113TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H.R. 2872

To secure the borders of the United States, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JULY 31, 2013

Ms. LORETTA SANCHEZ of California introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Homeland Security, and in addition to the Committees on Foreign Affairs, the Judiciary, and Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To secure the borders of the United States, and for other purposes.

1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-

2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; DEFINITION; TABLE OF CON-

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TENTS.

5 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
6 "Border Enforcement, Security, and Technology Act of
7 2013" and "BEST Act of 2013".

8 (b) DEFINITION.—In this Act, the term "appropriate9 congressional committees" means the Committee on

- 1 Homeland Security of the House of Representatives and
- 2 the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental
- 3 Affairs of the Senate.

4 (c) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for

- 5 this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; Definition; Table of contents.

TITLE I—COMPREHENSIVE BORDER SECURITY STRATEGY

- Sec. 101. Technology plan.
- Sec. 102. National Strategy for Border Security.
- Sec. 103. Roles and responsibility.

TITLE II—BORDER SECURITY PERSONNEL AND RESOURCES

- Sec. 201. Maintenance of adequate ratio of supervisory and managerial agents to new agents.
- Sec. 202. Strengthening border patrol recruitment and retention.
- Sec. 203. Authorization of additional U.S. Customs and Border Protection officers.
- Sec. 204. Strengthening U.S. Customs and Border Protection officer recruitment and retention.
- Sec. 205. Enhanced customer service standards and professionalism training.
- Sec. 206. U.S. Customs and Border Protection officer training.
- Sec. 207. U.S. Customs and Border Protection wait times transparency.
- Sec. 208. K–9 units.
- Sec. 209. Equipment and vehicle needs for Customs and Border Protection officers and Border Patrol agents.

TITLE III—STRENGTHENING INFRASTRUCTURE AND TECHNOLOGY

Sec. 301. Pilot program on border connectivity.

TITLE IV—SECURING THE PORTS OF ENTRY

- Sec. 401. Biometric exit data system.
- Sec. 402. NEXUS, SENTRI, and FAST assessment.
- Sec. 403. Electronic device search and seizure standards at ports of entry.

TITLE V—FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL COORDINATION AND ASSISTANCE

Sec. 501. Coordination of land and maritime border enforcement efforts.

Sec. 502. Department of Homeland Security Border Oversight Task Force.

TITLE VI—INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION

- Sec. 601. North and Central American border security cooperation initiative.
- Sec. 602. Enhancing the security of Mexico's southern border.
- Sec. 603. Caribbean cooperation initiative.

TITLE VII—SECURE AND HUMANE DETENTION AND EFFECTIVE REPATRIATION.

Sec. 701. Immigration detention standards.

Sec. 702. Detention management.

Sec. 703. Alternatives to detention for families and vulnerable populations.

Sec. 704. Short term detention standards at and between ports of entry.

Sec. 705. Report on nondeportable aliens.

1 TITLE I—COMPREHENSIVE

2 BORDER SECURITY STRATEGY

3 SEC. 101. TECHNOLOGY PLAN.

4 (a) REQUIREMENT FOR PLAN.—The Secretary of
5 Homeland Security shall develop a comprehensive plan for
6 the technology for the security of the international borders
7 of the United States.

8 (b) CONTENTS.—The plan required under subsection9 (a) shall include the following:

10 (1) A description of existing technologies em11 ployed along the international borders of the United
12 States.

(2) Requirements relating to the compatibility
of new technologies with technologies in use by the
Secretary of Homeland Security on the date of the
enactment of this Act.

17 (3) A description of how the Commissioner of
18 United States Customs and Border Protection and
19 the Commandant of the Coast Guard are working,
20 or are expected to work, with the Under Secretary
21 for Science and Technology of the Department of

Homeland Security to identify and test new tech nology.

3 (4) A description of the specific technology to
4 be deployed along the international borders of the
5 United States.

6 (5) Identification of any obstacles that may im7 pede the deployment described in paragraph (4).

8 (6) A description on how the Commissioner of
9 United States Customs and Border Protection shall
10 consult with border communities in the development
11 of technology.

12 (7) A description of how existing and proposed
13 technologies and infrastructure used for land and
14 maritime security will impact the environmental, so15 cial, economic, and cultural conditions of sur16 rounding communities.

17 (8) A detailed estimate of all costs associated
18 with the deployment of new technology and infra19 structure and with continued maintenance of such
20 technologies and infrastructure.

(9) A detailed estimate of personnel needed to
operate and maintain the technologies and infrastructure described in paragraph (8).

24 (10) A description of how the Secretary of25 Homeland Security is working with the Adminis-

trator of the Federal Aviation Administration on
 safety and airspace control issues associated with
 the use of unmanned aerial vehicles.

4 (11) A description of technologies developed or
5 utilized by the Department of Defense, including any
6 such technologies determined to be excess by the
7 Secretary of Defense.

8 (c) SUBMISSION TO CONGRESS.—Not later than three 9 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the 10 Secretary shall submit to the appropriate congressional 11 committees the plan required under subsection (a).

12 SEC. 102. NATIONAL STRATEGY FOR BORDER SECURITY.

(a) REQUIREMENT FOR STRATEGY.—The Secretary
of Homeland Security, in consultation with the heads of
other appropriate Federal departments and agencies, shall
develop a National Strategy for Border Security that describes actions to be carried out to achieve operational
control over—

19 (1) all ports of entry into the United States;20 and

21 (2) the international borders of the United22 States.

23 (b) CONTENTS.—The National Strategy for Border
24 Security required under subsection (a) shall include the
25 following:

1	(1) The implementation schedule for the com-
2	prehensive technology plan for the security of the
3	international borders required under section 101.
4	(2) An assessment of the threat posed by ter-
5	rorists and terrorist groups that may try to infiltrate
6	the United States at locations along the inter-
7	national borders.
8	(3) A risk assessment for all United States
9	ports of entry and all portions of the international
10	borders of the United States, including a description
11	of activities being undertaken to—
12	(A) prevent the entry into the United
13	States of terrorists, instruments of terrorism,
14	human traffickers, criminal aliens, perpetrators
15	of criminal violence, unlawful aliens, narcotics,
16	and other contraband; and
17	(B) protect critical infrastructure at or
18	near such ports of entry or borders.
19	(4) A description of the legal requirements that
20	prevent achieving and maintaining operational con-
21	trol over the international borders of the United
22	States.
23	(5) A description of the most appropriate, prac-
24	tical, and cost-effective means of protecting the
25	international borders of the United States against

threats to security and illegal transit, including in telligence capacities, technology, equipment, per sonnel, and training needed to address border secu rity vulnerabilities.

5 (6) A description of staffing needs for all bor-6 der security functions, taking into account threat 7 and vulnerability information pertaining to the inter-8 national borders of the United States and the im-9 pact of new security programs, policies, and tech-10 nologies.

11 (7) A description of the border security roles 12 and missions of Federal, State, regional, local, and 13 tribal authorities, and recommendations regarding 14 actions the Secretary of Homeland Security can 15 carry out to improve coordination with such authori-16 ties to enable border security and enforcement ac-17 tivities to be carried out in a more efficient and ef-18 fective manner.

19 (8) A description of existing efforts and tech20 nologies used for border security and the effect of
21 the use of such efforts and technologies on civil
22 rights, private property rights, privacy rights, and
23 civil liberties.

