendar year, each retail electric supplier shall

24 submit to the Commission a quantity of Federal renewable

1	electricity credits that is equal to at least the annual tar-
2	get of the retail electric supplier under subsection (e).
3	"(d) Establishment of Program.—
4	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after
5	the date of enactment of this section, the Commis-
6	sion shall promulgate regulations to implement and
7	enforce the requirements of this section.
8	"(2) Considerations.—In promulgating regu-
9	lations under paragraph (1), the Commission shall,
10	to the maximum extent practicable—
11	"(A) preserve the integrity and incorporate
12	best practices of existing State and tribal re-
13	newable electricity programs;
14	"(B) rely on existing and emerging State,
15	tribal, or regional tracking systems that issue
16	and track non-Federal renewable electricity
17	credits; and
18	"(C) cooperate with States and Indian
19	tribes—
20	"(i) to facilitate coordination between
21	State, tribal, and Federal renewable elec-
22	tricity programs; and
23	"(ii) to minimize administrative bur-
24	dens and costs to retail electric suppliers.
25	"(e) Annual Compliance Requirement —

1	"(1) Annual targets.—For each of calendar
2	years 2015 through 2040, the annual target of a re-
3	tail electric supplier shall be equal to the product ob-
4	tained by multiplying—
5	"(A) the required annual percentage for
6	that calendar year under paragraph (2); and
7	"(B) the retail electric supplier's base
8	quantity for that calendar year.
9	"(2) Required annual percentage.—
10	"(A) CALENDAR YEARS 2015 THROUGH
11	2040.—Subject to subparagraph (B), for each of
12	calendar years 2015 through 2040, the required
13	annual percentage shall be as follows:

	Required an	nnual
"Year:	percen	ıtage:
2015		6
2016		7
2017		9
2018		11
2019		13
2020		15
2021		17
2022		19
2023		21
2024		23
2025-	2040	25.

"(B) Increase authorized for Calendar years 2026 through 2040.—The Commission may issue orders increasing the required annual percentage amounts for each of calendar years 2026 through 2040 to reflect the maximum achievable level of renewable elec-

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1		tricity generation potential, taking into account
2		regional resource availability, economic feasi-
3		bility, and technological capability.
4	"(f)	FEDERAL RENEWABLE ELECTRICITY CRED-
5	ITS.—	
6		"(1) In general.—
7		"(A) ISSUANCE; TRACKING;
8		VERIFICATION.—The regulations promulgated
9		under this section shall include provisions gov-
10		erning the issuance, tracking, and verification
11		of Federal renewable electricity credits.
12		"(B) Credit ratio.—Except as provided
13		in paragraphs (2) through (4), the Commission
14		shall issue to each generator of renewable elec-
15		tricity, 1 Federal renewable electricity credit for
16		each megawatt hour of renewable electricity
17		generated by the generator after December 31,
18		2014.
19		"(C) Serial Number.—The Commission
20		shall assign a unique serial number to each
21		Federal renewable electricity credit.
22		"(2) GENERATION FROM CERTAIN STATE RE-
23	NEW	VABLE ELECTRICITY PROGRAMS.—
24		"(A) IN GENERAL.—If renewable elec-
25		tricity is generated with the support of pay-

ments from a retail electric supplier pursuant to a State renewable electricity program (whether through State alternative compliance payments or through payments to a State renewable electricity procurement fund or entity), the Commission shall issue Federal renewable electricity credits to the retail electric supplier for the portion of the relevant renewable electricity generation that is attributable to payments made by the retail electric supplier, as determined pursuant to regulations promulgated by the Commission.

"(B) REMAINING PORTION.—For any remaining portion of the relevant renewable electricity generation, the Commission shall issue Federal renewable electricity credits to the generator, as provided in paragraph (1), except that not more than 1 Federal renewable electricity credit shall be issued for the same megawatt hour of electricity.

"(C) STATE GUIDANCE.—In determining how Federal renewable electricity credits will be apportioned among retail electric suppliers and generators under this paragraph, the Commis-

1 sion shall consider information and guidance 2 issued by the applicable one or more States. 3 "(3) CERTAIN POWER SALES CONTRACTS.—Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (2), if a 5 generator has sold renewable electricity to a retail 6 electric supplier under a contract for power from a 7 facility placed in service before the date of enact-8 ment of this section, and the contract does not pro-9 vide for the determination of ownership of the Fed-10 eral renewable electricity credits associated with the 11 generation, the Commission shall issue the Federal 12 renewable electricity credits to the retail electric sup-13 plier for the duration of the contract. 14 "(4) Credit multipliers.— "(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in 15 16 subparagraph (B),the Commission shall 17 issue— 18 "(i) not more than 3 Federal renew-19 able electricity credits for each megawatt 20 hour of renewable electricity generated by 21 a distributed renewable generation facility; 22 "(ii) not more than 2 Federal renew-23 able electricity credits for each megawatt 24 hour of renewable electricity generated on 25 Indian land; and

1	"(iii) not more than 2 Federal renew-
2	able electricity credits for each megawatt
3	hour of renewable electricity generated by
4	a brownfield site generation facility.
5	"(B) Adjustment.—Except as provided
6	in subparagraph (C), not later than January 1,
7	2017, and not less frequently than every 4
8	years thereafter, the Commission shall review
9	the effect of this paragraph on the aggregate
10	quantity of renewable electricity produced under
11	the standard and shall, as necessary and after
12	providing 1 year of notice, reduce the number
13	of Federal renewable electricity credits per
14	megawatt hour issued under this paragraph for
15	any given energy source or facility, but not
16	below one, to ensure that the number is no
17	higher than the Commission determines is nec-
18	essary—
19	"(i) to incentivize incremental renew-
20	able energy generation on Indian land and
21	brownfield sites; and
22	"(ii) to make distributed renewable
23	generation facilities cost competitive with
24	other sources of renewable electricity gen-
25	eration.

