

113TH CONGRESS  
2D SESSION

# H. R. 4285

To facilitate State and local governmental entities in developing and implementing private sector job creating programs through local government financing of the installation of energy efficiency, water conservation, and renewable energy generation improvements on privately owned property with the financing to be repaid from assessments that may be levied on the local property tax bill, and for other purposes.

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## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MARCH 24, 2014

Mr. THOMPSON of California (for himself, Mr. KING of New York, Mr. SEAN PATRICK MALONEY of New York, Mr. CALVERT, Ms. MATSUI, Ms. ESHOO, Mr. GEORGE MILLER of California, Mr. SCHIFF, Mr. McNERNERY, Mr. FITZPATRICK, and Mr. GARAMENDI) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Financial Services

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## A BILL

To facilitate State and local governmental entities in developing and implementing private sector job creating programs through local government financing of the installation of energy efficiency, water conservation, and renewable energy generation improvements on privately owned property with the financing to be repaid from assessments that may be levied on the local property tax bill, and for other purposes.

1       *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2       *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

1 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

2 This Act may be cited as the “PACE Assessment  
3 Protection Act of 2014”.

4 **SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.**

5 (a) CONGRESSIONAL FINDINGS.—The Congress finds  
6 that the legislatures of 31 States and the District of Co-  
7 lumbia have determined that there exist job creation bene-  
8 fits, other economic benefits, and significant other public  
9 benefits from the installation of improvements encouraged  
10 by local government finance programs, and have therefore  
11 enacted legislation authorizing their State and local gov-  
12 ernments to develop and implement programs under which  
13 such State and local governments finance the installation  
14 of the improvements on private property and the property  
15 owners may pay the financing costs on the property tax  
16 bill. Such legislatures include Arkansas, California, Colo-  
17 rado, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Hawaii, Illinois, Lou-  
18 isiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Min-  
19 nesota, Missouri, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey,  
20 New Mexico, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Oklahoma,  
21 Oregon, Pennsylvania, Texas, Utah, Vermont, Virginia,  
22 Washington, DC, Wisconsin, and Wyoming.

23 (b) PURPOSE.—It is the purpose of this Act to ensure  
24 that PACE programs which incorporate prudent pro-  
25 grammatic safeguards to protect the interest of mortgage  
26 holders and property owners remain viable as a potential

1 avenue for States and local governments to achieve the  
2 many public benefits associated with energy efficiency,  
3 water efficiency, and renewable energy retrofits. In addi-  
4 tion, it is essential that the power and authority of State  
5 and local governments to exercise their longstanding and  
6 traditional powers to levy taxes for public purposes not  
7 be impeded.

8 **SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.**

9 For purposes of this Act the following definitions  
10 apply:

11 (1) The term “local government” includes coun-  
12 ties, cities, boroughs, towns, parishes, villages, dis-  
13 tricts, and other political subdivisions authorized  
14 under State laws to establish PACE programs.

15 (2) The term “PACE agreement” means an  
16 agreement between a local government and a prop-  
17 erty owner detailing the terms of financing for a  
18 PACE improvement.

19 (3) The term “PACE assessment” means a tax  
20 or assessment levied by a local government to pro-  
21 vide financing for PACE improvements.

22 (4) The term “PACE improvements” means  
23 qualified clean energy improvements, qualified en-  
24 ergy conservation and efficiency improvements, and

1       qualified water conservation and efficiency improve-  
2       ments.

3                 (5) The term “PACE lien” means a lien, held  
4       by a local government, that secures a PACE assess-  
5       ment, which may be senior to the lien of pre-existing  
6       purchase money mortgages on the same property  
7       subject to the PACE lien.

8                 (6) The term “PACE program” means a pro-  
9       gram implemented by a local government under  
10      State law to provide financing for PACE improve-  
11      ments by levying PACE assessments.

12                 (7) The term “residential property” means a  
13       property with up to 4 private residences.