1	(9) An assessment of effects and reporting on
2	deaths and injuries resulting from unlawful border
3	crossings.
4	(10) A prioritized list of research and develop-
5	ment objectives to enhance the security of the inter-
6	national borders of the United States.
7	(11) An assessment on how crossing times at
8	port of entry border crossings impact legitimate bor-
9	der activity.
10	(12) A description of the performance metrics
11	to be used to ensure accountability by the compo-
12	nents of the Department of Homeland Security in
13	implementing such Strategy.
14	(13) A schedule for the implementation of the
15	security measures described in such Strategy, includ-
16	ing a prioritization of security measures, realistic
17	deadlines for addressing security and enforcement
18	needs, an estimate of the resources required to carry
19	out such measures, and a description of how such
20	resources should be allocated.
21	(c) CONSULTATION.—In developing the National
22	Strategy for Border Security required under subsection
23	(a), the Secretary of Homeland Security shall consult with
24	representatives of—

(1) State, local, territorial, and tribal authori ties with responsibility for locations along the inter national borders of the United States; and

4 (2) appropriate private sector entities, labor or5 ganizations, nongovernmental organizations, and af6 fected communities that have expertise in subject
7 matter areas related to border policy.

8 (d) COORDINATION.—The National Strategy for Bor-9 der Security required under subsection (a) shall be con-10 sistent with the National Strategy for Maritime Security 11 developed pursuant to Homeland Security Presidential Di-12 rective 13, dated December 21, 2004.

13 (e) SUBMISSION TO CONGRESS.—

(1) STRATEGY.—Not later than one year after
the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary
of Homeland Security shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees the National Strategy for Border Security required under subsection
(a).

20 (2) UPDATES.—The Secretary of Homeland Se21 curity shall submit to the appropriate congressional
22 committees any update of such Strategy that the
23 Secretary determines is necessary, not later than 30
24 days after any such update is developed.

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1 SEC. 103. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITY.

2 (a) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in section 102 or 103 3 may be construed to relieve the Secretary of Homeland Security of the responsibility to take all actions necessary 4 5 and appropriate to achieve and maintain operational control over the international borders of the United States. 6 7 (b) OPERATIONAL CONTROL DEFINED.—In this title, the term "operational control" means the ability to detect, 8 9 respond, and interdict border penetrations in areas determined to be a high priority for threat potential or other 10 national security objectives. Such ability may be limited 11 to specific smuggling corridors or other geographically de-12 13 fined locations as designated by the Secretary of Homeland Security. 14 TITLE II—BORDER SECURITY 15 PERSONNEL AND RESOURCES 16 17 SEC. 201. MAINTENANCE OF ADEQUATE RATIO OF SUPER-18 VISORY AND MANAGERIAL AGENTS TO NEW 19 AGENTS. 20 (a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection (b), the Secretary of Homeland Security shall maintain 21 a ratio of five new Border Patrol agents to every one su-22

23 pervisor.

(b) EXCEPTION.—Subsection (a) shall not apply in
the case of a work unit with an average length of service
of four or more years.

(c) NEW BORDER PATROL AGENT DEFINED.—In
 this section, the term "new Border Patrol agent" means
 a Border Patrol agent who has fewer than two years of
 experience.

5 SEC. 202. STRENGTHENING BORDER PATROL RECRUIT-6 MENT AND RETENTION.

7 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Homeland Secu8 rity shall, in accordance with existing Federal statutes ap9 plicable to pay, recruitment, and retention of Federal law
10 enforcement officers, address the recruitment and reten11 tion challenges faced by the Border Patrol, including the
12 following:

(1) The establishment of a recruitment incentive for Border Patrol agents, including the establishment of a foreign language incentive award.

16 (2) The establishment of a retention plan, in17 cluding the payment of bonuses to Border Patrol
18 agents for every year of service after the first two
19 years of service.

20 (3) An increase in the pay percentage differen21 tials to Border Patrol agents in certain high-cost
22 areas, as determined by the Secretary of Homeland
23 Security, in accordance with other Federal, State,
24 and local law enforcement agencies.

(4) The basic rate of pay for Border Patrol

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agents shall increase from the annual rate of basic 2 3 pay for positions at GS-12 of the General Schedule 4 to the annual rate of basic pay for positions at GS-13 of such Schedule. 5 6 (5) The establishment of quarterly goals for the 7 recruitment of new Border Patrol agents, including 8 goals for the number of such recruits entering Bor-9 der Patrol training, and the number of such recruits 10 who successfully complete such training and become 11 Border Patrol agents. 12 (b) Applicability of Recruitment Incentive to 13 CURRENT BORDER PATROL AGENTS.—Any recruitment incentive described in subsection (a)(1) shall be applicable 14 15 for Border Patrol agents currently employed by the Department of Homeland Security who may qualify for such 16 17 incentive. 18 (c) SUPERVISOR TRAINING CAPACITY.—The Sec-19 retary of Homeland Security shall expand the training ca-20 pacity at the Federal Law Enforcement Training Center 21 (FLETC) in Artesia, New Mexico, to the extent necessary 22 to train and maintain the ratio specified in section 201.

(d) REPORTING REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO RECRUITMENT AND RETENTION PROGRESS.—Not later than
90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act and

every 90 days thereafter, the Secretary of Homeland Secu rity shall submit to the appropriate congressional commit tees a report on the resources expended for Border Patrol
 recruitment and retention efforts by the Department of
 Homeland Security and whether the Department is meet ing its recruitment and retention goals for Border Patrol
 agents under this section.

8 SEC. 203. AUTHORIZATION OF ADDITIONAL U.S. CUSTOMS 9 AND BORDER PROTECTION OFFICERS.

10 Not later than September 30, 2014, the Secretary of
11 Homeland Security is authorized to increase the number
12 of U.S. Customs and Border Protection officers by 1,600
13 over the number of such officers in existence as of the
14 date of the enactment of this Act.

15 SEC. 204. STRENGTHENING U.S. CUSTOMS AND BORDER
16 PROTECTION OFFICER RECRUITMENT AND
17 RETENTION.

(a) REQUIRED PLAN.—The Secretary of Homeland
Security shall establish a plan, in accordance with existing
Federal statutes applicable to pay, recruitment, and retention of Federal law enforcement officers, to address the
recruitment and retention challenges faced by U.S. Customs and Border Protection. Such plan shall include the
following components:

(1) The establishment of a retention plan, in cluding the payment of bonuses to U.S. Customs
 and Border Protection officers for every year of
 service after the first two years of service.

5 (2) An increase in the pay percentage differen-6 tials to U.S. Customs and Border Protection officers 7 in certain high-cost areas, as determined by the Sec-8 retary of Homeland Security, in accordance with 9 other Federal, State, and local law enforcement 10 agencies.

(3) An increase in the annual rate of basic pay
for U.S. Customs and Border Protection Officers at
GS-12 of the General Schedule to the annual rate
of basic pay for positions at GS-13 of such Schedule.

16 (4) The establishment of quarterly goals for the 17 recruitment of new U.S. Customs and Border Pro-18 tection officers, including goals for the number of 19 such recruits entering U.S. Customs and Border 20 Protection officer training, and the number of such 21 recruits who successfully complete such training and 22 become U.S. Customs and Border Protection offi-23 cers.

24 (b) REPORTING REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO RE-25 CRUITMENT AND RETENTION PROGRESS.—Not later than

90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act and 1 2 every 90 days thereafter, the Secretary of Homeland Secu-3 rity shall submit to the appropriate congressional commit-4 tees a report on the resources expended for U.S. Customs 5 and Border Protection officer recruitment and retention 6 efforts by the Department of Homeland Security and 7 whether the Department is meeting its recruitment and retention goals for U.S. Customs and Border Protection 8 9 officers under this section.

10 SEC. 205. ENHANCED CUSTOMER SERVICE STANDARDS AND 11 PROFESSIONALISM TRAINING.

(a) PLANS REQUIRED.—The Secretary of Homeland
Security shall implement a comprehensive plan, based on
publicly communicated metrics, for U.S. Customs and
Border Protection to improve professionalism and customer service.

17 (b) PLAN COMPONENTS.—The plan required under18 subsection (a) shall include each of the following:

19 (1) Information on the metrics U.S. Customs
20 and Border Protection will use to measure customer
21 service.

(2) Information on the metrics U.S. Customs
and Border Protection will use to measure professionalism.