1	"(C) Facilities placed in service
2	AFTER ENACTMENT.—
3	"(i) IN GENERAL.—For any renewable
4	generation facility placed in service after
5	the date of enactment of this section, sub-
6	paragraph (B) shall not apply for the first
7	10 years after the date on which the facil-
8	ity is placed in service.
9	"(ii) Initial period.—For each year
10	during the 10-year period described in
11	clause (i), the Commission shall issue to
12	the facility the same number of Federal re-
13	newable electricity credits per megawatt
14	hour as are issued to that facility in the
15	year in which the facility is placed in serv-
16	ice.
17	"(iii) Subsequent Period.—After
18	the 10-year period described in clause (i),
19	the Commission shall issue Federal renew-
20	able electricity credits to the facility in ac-
21	cordance with subparagraph (B).
22	"(5) Credits based on qualified hydro-
23	POWER.—For purposes of this subsection, the num-
24	ber of Federal renewable electricity credits issued for
25	qualified hydropower shall be calculated—

1	"(A) based solely on the increase in aver-
2	age annual generation directly resulting from
3	the efficiency improvements or capacity addi-
4	tions described in subsection (a)(6)(A); and
5	"(B) using the same water flow informa-
6	tion used to determine a historic average an-
7	nual generation baseline for the hydroelectric
8	facility, as certified by the Commission.
9	"(6) Generation from mixed renewable
10	AND NONRENEWABLE RESOURCES.—If electricity is
11	generated using both a renewable energy resource
12	and an energy source that is not a renewable energy
13	resource (such as cofiring of renewable biomass and
14	fossil fuel), the Commission shall issue Federal re-
15	newable electricity credits based on the proportion of
16	the electricity that is attributable to the renewable
17	energy resource.
18	"(7) Prohibition against double-count-
19	ING.—The Commission shall ensure that—
20	"(A) no Federal renewable electricity cred-
21	it is used more than once for compliance with
22	this section; and
23	"(B) except as provided in paragraph (4),
24	not more than 1 Federal renewable electricity

1	credit is issued for any megawatt hour of re-
2	newable electricity.
3	"(8) Trading.—The lawful holder of a Federal
4	renewable electricity credit may—
5	"(A) sell, exchange, or transfer the credit;
6	"(B) submit the credit for compliance
7	under subsection (c); or
8	"(C) submit the credit for retirement by
9	the Commission.
10	"(9) Banking.—
11	"(A) IN GENERAL.—A Federal renewable
12	electricity credit may be submitted in satisfac-
13	tion of the compliance obligation under sub-
14	section (c) for the compliance year in which the
15	credit was issued or for any of the 3 imme-
16	diately subsequent compliance years.
17	"(B) Retirement.—The Commission
18	shall retire any Federal renewable electricity
19	credit that has not been retired by April 2 of
20	the calendar year that is 3 years after the cal-
21	endar year during which the credit was issued.
22	"(10) Retirement.—The Commission shall re-
23	tire a Federal renewable electricity credit imme-
24	diately upon submission by the lawful holder of the

1 credit, whether in satisfaction of a compliance obli-2 gation under subsection (c) or for another reason. "(g) ALTERNATIVE COMPLIANCE PAYMENTS.— 3 "(1) In General.—A retail electric supplier 4 5 may satisfy the requirements of subsection (c) in 6 whole or in part by submitting in accordance with 7 this subsection, in lieu of each Federal renewable 8 electricity credit that would otherwise be due, a pay-9 ment equal to \$50, adjusted for inflation on January 10 1 of each year following calendar year 2015, in ac-11 cordance with regulations promulgated by the Com-12 mission. 13 "(2) Payment to state funds.— 14 "(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as otherwise 15 provided in this paragraph, payments made 16 under this subsection shall be made directly to 17 one or more States in which the retail electric 18 supplier sells electric energy, in proportion to 19 the portion of the retail electric supplier's base 20 quantity that is sold within each applicable 21 State, if— 22 "(i) the payments are deposited di-

rectly into a fund of the State treasury es-

tablished for that purpose; and

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1	"(ii) the State uses the funds in ac-
2	cordance with paragraphs (3) and (4).
3	"(B) Noncompliance.—If the Commis-
4	sion determines that a State is in substantial
5	noncompliance with paragraph (3) or (4), the
6	Commission shall direct that any future alter-
7	native compliance payments that would other-
8	wise be paid to the State under this subsection
9	shall instead be paid to the Commission and de-
10	posited in the Treasury.
11	"(3) State use of funds.—As a condition of
12	receipt of alternative compliance payments under
13	this subsection, a State shall use the payments ex-
14	clusively for—
15	"(A) deploying technologies that generate
16	electricity from renewable energy resources; or
17	"(B) implementing cost-effective energy ef-
18	ficiency programs to achieve energy savings.
19	"(4) Reporting.—
20	"(A) IN GENERAL.—As a condition of re-
21	ceipt of alternative compliance payments pursu-
22	ant to this subsection, a State shall submit to
23	the Commission an annual report, in accord-
24	ance with regulations promulgated by the Com-
25	mission, containing a full accounting of the use

1	of the payments, including a detailed descrip-
2	tion of the activities funded by the payments
3	and demonstrating compliance with the require-
4	ments of this subsection.
5	"(B) Deadline.—A State shall submit a
6	report under this paragraph—
7	"(i) not later than 1 year after the
8	date on which the first alternative compli-
9	ance payment is received; and
10	"(ii) every 1 year thereafter until all
11	alternative compliance payments are ex-
12	pended.
13	"(h) Information Collection.—
14	"(1) In General.—The Commission may re-
15	quire any retail electric supplier, renewable elec-
16	tricity generator, or any other entity that the Com-
17	mission determines appropriate, to provide any in-
18	formation the Commission determines appropriate to
19	carry out this section.
20	"(2) Failure to submit; false or mis-
21	LEADING INFORMATION.—Any entity required to
22	submit information under paragraph (1) that fails to
23	submit the information or submits false or mis-
24	leading information shall be in violation of this sec-

tion.

1	"(i) Enforcement and Judicial Review.—
2	"(1) Failure to submit credits.—If any
3	person fails to comply with the requirements of sub-
4	section (c) or (g), the person shall be liable to pay
5	to the Commission a civil penalty equal to the prod-
6	uct obtained by multiplying—
7	"(A) double the alternative compliance
8	payment calculated under subsection $(g)(1)$
9	and
10	"(B) the aggregate quantity of Federal re-
11	newable electricity credits or equivalent alter-
12	native compliance payments that the person
13	failed to submit in violation of the requirements
14	of subsections (c) and (g).
15	"(2) Enforcement.—The Commission shall
16	assess a civil penalty under paragraph (1) in accord-
17	ance with the procedures described in section 31(d)
18	of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 823b(d)).
19	"(3) Violation of requirement of regula-
20	TIONS OR ORDERS.—
21	"(A) In general.—Any person who vio-
22	lates or fails or refuses to comply with any re-
23	quirement of a regulation promulgated or order
24	issued under this section shall be subject to a

1 civil penalty under section 316A(b) of the Fed-2 eral Power Act (16 U.S.C. 8250–1(b)). 3 "(B) Assessment.—The penalty under 4 subparagraph (A) shall be assessed by the Com-5 mission in the same manner as in the case of 6 a violation referred to in section 316A(b) of 7 that Act. "(4) Judicial Review.— 8

> "(A) IN GENERAL.—Any person aggrieved by a final action taken by the Commission under this section, other than the assessment of a civil penalty under paragraphs (1) through (3), may use the procedures for review described in section 313 of the Federal Power Act

> "(B) REFERENCE.—For purposes of this paragraph, references to an order in section 313 of that Act shall be considered to refer also to all other final actions of the Commission under this section other than the assessment of a civil penalty under paragraphs (1) through (3).