14                 (8) The term “non-residential property” means  
15       private property that is—

16                         (A) not used for residential purposes; or  
17                         (B) residential property with 5 or more  
18       residences.

19                 (9) The term “clean energy improvements”  
20       means any system on privately owned property for  
21       producing electricity for, or meeting heating, cooling,  
22       or water heating needs of the property, using renew-  
23       able energy sources, combined heat and power sys-  
24       tems, or energy systems using wood biomass (but  
25       not construction and demolition waste) or natural

1       gas. Such improvements include solar photovoltaic,  
2       solar thermal, wood biomass, wind, and geothermal  
3       systems. Such term includes the reasonable costs of  
4       a study undertaken by a property owner to analyze  
5       the feasibility of installing any of the improvements  
6       described in this paragraph and the cost of a war-  
7       rancy or insurance policy for such improvements.

8                     (10) The term “energy conservation and effi-  
9       ciency improvements” means measures to reduce  
10      consumption, through conservation or more efficient  
11      use, of electricity, fuel oil, natural gas, propane, or  
12      other forms of energy by the property, including air  
13      sealing, installation of insulation, installation of  
14      heating, cooling, or ventilation systems, building  
15      modification to increase the use of daylighting, re-  
16      placement of windows, installation of energy controls  
17      or energy recovery systems, installation of building  
18      management systems, and installation of efficient  
19      lighting equipment, provided that such improve-  
20      ments are permanently affixed to the property. Such  
21      term includes the reasonable costs of an audit un-  
22      dertaken by a property owner to identify potential  
23      energy savings that could be achieved through instal-  
24      lation of any of the improvements described in this  
25      paragraph.

1                         (11) The term “water conservation and effi-  
2         ciency improvements” means measures to reduce  
3         consumption, through conservation or more efficient  
4         use of water by the property, including installation  
5         of low-flow toilets and showerheads, installation of  
6         timer or timing system for hot water heaters, and  
7         installation of rain catchment systems.

8                         (12) The term “property owner” means the  
9         owner of record of real property that is subject to  
10       a PACE assessment, whether such property is zoned  
11       or used for residential, commercial, industrial, or  
12       other uses.

13                         (13) The term “qualified” means, with respect  
14         to PACE improvements, that the improvements meet  
15         the criteria specified in section 5.

16     **SEC. 4. TREATMENT OF PACE PROGRAMS BY FNMA AND**  
17                         **FHLMC.**

18                         (a) LENDER GUIDANCE.—The Director of the Fed-  
19         eral Housing Finance Agency, acting in the Director’s  
20         general supervisory capacity, shall direct the Federal Na-  
21         tional Mortgage Association and the Federal Home Loan  
22         Mortgage Corporation to—

23                         (1) issue guidance, within 30 days after the  
24         date of enactment of this Act, providing that the  
25         levy of a PACE assessment and the creation of a

1       PACE lien do not constitute a default on any loan  
2       secured by a uniform instrument of Federal Na-  
3       tional Mortgage Association or Federal Home Loan  
4       Mortgage Corporation and do not trigger the exer-  
5       cise of remedies with respect to any provision of  
6       such uniform security instrument if the PACE as-  
7       essment and the PACE lien meet the requirements  
8       of section 5;

9                     (2) rescind any prior issued guidance or Selling  
10          and Servicing Guides that are inconsistent with the  
11          provisions of paragraph (1); and

12                     (3) take all such other actions necessary to ef-  
13          fect the purposes of this Act.

