

113TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. R. 3116

To promote the development of meaningful treatments for patients.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

SEPTEMBER 17, 2013

Mr. LANCE (for himself, Mr. ROSKAM, Mr. GUTHRIE, Mr. PAULSEN, Mr. RANGEL, Mr. RUNYAN, Ms. SCHWARTZ, Mr. KING of New York, Mr. McCaul, Mr. WALDEN, Mr. TIBERI, Mr. LOEBSACK, Mr. BEN RAY LUJÁN of New Mexico, Mr. ELLISON, Mr. JONES, and Mr. LONG) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committees on Ways and Means and the Judiciary, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To promote the development of meaningful treatments for patients.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Modernizing Our Drug
5 & Diagnostics Evaluation and Regulatory Network Cures
6 Act of 2013” or the “MODDERN Cures Act of 2013”.

1 SEC. 2. TABLE OF CONTENTS.

2 The table of contents for this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title.
- Sec. 2. Table of contents.
- Sec. 3. Findings.
- Sec. 4. Definitions.

TITLE I—ADVANCING DIAGNOSTICS FOR PATIENTS

- See. 101. Developing a common lexicon to facilitate progress on diagnostics.
- Sec. 102. Creating incentives for innovative diagnostics.
- Sec. 103. Promoting the development of innovative diagnostics.

TITLE II—CAPTURING LOST OPPORTUNITIES FOR PATIENTS

- Sec. 201. Dormant therapies.
- Sec. 202. Study regarding new indications for existing therapies.

3 SEC. 3. FINDINGS.

4 The Congress makes the following findings:

5 (1) More than 133 million Americans, or 45
6 percent of the population, have at least one chronic
7 condition. A quarter of Americans have multiple
8 chronic conditions.

9 (2) Chronic diseases have become the leading
10 cause of death and disability in the United States.
11 Seven out of every 10 deaths are attributable to
12 chronic disease. Chronic diseases also compromise
13 the quality of life of millions of Americans.

14 (3) Despite \$80 billion spent annually on re-
15 search and development, many diseases and condi-
16 tions lack effective treatments.

17 (4) Many commonly used drugs are effective in
18 only 50 to 75 percent of the patient population,
19 which can lead to devastating long-term side effects,

1 resulting in the potential risks outweighing the bene-
2 fits for some patients.

3 (5) Advanced and innovative diagnostic tests
4 have the potential to dramatically increase the effi-
5 cacy and safety of drugs by better predicting how
6 patients will respond to a given therapy.

7 (6) Despite their promise, many drugs and
8 diagnostics may go undeveloped due to uncertain
9 regulatory and reimbursement processes, among
10 other reasons.

11 (7) In addition, there is reason to believe that
12 potential treatments with tremendous value to pa-
13 tients are never developed or are discontinued during
14 research and development due to insufficiencies in
15 the intellectual property system.

16 (8) It is in the public interest to address the
17 hurdles that may be precluding new treatments from
18 reaching patients and to remove the disincentives for
19 the development of therapies for these unmet needs.

20 **SEC. 4. DEFINITIONS.**

21 In this Act:

22 (1) The term “biological product” has the
23 meaning given to that term in section 351 of the
24 Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 262).

1 (2) The term “drug” has the meaning given to
2 that term in section 201 of the Federal Food, Drug,
3 and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 321).

4 (3) The term “medicine” means a biological
5 product or a drug.

6 (4) The term “Secretary” means the Secretary
7 of Health and Human Services.

8 **TITLE I—ADVANCING 9 DIAGNOSTICS FOR PATIENTS**

10 **SEC. 101. DEVELOPING A COMMON LEXICON TO FACILI- 11 TATE PROGRESS ON DIAGNOSTICS.**

12 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the
13 date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall establish
14 within the Department of Health and Human Services the
15 Advanced Diagnostics Education Council (in this section
16 referred to as the “Council”).

17 (b) DUTIES.—

18 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Council shall promote
19 an improved understanding of key concepts related
20 to innovative diagnostics by recommending standard
21 terms and definitions for use by patients, physicians,
22 health care providers, payers, and policymakers.

23 (2) GUIDE.—The Secretary shall publish and
24 disseminate a guide regarding such recommended

1 terms and definitions for patients, physicians, health
2 care providers, payers, and policymakers.

3 (3) REPORT.—Not later than 12 months after
4 the establishment of the Council, the Secretary shall
5 prepare and submit a report to the Congress and to
6 the public on the Council's deliberations, activities,
7 and determinations with respect to meeting its du-
8 ties described in paragraphs (1) and (2).

9 (c) CHAIRPERSON.—The Secretary, or the Sec-
10 retary's designee, shall serve as chairperson of the Coun-
11 cil.