"(j) Administration.—Nothing in this section—

(16 U.S.C. 825*l*).

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1	"(1) diminishes or qualifies any authority of a
2	State, a political subdivision of a State, or an Indian
3	tribe—
4	"(A) to adopt or enforce any law or regula-

- "(A) to adopt or enforce any law or regulation respecting renewable electricity, including any law or regulation establishing requirements that are more stringent than those established by this section, provided that no such law or regulation may relieve any person of any requirement otherwise applicable under this section; or
- "(B) to regulate the acquisition and disposition of Federal renewable electricity credits by retail electric suppliers within the jurisdiction of the State, political subdivision, or Indian tribe, including the authority to require the retail electric supplier to acquire and submit to the Commission for retirement Federal renewable electricity credits in excess of those submitted under this section; or
- "(2) affects the application of or the responsibility for compliance with any other provision of law or regulation, including environmental and licensing requirements.

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1 "(k) Sunset.—The authority provided by this sec-2 tion expires on December 31, 2041.". 3 SEC. 3. CLARIFYING STATE AUTHORITY TO ADOPT RENEW-4 ABLE ENERGY INCENTIVES. 5 Section 210 of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 824a-3) is amended by adding 7 at the end the following: 8 "(o) Clarification of State Authority To ADOPT RENEWABLE ENERGY INCENTIVES.— 10 "(1) Definition of State-Approved Pro-11 DUCTION INCENTIVE PROGRAM.—In this subsection, 12 the term 'State-approved production incentive pro-13 gram' means a requirement imposed pursuant to 14 State law or by a State regulatory authority acting 15 within its authority under State law that an electric 16 utility purchase renewable energy (as defined in sec-17 tion 609(a)) at a specified rate. 18 "(2) State authority to adopt renewable 19 ENERGY INCENTIVES.—Notwithstanding any other 20 provision of this Act or the Federal Power Act (16 21 U.S.C. 791a et seq.), a State legislature or regu-22 latory authority may set the rates for a sale of elec-23 tric energy by a facility generating electric energy 24 from renewable energy sources pursuant to a State-

approved production incentive program under which

1	the facility voluntarily participates in the State-ap-
2	proved production incentive program.".
3	SEC. 4. GUIDELINES FOR DETERMINING QUALIFIED RE-
4	NEWABLE BIOMASS.
5	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
6	(1) Administrator.—The term "Adminis-
7	trator" means the Administrator of the Environ-
8	mental Protection Agency.
9	(2) Lifecycle greenhouse gas emis-
10	SIONS.—
11	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "lifecycle
12	greenhouse gas emissions" means the aggregate
13	quantity of greenhouse gas emissions, adjusted
14	to account for the relative global warming po-
15	tential of the emissions relative to all green-
16	house gas emissions.
17	(B) Inclusions.—For purposes of sub-
18	paragraph (A), the term "greenhouse gas emis-
19	sions'' includes—
20	(i) direct emissions; and
21	(ii) significant indirect emissions, in-
22	cluding from—
23	(I) land use changes and tem-
24	poral changes in forest carbon seques-
25	tration;

1	(II) biomass harvests, regrowth,
2	and avoided decomposition related to
3	the full fuel lifecycle, including all
4	stages of fuel and feedstock produc-
5	tion and distribution; and
6	(III) feedstock generation or ex-
7	traction through the distribution and
8	delivery of the finished fuel to the ul-
9	timate consumer.
10	(b) Guidelines.—Not later than 1 year after the
11	date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall, rec-
12	ognizing the recommendations of and coordinating with
13	the Scientific Advisory Board of the Environmental Pro-
14	tection Agency regarding the accounting of biogenic car-
15	bon dioxide emissions and after notice and public com-
16	ment, issue guidelines for calculating lifecycle greenhouse
17	gas emissions for renewable biomass (as that term is de-
18	fined in section 610(b) of the Public Utility Regulatory
19	Policies Act of 1978).
20	SEC. 5. ENERGY EFFICIENCY RESOURCE STANDARD FOR
21	RETAIL ELECTRICITY AND NATURAL GAS
22	SUPPLIERS.
23	(a) In General.—Title VI of the Public Utility Reg-
24	ulatory Policies Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2601 et seq.) (as

1	amended by section 2) is amended by adding after section
2	610 the following:
3	"SEC. 611. FEDERAL ENERGY EFFICIENCY RESOURCE
4	STANDARD FOR RETAIL ELECTRICITY AND
5	NATURAL GAS SUPPLIERS.
6	"(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
7	"(1) the Federal energy efficiency resource
8	standard established by this section—
9	"(A) establishes nationwide minimum lev-
10	els of electricity and natural gas savings to be
11	achieved through utility efficiency programs,
12	building energy codes, appliance standards, and
13	related efficiency measures; and
14	"(B) rewards energy-saving improvements
15	achieved through—
16	"(i) end-use energy efficiency up-
17	grades;
18	"(ii) reduced losses in transmission
19	and distribution of energy; and
20	"(iii) fuel-switching, to the extent that
21	the switching results in reduced primary
22	energy use; and
23	"(2) in light of the cost-effective energy effi-
24	ciency opportunities that exist across the United
25	States in every sector of the economy, retail elec-

1	tricity suppliers, retail natural gas suppliers, and
2	States should—
3	"(A) consider energy efficiency as a re-
4	source in utility planning and procurement ac-
5	tivities; and
6	"(B) seek to achieve all energy efficiency
7	that is available at lower cost than other energy
8	supply options.
9	"(b) Definitions.—In this section:
10	"(1) Affiliate.—The term 'affiliate' when
11	used in relation to a person, means another person
12	that owns or controls, is owned or controlled by, or
13	is under common ownership control with, that per-
14	son, as determined under regulations promulgated
15	by the Secretary.
16	"(2) ASHRAE, ANSI, AND IESNA.—The terms
17	'ASHRAE', 'ANSI', and 'IESNA' mean the Amer-
18	ican Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air Con-
19	ditioning Engineers, the American National Stand-
20	ards Institute, and the Illuminating Engineering So-
21	ciety of North America, respectively.
22	"(3) Base quantity.—
23	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'base quan-
24	tity', with respect to a retail electricity supplier
25	or retail natural gas supplier, means, for each