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1	(3) The implementation of a system to improve
2	customer service by soliciting customer comments
3	combining in person, phone, and online solutions.
4	(4) The establishment of customer service best
5	practices based on the customer service metrics re-
6	ferred to in paragraph (1).
7	(5) The establishment of professionalism best
8	practices based on the professionalism metrics re-
9	ferred to in paragraph (2).
10	(6) A requirement that U.S. Customs and Bor-
11	der Protection submit to Congress quarterly reports
12	on the agency's performance against the customer
13	service metrics referred to in paragraph (1), the pro-
14	fessionalism metrics referred to in paragraph (2) ,
15	the best practices referred to in paragraph (4), and
16	the best practices referred to in paragraph (5).
17	(c) ANNUAL REPORTS TO CONGRESS.—At least once
18	each year, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall sub-
19	mit to the appropriate congressional committees a report
20	on U.S. Customs and Border Protection. Each such report
21	shall include—
22	(1) an assessment of U.S. Customs and Border
23	Protection's customer service performance based on

24 the metrics referred to in subsection (b)(1);

1	(2) a detailed description of customer service
2	improvements sought by customers;
3	(3) customer service improvements sought by
4	Department of Homeland Security metrics, and the
5	costs associated with such improvements;
6	(4) the security and efficiency benefits derived
7	from such improvements;
8	(5) an assessment of U.S. Customs and Border
9	Protection's professionalism performance based on
10	the metrics referred to in subsection $(b)(2)$;
11	(6) a description of any improvements in U.S.
12	Customs and Border Protection's professionalism,
13	and costs associated with such improvements; and
14	(7) the security and efficiency benefits derived
15	from such improvements.
16	(d) OVERSIGHT.—The Department of Homeland Se-
17	curity's Office of Civil Rights and Civil Liberties shall
18	have oversight of—
19	(1) the customer service and professionalism ef-
20	forts of U.S. Customs and Border Protection under
21	this section to ensure that comments are collected,
22	analyzed, and responded to in a timely manner; and
23	(2) the development of monthly reports detail-
24	ing the number and types of such comments sub-

mitted by the public, which shall be made available
to the public through the Department's Web site.
SEC. 206. U.S. CUSTOMS AND BORDER PROTECTION OFFI-
CER TRAINING.
(a) Ensuring Customs and Border Protection
OFFICER TRAINING.—Not later than 90 days after the
date of the enactment of this Act, the Commissioner of
U.S. Customs and Border Protection shall incorporate
into an existing database of the agency or develop a data-
base system that identifies for each Customs and Border
Protection officer—
(1) the assigned port placement location;
(2) the specific assignment and responsibilities;
(3) the required initial training courses com-
pleted;
(4) the required ongoing training courses avail-
able and completed;
(5) for each training course completed, the
method by which such training course was delivered;
(6) for each training course, the time allocated
during on-duty hours within which training must be
completed;
completed; (7) for each training course offered, the dura-

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course;

must be absent from work to complete such training

3	(8) if training has been postponed, the basis for
4	postponing such training and the date such training
5	was completed;
6	(9) certification or evidence of completion of
7	each training course; and
8	(10) certification by a supervising officer that
9	the officer at issue is able to carry out the function
10	for which the training was provided.
11	(b) Identifying and Enhancing On-the-Job
12	TRAINING.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the
13	enactment of this Act, the Commissioner of U.S. Customs
14	and Border Protection shall—
15	(1) review the mission and responsibilities of
16	Customs and Border Protection officers carried out
17	at air, land, and sea ports of entry in both primary
18	and secondary inspections areas;
19	(2) develop an inventory of specific tasks that
20	must be performed by Customs and Border Protec-
21	tion officers throughout the entire inspection process
22	at such ports of entry, including tasks to be per-
23	formed in such primary and secondary inspections
24	areas;

1	(3) ensure that on-the-job training includes su-
2	pervised and evaluated performance of the tasks
3	identified in paragraph (2), or a supervised and eval-
4	uated practical training exercise that simulates the
5	on-the-job experience; and
6	(4) develop criteria to measure officer pro-
7	ficiency in performing the tasks identified in para-
8	graph (2) and for providing feedback to officers on
9	a regular basis.
10	(c) USE OF DATA.—The Commissioner of U.S. Cus-
11	toms and Border Protection shall use the information de-
12	veloped under subsection (a) and subsection (b)(2) to—
13	(1) develop specific training requirements for
14	Customs and Border Protection officers to ensure
15	that such officers have sufficient training to conduct
16	primary and secondary inspections at land, air, and
17	sea ports of entry;
18	(2) measure progress toward achieving the
19	training requirements referred to in paragraph (1) ;
20	and
21	(3) make staffing allocation decisions.
22	(d) Competency.—Supervisors of on-the-job train-
23	ing for Customs and Border Protection officers shall—

(1) attest to the competency of such officers to
 carry out the functions for which such officers re ceived training; and

4 (2) provide feedback to such officers on per-5 formance.

6 SEC. 207. U.S. CUSTOMS AND BORDER PROTECTION WAIT 7 TIMES TRANSPARENCY.

8 To increase professionalism and transparency, the
9 Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection
10 shall—

(1) publish live wait times at all United States
ports of entry, as determined by calculating the time
elapsed between an individual's entry into the Customs and Border Protection inspection area and
such individual's clearance by a Customs and Border
Protection officer;

17 (2) make information about such wait time
18 available to the public in real time through the U.S.
19 Customs and Border Protection Web site;

20 (3) submit to the appropriate congressional
21 committees monthly reports that include compila22 tions of all such wait times and that rank all United
23 States air ports of entry by wait times; and

24 (4) provide adequate staffing at the U.S. Cus-25 toms and Border Protection information center to

reduce wait times to under 10 minutes for travelers
 attempting to submit comments or speak with a rep resentative about their entry experiences.

4 SEC. 208. K-9 UNITS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Homeland Security shall increase by 20 percent the number of K–9 units
working within U.S. Customs and Border Protection over
the number of such units in existence at the end of fiscal
year 2013, including adding infrastructure, officers, and
support staff necessary for such additional units.

(b) USE OF NEW UNITS.—The Secretary of Homeland Security shall deploy to the international borders between the United States and Mexico and the United States
and Canada the additional K–9 units added under subsection (a). Such units shall be used only for bomb, narcotics, passenger, and currency detection purposes.

17 SEC. 209. EQUIPMENT AND VEHICLE NEEDS FOR CUSTOMS

18 AND BORDER PROTECTION OFFICERS AND
19 BORDER PATROL AGENTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Homeland Security shall keep the appropriate congressional committees
informed of the equipment and vehicle needs for Customs
and Border Protection Officers and Border Patrol agents.

(b) EQUIPMENT AND VEHICLES.—Equipment and
 vehicle needs under subsection (a) shall include the fol lowing:

4 (1) The Secretary of Homeland Security, acting 5 through the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and 6 Border Protection, shall account for the number of 7 helicopters and power boats. The Secretary shall en-8 sure that the appropriate types of helicopters that 9 are being requested will be mission capable. The 10 Secretary shall also ensure that the types of power 11 boats that are being requested are appropriate for 12 both the waterways in which they are to be used and 13 the mission requirements.

14 (2) The Secretary of Homeland Security shall 15 keep the appropriate congressional committees in-16 formed of the fleet of motor vehicles appropriate for 17 use by Border Patrol agents and, when necessary, by 18 Customs and Border Protection officers, that will 19 permit a ratio of at least one mission specific vehicle 20 per every three agents or officers. Each vehicle shall 21 have a "panic button" and a global positioning sys-22 tem device that may be activated solely in emergency 23 situations for the purpose of tracking the location of 24 an agent or officer in distress.

1 (3) The Secretary of Homeland Security shall 2 equip each mission specific vehicle in the fleet of the 3 Border Patrol and when necessary, U.S. Customs 4 and Border Protection, with a portable electronic de-5 vice that would allow agents to access necessary law 6 enforcement databases and otherwise suited to the 7 unique operational requirements of the Border Pa-8 trol and, when necessary, U.S. Customs and Border 9 Protection. Each such portable electronic device 10 shall be equipped with a "panic button" and a global 11 positioning system device that is activated solely in 12 emergency situations for the purpose of tracking the 13 location of an agent or officer in distress.