14       (b) PROHIBITION OF DISCRIMINATION.—The Direc-  
15          tor of the Federal Housing Finance Agency, the Com-  
16          piler of the Currency, the Federal National Mortgage  
17          Association, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corpora-  
18          tion, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Na-  
19          tional Credit Union Administration, the Board of Gov-  
20          ernors of the Federal Reserve System, and all Federal  
21          agencies and entities chartered or otherwise established  
22          under Federal law shall not discriminate in any manner  
23          against States or local governments implementing or par-  
24          ticipating in a PACE program, or against any property

1 that is obligated to pay a PACE assessment or is subject  
2 to a PACE lien, including, without limitation, by—

3                 (1) prohibiting the origination, lending, pur-  
4                 chasing, or guaranteeing of loans on residential  
5                 property within such jurisdiction or requiring more  
6                 restrictive underwriting criteria for properties within  
7                 such jurisdiction;

8                 (2) except for the escrowing of funds as per-  
9                 mitted by section 5(g)(2), requiring payment of  
10                PACE assessment amounts that are not due or that  
11                are not delinquent; or

12                 (3) applying more restrictive underwriting cri-  
13                 teria to any property that is obligated to pay a  
14                 PACE assessment and is subject to a PACE lien  
15                 than any such entity would apply to such property  
16                 in the event that such property were subject to a  
17                 State or municipal tax or assessment that was not  
18                 a PACE assessment.

19 **SEC. 5. PACE PROGRAMS ELIGIBLE FOR PROTECTION.**

20                 (a) IN GENERAL.—A PACE program, and any  
21                 PACE assessment and PACE lien related to such pro-  
22                 gram, are entitled to the protections of this Act only if  
23                 the Program meets all of the requirements under this sec-  
24                 tion at the time of its establishment, or, in the case of  
25                 any PACE program in effect upon the date of the enact-

1 ment of this Act, not later than 60 days after such date  
2 of enactment.

3 (b) CONSUMER PROTECTIONS APPLICABLE TO RESI-  
4 DENTIAL PROPERTY.—A PACE program shall provide,  
5 with respect to residential property, for the following:

6 (1) PROPERTY OWNER AGREEMENTS.—

7 (A) PACE ASSESSMENT.—The property  
8 owner shall agree in writing to a PACE assess-  
9 ment, either pursuant to a PACE agreement or  
10 by voting in the manner specified by State law.  
11 In the case of any property with multiple own-  
12 ers, each owner or the owner's authorized rep-  
13 resentative shall execute a PACE agreement or  
14 vote in the manner specified by State law, as  
15 applicable.

16 (B) PAYMENT SCHEDULE.—The property  
17 owner shall agree to a payment schedule that  
18 identifies the term over which PACE assess-  
19 ment installments will be due, the frequency  
20 with which PACE assessment installments will  
21 be billed and amount of each installment, and  
22 the annual amount due on the PACE assess-  
23 ment. Upon full payment of the amount of the  
24 PACE assessment, including all outstanding in-  
25 terest and charges and any penalties that may

1           become due, the local government shall provide  
2           the participating property owner with a written  
3           statement certifying that the PACE assessment  
4           has been paid in full and the local government  
5           shall also satisfy all requirements of State law  
6           to extinguish the PACE lien.

7           (2) DISCLOSURES BY LOCAL GOVERNMENT.—

8           The local government shall disclose to the participating property owner the costs and risks associated  
9           with participating in the PACE program, including  
10          risks related to their failure to pay PACE assessments and the risk of enforcement of PACE liens.  
11          The local government shall disclose to the property owner the effective interest rate of the PACE assessment, including all program fees. The local government shall clearly and conspicuously provide the property owner the right to rescind his or her decision to enter into a PACE assessment, within 3 days  
12          of the original transaction.

13          (3) CONFIDENTIALITY.—Any personal financial  
14          information provided by a property owner to a local  
15          government or an entity administering a PACE program on behalf of a local government shall comply  
16          with applicable local, State, and Federal laws governing the privacy of the information.

1       (c) REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE ONLY TO NON-RES-  
2 IDENTIAL PROPERTY.—A PACE program shall provide,  
3 with respect to non-residential property, for the following:

4               (1) AUTHORIZATION BY LIENHOLDERS.—Be-  
5 fore entering into a PACE agreement with a local  
6 government or voting in favor of PACE assessments  
7 in the manner specified by State law, the property  
8 owner shall obtain written authorization from the  
9 holders of the first mortgage on the property.