1	calendar year for which a performance standard
2	is established under subsection (d), the average
3	annual quantity of electricity or natural gas de-
4	livered by the retail electricity supplier or retail
5	natural gas supplier to retail customers during
6	the 3 calendar years immediately preceding the
7	year that compliance is required under sub-
8	section $(d)(1)$.
9	"(B) Exclusion.—The term 'base quan-
10	tity', with respect to a retail natural gas sup-
11	plier, does not include natural gas delivered for
12	purposes of electricity generation.
13	"(4) CHP SAVINGS.—The term 'CHP savings
14	means—
15	"(A) CHP system savings from a combined
16	heat and power system that commences oper-
17	ation after the date of enactment of this sec-
18	tion; and
19	"(B) the increase in CHP system savings
20	from upgrading or replacing, after the date of
21	enactment of this section, a combined heat and
22	power system that commenced operation on or
23	before the date of enactment of this section.
24	"(5) CHP SYSTEM SAVINGS.—The term 'CHF
25	system savings' means the electric output, and the

electricity saved due to the mechanical output, of a combined heat and power system, adjusted to reflect any increase in fuel consumption by that system as compared to the fuel that would have been required to produce an equivalent useful thermal energy output in a separate thermal-only system, as determined in accordance with regulations promulgated by the Secretary.

"(6) Codes and standards savings.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'codes and standards savings' means a reduction in enduse electricity or natural gas consumption by a
retail electricity supplier or in the service territory of a retail natural gas supplier as a result
of the adoption and implementation, after the
date of enactment of this section, of new or revised appliance and equipment efficiency standards or building energy codes.

"(B) Baselines.—In calculating codes and standards savings under subparagraph (A)—

"(i) the baseline for calculating savings from building codes shall be the more stringent of—

1	"(I)(aa) the 2009 International
2	Energy Conservation Code for resi-
3	dential buildings; or
4	"(bb) the ASHRAE/ANSI/
5	IESNA Standard 90.1–2007 for com-
6	mercial buildings; or
7	"(II) the applicable State build-
8	ing code in effect on the date of en-
9	actment of this section; and
10	"(ii) the baseline for calculating sav-
11	ings from appliance standards shall be the
12	average efficiency of new appliances in the
13	applicable one or more categories prior to
14	the adoption and implementation of the
15	new standard.
16	"(7) Combined heat and power system.—
17	The term 'combined heat and power system' means
18	a system that uses the same energy source both for
19	the generation of electrical or mechanical power and
20	the production of steam or another form of useful
21	thermal energy, if—
22	"(A) the system meets any requirements
23	relating to efficiency and other operating char-
24	acteristics that the Secretary promulgates by
25	regulation; and

1	"(B) the net wholesale sales of electricity
2	by a facility does not exceed 50 percent of total
3	annual electric generation by the facility.

- "(8) Cost-effective.—The term 'cost-effective', with respect to an energy efficiency measure, means that the measure achieves a net present value of economic benefits over the life of the measure, both directly to the energy consumer and to the economy, that is greater than the net present value of the cost of the measure over the life of the measure, both directly to the energy consumer and to the economy, using the societal benefit-cost test calculated using the weighted average utility cost of capital as the discount rate.
- "(9) Customer facility savings' means a reduction in enduse electricity or natural gas consumption (including waste heat energy savings) at a facility of an enduse consumer of electricity or natural gas served by a retail electricity supplier or natural gas supplier, as compared to—
- "(A) in the case of a new facility, consumption at a reference facility of average efficiency;

1	"(B) in the case of an existing facility,
2	consumption at the facility during a base period
3	of not less than 1 year;
4	"(C) in the case of new equipment that re-
5	places existing equipment at the end of the use-
6	ful life of the existing equipment, consumption
7	by new equipment of average efficiency of the
8	same equipment type, except that customer sav-
9	ings under this subparagraph shall not be
10	counted towards customer savings under sub-
11	paragraph (A) or (B); and
12	"(D) in the case of new equipment that re-
13	places existing equipment with remaining useful
14	life—
15	"(i) consumption of the existing
16	equipment for the remaining useful life of
17	the equipment; and
18	"(ii) thereafter, consumption of new
19	equipment of average efficiency.
20	"(10) Electricity savings.—The term 'elec-
21	tricity savings' means reductions in electricity con-
22	sumption achieved through measures implemented
23	after the date of enactment of this section, as deter-
24	mined in accordance with regulations promulgated
25	by the Secretary, that are limited to—

1	"(A) customer facility savings of elec-
2	tricity, adjusted to reflect any associated in-
3	crease in fuel consumption at the facility;
4	"(B) reductions in distribution system
5	losses of electricity achieved by a retail elec-
6	tricity supplier, as compared to losses attrib-
7	utable to new or replacement distribution sys-
8	tem equipment of average efficiency, as defined
9	in regulations promulgated by the Secretary;
10	"(C) CHP savings;
11	"(D) codes and standards savings of elec-
12	tricity; and
13	"(E) fuel switching energy savings that re-
14	sults in net savings of electricity.
15	"(11) Fuel switching energy savings.—
16	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'fuel-switch-
17	ing energy savings' means net energy savings
18	calculated in accordance with subparagraph
19	(B), from end-user switches from 1 energy
20	source to another, as determined in accordance
21	with regulations promulgated by the Secretary.
22	"(B) CALCULATION.—For purposes of cal-
23	culating fuel-switching net energy savings—
24	"(i) electricity use shall be evaluated
25	based on the average quantity of fuel

1	burned at a power plant to provide each
2	kilowatt hour of electricity;
3	"(ii) electricity and natural gas use
4	shall include losses in the transmission and
5	distribution system; and
6	"(iii) fuel-switching that is not cost-ef-
7	fective to the end-user shall not be count-
8	ed.
9	"(12) Natural gas savings.—The term 'nat-
10	ural gas savings' means reductions in natural gas
11	consumption from measures implemented after the
12	date of enactment of this section, as determined in
13	accordance with regulations promulgated by the Sec-
14	retary, that are limited to—
15	"(A) customer facility savings of natural
16	gas, adjusted to reflect any associated increase
17	in electricity consumption or consumption of
18	other fuels at the facility;
19	"(B) reductions in leakage, operational
20	losses, and consumption of natural gas fuel to
21	operate a gas distribution system, achieved by
22	a retail natural gas supplier, as compared to
23	similar leakage, losses, and consumption during
24	a base period of not less than 1 year;