(4) The Secretary of Homeland Security shall
equip each Border Patrol agent, and when necessary, each U.S. Customs and Border Protection
officer, with a hand-held global positioning system
device for navigational purposes.

19 (5) The Secretary of Homeland Security pro20 vide for the equipment needs for night time oper21 ations, including night vision equipment, by Customs
22 and Border Protection officers and Border Patrol
23 agents.

24 (6) The Secretary of Homeland Security shall25 issue every Border Patrol agent and Customs and

Border Protection officer high-quality body armor
 that is appropriate for the climate and risks faced
 by such agents and officers.

4 (c) USE AND TRAINING.—The Secretary of Home5 land Security shall establish an overall policy on how the
6 equipment and vehicles described in subsection (b) will be
7 used, and implement training programs for the agents and
8 officers who use such equipment and vehicles, including
9 safe operating procedures and rescue operations.

10 TITLE III—STRENGTHENING IN11 FRASTRUCTURE AND TECH12 NOLOGY

13 SEC. 301. PILOT PROGRAM ON BORDER CONNECTIVITY.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary of Homeland
Security shall conduct a pilot program to provide a tactical
cellular testbed on the southwest border of the United
States that serves as both a communications platform and
an intelligence data transport layer between a dismounted
team and the nearest communications node. Such pilot
program shall be designed to—

- 21 (1) test and deploy 3G/4G communications and
 22 intelligence collection devices;
- (2) evaluate and test solutions that are
 ruggedized, rapidly deployable, highly mobile, and
 customizable cellular network capable of meeting

1	multimission requirements and providing complete
2	connectivity in harsh and dynamic operating envi-
3	ronments;
4	(3) support the breadth of cellular technologies,
5	including technologies currently being leveraged by
6	the Department of Defense;
7	(4) test and evaluate communications that are
8	interoperable with existing communications capabili-
9	ties, such as tactical push-to-talk radios;
10	(5) pass data via the platform that includes bio-
11	metric, forensic, and cellular exploitation data;
12	(6) provide communications and data transport
13	capabilities that are available on-the-move with no
14	disruption in service and that integrate advanced
15	geo-location capabilities;
16	(7) evaluate a platform that is able to operate
17	as a standalone system or be scalable to support
18	multilevel operations in order to meet user specifica-
19	tions and operational needs; and
20	(8) provide secure communications and the
21	rapid dissemination of biometric, forensic, and other
22	collected information to exploitation centers for anal-
23	ysis within minutes and provide a secure path back
24	to the dismounted agent for alerts and immediate
25	feedback.

(b) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 120 days
 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary
 of Homeland Security shall submit to the appropriate con gressional committees a report on the Secretary's plan to
 conduct the pilot program described in subsection (a).

6 TITLE IV—SECURING THE 7 PORTS OF ENTRY

8 SEC. 401. BIOMETRIC EXIT DATA SYSTEM.

9 (a) Establishment.—

10 (1) EXIT DATA SYSTEM.—Not later than De-11 cember 31, 2015, the Secretary of Homeland Secu-12 rity shall establish a mandatory exit data system 13 that includes the collection of data from machine-14 readable visas, passports, and other travel and entry 15 documents for all categories of aliens who are exiting 16 from air and sea ports of entry.

17 (2) BIOMETRIC EXIT DATA SYSTEM.—Not later 18 than two years after the date of the enactment of 19 this Act, the Secretary of Homeland Security, in ac-20 cordance with subsection (b) and in consultation 21 with nongovernmental organizations, academic ex-22 perts, and appropriate stakeholders representing the 23 aviation and transportation industries, shall estab-24 lish a mandatory biometric exit data system at the 25 ten United States airports that support the highest volume of international air travel, as determined by
 Department of Transportation international flight
 departure data.

4 (3) Study and report.—Not later than three 5 years after the establishment of the mandatory bio-6 metric exit data system under paragraph (2), the 7 Secretary of Homeland Security shall conduct a 8 study of the effectiveness of such system at the ten 9 airports referred to in such paragraph and submit to 10 the appropriate congressional committees a report 11 on the results of such study.

(4) EXPANSION OF BIOMETRIC EXIT DATA SYSTEM.—Not later than four years after the establishment of the mandatory biometric exit data system
under paragraph (2), the Secretary of Homeland Security shall—

17 (A) establish such system at the Core 30
18 international airports in the United States, as
19 designated by the Federal Aviation Administra20 tion; and

(B) submit to the appropriate congressional committee a plan for the establishment of
such system at major sea and land ports of
entry based upon—

	29
1	(i) the performance of such system at
2	the ten airports referred to in such para-
3	graph; and
4	(ii) the findings of the study con-
5	ducted pursuant to paragraph (3).
6	(b) Requirements for Biometric Exit Data
7	System.—The mandatory biometric exit data system es-
8	tablished under subsection (a)(2) shall—
9	(1) recognize the advantages of being able to
10	confirm an individual's identity, and potentially such
11	individual's threat level, upon initial interaction at
12	ports of entry;
13	(2) leverage existing and proven biometric tech-
14	nologies utilized within the Department of Homeland
15	Security;
16	(3) capitalize on lessons learned from the De-
17	partment of Defense use of biometric technologies in
18	Iraq and Afghanistan;
19	(4) integrate with existing biometric databases
20	across the Federal Government;
21	(5) assess the role of biometric technologies in
22	the Department of Homeland Security's risk-based
23	security model; and
24	(6) assess operational and funding requirements
25	of Department of Homeland Security components,

1	specifically U.S. Customs and Border Protection and
2	U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement.
3	SEC. 402. NEXUS, SENTRI, AND FAST ASSESSMENT.
4	The Comptroller General of the United States shall
5	submit to the appropriate congressional committees a
6	study of registered traveler programs that—
7	(1) evaluates existing screening procedures to
8	focus on security risks and creating clear guidelines
9	for program participation;
10	(2) identifies any vulnerabilities in such proce-
11	dures and making recommendations to rectify such
12	vulnerabilities; and
13	(3) assesses the feasibility of expanding such
14	registered traveler programs to additional ports of
15	entry or additional lanes at ports of entry where
16	such programs are currently in operation, provided
17	that any existing vulnerabilities are addressed.
18	SEC. 403. ELECTRONIC DEVICE SEARCH AND SEIZURE
19	STANDARDS AT PORTS OF ENTRY.
20	(a) Rule With Respect to Border Security
21	SEARCHES OF ELECTRONIC DEVICES.—
22	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days
23	after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Sec-
24	retary of Homeland Security, acting through the
25	Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protec-

1	tion, in coordination with the Assistant Secretary of
2	Homeland Security for U.S. Immigration and Cus-
3	toms Enforcement and the senior official appointed
4	pursuant to section 222 of the Homeland Security
5	Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 142), shall issue a rule with
6	respect to the scope of and procedural and record-
7	keeping requirements associated with border security
8	searches of electronic devices.
9	(2) CONTENT.—The rule issued pursuant to
10	paragraph (1) shall include the following:
11	(A) A requirement that information col-
12	lected during a border security search of an
13	electronic device that is determined to be com-
14	mercial information, including trade secrets, in-
15	formation subject to attorney-client privilege,
16	information subject to doctor-patient privilege,
17	or information subject to another privilege or
18	protection shall be handled in accordance with
19	the laws, rules, and regulations governing such
20	information and shall not be shared with a Fed-
21	eral, State, local, tribal, territorial, or foreign
22	agency unless it is determined that such agency
23	has the mechanisms in place to comply with
24	such laws, rules, and regulations.