12 (d) MEMBERS.—In addition to the Secretary, the
13 Council shall consist of the following:

14 (1) The head of each of the following agencies
15 (or a designee thereof):

16 (A) The National Institutes of Health.

17 (B) The Centers for Disease Control and
18 Prevention.

19 (C) The Food and Drug Administration.

20 (D) The Agency for Healthcare Research
21 and Quality.

22 (E) The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid
23 Services.

24 (F) The Department of Defense.

25 (G) The Department of Veterans Affairs.

1 (H) The Health Resources and Services
2 Administration.

3 (I) The Substance Abuse and Mental
4 Health Services Administration.

5 (J) The Indian Health Service.

6 (2) Seven members appointed by the Secretary
7 from among individuals who collectively—

8 (A) represent a broad range of perspectives; and

9 (B) have expertise in—

10 (i) basic and translational research, including with respect to molecular biology and genetics;

11 (ii) bioinformatics;

12 (iii) the discovery, development, and commercialization of in vitro diagnostics; and

13 (iv) law and ethics.

14 (3) Four members appointed by the Secretary who are each a chief medical or scientific officer of a patient advocacy organization.

15 (e) PUBLIC INPUT.—In carrying out its duties, the Council shall solicit input from relevant stakeholders and the public.

1 (f) TERMINATION.—The Council shall terminate
2 after publishing the guide required by subsection (b)(2)
3 and submitting the report required by subsection (b)(3),
4 or later at the discretion of the Secretary.

5 **SEC. 102. CREATING INCENTIVES FOR INNOVATIVE**
6 **DIAGNOSTICS.**

7 (a) IMPROVEMENTS TO PROCESS FOR DETERMINING
8 FEE SCHEDULE AMOUNTS FOR NEW TESTS.—

9 (1) CLARIFYING FACTORS FOR RATE-SET-
10 TING.—In determining the payment amount under
11 gapfilling procedures (as described in section
12 414.508(b) of title 42, Code of Federal Regulations,
13 or any successor regulation to such section) for new
14 clinical diagnostic laboratory tests under section
15 1833(h)(8) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.
16 1395l(h)(8)), the Secretary of Health and Human
17 Services (in this section referred to as the “Sec-
18 retary”) shall take into account, as applicable and
19 available, the following factors with respect to such
20 a new test:

21 (A) IMPACT ON PATIENT CARE.—The im-
22 pact of the new test on patient care, patient
23 management, or patient treatment.

24 (B) TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS.—The
25 technical characteristics of the new test, and

1 the resources required to develop, validate, and
2 perform the new test.

3 (C) CLAIMS DATA.—Data from claims for
4 which payment is made under part B of title
5 XVIII of the Social Security Act.

6 (D) LABORATORY CHARGES.—Amounts
7 charged by laboratories to self-pay patients for
8 the new test.

9 (E) PRIVATE INSURANCE RATES.—
10 Amounts paid to laboratories for such new test
11 under private health insurance coverage offered
12 in the group market and the individual market.

13 (F) ADVISORY PANEL RECOMMENDA-
14 TIONS.—The findings and recommendations of
15 the independent advisory panel convened under
16 paragraph (2) with respect to that new test and
17 any comments received during the open meeting
18 of the advisory panel.

19 (G) ADDITIONAL FACTORS.—Such other
20 factors as the Secretary may specify.

21 (2) INPUT FROM PATIENTS, CLINICIANS, AND
22 TECHNICAL EXPERTS.—

23 (A) REQUIREMENT FOR INDEPENDENT AD-
24 VISORY PANEL.—The Secretary shall convene
25 an independent advisory panel from which the

1 Secretary shall request information and rec-
2 ommendations regarding any new test (as re-
3 ferred to under subparagraph (A) of section
4 1833(h)(8) of the Social Security Act (42
5 U.S.C. 1395l(h)(8))) for which payment is
6 made under such section, including technical,
7 clinical, and quality information.

8 (B) COMPOSITION OF INDEPENDENT ADVI-
9 SORY PANEL.—Subject to subparagraph (D),
10 the independent advisory panel shall be com-
11 prised of 19 members, including—

- 12 (i) 7 individuals with expertise and ex-
13 perience with clinical diagnostic laboratory
14 tests including expertise in the technical
15 characteristics of the new test as well as
16 expertise in the requirements to develop,
17 validate, and perform the new test;
- 18 (ii) 3 representatives of patients, in-
19 cluding a patient representative for rare
20 disorders;
- 21 (iii) 3 clinicians who use results of the
22 new test in patient care;
- 23 (iv) 2 laboratorians;

1 (v) 2 individuals with expertise in the
2 area of pharmacoconomics or health tech-
3 nology assessment; and

4 (vi) 2 individuals with expertise on the
5 impact of new tests on quality of patient
6 care, including genetic counselors.