1	"(C) codes and standards savings of nat-
2	ural gas; and
3	"(D) fuel switching energy savings that re-
4	sults in net savings of natural gas.
5	"(13) Power pool.—The term 'power pool'
6	means an association of two or more interconnected
7	electric systems that have entered into an agreement
8	to coordinate operations and planning for improved
9	reliability and efficiencies, including a Regional
10	Transmission Organization or an Independent Sys-
11	tem Operator, as determined by the Secretary.
12	"(14) Reporting Period.—The term 'report-
13	ing period' means—
14	"(A) calendar year 2015; and
15	"(B) each successive 2-calendar-year pe-
16	riod thereafter.
17	"(15) Retail electricity supplier.—
18	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'retail elec-
19	tricity supplier' means, for any given calendar
20	year, an electric utility that sells not less than
21	1,000,000 megawatt hours of electric energy to
22	electric consumers for purposes other than re-
23	sale during the preceding calendar.
24	"(B) Inclusions and Limitations.—For
25	purposes of determining whether an electric

1	utility qualifies as a retail electricity supplier
2	under subparagraph (A)—
3	"(i) deliveries by any affiliate of an
4	electric utility to electric consumers for
5	purposes other than resale shall be consid-
6	ered to be deliveries by the electric utility;
7	and
8	"(ii) deliveries by any electric utility
9	to a lessee, tenant, or affiliate of the elec-
10	tric utility shall not be considered to be de-
11	liveries to electric consumers.
12	"(16) Retail natural gas supplier.—
13	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'retail nat-
14	ural gas supplier' means, for any given calendar
15	year, a local distribution company (as defined
16	in section 2 of the Natural Gas Policy Act of
17	1978 (15 U.S.C. 3301)), that delivered to nat-
18	ural gas consumers more than 5,000,000,000
19	cubic feet of natural gas for purposes other
20	than resale during the preceding calendar year.
21	"(B) Inclusions and Limitations.—For
22	purposes of determining whether a person
23	qualifies as a retail natural gas supplier under
24	subparagraph (A)—

1 "(i) deliveries of natural gas by any 2 affiliate of a local distribution company to 3 consumers for purposes other than resale 4 shall be considered to be deliveries by the 5 local distribution company; and

"(ii) deliveries of natural gas to a lessee, tenant, or affiliate of a local distribution company shall not be considered to be deliveries to natural gas consumers.

"(17) Third-party efficiency provider' means any retailer, building owner, energy service company, financial institution or other commercial, industrial or nonprofit entity that is capable of providing electricity savings or natural gas savings in accordance with subsections (e) and (f).

"(18) Waste heat energy savings.—

"(A) In GENERAL.—The term 'waste heat energy savings' means a reduction in electricity or natural gas consumption that results from a modification of an industrial or commercial system that commenced operation before the date of enactment of this section, in order to recapture electrical, mechanical, or thermal energy that would otherwise be wasted, as determined

1	in accordance with regulations promulgated by
2	the Secretary.
3	"(B) Inclusion.—Such savings shall be
4	included as part of customer facility savings.
5	"(c) Establishment of Program.—
6	"(1) Regulations.—Not later than 1 year
7	after the date of enactment of this section, the Sec-
8	retary shall, by regulation, establish a program to
9	implement and enforce the requirements of this sec-
10	tion, including by—
11	"(A) establishing measurement and
12	verification procedures and standards under
13	subsection (f);
14	"(B) establishing requirements under
15	which retail electricity suppliers and retail nat-
16	ural gas suppliers shall—
17	"(i) demonstrate, document, and re-
18	port the compliance of the retail electricity
19	suppliers and retail natural gas suppliers
20	with the performance standards under sub-
21	section (d); and
22	"(ii) estimate the impact of the stand-
23	ards on current and future electricity and
24	natural gas use in the service territories of
25	the suppliers; and

1 "(C) establishing requirements governing
2 applications for, and implementation of, dele3 gated State administration under subsection
4 (h).
5 "(2) COORDINATION WITH STATE PROGRAMS.—

"(2) COORDINATION WITH STATE PROGRAMS.— In establishing and implementing this section, the Secretary shall, to the maximum extent practicable, preserve the integrity and incorporate best practices of existing State energy efficiency programs.

"(d) Performance Standards.—

"(1) COMPLIANCE OBLIGATION.—Not later than May 1 of the calendar year immediately following each reporting period—

"(A) each retail electricity supplier shall submit to the Secretary a report, in accordance with regulations promulgated by the Secretary, demonstrating that the retail electricity supplier has achieved annual electricity savings (adjusted to account for any attrition of savings measures implemented in prior years) in each calendar year that are equal to the applicable percentage, established under paragraph (2), (3), or (4), of the base quantity of the retail electricity supplier; and

"(B) each retail natural gas supplier shall submit to the Secretary a report, in accordance with regulations promulgated by the Secretary, demonstrating that it has achieved cumulative natural gas savings (adjusted to account for any attrition of savings measures implemented in prior years) in each calendar year that are equal to the applicable percentage, established under paragraph (2), (3), or (4), of the base quantity of such retail natural gas supplier, subject to business-as-usual consumption projections calculated in accordance with subsection (f)(1)(P).

"(2) STANDARDS FOR 2015 THROUGH 2025.— For each of calendar years 2015 through 2025, the applicable percentages are as follows:

"Calendar Year	Cumulative Electricity Savings Percentage	Cumulative Natural Gas Savings Percentage
2015	1.00	0.50
2016	2.00	1.25
2017	3.00	2.00
2018	4.25	3.00
2019	5.50	4.00
2020	7.00	5.00
2021	8.50	6.00
2022	10.00	7.00
2023	11.50	8.00
2024	13.25	9.00

"Calendar Year	Cumulative Electricity Savings Percentage	Cumulative Natural Gas Savings Percentage
2025	15.00	10.00.

"(3) Subsequent Years.—

"(A) Calendar years 2026 through 2040.—Not later than December 31, 2023, the Secretary shall promulgate regulations establishing performance standards (expressed as applicable percentages of base quantity for both cumulative electricity savings and cumulative natural gas savings) for each of calendar years 2026 through 2040.

"(B) Subsequent extensions.—Except as provided in subparagraph (A), not later than December 31 of the penultimate reporting period for which performance standards have been established under this paragraph, the Secretary shall promulgate regulations establishing performance standards (expressed as applicable percentages of base quantity for both cumulative electricity savings and cumulative natural gas savings) for the 10-calendar-year period following the last calendar year for which performance standards previously were established.