10             (2) PACE AGREEMENT.—

11               (A) TERMS.—The local government and  
12 the owner of the property to which the PACE  
13 assessment applies at the time of commence-  
14 ment of assessment shall enter into a written  
15 PACE agreement addressing the terms of the  
16 PACE improvement. In the case of any prop-  
17 erty with multiple owners, the PACE agreement  
18 shall be signed by all owners or their legally au-  
19 thorized representative or representatives.

20               (B) PACE IMPROVEMENTS.—The property  
21 owner shall contract for PACE improvements,  
22 purchase materials to be used in making such  
23 improvements, or both, and upon submission of  
24 documentation required by the local govern-  
25 ment, the local government shall disburse funds

1           to the property owner in payment for the  
2           PACE improvements or materials used in mak-  
3           ing such improvements.

4           (C) PAYMENT SCHEDULE.—The PACE  
5           agreement shall include a payment schedule  
6           showing the term over which payments will be  
7           due on the assessment, the frequency with  
8           which payments will be billed and amount of  
9           each payment, and the annual amount due on  
10          the assessment. Upon full payment of the  
11          amount of the assessment, including all out-  
12          standing interest and charges and any penalties  
13          that may become due, the local government  
14          shall provide the participating property owner  
15          with a written statement certifying that the as-  
16          essment has been paid in full and the local  
17          government shall also satisfy all requirements  
18          of State law to extinguish the PACE lien.

19           (3) DISCLOSURES BY LOCAL GOVERNMENT.—  
20          The local government shall disclose to the partici-  
21          pating property owners the costs and risks associ-  
22          ated with participating in the program, including  
23          risks related to their failure to make payments and  
24          the risk of enforcement of PACE liens.

1                             (4) CONFIDENTIALITY.—Any personal financial  
2       information provided by a property owner to a local  
3       government or an entity administering a PACE pro-  
4       gram on behalf of a local government shall comply  
5       with applicable local, State, and Federal laws gov-  
6       erning the privacy of the information.

7                             (d) PUBLIC NOTICE OF PACE ASSESSMENT.—The  
8       local government shall file a public notice of the PACE  
9       assessment in a manner sufficient to provide notice of the  
10      PACE assessment to potential lenders and potential pur-  
11      chasers of the property. The notice shall consist of the  
12      following statement or its substantial equivalent: “This  
13      property is subject to a tax or assessment that is levied  
14      to finance the installation of qualifying energy and water  
15      conservation and efficiency improvements or clean energy  
16      improvements. The tax or assessment may be secured by  
17      a lien that is senior to all private liens.”.

18                             (e) ELIGIBILITY OF RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY OWN-  
19      ERS.—Before levying a PACE assessment on a property,  
20      the local government shall ensure that at least all of the  
21      following are true with respect to the property:

- 22                             (1) All property taxes and any other public as-  
23      sessments are current.  
24                             (2) There are no involuntary liens, such as me-  
25      chanics liens, on the property in excess of \$1,000.

1                   (3) No notices of default, including property  
2                   taxes and other public assessments, have been re-  
3                   corded during the past three years or the property  
4                   owner's period of ownership, whichever is shorter.

5                   (4) The property owner has not filed for or de-  
6                   clared bankruptcy in the previous 3 years.

7                   (5) The property owner is current on all mort-  
8                   gage debt on the property and has not had more  
9                   than one instance of property-based debt delin-  
10                  quency during the past 6 months or the property  
11                  owner's period of ownership, whichever is shorter.

12                  (6) The property owner or owners are the hold-  
13                  ers of record of the property.

14                  (7) The property title is not subject to power of  
15                  attorney, easements, or subordination agreements  
16                  restricting the authority of the property owner to  
17                  subject the property to a PACE lien.

18                  (8) The property meets any geographic eligi-  
19                  bility requirements established by the PACE pro-  
20                  gram.

21                  The local government may adopt additional criteria, ap-  
22                  propriate to PACE programs, for determining whether to  
23                  provide PACE financing to a property.