7 (C) TERMS.—Subject to subparagraph
8 (D), a member of the panel shall be appointed
9 to serve a term of 6 years, except with respect
10 to the members first appointed, whose terms of
11 appointment shall be staggered evenly over 2-
12 year increments.

13 (D) TEMPORARY APPOINTMENT OF EX-
14 PERTS.—Insofar as the Secretary determines
15 with respect to a new test that there are an in-
16 sufficient number of members of the panel with
17 expertise with respect to that specific test, the
18 Secretary may appoint individuals who have ex-
19 pertise pertaining to the new test involved to
20 serve on the panel.

21 (E) OPEN MEETINGS.—The Secretary shall
22 receive or review the findings and recommenda-
23 tions of the independent advisory panel with re-
24 spect to the new tests described in subpara-
25 graph (A) involved during a meeting open to

1 the public and provide opportunity for public
2 comment.

3 (F) CLARIFICATION OF AUTHORITY OF
4 SECRETARY TO CONSULT CARRIERS.—Nothing
5 in this section shall be construed as affecting
6 the authority of the Secretary to consult with
7 appropriate Medicare administrative contrac-
8 tors.

9 (3) JUSTIFICATION FOR PAYMENT DETERMINA-
10 TIONS.—

11 (A) INITIAL JUSTIFICATION.—With respect
12 to decisions regarding payments made under
13 the clinical laboratory fee schedule for new clin-
14 ical diagnostic laboratory tests, the Secretary
15 shall publicly provide a justification for the pay-
16 ment basis and payment rate determination, in-
17 cluding a detailed summary of the information
18 submitted to, or obtained by, the Secretary re-
19 garding the factors specified in paragraph (1),
20 such that interested stakeholders can readily
21 understand the Secretary's rationale for the
22 payment basis and rate determinations.

23 (B) RECONSIDERATION PERIOD.—After
24 providing such justification for a payment basis
25 and payment rate determination, the Secretary

1 shall provide for a reasonable period of recon-
2 sideration to receive any appeal of the deter-
3 mination and to evaluate any additional infor-
4 mation received regarding the justification and
5 the factors specified in paragraph (1).

6 (C) FINAL DETERMINATION.—After the
7 period of reconsideration the Secretary shall
8 make a final payment basis and payment rate
9 determination and provide a justification for
10 such final determination explaining what addi-
11 tional information was evaluated during the re-
12 consideration and how such information was
13 taken into account with respect to the final de-
14 termination. Nothing in this paragraph shall be
15 construed as authorizing the Secretary to reveal
16 proprietary information which is otherwise pro-
17 hibited from disclosure under law.

18 (b) PROCESS FOR ASSIGNMENT OF TEMPORARY
19 CODES FOR DIAGNOSTIC TESTS.—The Secretary shall es-
20 tablish a process for application for the assignment of a
21 temporary national HCPCS code to uniquely identify a di-
22 agnostic test until a permanent national HCPCS code is
23 available for assignment to that test. Assignments of a
24 temporary national HCPCS code shall occur on a quar-
25 terly basis. The Secretary shall provide public notice

1 through the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services
2 Web site of applications made for such temporary national
3 HCPCS codes. Upon assignment of a temporary code
4 under this process, the Secretary shall treat such test as
5 a new test for purposes of section 1833(h)(8) of the Social
6 Security Act.

7 (c) DEVELOPMENT OF FURTHER IMPROVEMENTS IN
8 RATE-SETTING PROCESSES.—The Secretary shall analyze
9 the process used for the gapfilling procedure used in deter-
10 mining payment amounts for new clinical diagnostic lab-
11 oratory tests under section 1833(h)(8) of the Social Secu-
12 rity Act. Taking into account the changes made by this
13 section, the Secretary shall identify further changes to im-
14 prove the accuracy and appropriateness of resulting rates
15 and the openness, transparency, and predictability of the
16 process. The Secretary shall examine what and how many
17 entities should perform gapfilling, under contract or other-
18 wise, and how to ensure that the process is informed by
19 appropriate expertise and proceeds in a transparent and
20 accountable manner. The Secretary shall implement im-
21 provements in the process, insofar as these are possible
22 under the law through regulations, after public notice and
23 opportunity for comment. For changes the Secretary de-
24 termines would require a change in law, the Secretary
25 shall transmit recommendations to the Speaker of the

1 House and the President of the Senate not later than July
2 1, 2014.

3 (d) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section:

4 (1) NEW CLINICAL DIAGNOSTIC LABORATORY
5 TESTS.—The term “new clinical diagnostic labora-
6 tory test” means a clinical diagnostic laboratory
7 test—

8 (A) that is assigned a new or substantially
9 revised code on or after January 1, 2013; or

10 (B) for which a temporary national
11 HCPCS code is granted under subsection (b) on
12 or after January 1, 2014.