"(C) REQUIREMENTS.—The Secretary shall establish standards under this paragraph

1	at levels reflecting the maximum achievable
2	level of cost-effective energy efficiency potential,
3	taking into account—
4	"(i) cost-effective energy savings
5	achieved by leading retail electricity sup-
6	pliers and retail natural gas suppliers;
7	"(ii) opportunities for new codes and
8	standard savings;
9	"(iii) technology improvements; and
10	"(iv) other indicators of cost-effective
11	energy efficiency potential.
12	"(D) MINIMUM PERCENTAGE.—In no case
13	shall the applicable percentages for any cal-
14	endar year be less than the applicable percent-
15	ages for calendar year 2025 (including any in-
16	crease in the standard for calendar year 2025
17	established pursuant to paragraph (4)).
18	"(4) Midcourse review and adjustment of
19	STANDARDS.—
20	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than De-
21	cember 31, 2020, and at 10-year intervals
22	thereafter, the Secretary shall—
23	"(i) review the most recent standards
24	established under paragraph (2) or (3);
25	and

1	"(ii) increase the standards by regula-
2	tion if the Secretary determines that addi-
3	tional cost-effective energy efficiency po-
4	tential is achievable, taking into account
5	the requirements described in paragraph
6	(3)(C).
7	"(B) Lead time.—If the Secretary revises
8	standards under this paragraph, the regulations
9	shall provide adequate lead time to ensure that
10	compliance with the increased standards is fea-
11	sible.
12	"(5) Delay of submission for first re-
13	PORTING PERIOD.—
14	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding
15	paragraphs (1) and (2), for the 2015 reporting
16	period, the Secretary may accept a request from
17	a retail electricity supplier or a retail natural
18	gas supplier to delay the required submission of
19	documentation of all or part of the required
20	savings for up to 2 years.
21	"(B) Plan for compliance.—The re-
22	quest for delay under subparagraph (A) shall
23	include a plan for coming into full compliance
24	by the end of the 2016–2017 reporting period.

1	"(6) Applying unused savings to future
2	YEARS.—If savings achieved in a year exceed the
3	performance standards specified in this subsection,
4	any savings in excess of the performance standards
5	may be applied toward performance standards speci-
6	fied for future years.
7	"(e) Transfers of Electricity or Natural Gas
8	Savings.—
9	"(1) Bilateral contracts for savings
10	TRANSFERS.—Subject to the limitations of this sub-
11	section, a retail electricity supplier or retail natural
12	gas supplier may use electricity savings or natural
13	gas savings purchased pursuant to a bilateral con-
14	tract from another retail electricity supplier or retail
15	natural gas supplier, a State, or a third-party effi-
16	ciency provider to meet the applicable performance
17	standard under subsection (d).
18	"(2) Requirements.—Electricity savings or
19	natural gas savings purchased and used for compli-
20	ance under this subsection shall be—
21	"(A) measured and verified in accordance
22	with subsection (f);
23	"(B) reported in accordance with sub-
24	section (d); and

1	"(C) achieved within the same State as is
2	served by the retail electricity supplier or retail
3	natural gas supplier.
4	"(3) Exception.—Notwithstanding paragraph
5	(2)(C), a State regulatory authority may authorize a
6	retail electricity supplier or a retail natural gas sup-
7	plier regulated by the State regulatory authority to
8	purchase savings achieved in a different State, if—
9	"(A) the savings are achieved within the
10	same power pool; and
11	"(B) the State regulatory authority that
12	regulates the purchaser oversees the measure-
13	ment and verification of the savings pursuant to
14	the procedures and standards applicable in the
15	State in which the purchaser is located.
16	"(4) Regulatory approval.—Nothing in this
17	subsection limits or affects the authority of a State
18	regulatory authority to require a retail electricity
19	supplier or retail natural gas supplier that is regu-
20	lated by the State regulatory authority to obtain the
21	authorization or approval of the State regulatory au-
22	thority of a contract for transfer of electricity sav-
23	ings or natural gas savings under this paragraph.
24	"(5) Limitations.—To optimize the achieve-
25	ment of cost-effective efficiency potential, the Sec-

1 retary may prescribe such limitations as the Sec-2 retary determines appropriate with respect to the proportion of the compliance obligation of a retail 3 4 electricity or natural gas supplier under the applica-5 ble performance standards under subsection (d) that 6 may be met using electricity savings or natural gas 7 savings that are purchased under this subsection. "(f) Measurement and Verification of Sav-8 INGS.—The regulations promulgated pursuant to subsection (c) shall include— 10 11 "(1) procedures and standards for defining and 12 measuring electricity savings and natural gas sav-13 ings that can be counted towards the performance 14 standards established under subsection (d), that 15 shall— "(A) specify the types of energy efficiency 16 17 and energy conservation measures that can be 18 counted; "(B) require that energy consumption esti-19 20 mates for customer facilities or portions of fa-21 cilities in the applicable base and current years 22 be adjusted, as appropriate, to account for 23 changes in weather, level of production, and building area; 24

1	"(C) account for the useful life of meas-
2	ures;
3	"(D) include assigned savings values for
4	specific, commonly used measures;
5	"(E) allow for savings from a program to
6	be estimated based on extrapolation from a rep-
7	resentative sample of participating customers;
8	"(F) include procedures for calculating and
9	documenting CHP savings, fuel-switching en-
10	ergy savings, and waste heat energy savings;
11	"(G) establish methods for calculating
12	codes and standards energy savings, including
13	the use of verified compliance rates;
14	"(H) include procedures for calculating
15	and documenting—
16	"(i) customer facility savings and re-
17	ductions in distribution system losses of
18	electricity and natural gas that are
19	achieved as a result of smart grid deploy-
20	ment, as described in section 1301 of the
21	Energy Independence and Security Act of
22	2007 (42 U.S.C. 17381); and
23	"(ii) reductions in natural gas dis-
24	tribution system losses attributable to pipe-
25	line repair and replacement programs;

1	"(I) count only measures and savings that
2	are additional to business-as-usual customer
3	purchase practices;
4	"(J) ensure that the retail electricity sup-
5	plier or retail natural gas supplier claiming the
6	electricity savings or natural gas savings, in-
7	cluding codes and standards savings, played a
8	significant role in achieving the savings (includ-
9	ing through the activities of a designated agent
10	of the supplier or through the purchase of
11	transferred electricity savings or natural gas
12	savings);
13	"(K) avoid double-counting of savings used
14	for compliance with this section, including
15	transferred savings;
16	"(L) include electricity savings or natural
17	gas savings from programs administered by the
18	retail electric supplier or natural gas supplier
19	that are funded by Federal, State, or other
20	sources;
21	"(M) credit large customer self-directed
22	electricity savings or natural gas savings to the
23	retail electricity supplier or the retail natural
24	gas supplier if the large customers receive in-
25	centives or rate reductions from the retail sup-