32

1	(B) A requirement that authorized agents,
2	to the greatest extent practicable, conduct all
3	border security searches of electronic devices in
4	the presence of a supervisor and, where appro-
5	priate, in the presence of the individuals whose
6	electronic devices are subject to such searches.
7	(C) A determination of the number of days
8	that an electronic device subjected to a border
9	security search or the information collected
10	from such device may be retained, unless prob-
11	able cause exists, that prohibits retention ex-
12	ceeding the period necessary to translate,
13	decrypt, or reasonably search such device or in-
14	formation and that requires such information to
15	be destroyed if in the custody of an authorized
16	agent after such number of days.
17	(D) A requirement that if information col-
18	lected from an electronic device subjected to a
19	border security search is copied, shared, re-
20	tained, or entered into an electronic database,
21	the individual from whose electronic device such
22	information is collected shall receive written no-
23	tification of such copying, sharing, retention, or
24	entry unless such notification would hinder an
25	investigation involving national security or

1	would meet another criteria established by the
2	Secretary of Homeland Security in the rule.
3	(E) A requirement that an individual sub-
4	jected to a border security search of an elec-
5	tronic device shall receive a receipt for such de-
6	vice if such device is removed from the posses-
7	sion of such individual.
8	(F) A requirement that an individual sub-
9	jected to a border security search of an elec-
10	tronic device shall receive notice of how to re-
11	port abuses or concerns and how to seek re-
12	dress from the Department of Homeland Secu-
13	rity.
14	(G) A requirement that information on the
15	rights of individuals with respect to border se-
16	curity searches and Department of Homeland
17	Security redress procedures shall be posted at
18	all ports of entry in locations that are likely to
19	be viewed by individuals subject to border secu-
20	rity searches.
21	(H) A privacy impact assessment of the
22	rule, as prepared by the senior official ap-
23	pointed pursuant to section 222 of the Home-
24	land Security Act of 2002, that includes rec-
25	ommendations with respect to the copying,

sharing, retention, and entry into an electronic
 database of personally identifiable information
 collected from electronic devices subjected to a
 border security search.

5 (I) A civil liberties impact assessment of
6 the rule, as prepared by the Officer for Civil
7 Rights and Civil Liberties of the Department of
8 Homeland Security.

9 (b) TRAINING AND AUDITING WITH RESPECT TO10 THE RULE.—

11 (1) TRAINING.—The Secretary of Homeland 12 Security shall provide each authorized agent with 13 appropriate training to conduct border security 14 searches of electronic devices in accordance with the 15 rule issued pursuant to subsection (a). The training 16 shall include instruction on constitutional, privacy, 17 civil rights, and civil liberties issues related to such 18 searches.

19 (2) AUDITING.—The Secretary of Homeland
20 Security, acting through the Inspector General of
21 the Department of Homeland Security, shall develop
22 and annually administer an auditing mechanism to
23 review whether authorized agents are conducting
24 border security searches of electronic devices in ac-

cordance with the rule issued pursuant to subsection
 (a).

3 (c) REPORT.—Not later than 90 days after the effec4 tive date of the rule issued pursuant to subsection (a) and
5 quarterly thereafter, the Secretary of Homeland Security
6 shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees
7 a report that includes the following:

8 (1) A description of the activities of authorized
9 agents with respect to border security searches of
10 electronic devices.

(2) A description of the manner in which the
Department of Homeland Security has complied
with the requirements of this section.

14 (3) The number, by port of entry, of border se15 curity searches of electronic devices conducted dur16 ing the reporting period.

(4) The number, by port of entry, of instances
during the reporting period that information from
an electronic device subjected to a border security
search was retained, copied, shared, or entered in an
electronic database, including the number of electronic devices retained as the result of any such border security search.

24 (5) The race, ethnicity, national origin, and citi25 zenship of each individual whose electronic device

was subjected to a border security search during the
 reporting period, to determine the existence or ab sence of racial profiling.

4 (6) The number of instances during the report5 ing period that information collected from an elec6 tronic device subjected to a border security search
7 was referred to a law enforcement or intelligence
8 agency for further action, including whether such in9 formation resulted in a prosecution or conviction.

10 (d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) AUTHORIZED AGENT.—The term "authorized agent" means an agent, officer, or official of
United States Customs and Border Protection,
United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement, or any other office or agency of the Department of Homeland Security who is authorized to
conduct a border security search.

18 (2) BORDER SECURITY SEARCH.—The term
19 "border security search" means a search by an au20 thorized agent of persons, baggage, or cargo enter21 ing, departing, or passing through the United States
22 through any port of entry.

23 (3) ELECTRONIC DEVICE.—The term "elec24 tronic device" means an electronic, magnetic, opti25 cal, electrochemical, or other high-speed data proc-

2 age functions, such as a computer, a cellular tele-3 phone, or any other device used for electronic com-4 munication or for storing electronic, digital or ana-5 log data, and which includes any data storage facil-6 ity or communications facility directly related to or 7 operating in conjunction with such device. (4) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means 8 9 the Secretary of Homeland Security. TITLE V—FEDERAL, STATE, AND 10 LOCAL COORDINATION AND 11 ASSISTANCE 12 13 SEC. 501. COORDINATION OF LAND AND MARITIME BOR-14 DER ENFORCEMENT EFFORTS. 15 The Inspector General of the Department of Home-

16 land Security shall submit to Congress a report on the
17 state of coordination between U.S. Customs and Border
18 Protection and the Coast Guard regarding land and mari19 time border enforcement efforts and make recommenda20 tions to enhance such coordination, rectify any jurisdic21 tional issues that are identified, and improve such border
22 security enforcement efforts.

23 SEC. 502. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY BORDER

24 **OVERSIGHT TASK FORCE.**

25 (a) Establishment.—

essing device performing logical, arithmetic, or stor-

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—There is established an inde-
2	pendent task force, which shall be known as the De-
3	partment of Homeland Security Border Oversight
4	Task Force (referred to in this section as the "DHS
5	Task Force'').
6	(2) DUTIES.—The DHS Task Force shall—
7	(A) review and make recommendations re-
8	garding immigration and border enforcement
9	policies, strategies, and programs that take into
10	consideration their impacts on border commu-
11	nities;
12	(B) recommend ways in which the Border
13	Communities Liaison Offices can strengthen re-
14	lations and collaboration between communities
15	in the border regions and the Department of
16	Homeland Security and other Federal agencies
17	that carry out such policies, strategies, and pro-
18	grams;
19	(C) evaluate how the policies, strategies,
20	and programs of Federal agencies operating
21	along the international borders between the
22	United States and Mexico and between the
23	United States and Canada protect the due proc-
24	ess, civil, and human rights of border residents,

1	visitors, and migrants at and near such borders;
2	and
3	(D) evaluate and make recommendations
4	regarding the training of border enforcement
5	personnel.
6	(3) Membership.—
7	(A) IN GENERAL.—The DHS Task Force
8	shall be composed of 26 members, appointed by
9	the President, who have expertise in migration,
10	local crime indices, civil and human rights,
11	community relations, cross-border trade and
12	commerce, quality of life indicators, or other
13	pertinent experience, of whom—
14	(i) 13 members shall be from the
15	northern border region and shall include—
16	(I) two local government elected
17	officials;
18	(II) two local law enforcement of-
19	ficial;
20	(III) two civil rights advocates;
21	(IV) one business representative;
22	(V) one higher education rep-
23	resentative;
24	(VI) one representative of a faith
25	community;

1	(VII) two representatives of the
2	Border Patrol; and
3	(VIII) two tribal officials; and
4	(ii) 17 members shall be from the
5	southern border region and shall include—
6	(I) three local government elected
7	officials;
8	(II) three local law enforcement
9	officials;
10	(III) three civil rights advocates;
11	(IV) two business representa-
12	tives;
13	(V) one higher education rep-
14	resentative;
15	(VI) one representative of a faith
16	community;
17	(VII) two representatives of the
18	Border Patrol; and
19	(VIII) two tribal officials.
20	(B) NONGOVERNMENTAL APPOINTEES.—
21	Individuals appointed as members of the DHS
22	Task Force may not be employed by the Fed-
23	eral Government.