13 (2) SELF-PAY PATIENT.—The term “self-pay
14 patient” means, with respect to a health care item
15 or service, an individual who pays out of pocket for
16 such item or service and who does not have health
17 insurance coverage for such item or service.

18 (e) EFFECTIVE DATE.—

19 (1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2),
20 this section shall take effect on the date of enact-
21 ment of this Act and shall apply with respect to new
22 clinical diagnostic laboratory tests.

23 (2) APPLICATION OF JUSTIFICATIONS TO CUR-
24 RENT RATE DETERMINATIONS.—Subsection (a)(3)

1 shall apply to payment basis and payment rate de-
2 terminations made on or after January 1, 2013.

3 **SEC. 103. PROMOTING THE DEVELOPMENT OF INNOVATIVE**
4 **DIAGNOSTICS.**

5 (a) DETERMINATION.—

6 (1) REQUEST.—The manufacturer or sponsor
7 of a medicine may request the Secretary to deter-
8 mine that—

9 (A) a diagnostic test has been developed
10 by, or with the participation of, the manufac-
11 turer or sponsor of the medicine; and

12 (B) use of the diagnostic test, as dem-
13 onstrated through valid scientific information
14 such as peer-reviewed literature—

15 (i) provides for or improves the identi-
16 fication of a patient population for which
17 the medicine will or will not be used in ac-
18 cordance with its approved indications;

19 (ii) provides for or improves the deter-
20 mination of the most appropriate treat-
21 ment option for a patient population with
22 the medicine in accordance with its ap-
23 proved indications; or

24 (iii) provides for the detection of a
25 qualifying pathogen (as defined in section

1 505E(f) of the Federal Food, Drug, and
2 Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 355(f)).

3 (2) RESPONSE BY SECRETARY.—Not later than
4 30 days after the submission of a request under
5 paragraph (1), the Secretary, shall—

6 (A) make the requested determination and
7 publish a notice of such determination and any
8 extension under this section resulting from such
9 determination; or

10 (B) provide an explanation to the manufac-
11 turer or sponsor submitting the request of why
12 the determination is not warranted.

13 (b) APPLICABLE EXTENSION PERIOD.—For purposes
14 of subsections (c) and (d), the applicable extension period
15 is—

16 (1) with respect to a diagnostic test developed
17 (as described in subsection (a)(1)(A)) contempor-
18 aneously with the development of the medicine in-
19 volved, 12 months; and

20 (2) with respect to a diagnostic test developed
21 otherwise, 6 months.

22 (c) EXTENSION FOR DRUGS.—If, at the request of
23 the manufacturer or sponsor of a drug, the Secretary
24 makes the determination described in subsection (a)(1)
25 with respect to such drug and a diagnostic test, then—

1 (1) the four- and five-year periods described in
2 subsections (c)(3)(E)(ii) and (j)(5)(F)(ii) of section
3 505 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act
4 (21 U.S.C. 355), the three-year periods described in
5 clauses (iii) and (iv) of subsection (c)(3)(E) and
6 clauses (iii) and (iv) of subsection (j)(5)(F) of such
7 section 505, or the seven-year period described in
8 section 527 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 360cc), as applicable, shall be
9 extended by the applicable extension period;

10 (2) if the drug is the subject of—
11 (A) a listed patent for which a certification
12 has been submitted under subsection
13 (b)(2)(A)(ii) or (j)(2)(A)(vii)(II) of such section
14 505; or
15 (B) a listed patent for which a certification
16 has been submitted under subsection
17 (b)(2)(A)(iii) or (j)(2)(A)(vii)(III) of such sec-
18 tion 505,
19 then the period during which an application may not
20 be approved under subsection (c)(3) or (j)(5)(B) of
21 such section 505 shall be extended by the applicable
22 extension period after the date the patent expires
23 (including any patent extensions); and

1 (3) if the drug is the subject of a listed patent
2 for which a certification has been submitted under
3 subsection (b)(2)(A)(iv) or (j)(2)(A)(vii)(IV) of such
4 section 505, and in the patent infringement litiga-
5 tion resulting from the certification the court deter-
6 mines that the patent is valid and would be in-
7 fringed, the period during which an application may
8 not be approved under subsection (c)(3) or (j)(5)(B)
9 of such section 505 shall be extended by the applica-
10 ble extension period after the date the patent expires
11 (including any patent extension).