1	plier for self-directed energy efficiency improve-
2	ments;
3	"(N) include procedures for counting elec-
4	tricity savings and natural gas savings achieved
5	by solar water heating, solar light pipe tech-
6	nology, geothermal heat pumps, and other tech-
7	nologies utilizing renewable resources that re-
8	duce on-site energy use;
9	"(O) in any State in which the State regu-
10	latory authority has designated one or more en-
11	tities to administer electric ratepayer-funded ef-
12	ficiency programs approved by the State regu-
13	latory authority, provide that electricity savings
14	and natural gas savings achieved through the
15	programs shall be distributed proportionally
16	among retail electric suppliers and retail nat-
17	ural gas suppliers; and
18	"(P) include guidance for utilities to cal-
19	culate and document business-as-usual con-
20	sumption projections; and
21	"(2) procedures and standards for third-party
22	verification of reported electricity savings or natural
23	gas savings.
24	"(g) Enforcement and Judicial Review.—
25	"(1) Review of retail supplier reports.—

- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall review each report submitted to the Secretary by a retail electricity supplier or retail natural gas supplier under subsection (d) to verify that the applicable performance standards under subsection (d) have been met.
 - "(B) EXCLUSION.—In determining compliance with the applicable performance standards under subsection (d), the Secretary shall exclude reported electricity savings or natural gas savings that are not adequately demonstrated and documented, in accordance with the regulations promulgated under subsections (d), (e), and (f).
 - "(2) Penalty for failure to document adequate savings.—If a retail electricity supplier or a retail natural gas supplier fails to demonstrate compliance with an applicable performance standard under subsection (d), or to pay to the State an applicable alternative compliance payment under subsection (h)(4), the Secretary shall assess against the retail electricity supplier or retail natural gas supplier a civil penalty for each failure in an amount equal to, as adjusted for inflation in accordance with such regulations as the Secretary may promulgate—

1	"(A) \$100 per megawatt hour of electricity
2	savings or alternative compliance payment that
3	the retail electricity supplier failed to achieve or
4	make, respectively; or
5	"(B) \$10 per million Btu of natural gas
6	savings or alternative compliance payment that
7	the retail natural gas supplier failed to achieve
8	or make, respectively.
9	"(3) Offsetting state penalties.—The
10	Secretary shall reduce the amount of any penalty
11	under paragraph (2) by the amount paid by the rel-
12	evant retail electricity supplier or retail natural gas
13	supplier to a State for failure to comply with the re-
14	quirements of a State energy efficiency resource
15	standard during the same compliance period, if the
16	State standard—
17	"(A) is comparable in type to the Federal
18	standard established under this section; and
19	"(B) is more stringent than the applicable
20	performance standards under subsection (d).
21	"(4) Enforcement procedures.—The Sec-
22	retary shall assess a civil penalty, as provided under
23	paragraph (2), in accordance with the procedures
24	described in section 333(d) of the Energy Policy and
25	Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6303(d)).

"(5) Judicial review.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Any person adversely affected by a final action taken by the Secretary under this section, other than the assessment of a civil penalty, may use the procedures for review described in section 336(b) of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6306(b)).

"(B) REFERENCE.—In this paragraph, references to a rule in section 336(b) of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6306(b)) shall be considered to refer also to all other final actions of the Secretary under this section other than the assessment of a civil penalty.

"(h) STATE ADMINISTRATION.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Upon receipt of an application from the Governor of a State (including the Mayor of the District of Columbia), the Secretary may delegate to the State responsibility for administering this section within the territory of the State if the Secretary determines that the State will implement an energy efficiency program that meets or exceeds the requirements of this section, including—

- "(A) achieving electricity savings and natural gas savings that are at least as great as those required under the applicable performance standards established under subsection (d); "(B) reviewing reports and verifying elec-
 - "(B) reviewing reports and verifying electricity savings and natural gas savings achieved in the State (including savings transferred from outside the State); and
 - "(C) collecting any alternative compliance payments under paragraph (4) and using the payments to implement cost-effective efficiency programs.
 - "(2) Secretarial Determination.—Not later than 180 days after the date on which a complete application is received by the Secretary, the Secretary shall make a substantive determination approving or disapproving a State application, after public notice and comment.
 - "(3) ALTERNATIVE MEASUREMENT AND VERIFICATION PROCEDURES AND STANDARDS.—As part of an application submitted under paragraph (1), a State may request to use alternative measurement and verification procedures and standards from the procedures and standards described in subsection (f), if the State demonstrates that the alter-

1 native procedures and standards provide a level of 2 accuracy of measurement and verification that are at least equivalent to the Federal procedures and 3 4 standards under subsection (f). "(4) ALTERNATIVE COMPLIANCE PAYMENTS.— 5 "(A) IN GENERAL.—As part of an applica-6 7 tion submitted under paragraph (1), a State 8 may permit retail electricity suppliers or retail 9 natural gas suppliers to pay to the State, by 10 not later than April 1 of the calendar year im-11 mediately following the applicable reporting pe-12 riod, an alternative compliance payment in an 13 amount equal to, as adjusted for inflation in ac-14 cordance with such regulations as the Secretary 15 may promulgate, not less than— "(i) \$50 per megawatt hour of elec-16 17 tricity savings needed to make up any def-18 icit with regard to a compliance obligation 19 under the applicable performance stand-20 ard; or "(ii) \$5 per million Btu of natural gas 21 22 savings needed to make up any deficit with 23 regard to a compliance obligation under 24 the applicable performance standard.

1	"(B) USE OF PAYMENTS.—Alternative
2	compliance payments collected by a State under
3	subparagraph (A) shall be used by the State to
4	administer the delegated authority of the State
5	under this section and to implement cost-effec-
6	tive energy efficiency programs that—
7	"(i) to the maximum extent prac-
8	ticable, achieve electricity savings and nat-
9	ural gas savings in the State sufficient to
10	make up the deficit associated with the al-
11	ternative compliance payments; and
12	"(ii) can be measured and verified in
13	accordance with the applicable procedures
14	and standards under subsection (f) or
15	paragraph (3), as applicable.
16	"(5) Review of state implementation.—
17	"(A) Periodic review.—Every 2 years,
18	the Secretary shall review State implementation
19	of this section for conformance with the re-
20	quirements of this section in approximately $\frac{1}{2}$
21	of the States that have received approval under
22	this subsection to administer the program, so
23	that each State shall be reviewed at least every

4 years.