1	(C) TERM OF SERVICE.—Members of the
2	Task Force shall be appointed for the shorter
3	of—
4	(i) three years; or
5	(ii) the duration of the DHS Task
6	Force.
7	(D) CHAIR, VICE CHAIR.—The members of
8	the DHS Task Force shall elect a Chair and a
9	Vice Chair from among its members, who shall
10	serve in such capacities for the duration of the
11	DHS Task Force or until removed by the ma-
12	jority vote of at least 14 members.
13	(b) Operations.—
14	(1) INITIAL MEETING.—The DHS Task Force
15	shall hold its first meeting not later than 90 days
16	after the date of the enactment of this Act.
17	(2) HEARINGS.—The DHS Task Force may,
18	for the purpose of carrying out its duties, hold hear-
19	ings, sit and act, take testimony, receive evidence,
20	and administer oaths.
21	(3) Recommendations.—The DHS Task
22	Force may make findings or recommendations to the
23	Secretary of Homeland Security related to the duties
24	described in subsection $(a)(2)$.

1 (4) RESPONSE.—Not later than 180 days after 2 receiving the findings and recommendations from 3 the DHS Task Force under paragraph (2), the Sec-4 retary of Homeland Security shall issue a response 5 that describes how the Department of Homeland Se-6 curity has addressed, or will address, such findings 7 and recommendations.

8 (5) INFORMATION FROM FEDERAL AGENCIES.— 9 The Chair, or 16 members of the DHS Task Force, 10 may request statistics relating to the duties de-11 scribed in subsection (a)(2) directly from the head of 12 any Federal agency, who shall, to the extent author-13 ized by law, furnish such information, suggestions, 14 estimates, and statistics directly to the DHS Task 15 Force.

16 COMPENSATION.—Members of the DHS (6)17 Task Force shall serve without pay, but shall be re-18 imbursed for reasonable travel and subsistence ex-19 penses incurred in the performance of their duties. 20 (c) REPORT.—Not later than two years after its first 21 meeting under subsection (b)(1), the DHS Task Force 22 shall submit to the President, the appropriate congres-23 sional committees, and the Secretary of Homeland Secu-24 rity a final report that contains—

1	(1) findings with respect to the duties of the
2	DHS Task Force; and
3	(2) recommendations regarding border and im-
4	migration enforcement policies, strategies, and pro-
5	grams, including—
6	(A) a recommendation as to whether the
7	DHS Task Force should continue to operate;
8	and
9	(B) a description of any duties the DHS
10	Task Force should be responsible for after the
11	termination date described in subsection (d).
12	TITLE VI—INTERNATIONAL
10	COOPERATION
13	COOPERATION
13 14	SEC. 601. NORTH AND CENTRAL AMERICAN BORDER SECU-
14	SEC. 601. NORTH AND CENTRAL AMERICAN BORDER SECU-
14 15	SEC. 601. NORTH AND CENTRAL AMERICAN BORDER SECU- RITY COOPERATION INITIATIVE.
14 15 16	SEC. 601. NORTH AND CENTRAL AMERICAN BORDER SECU- RITY COOPERATION INITIATIVE. (a) ASSESSMENT OF NEEDS.—The Secretary of
14 15 16 17	 SEC. 601. NORTH AND CENTRAL AMERICAN BORDER SECU- RITY COOPERATION INITIATIVE. (a) ASSESSMENT OF NEEDS.—The Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation with the Secretary of
14 15 16 17 18	 SEC. 601. NORTH AND CENTRAL AMERICAN BORDER SECU- RITY COOPERATION INITIATIVE. (a) ASSESSMENT OF NEEDS.—The Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation with the Secretary of State, shall work with the appropriate officials of the Gov-
14 15 16 17 18 19	 SEC. 601. NORTH AND CENTRAL AMERICAN BORDER SECU- RITY COOPERATION INITIATIVE. (a) ASSESSMENT OF NEEDS.—The Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation with the Secretary of State, shall work with the appropriate officials of the Gov- ernment of Canada and the Government of Mexico to es-
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 	SEC. 601. NORTH AND CENTRAL AMERICAN BORDER SECU- RITY COOPERATION INITIATIVE. (a) ASSESSMENT OF NEEDS.—The Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation with the Secretary of State, shall work with the appropriate officials of the Gov- ernment of Canada and the Government of Mexico to es- tablish a program to assess the specific needs of the coun-
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	SEC. 601. NORTH AND CENTRAL AMERICAN BORDER SECU- RITY COOPERATION INITIATIVE. (a) ASSESSMENT OF NEEDS.—The Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation with the Secretary of State, shall work with the appropriate officials of the Gov- ernment of Canada and the Government of Mexico to es- tablish a program to assess the specific needs of the coun- tries of Central America to maintain the security of the
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 	SEC. 601. NORTH AND CENTRAL AMERICAN BORDER SECU- RITY COOPERATION INITIATIVE. (a) ASSESSMENT OF NEEDS.—The Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation with the Secretary of State, shall work with the appropriate officials of the Gov- ernment of Canada and the Government of Mexico to es- tablish a program to assess the specific needs of the coun- tries of Central America to maintain the security of the international borders of such countries and to determine

1 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Homeland 2 Security, in cooperation with the Secretary of State, 3 shall work with the appropriate officials of the gov-4 ernments of the countries of Central America to pro-5 vide, pursuant to the assessment of specific needs 6 determined under subsection (a), the necessary 7 equipment, technical assistance, and vehicles to 8 manage, regulate, and patrol the international bor-9 ders of such countries. The Secretary of Homeland 10 Security shall establish Special Vetted Units of U.S. 11 Immigration and Customs Enforcement in Central 12 American countries, including in Honduras, where 13 such units do not currently exist.

14 (2) REPORTING.—The Secretary of Homeland
15 Security shall submit to the appropriate congres16 sional committees periodic reports on the utilization
17 of United States assistance under paragraph (1) and
18 the effectiveness of such assistance.

19 SEC. 602. ENHANCING THE SECURITY OF MEXICO'S SOUTH-

20

ERN BORDER.

(a) PROVISION OF ASSISTANCE.—The Secretary of
Homeland Security, in cooperation with the Secretary of
State, shall provide to Mexico assistance to help secure
Mexico's southern border from undocumented aliens,
drugs, weapons, and other contraband.

1 (b) REPORTING.—The Secretary of Homeland Secu-2 rity, in cooperation with the Secretary of State, shall sub-3 mit to the appropriate congressional committees an annual 4 report on the assistance provided in accordance with sub-5 section (a) and an evaluation of its effectiveness.

6 SEC. 603. CARIBBEAN COOPERATION INITIATIVE.

7 (a) ASSESSMENT OF NEEDS.—The Secretary of
8 Homeland Security, in cooperation with the Secretary of
9 State, shall work with appropriate officials of governments
10 of Caribbean countries to establish a program to assess
11 the specific needs of such countries to address the unique
12 challenges of maritime border security.

13 (b) Provision of Assistance.—

14 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Homeland 15 Security, in cooperation with the Secretary of State, 16 shall work with appropriate officials of the govern-17 ments of the countries of the Caribbean to provide, 18 pursuant to the assessment of specific needs deter-19 mined under subsection (a), the necessary equip-20 ment, technical assistance, and vehicles to manage, 21 regulate, and patrol the international maritime bor-22 ders of such countries. The Secretary of Homeland 23 Security shall establish Special Vetted Units of U.S. 24 Immigration and Customs Enforcement, U.S. Cus-25 toms and Border Protection, and the Coast Guard in such Caribbean countries, where such units do
 not currently exist.

3 (2) REPORTING.—The Secretary of Homeland
4 Security shall submit to the appropriate congres5 sional committees periodic reports on the utilization
6 of United States assistance under paragraph (1) and
7 the effectiveness of such assistance.