12 (d) EXTENSION FOR BIOLOGICAL PRODUCTS.—If, at
13 the request of the manufacturer or sponsor of a biological
14 product, the Secretary makes the determination described
15 in subsection (a)(1) with respect to such biological product
16 and a diagnostic test, then the 12-year period described
17 in subsection (k)(7)(A) of section 351 of the Public Health
18 Service Act (42 U.S.C. 262), the 4-year period described
19 in subsection (k)(7)(B) of such section 351, and the 7-
20 year period described in section 527 of the Federal Food,
21 Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 360cc), as applicable,
22 shall be extended by the applicable extension period.

23 (e) RELATION TO PEDIATRIC EXCLUSIVITY.—Any
24 extension under subsection (c) or (d) of a period shall be
25 in addition to any extension of the period under section

1 505A of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21
2 U.S.C. 355a) with respect to the medicine.

3 (f) LIMITATIONS.—Extensions under this section
4 may apply—

5 (1) not more than twice with respect to the
6 same medicine; and

7 (2) not more than once with respect to the
8 same indication to be treated by the same medicine.

9 **TITLE II—CAPTURING LOST 10 OPPORTUNITIES FOR PATIENTS**

11 **SEC. 201. DORMANT THERAPIES.**

12 (a) DESIGNATION AS DORMANT THERAPY.—The
13 Secretary shall designate a medicine as a dormant therapy
14 if—

15 (1) the sponsor of the medicine submits a re-
16 quest for such designation meeting the requirements
17 under subsection (b), and the request has not been
18 withdrawn under subsection (d)(1); and

19 (2) the Secretary determines that—

20 (A) the medicine is being investigated or is
21 intended to be investigated for an indication to
22 address one or more unmet medical needs;

23 (B) a suitable clinical plan for such inves-
24 tigations of the medicine has been developed by
25 the sponsor;

1 (C) the sponsor intends to file an applica-
2 tion pursuant to section 505(b) of the Federal
3 Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C.
4 355(b)) or section 351(a) of the Public Health
5 Service Act (42 U.S.C. 262(a)) for approval or
6 licensing of the medicine for an indication de-
7 scribed in subparagraph (A); and

8 (D) the request for designation was made
9 on or before the date of submission of any ap-
10 plication under section 505 of the Federal
11 Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 355)
12 or section 351 of the Public Health Service Act
13 (42 U.S.C. 262) for the approval or licensure of
14 commercial marketing or use of a medicine that
15 in the case of a drug shares an active moiety
16 that is the same as, and in the case of a bio-
17 logic contains an active moiety that is highly
18 similar to, an active moiety in the medicine for
19 which designation is being requested.

20 (b) REQUIREMENTS FOR REQUEST FOR DESIGNA-
21 TION AS DORMANT THERAPY.—A request under sub-
22 section (a)(1) with respect to a medicine may only be made
23 by the sponsor of the medicine and shall contain each of
24 the following:

1 (1) A listing of all patents and applications for
2 patents under which the sponsor has rights and that
3 may be reasonably construed to provide protection
4 for the medicine.

5 (2) A waiver of patent rights to the extent re-
6 quired under subsection (c) to take effect, if at all,
7 as provided under subsection (c)(3).

8 (3) Such additional information as the Sec-
9 etary may require by regulation in order to deter-
10 mine eligibility for designation under subsection (a).

11 (c) WAIVER OF PATENT RIGHTS EXPIRING AFTER
12 THE PROTECTION PERIOD ENDS.—

13 (1) PATENT WAIVER.—

14 (A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subparagraph
15 (B), the request under this subsection
16 shall include a waiver of the right to enforce or
17 otherwise assert any patent described in sub-
18 section (b)(1) (or any patent issued on the basis
19 of an application described in subsection
20 (b)(1)), which may expire after the end of the
21 protection period for the dormant therapy,
22 against any applicable product described in
23 paragraph (2). The waiver shall be made by the
24 owner of the patent or application for patent,
25 as the case may be.

1 (B) LIMITATIONS ON PATENT WAIVER.—
2
3

Any patent waiver provided pursuant to this section, should it become effective—

(i) shall have no effect during the protection period for the medicine to which the waiver relates; and

(ii) shall have no effect with respect to the subject matter of a claimed invention in a patent that does not provide any protection for such medicine with respect to an applicable product described in paragraph (2).

(2) APPLICABLE PRODUCTS DESCRIBED.—An applicable product is described in this paragraph only if—

(A) it is approved or licensed pursuant to an application that—

(i) is filed under section 505(b)(2) or 505(j) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 355(b)(2), (j)) or section 351(k) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 262(k)); and

(ii) references or otherwise relies upon the approval or licensure of the dormant therapy to which the waiver relates; and

1 (B) the approval of the product occurs
2 after the expiration of the protection period ap-
3 plicable to the medicine to which the request
4 under subsection (a)(1) relates.

