

113TH CONGRESS  
2D SESSION

# H. R. 3877

To amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to provide for Medicare coverage of certain lymphedema compression treatment items as items of durable medical equipment.

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## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JANUARY 15, 2014

Mr. REICHERT (for himself, Mr. BLUMENAUER, Mr. LANCE, and Mr. BRALEY of Iowa) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

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## A BILL

To amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to provide for Medicare coverage of certain lymphedema compression treatment items as items of durable medical equipment.

1       *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-  
2       tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3       **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4       This Act may be cited as the “Lymphedema Treat-  
5       ment Act”.

1   **SEC. 2. FINDINGS.**

2       Congress makes the following findings:

3           (1) Lymphedema is a chronic disease that re-  
4       sults in an accumulation of protein-rich lymph fluid  
5       in parts of the body where lymph nodes or lymphatic  
6       vessels are damaged or inadequate.

7           (2) Lymphedema afflicts millions of Americans,  
8       including men, women, and children who can be  
9       born with a primary form of lymphedema. The ma-  
10      jority of cases, however, are secondary forms of  
11      lymphedema most often caused by cancer treatments  
12      that damage the body's lymph transport and im-  
13      mune functions.

14           (3) A 2010 peer-reviewed study in the Amer-  
15      ican Cancer Society's Cancer journal stated  
16      “lymphedema is a common post-treatment condition  
17      [and] has been described as one of the most signifi-  
18      cant survivorship issues”. The study reported an  
19      overall cancer-related lymphedema incidence rate of  
20      15.5 percent, with specific rates as follows: sarcoma  
21      30 percent, breast 20 percent, gynecological 20 per-  
22      cent, melanoma 16 percent, genital-urinary 10 per-  
23      cent, and head and neck 4 percent. Risk increased  
24      22 percent after pelvic lymph node removal and 31  
25      percent after radiation therapy.

1                             (4) Lymphedema is progressive when left un-  
2                             treated or under-treated and can put patients at  
3                             greater risk for serious infections or other costly  
4                             complications.

5                             (5) Congress acknowledged the importance of  
6                             comprehensive lymphedema treatment coverage with  
7                             passage of the Women's Health and Cancer Rights  
8                             Act of 1998, which requires group health plans, in-  
9                             surance companies, and health maintenance organi-  
10                          zations to cover breast cancer-related lymphedema  
11                          treatment post mastectomy and reconstruction.

12                         (6) Medicare beneficiaries with lymphedema  
13                         currently lack coverage for compression therapy, an  
14                         essential component of care they must use to man-  
15                         age their chronic disease. As a result, many patients  
16                         cannot maintain their condition and experience an  
17                         unnecessary loss of health and of function in the ac-  
18                         tivities of daily living.

19                         (7) This Medicare coverage gap should be  
20                         closed to help provide improved health care for  
21                         lymphedema patients and in turn decrease the inci-  
22                         dence of costly complications, co-morbidities and re-  
23                         lated disabilities.

1   **SEC. 3. MEDICARE COVERAGE OF CERTAIN LYMPHEDEMA**

2                   **COMPRESSION TREATMENT ITEMS AS ITEMS**

3                   **OF DURABLE MEDICAL EQUIPMENT.**

4       (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1861 of the Social Secu-  
5      rity Act (42 U.S.C. 1395x) is amended—

6                  (1) in subsection (n), in the first sentence, by  
7      inserting before the semicolon the following: “and in-  
8      cludes lymphedema compression treatment items (as  
9      defined in subsection (iii))”; and

10                 (2) by adding at the end the following new sub-  
11     section:

12       “(iii) LYMPHEDEMA COMPRESSION TREATMENT  
13     ITEMS.—The term ‘lymphedema compression treatment  
14     items’—

15                 “(1) means, with respect to an individual, com-  
16      pression garments, devices, bandaging systems, com-  
17      ponents, and supplies—

18                 “(A) that are primarily and customarily  
19      used in the medical treatment of lymphedema;

20                 “(B) as prescribed by a physician (or a  
21      physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or a  
22      clinical nurse specialist (as those terms are de-  
23      fined in section 1861(aa)(5)) to the extent au-  
24      thorized under State law); and

1               “(C) which would not, other than under  
2               subsection (s)(6), be included as medical and  
3               other health services under this title; and

4               “(2) includes—

5               “(A) multilayer compression bandaging  
6               systems;

7               “(B) custom or standard fit gradient com-  
8               pression garments;

9               “(C) non-elastic and low-elastic compres-  
10               sion garments and compression wraps and di-  
11               rectional flow pads; and

12               “(D) any other compression garments,  
13               bandaging systems, devices, and aids deter-  
14               mined by the Secretary to be effective in the  
15               prevention or treatment of lymphedema.”.

16               (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by  
17               subsection (a) shall apply to lymphedema compression  
18               treatment items furnished on or after 180 days after the  
19               date of the enactment of this Act.