8 TITLE VII—SECURE AND HU9 MANE DETENTION AND EF10 FECTIVE REPATRIATION.

11 SEC. 701. IMMIGRATION DETENTION STANDARDS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Homeland Security shall establish standards based on guidelines developed in conjunction with outside immigrant rights advocacy groups regarding appropriate treatment of immigration detainees, including guidelines specifically for children
at family detention centers.

(b) MINIMUM STANDARDS.—Not later than 18
months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the
Secretary of Homeland Security shall establish minimum
standards for the treatment of immigration detainees that
shall include at a minimum the following:

(1) FAIR AND HUMANE TREATMENT.—Procedures to ensure that detainees are not subject to degrading or inhumane treatment such as physical

abuse, sexual abuse or harassment, or arbitrary pun ishment.

(2)3 LIMITATIONS ON SOLITARY CONFINE-4 MENT.—Solitary confinement shall be used only in 5 exceptional cases, for as short a time as possible, 6 and only as a last resort. The decision to place someone in solitary confinement should be reviewed 7 8 regularly and should not exceed 30 days. Children 9 and the mentally ill shall not be placed in solitary 10 confinement. Procedures limiting the use of solitary 11 confinement, shackling, and strip searches of detain-12 ees to situations where the use of such techniques is 13 necessitated by security interests or other extraor-14 dinary circumstances.

(3) INVESTIGATION OF GRIEVANCES.—Procedures for the prompt and effective investigation of
grievances raised by detainees.

(4) ACCESS TO TELEPHONES.—Procedures permitting detainees sufficient access to telephones, and
the ability to contact, free of charge, legal representatives, the immigration courts, the Board of Immigration Appeals, and the Federal courts through
confidential toll-free numbers.

24 (5) LOCATION OF FACILITIES.—Location of de25 tention facilities, to the extent practicable, near

	10
1	sources of free or low-cost legal representation with
2	expertise in asylum or immigration law.
3	(6) PROCEDURES GOVERNING TRANSFERS OF
4	DETAINEES.—Procedures governing the transfer of a
5	detainee that take into account—
6	(A) the detainee's access to legal rep-
7	resentatives, existing attorney-client relation-
8	ship and location of family within the United
9	States; and
10	(B) the proximity of the facility to the
11	venue of the removal proceeding.
12	(7) INTERPRETATION AND TRANSLATION CAPA-
13	BILITIES.—The employment of detention facility
14	staff that, to the extent practicable, are qualified in
15	the languages represented in the population of de-
16	tainees at a detention facility, and the provision of
17	alternative interpretation services and translation of
18	vital documents when necessary.
19	(8) Recreational programs and activi-
20	TIES.—Daily access to indoor and outdoor rec-
21	reational programs and activities.
22	(9) Access to counsel and legal informa-
23	TION.—Access to legal orientation presentation pro-
24	grams, counsel, information about one's legal case,

1 including prompt filing of the notice to appear and 2 access to a law library. 3 (10) QUALITY MEDICAL CARE.— 4 (\mathbf{A}) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of 5 Homeland Security shall ensure that prompt 6 and adequate emergency, primary, specialty, 7 and hospital medical care is provided at no cost 8 to detainees, including dental care, eye care, 9 mental health care, individual and group coun-10 seling, and medical dietary needs. 11 (B) MEDICAL FACILITIES.—The Secretary 12 of Homeland Security shall ensure that medical 13 facilities in all detention facilities maintain cur-14 rent accreditation by the National Commission 15 Correctional Health Care (NCCHC). on 16 NCCHC reports of accreditation findings shall 17 be made public. 18 (C) MEDICAL RECORDS.—The Secretary of 19 Homeland Security shall ensure that complete 20 and confidential medical records are maintained 21 for every detainee, and that such records are 22 made available upon request to the detainee, his

or her legal representative, or other authorized

24 individuals.

25 (c) NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING.—

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—Before publishing the pro-
2	posed regulations required by paragraph (2) to carry
3	out this title, the Secretary of Homeland Security
4	shall establish a negotiated rulemaking process pur-
5	suant to subchapter IV of chapter 5 of title 5,
6	United States Code.
7	(2) Representation on negotiated rule-
8	MAKING COMMITTEE.—Any negotiated rulemaking
9	committee established by the Secretary of Homeland
10	Security pursuant to paragraph (1) shall include
11	representatives from—
12	(A) nongovernmental and intergovern-
13	mental organizations experienced in providing
14	legal, social, and health services to immigrants
15	and refugees; and
16	(B) the Department of Homeland Security.
17	SEC. 702. DETENTION MANAGEMENT.
18	(a) COMPLIANCE MONITORING.—The Inspector Gen-
19	eral of the Department of Homeland Security shall mon-
20	itor compliance with detention guidelines promulgated
21	under section 701 at U.S. Immigration and Customs En-
22	forcement-operated and -contracted immigration detention
23	facilities.
24	(b) Additional Monitoring.—In the case of U.S.
25	Immigration and Customs Enforcement-contracted facili-

ties, the Inspector General of the Department of Home land Security shall, in addition to the compliance moni toring required under subsection (a), conduct an assess ment of contract costs and contract compliance at such
 facilities.

6 (c) REPORTING.—The Inspector General of the De-7 partment of Homeland Security shall submit to the appro-8 priate congressional committees a quarterly report con-9 taining findings and recommendations of the Inspector 10 General regarding the monitoring required under sub-11 sections (a) and (b).

12 SEC. 703. ALTERNATIVES TO DETENTION FOR FAMILIES 13 AND VULNERABLE POPULATIONS.

(a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of
Homeland Security such sums as may be necessary to
carry out the implementation and utilization of secure alternatives to detention programs.

19 (b) Secure Alternatives to Detention Pro-20 grams.—

(1) NATURE OF THE PROGRAM.—For purposes
of this section, the programs referred to in subsection (a) are programs under which aliens are
screened, supervised, monitored, provided with information about the legal process by nongovernmental

1	organizations, and referred to nongovernmental legal
2	and social service providers as needed to ensure such
3	aliens appear at all immigration interviews, appoint-
4	ments, and hearings. The Secretary of Homeland
5	Security shall develop custodial alternatives pro-
6	grams that may include the use of electronic moni-
7	toring devices and noncustodial alternatives pro-
8	grams. The elements of the secure alternatives to de-
9	tention program are—
10	(A) group presentations and individual
11	screening;
12	(B) on-going supervision and monitoring;
13	and
14	(C) referrals to assistance from nongovern-
15	mental organizations.
16	(2) VOLUNTARY PARTICIPATION.—An alien's
17	participation in the programs described in subsection
18	(b) is voluntary and shall not confer any rights or
19	benefits to the alien under the Immigration and Na-
20	tionality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.).
21	(3) Program development.—The programs
22	described in subsection (b) shall be developed in ac-
23	cordance with the following guidelines:
24	(A) The Secretary of Homeland Security
25	shall design the programs in consultation with

nongovernmental organizations, academic experts, and appropriate stakeholders representing Department of Homeland Security officials in charge of detention facilities.

5 (B) The Secretary of Homeland Security 6 shall enter into contracts with qualified commu-7 nity-based nongovernmental entities that pro-8 vide services to aliens to provide screening, legal 9 referrals, and social services for secure alter-10 natives to detention programs.

11 (C) The Secretary of Homeland Security 12 shall ensure that each alien participates in a 13 legal presentation provided through the legal 14 orientation presentation program administered 15 by the Executive Office for Immigration Re-16 view.

(c) PROTECTION OF VULNERABLE POPULATIONS.—
18 When possible, within 72 hours of detaining an alien, the
19 Secretary of Homeland Security shall screen such alien to
20 determine if such alien falls into one or more of the fol21 lowing designated groups:

(1) Aliens who have serious medical or mentalhealth needs or a disability.

24 (2) Pregnant or nursing women.