5 (3) EFFECTIVE DATE OF WAIVER.—A waiver
6 under subsection (b)(2) with respect to a patent
7 shall take effect, if at all, on the date the Director
8 publishes the notice required under subsection
9 (e)(2)(F) relating to the patent.

10 (d) WITHDRAWAL OF REQUEST FOR DESIGNATION,
11 REVOCATION BY THE SECRETARY.—

12 (1) IN GENERAL.—The sponsor of a medicine
13 may withdraw a request for designation under sub-
14 section (a)(1) with respect to a medicine unless the
15 medicine has been approved or licensed under sec-
16 tion 505 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic
17 Act (21 U.S.C. 355) or section 351 of the Public
18 Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 262). The Secretary
19 shall deny a designation request or revoke any des-
20 ignation granted if at any time the Secretary finds
21 that the sponsor is not in compliance with sub-
22 sections (c)(1) and (g)(1).

23 (2) EFFECTS OF WITHDRAWAL OF REQUEST OR
24 REVOCATION OF DESIGNATION.—If the sponsor of a
25 medicine withdraws a request under subsection (b)

1 or the Secretary denies a designation request or re-
2 vokes a designation with respect to the medicine—

3 (A) any patent waiver submitted under
4 this section with respect to the medicine, but
5 not yet effective, is canceled and deemed a nul-
6 lity;

7 (B) any patent waiver that has taken ef-
8 fect under this section with respect to the medi-
9 cine shall remain in effect;

10 (C) any patent term extension granted by
11 the Director under subsection (e)(2) with re-
12 spect to the medicine shall be canceled, except
13 that the Director shall maintain the patent
14 term extension for one patent, to be selected by
15 the sponsor of the medicine, for the period of
16 extension that would have been applicable under
17 section 156 of title 35, United States Code; and

18 (D) the designation, if made, otherwise
19 shall be treated as never having been requested
20 or made or having effect.

21 (3) BASIS FOR REVOCATION.—The Secretary
22 may revoke a designation made under subsection
23 (a), but only based upon a finding by the Secretary
24 under paragraph (1).

1 (e) GUARANTEED PROTECTIONS FOR DORMANT
2 THERAPIES.—

3 (1) APPLICATIONS FILED DURING THE PROTEC-
4 TION PERIOD.—During the protection period for a
5 dormant therapy, notwithstanding any other provi-
6 sion of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act
7 (21 U.S.C. 301 et seq.) or the Public Health Service
8 Act (42 U.S.C. 201 et seq.)—

9 (A) absent a right of reference from the
10 holder of such approved application for the dor-
11 mant therapy, the Secretary shall not approve
12 an application filed pursuant to section
13 505(b)(2) or section 505(j) of the Federal
14 Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C.
15 355(b)(2), (j)) or section 351(k) of the Public
16 Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 262(k)) ref-
17 erencing or otherwise relying on the approval or
18 licensure of the dormant therapy;

19 (B) the Secretary shall not approve—

20 (i) an application filed pursuant to
21 such section 505(b)(2) or 505(j) that ref-
22 erences or otherwise relies on the approval
23 or licensure of a medicine that is not the
24 dormant therapy, was approved subsequent
25 to the approval of the dormant therapy,

1 and contains the same active moiety as the
2 active moiety in the dormant therapy (or if
3 the dormant therapy contains more than
4 one active moiety, all of the active moieties
5 are the same); or

6 (ii) an application filed pursuant to
7 such section 351(k) that references or oth-
8 erwise relies on the approval or licensure of
9 a medicine that is not the dormant ther-
10 apy, was approved subsequent to the ap-
11 proval or licensure of the dormant therapy,
12 and contains an active moiety that is highly
13 similar to the active moiety in the dor-
14 mant therapy (or if the dormant therapy
15 contains more than one active moiety, all
16 of the active moieties are highly similar);
17 and

18 (C) the Secretary shall not approve an ap-
19 plication filed pursuant to section 505(b)(1) of
20 the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21
21 U.S.C. 355(b)(1)) for a drug that contains the
22 same active moiety as the active moiety in the
23 dormant therapy (or if the dormant therapy
24 contains more than one active moiety, all of the
25 active moieties are the same), or an application

1 filed pursuant to section 351(a) of the Public
2 Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 262(a)) for a bi-
3 ological product that contains an active moiety
4 that is highly similar to the active moiety in the
5 dormant therapy (or if the dormant therapy
6 contains more than one active moiety, all of the
7 active moieties are highly similar), unless—

8 (i) the information provided to sup-
9 port approval of such application is com-
10 parable in scope and extent, including with
11 respect to design and extent of preclinical
12 and clinical testing, to the information pro-
13 vided to support approval of the applica-
14 tion for the dormant therapy under section
15 505(b) of the Federal Food, Drug and
16 Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 355(b)) or sec-
17 tion 351(a) of the Public Health Service
18 Act (42 U.S.C. 262(a)); and

19 (ii) if such clinical testing had not
20 commenced before the approval of the ap-
21 plication for the dormant therapy, the clin-
22 ical testing establishes clinical superiority
23 in the form of a significant therapeutic ad-
24 vantage over and above that provided by

the dormant therapy in one or more of the following ways:

(I) Greater effectiveness on a clinically meaningful endpoint.