24                  (f) **QUALIFYING IMPROVEMENTS AND QUALIFYING**  
25 **CONTRACTORS FOR RESIDENTIAL PROPERTIES.—PACE**

1 improvements for residential properties shall be qualified  
2 if they meet the following criteria:

3                     (1) U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY ENERGY  
4                     STAR QUALIFIED PRODUCTS OR OTHER STATE GOV-  
5                     ERNMENTAL AGENCIES QUALIFIED PRODUCTS.—For  
6                     clean energy improvements and energy conservation  
7                     and efficiency improvements, products shall meet  
8                     Energy Star guidelines or other similar guidelines  
9                     provided by State governmental agencies of the ap-  
10                   licable State.

11                   (2) AFFIXED FOR USEFUL LIFE.—The local  
12                   government shall have determined the improvements  
13                   are intended to be affixed to the property for the en-  
14                   tire useful life of the improvements based on the ex-  
15                   pected useful lives of energy conservation, efficiency,  
16                   and clean energy measures approved by the Depart-  
17                   ment of Energy.

18                   (3) OWNER IMPROVEMENTS.—A local govern-  
19                   ment may elect to provide financing for improve-  
20                   ments made by the owner of the property, but shall  
21                   not permit the value of the owner's labor to be in-  
22                   cluded in the amount financed.

23                   (4) DISBURSEMENT OF PAYMENTS.—A local  
24                   government must require, prior to disbursement of  
25                   final payments for the financed improvements, sub-

1 mission by the property owner in a form acceptable  
2 to the local government of—

3 (A) a document signed by the property-  
4 owner requesting disbursement of funds;

5 (B) a certificate of completion, certifying  
6 that improvements have been installed satisfac-  
7 torily; and

8 (C) documentation of all costs to be fi-  
9 nanced and copies of any required permits.

10 (g) FINANCING TERMS APPLICABLE ONLY TO RESI-  
11 DENTIAL PROPERTY.—A PACE program shall provide,  
12 with respect to residential property, for the following:

13 (1) AMOUNT FINANCED.—In determining the  
14 amount that may be financed by a PACE assess-  
15 ment, the total amount of all rebates, grants, and  
16 other direct financial assistance received by the  
17 owner on account of the PACE improvements shall  
18 be deducted from the cost of the PACE improve-  
19 ments.

20 (2) PACE ASSESSMENTS.—The total amount of  
21 PACE assessments for a property shall not exceed  
22 15 percent of the estimated value of the property. A  
23 property owner who escrows property taxes with the  
24 holder of a mortgage on a property subject to PACE  
25 assessment may be required by the holder to escrow

1 amounts due on the PACE assessment, and the  
2 mortgage holder shall remit such amounts to the  
3 local government in the manner that property taxes  
4 are escrowed and remitted.

5 (3) OWNER EQUITY.—As of the effective date of  
6 the PACE agreement or the vote required by State  
7 law, the property owner shall have equity in the  
8 property of not less than 10 percent of the estimated  
9 value of the property calculated without consider-  
10 ation of the amount of the PACE assessment or the  
11 value of the PACE improvements.

12 (4) TERM OF FINANCING.—The maximum term  
13 of financing provided for a PACE improvement may  
14 be 25 years. The term shall in no case exceed the  
15 weighted average expected useful life of the PACE  
16 improvement or improvements. Expected useful lives  
17 used for all calculations under this paragraph shall  
18 be consistent with the expected useful lives of energy  
19 conservation and efficiency and clean energy meas-  
20 ures approved by the Department of Energy or the  
21 Internal Revenue Service.

22 (h) COLLECTION AND ENFORCEMENT.—A PACE  
23 program shall provide that—

24 (1) PACE assessments shall be collected in the  
25 manner specified by State law;

1                   (2) PACE assessment installments that are not  
2 due may not be accelerated by foreclosure; and  
3                   (3) payment of a PACE assessment installment  
4 from any loss reserve that may be established for a  
5 PACE program shall not relieve a participating  
6 property owner from the obligation to pay that  
7 amount.

○