1	"(B) Report.—To facilitate the review
2	under subparagraph (A), the Secretary may re-
3	quire the State to submit a report dem-
4	onstrating the conformance of the State with
5	the requirements of this section, including—
6	"(i) reports submitted by retail elec-
7	tricity suppliers and retail natural gas sup-
8	pliers to the State demonstrating compli-
9	ance with applicable performance stand-
10	ards;
11	"(ii) the impact of the standards on
12	projected electricity and natural gas de-
13	mand within the State;
14	"(iii) an accounting of the use of al-
15	ternative compliance payments by the
16	State and the resulting electricity savings
17	and natural gas savings achieved; and
18	"(iv) any other information that the
19	Secretary determines appropriate.
20	"(C) REVIEW UPON PETITION.—Notwith-
21	standing subparagraph (A), upon receipt of a
22	public petition containing credible allegation of
23	substantial deficiencies, the Secretary shall
24	promptly review the State implementation of
25	delegated authority under this section.

1	"(D) Deficiencies.—
2	"(i) In general.—In completing a
3	review under this paragraph, if the Sec-
4	retary finds deficiencies, the Secretary
5	shall—
6	"(I) notify the State of the defi-
7	ciencies;
8	"(II) direct the State to correct
9	the deficiencies; and
10	"(III) require the State to report
11	to the Secretary on progress made by
12	not later than 180 days after the date
13	on which the State receives notice
14	under subclause (I).
15	"(ii) Substantial deficiencies.—If
16	the deficiencies are substantial, the Sec-
17	retary shall—
18	"(I) disallow the reported elec-
19	tricity savings or natural gas savings
20	that the Secretary determines are not
21	credible due to deficiencies;
22	"(II) re-review the State not
23	later than 2 years after the date on
24	which the original review was com-
25	pleted; and

1	"(III) if substantial deficiencies
2	remain uncorrected after the review
3	provided for under subclause (II), re-
4	voke the authority of the State to ad-
5	minister the program established
6	under this section.
7	"(6) Calls for revision of state applica-
8	TIONS.—As a condition of maintaining the delegated
9	authority of a State to administer this section, the
10	Secretary may require a State to submit a revised
11	application under paragraph (1) if the Secretary
12	has—
13	"(A) promulgated new or revised perform-
14	ance standards under subsection (d);
15	"(B) promulgated new or substantially re-
16	vised measurement and verification procedures
17	and standards under subsection (f); or
18	"(C) otherwise substantially revised the
19	program established under this section.
20	"(7) Cost recovery, fixed cost recovery
21	AND SHAREHOLDER INCENTIVES.—State utility reg-
22	ulatory commissions are encouraged to review the
23	rules and regulations of the commission to ensure
24	that utilities under the jurisdiction of the commis-
25	sion can—

1	"(A) recover the direct costs of energy effi-
2	ciency programs;
3	"(B) fully recover authorized fixed costs,
4	including lost margins from lower annual sales
5	due to energy efficiency programs; and
6	"(C) earn an incentive for shareholders if
7	the energy efficiency standards are achieved.
8	"(i) Information and Reports.—In accordance
9	with section 13 of the Federal Energy Administration Act
10	of 1974 (15 U.S.C. 772), the Secretary may require any
11	retail electricity supplier, retail natural gas supplier, third-
12	party efficiency provider, or any other entity that the Sec-
13	retary determines appropriate, to provide any information
14	the Secretary determines appropriate to carry out this sec-
15	tion.
16	"(j) STATE LAW.—Nothing in this section diminishes
17	or qualifies any authority of a State or political subdivision
18	of a State to adopt or enforce any law or regulation re-
19	specting electricity savings or natural gas savings, includ-
20	ing any law or regulation establishing energy efficiency re-
21	quirements that are more stringent than those under this
22	section, except that no State law or regulation shall relieve
23	any person of any requirement otherwise applicable under
24	this section.".

(a) NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES REVIEW.—

1 SEC. 6. PROGRAM REVIEW.

3	The Secretary of Energy shall enter into a contract with
4	the National Academy of Sciences under which the Acad-
5	emy shall, not later than July 1, 2019, and every 10 years
6	thereafter, submit to Congress, the Federal Energy Regu-
7	latory Commission, and the Secretary of Energy a com-
8	prehensive evaluation of all aspects of the programs estab-
9	lished under this Act and under sections 610 and 611 of
10	the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (as
11	added by this Act), including—
12	(1) an evaluation of the effectiveness of the pro-
13	grams, including the specific design elements of the
14	programs, in increasing the efficiency of retail nat-
15	ural gas and electricity distribution and consumption
16	and increasing the deployment of renewable elec-
17	tricity capacity;
18	(2) the opportunities for additional technologies
19	and sources of efficiency and renewable electricity
20	that have emerged since the date of enactment of
21	this Act;
22	(3) the impact of the programs on the reli-
23	ability of electricity and natural gas supply;
24	(4) the net benefits or costs of the programs to
25	the United States and the States, including—

1	(A) the effects on electricity and natural
2	gas demand and prices;
3	(B) the economic development benefits of
4	investment;
5	(C) environmental costs and benefits;
6	(D) the impacts on public health and
7	health care costs; and
8	(E) avoided costs related to environmental
9	and congestion mitigation investments that oth-
10	erwise would have been required;
11	(5) an assessment of the benefits and costs of
12	increasing the performance standards established
13	under section 611(d) of the Public Utility Regu-
14	latory Policies Act of 1978 (as added by this Act);
15	(6) the feasibility, advantages, and disadvan-
16	tages of alternative models for demonstrating com-
17	pliance with a Federal energy efficiency resource
18	standard, including—
19	(A) establishing a national trading system
20	for energy efficiency credits; or
21	(B) demonstrating compliance through ac-
22	tual reductions in delivery or sales of electricity
23	and natural gas, rather than on program sav-
24	ings; and

- 1 (7) recommendations regarding potential 2 changes to this section, to regulations and proce-
- dures for implementing this section, or to related
- 4 public policies.
- 5 (b) Recommendations to Congress.—Not later
- 6 than January 1, 2020, and every 10 years thereafter, the
- 7 Secretary of Energy shall submit to the Committee on En-
- 8 ergy and Commerce of the House of Representatives and
- 9 the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the
- 10 Senate a report making recommendations for modifica-
- 11 tions and improvements to the programs established under
- 12 this Act and under sections 610 and 611 of the Public
- 13 Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (as added by this
- 14 Act), including an explanation of the inconsistencies, if
- 15 any, between the recommendations of the Secretary of En-
- 16 ergy and the recommendations included in the evaluation
- 17 of the National Academy of Sciences under paragraph (1).
- 18 SEC. 7. CONFORMING AMENDMENT.
- 19 The table of contents of the Public Utility Regulatory
- 20 Policies Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. prec. 2601) is amended
- 21 by adding at the end of the items relating to title VI the
- 22 following:

[&]quot;Sec. 609. Rural and remote communities electrification grants.

[&]quot;Sec. 610. Federal renewable electricity standard.

[&]quot;Sec. 611. Federal energy efficiency resource standard for retail electricity and natural gas suppliers.".