(II) Greater safety in a substantial portion of the target populations.

12 (2) PATENT TERM ALIGNMENT WITH DATA
13 PACKAGE PROTECTION PERIOD.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any provision of title 35, United States Code, a sponsor of a medicine designated as a dormant therapy under subsection (a)(1), upon the approval or licensure thereof under section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 355) or section 351 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 262), and in lieu of filing a patent term extension application under section 156(d) of such title 35, shall be entitled to patent term extensions in accordance with this paragraph.

10 (I) the listing of patents and ap-
11 plications for patents provided to the
12 Secretary under subsection (b)(1);

16 (III) any documentation the Di-
17 rector may require from the patentee
18 or patent applicant (as the case may
19 be) of the waiver of patent rights re-
20 quired under subsection (b)(2).

1 sponsor the opportunity to remedy any in-
2 sufficiency, the Director shall so notify the
3 Secretary that the patent waiver require-
4 ments for designation have not been satis-
5 fied.

6 (C) EXTENSION OF PATENTS.—

7 (i) IN GENERAL.—Unless the Director
8 has notified the Secretary of a determina-
9 tion under subparagraph (B)(ii), for each
10 patent identified in a submission pursuant
11 to subparagraph (B)(i), and for each pat-
12 ent issuing based upon an application for
13 patent so identified, the Director shall,
14 within the 3-month period beginning on
15 the date of the submission, extend the pat-
16 ent to expire at the end of the protection
17 period for the dormant therapy, if the pat-
18 ent would otherwise expire before the end
19 of the protection period. If the Director
20 has so notified the Secretary under sub-
21 paragraph (B)(ii), the Director shall ex-
22 tend one such patent, selected by the spon-
23 sor, for the period that would have been
24 applicable had an application for extension
25 been filed under section 156 of title 35,

1 United States Code, with respect to such
2 patent.

3 (ii) APPLICATION OF CERTAIN PROVI-
4 SIONS.—During the period of an extension
5 under clause (i)—

6 (I) the rights under the patent
7 shall be limited in the manner pro-
8 vided under section 156(b) of title 35,
9 United States Code; and

10 (II) the terms “product” and
11 “approved product” in such section
12 156(b) shall be deemed to include
13 forms of the active moiety of the dor-
14 mant therapy and highly similar ac-
15 tive moieties that might be approved
16 by the Secretary based upon an appli-
17 cation filed under section 505(b)(2) or
18 505(j) of the Federal Food, Drug,
19 and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C.
20 355(b)(2), (j)) or under section
21 351(k) of the Public Health Service
22 Act (42 U.S.C. 262(k)) that ref-
23 erences or otherwise relies upon the
24 dormant therapy.

(D) INTERIM PATENT EXTENSIONS.—Notwithstanding any provision of title 35, United States Code, with respect to any patent listed (or patent issuing on an application listed) under subsection (b)(1) that would otherwise expire before the sponsor could make a submission under subparagraph (B), the Director, upon application of the patentee, shall grant to the patentee an interim extension of such patent, subject to the limitations in section 156(d)(5)(F) of such title 35, for such period as may be necessary to permit the sponsor to submit the listing under subparagraph (B) and, if the patent is therein listed, to extend the patent as provided under subparagraph (C). The Director may require, for any patent extended under this subparagraph, that the sponsor of the dormant therapy to which the patent relates provide periodic certifications that development of the dormant therapy is continuing. The Director may terminate any interim extension for which a required certification has not been made.

(E) NOTICE OF EXTENSION.—For each patent that is extended under this paragraph,

1 the Director shall publish a notice of such ex-
2 tension and issue a certificate of extension de-
3 scribed in section 156(e)(1) of title 35, United
4 States Code.

5 (F) NOTICE OF WAIVER.—For each patent
6 identified in a submission under subparagraph
7 (B)(i), and each patent issuing based upon an
8 application for patent so identified, that expires
9 after the end of the protection period for the
10 dormant therapy, the Director shall publish a
11 notice that the patent is subject to the limited
12 waiver of the right to enforce described in sub-
13 section (c)(1).