1

2

3

1	(3) Aliens who are being detained with one or
2	more of their children.
3	(4) Aliens who provide financial, physical, and
4	other direct support to their minor children, parents,
5	or other dependents.
6	(5) Aliens who are over the age of 65.
7	(6) Children, as defined at section $101(c)(1)$ of
8	the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
9	1101(c)(1)).
10	(7) Victims of abuse, violence, crime, or traf-
11	ficking.
12	(8) Asylum seekers.
13	(9) Other groups designated in regulations or
14	guidance promulgated by the Secretary.
15	(10) Aliens who have a reasonable claim to
16	United States citizenship or aliens who are eligible
17	for relief under a provision of the Immigration and
18	Nationality Act.
19	(d) Alternatives to Detention, Placement,
20	and Custody Decisions.—
21	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 72 hours
22	after an alien's detention unless such 72-hour re-
23	quirement is waived in writing by such alien, such
24	alien shall be released from the Department of
25	Homeland Security's custody on parole, a reasonable

1	bond, or such alien's own recognizance, and shall not
2	be subject to electronic monitoring, if the Depart-
3	ment demonstrates that—
4	(A) such alien is not subject to mandatory
5	detention under sections $235(b)(1)(B)(iii)(IV)$
6	or 236A of the Immigration and Nationality
7	Act, or mandatory custody under section 236(c)
8	such Act;
9	(B) such alien does not pose a danger to
10	others or a risk to national security; and
11	(C) is a member of a vulnerable population
12	as defined by subsection (c).
13	(2) Release.—An alien shall be released under
14	this subsection—
15	(A) on such alien's own recognizance;
16	(B) by posting a reasonable bond under
17	section 236(a) of the Immigration and Nation-
18	ality Act; or
19	(C) on parole in accordance with section
20	212(d)(5)(A) of such Act.
21	(3) OTHER PARTICIPATION.—An alien who is
22	denied release on recognizance, parole, or bond, or
23	is unable to pay the bond, shall be selected for par-
24	ticipation in the secure alternatives to detention pro-

1	grams described in subsection (b) unless the Sec-
2	retary of Homeland Security demonstrates—
3	(A) that such alien is subject to mandatory
4	detention under section $235(b)(1)(B)(iii)(IV)$ of
5	the Immigration and Nationality Act, or sub-
6	sections (a) or (c) of section 236 of such Act;
7	(B) substantial evidence that such alien is
8	a flight risk where the risk of such alien's flight
9	cannot be mitigated through the use of services,
10	supervision, or monitoring; or
11	(C) such alien's participation in the pro-
12	grams would create a risk to others or national
13	security.
14	(4) CUSTODY.—If an alien is determined not to
15	meet the requirements for release on recognizance,
16	bond, or parole, or subsequently does not meet the
17	requirements for secure alternatives to detention
18	programs described in subsection (b), such alien may
19	be considered for placement in custodial alternatives
20	to detention programs that maintain custody over
21	such alien, such as through the use of electronic
22	ankle devices. The Secretary of Homeland Security
23	shall make an individualized determination in each
24	alien's case about the use of electronic monitoring
25	and shall review such decision on a monthly basis.

Aliens who would otherwise be subject to detention,
 including under section 236 of the Immigration and
 Nationality Act, may be placed in electronic moni toring or other alternatives to detention that main tain custody over such alien.

6 (e) DECISIONS UNDER THIS SECTION.—In the case7 of a decision under subsection (d), the following shall8 apply:

9 (1) Such decision shall be made in writing and 10 shall be served upon the alien concerned in the lan-11 guage spoken by such alien. A decision to continue 12 detention without releasing such alien on recog-13 nizance, bond, or parole, or enrollment in the secure 14 alternatives to detention programs described in sub-15 section (b) shall specify in writing the reasons for 16 such decision.

17 (2) Such decision shall be served upon such
18 alien within 72 hours of such alien's detention or, in
19 the case of an alien subject to sections 235, 238, or
20 241(a)(5) of the Immigration and Nationality Act,
21 within 72 hours of a positive credible or reasonable
22 fear determination.

23 (3) An alien subject to this section, including
24 all aliens who are entitled to a removal hearing
25 under section 240 of the Immigration and Nation-

ality Act, may at any time after being served with
 the Secretary of Homeland Security's decision under
 subsection (d) request a redetermination of such de cision by an immigration judge.

5 (f) APPLICABILITY.—The Attorney General or an immigration judge, at any time, may redetermine an alien's 6 7 classification as a member of a vulnerable population 8 under subsection (c), the bond of an alien released, or the 9 custody status of an alien placed in the alternatives to de-10 tention programs described in subsection (b). Nothing in this section shall preclude an alien from being released on 11 bond after initially participating in the alternatives to de-12 13 tention programs.

14 (g) ELIGIBILITY AND OPERATIONS.—Nothing in this 15 section shall be construed to modify the care and custody of unaccompanied alien children (defined in section 16 17 462(g)(2) of the Homeland Security Act (6 U.S.C. 18 279(g)(2)) who shall be considered to be in the care and 19 exclusive custody of the Department of Health and 20Human Services. Such children shall not be subject to ex-21 pedited removal and shall not be permitted to participate 22 in the alternatives to detention programs described in sub-23 section (b).

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3 (a) PROPER ACCESS TO FOOD AND WATER UPON OR AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE FOLLOWING APPREHENSION 4 5 AND DURING SHORT TERM DETENTION AT BORDER PA-TROL PROCESSING CENTERS.—The Secretary of Home-6 7 land Security, acting through the Chief of the Border Pa-8 trol, shall ensure that adequate access to food and water 9 is provided to an alien apprehended and detained by a 10 Border Patrol agent between ports of entry upon or as 11 soon as practicable following the time of such apprehen-12 sion or during subsequent short term detention.

13 (b) ACCESS TO INFORMATION ON DETAINEE RIGHTS14 AT BORDER PATROL PROCESSING CENTERS.—

15 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Homeland 16 Security, acting through the Chief of the Border Pa-17 trol, shall ensure that an alien unlawfully present in 18 the United States who is apprehended by a Border 19 Patrol agent is promptly provided with information 20 concerning such alien's rights, including the right to 21 contact a representative of such alien's government 22 for purposes of United States treaty obligations.

(2) FORM.—The information referred to in
paragraph (1) may be provided either verbally or in
writing by the apprehending Border Patrol agent,
and shall be posted in the detention holding cell in
•HR 2872 IH

which such alien is being held. The information shall
 be provided in a language understandable to such
 alien.

4 (c) DOCUMENTATION CONCERNING REPATRIATED
5 ALIENS.—The Secretary of Homeland Security shall es6 tablish and maintain a database containing the following
7 information relating to aliens unlawfully present in the
8 United States apprehended and detained by Border Patrol
9 agents:

10 (1) Information on the location of repatriation.
11 (2) Information on groups of families repatri12 ated.

13 (3) Information on the locations of other mem14 bers of families, if separated during apprehension or
15 detention.

16 (4) Information on the medical conditions of17 apprehended and detained aliens.

18 (5) Information on any personal property that19 was returned to the alien upon repatriation.

20 (d) SHORT TERM DETENTION DEFINED.—In this
21 section, the term "short term detention" means detention
22 in a United States Border Patrol processing center for 72
23 hours or less, before repatriation to a country of nation24 ality or last habitual residence.

1 (e) REPORT.—Not later than 90 days after the date 2 of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of 3 the United States shall submit to the appropriate congres-4 sional committees a report on the procurement process 5 and standards of entities with which the Department of 6 Homeland Security has contracts for the transportation 7 and detention of aliens unlawfully present in the United 8 States apprehended by agents or officers of the Depart-9 ment. Such report should also consider the operational ef-10 ficiency of contracting out transportation and detention of aliens unlawfully present in the United States. 11

12 SEC. 705. REPORT ON NONDEPORTABLE ALIENS.

Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report on the number and country of origin of nondeportable aliens who have been released into the United States over the past ten years.