14 (f) CERTAIN FDA PROTECTIONS INAPPLICABLE.—If
15 a medicine has been designated as a dormant therapy
16 under subsection (a), the protections otherwise applicable
17 with respect to such medicine under sections 505A, 505E,
18 and 527 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act
19 (21 U.S.C. 355a, 355f, 360cc) shall not apply. The pre-
20 ceding sentence shall not be construed to affect any pro-
21 tections applicable with respect to a drug, including a drug
22 designated under section 526 of such Act (21 U.S.C.
23 360bb) for a rare disease or condition, under provisions
24 other than such sections 505A, 505E, and 527.

25 (g) DEVELOPMENT CERTIFICATIONS.—

1 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall require
2 that the sponsor of a dormant therapy provide peri-
3 odic certifications that development of the dormant
4 therapy to address one or more unmet medical needs
5 is continuing.

6 (2) DETERMINATION OF NONCOMPLIANCE.—If
7 the Secretary concludes that the sponsor has not
8 complied with paragraph (1), after providing the
9 sponsor the opportunity to remedy any insufficiency,
10 the Secretary shall, for purposes of subsection
11 (d)(1), determine that the sponsor is not in compli-
12 ance with the certification requirement under para-
13 graph (1).

14 (h) COLLABORATION.—Nothing in this section shall
15 be construed as preventing a sponsor from collaborating
16 with other entities in developing a dormant therapy or ap-
17 plying for a dormant therapy designation.

18 (i) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section:

19 (1) The term “address one or more unmet med-
20 ical needs” refers to—

21 (A) addressing a need for medicines for
22 the treatment of one or more life-threatening or
23 other serious diseases or conditions for which
24 no therapy exists; or

1 (B) if one or more therapies are available
2 for the treatment of such a disease or condition,
3 demonstrating through clinical investigations—
4 (i) one or more improved effects on
5 serious outcomes of the disease or condition
6 that are affected by alternative therapies, such as superiority of the medicine
7 used alone or in combination with other
8 therapies in an active controlled trial as-
9 sessing an endpoint reflecting serious mor-
10 bidity;
11 (ii) one or more effects on serious out-
12 comes of the disease or condition not
13 known to be affected by alternative thera-
14 pies, such as progressive disability in mul-
15 tiple sclerosis when alternative therapies
16 have shown an effect on exacerbations but
17 have not shown an effect on progressive
18 disability;
19 (iii) an ability—
20 (I) to provide one or more bene-
21 fits in patients who are unable to tol-
22 erate or are unresponsive to alter-
23 native therapies, such as an

1 antipsychotic agent that is effective in
2 people failing standard therapy; or
3 (II) to be used effectively in com-
4 bination with other critical agents
5 that cannot be combined with alter-
6 native therapies;
7 (iv) an ability to provide one or more
8 benefits similar to those of alternative
9 therapies while—
10 (I) avoiding serious toxicity that
11 is present in alternative therapies; or
12 (II) avoiding less serious toxicity
13 that is common in alternative thera-
14 pies and causes discontinuation of
15 treatment of a life-threatening or seri-
16 ous disease; or
17 (v) an ability to provide one or more
18 benefits similar to those of alternative
19 therapies but with improvement in some
20 factor, such as compliance or convenience,
21 that is shown to lead to improved effects
22 on serious outcomes.

23 (2) The term “Director” means the Under Sec-
24 retary of Commerce for Intellectual Property and

1 Director of the United States Patent and Trade-
2 mark Office.

3 (3) The term “dormant therapy” means a med-
4 icine designated as a dormant therapy under sub-
5 section (a).

6 (4) The term “protection period” for a dormant
7 therapy means the period that—

8 (A) begins on the date on which the Sec-
9 retary first approves an application under sec-
10 tion 505(b) of the Federal Food, Drug, and
11 Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 355(b)) or section
12 351(a) of the Public Health Service Act (42
13 U.S.C. 262(a)) for the dormant therapy for any
14 indication; and

15 (B) ends on the date that is 15 years after
16 the date of such approval.

17 (5) The term “sponsor” for a dormant therapy
18 is the person who takes responsibility for the des-
19 ignation and development of the dormant therapy.
20 The sponsor may be a single entity or an entity col-
21 laborating with one or more other entities.

22 **SEC. 202. STUDY REGARDING NEW INDICATIONS FOR EX-**
23 **ISTING THERAPIES.**

24 Not later than one year after the date of the enact-
25 ment of this Act, the Secretary shall enter into an ar-

- 1 arrangement with the Institute of Medicine (or, if the Insti-
2 tute declines, another appropriate entity)—
3 (1) to conduct a study on intellectual property
4 laws and their impact on therapy and diagnostic de-
5 velopment in order to formulate recommendations on
6 how to facilitate the clinical evaluation and develop-
7 ment of therapies currently available on the market
8 for new potential indications; and
9 (2) not later than 18 months after such date of
10 the enactment, to submit a report to the Secretary
11 and the Congress containing the results of such
12 study.

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